

submit a rule report to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by January 20, 2026. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to

enforce its requirements. *See* section 307(b)(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: October 29, 2025.  
Kevin McOmber,  
Regional Administrator, Region 4.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, EPA amends 40 CFR part 52 as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Subpart PP—South Carolina

■ 2. In § 52.2120(e), amend the table by adding an entry for “2008 8-hour ozone Second 10-Year Maintenance Plan for the York County, South Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area” at the end of the table.

The addition read as follows:

§ 52.2120 Identification of plan.  
\* \* \* \* \*  
(e) \* \* \*

Provision	State effective date	EPA approval date	Explanation
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
2008 8-hour ozone Second 10-Year Maintenance Plan for the York County, South Carolina portion of the bi-state Charlotte Area.	9/26/2023	11/20/2025, 90 FR [Insert Federal Register page where the document begins].	

[FR Doc. 2025–20449 Filed 11–19–25; 8:45 am]  
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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 70

[EPA–R01–OAR–2025–0655; FRL–12924–02–R1]

Approval of the Clean Air Act, Section 112(l), Authority for Hazardous Air Pollutants; State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection; Approval of the Clean Air Act Section 502, State Operating Permit Programs, State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).  
ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving regulatory amendments that revise two previous program approvals from the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CT DEEP). The revisions include amendments to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (RCSA) that revise the Connecticut State Operating Permit Program and amendments to RCSA that revise limitations on potential to emit

Clean Air Act (CAA) pollutants. A significant aspect of this action involves revising the definition of “hazardous air pollutant” in the RCSA in response to EPA adding 1-bromopropane to the list of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). This action is being taken under the Clean Air Act.

DATES: This rule is effective on December 22, 2025.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket Identification No. EPA–R01–OAR–2025–0655. All documents in the docket are listed on the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, *i.e.*, CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available at <https://www.regulations.gov> or at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA Region 1 Regional Office, Air and Radiation Division, 5 Post Office Square—Suite 100, Boston, MA. EPA requests that, if at all possible, you contact the contact listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to schedule your inspection.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Liam Numrich, Air Permits, Toxics, and

Indoor Programs Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA New England Regional Office, 5 Post Office Square—Suite 100, (Mail code 5–MI), Boston, MA 02109–3912, telephone number 617–918–1307, [numrich.liam@epa.gov](mailto:numrich.liam@epa.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean EPA.

Table of Contents

- I. Background and Purpose
- II. Response to Comments
- III. Final Action
- IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

I. Background and Purpose

On August 28, 2025, the EPA published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) that proposed approval of revisions to Connecticut’s State Operating Permit Program and to its Approved Limitations on Potential to Emit CAA section 112 pollutants.

The Administrator may, under the authority of section 112(l) and 40 CFR 63.91, approve a State program designed to establish limits on the potential to emit HAPs listed pursuant to section 112 of the CAA. Any request for approval under this subpart shall meet all section 112(l) approval criteria specified by the otherwise applicable Federal section 112 rule, emission standard, or requirement. Approval of

the rule delegates to the State the authority to implement and enforce the approved rule in lieu of the otherwise applicable Federal section 112 rule. CT DEEP's 112(l) program was approved on April 11, 2022 (87 FR 13936).

The Connecticut State Operating Permit Program's initial approval became effective on May 31, 2002. (67 FR 31966.) On June 14, 2024, CT DEEP submitted revisions to its State Operating Permit Program and to its Approved Limitations on Potential to Emit CAA section 112 pollutants to EPA. These amendments revise two previous program approvals for EPA's approval. They consist of (1) amendments to sections 22a-174-1 (Definitions) and 22a-174-33 (Title V sources) of the RCSA that revise the Connecticut State Operating Permit Program; and (2) amendments to RCSA sections 22a-174-1, 22a-174-33a (Limit on Premises-Wide Actual Emissions Below 50% of Title V Source Thresholds), and 22a-174-33b (Limit on Premises-Wide Actual Emissions Below 80% of Title V Source Thresholds) that revise limitations on potential to emit CAA section 112 pollutants for the state's CAA section 112(l) state program to limit the potential to emit HAPs pollutants below Title V source thresholds.

In accordance with Title V program revisions required at 40 CFR 70.4(i)(2) and CAA 112(l) state program revision requirements at 40 CFR 63.91, the primary change in CT DEEP's June 14, 2024, submittal is a new definition of "hazardous air pollutant" in RCSA section 22a-174-1. The current definition of "hazardous air pollutant" is deleted and replaced with the following: 'Hazardous air pollutant,' 'Federal hazardous air pollutant' or 'HAP,' except as otherwise provided in section 22a-174-29 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, means any air pollutant listed in section 112(b)(1) of the Act, inclusive of deletions and additions set out in 40 CFR part 63, subpart C, as may be amended from time to time.'

This new definition is consistent with EPA's most recent change to the federal definition of HAP to include 1-bromopropane in the list of HAPs established under the CAA Section 112. The new definition also incorporates future changes to the federal definition resulting from EPA's listing or delisting of a chemical compound.

CT DEEP submitted companion changes to RCSA section 22a-174-33a and RCSA section 22a-174-33b to effectuate the change in the definition of "hazardous air pollutant" at RCSA section 22a-174-1 into those two

regulations as they regulate HAP emissions as a CAA section 112(l) state program.

In addition to this change, there are a number of revisions to CT DEEP's Title V operating permit program at RCSA section 22a-174-33 to correct citations to another Connecticut air quality regulation. The corrections will better ensure that Title V applications, notifications, reports, and records are properly certified by a responsible official, and are as follows:

- RCSA section 22a-174-33(g)(1)(G). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).
- RCSA section 22a-174-33(h)(2). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).
- RCSA section 22a-174-33(o)(4). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).
- RCSA section 22a-174-33(p)(3). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).
- RCSA section 22a-174-33(q)(1). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).
- RCSA section 22a-174-33(q)(2). The internal citation to section 22a-174-2a(a)(5) is corrected to 22a-174-2a(a)(4).

EPA's analysis of Connecticut's 112(l) state program revisions finds the revisions necessary for maintaining consistency between state regulations and federal regulations.

## II. Response to Comments

We received four comments expressing support of EPA approving this action. The comments do not suggest that EPA approval of this action would be erroneous or otherwise inconsistent with the CAA, applicable regulations, or other authorities. None of the comments propose changes to the draft rule. Therefore, these comments do not necessitate specific responses.

## III. Final Action

EPA is approving Connecticut's revisions to its Title V Operating Permit program and CAA section 112(l) state program revision. In addition to changes to Connecticut's definitions, a number of revisions to CT DEEP's Title V operating permit at RCSA 22a-174-33 to correct citations to another Connecticut air quality regulation are being made. Specifically, EPA is approving section 1 and 33 as Title V program revisions and sections 1, 33a and 33b as CAA section 112(l) state

program revision. In summary, the following changes are being approved under Sections 112(l) and 502 of the Clean Air Act:

- RCSA section 22a-174-1(51). The new definition of "hazardous air pollutant" is added, as this definition will now apply to RCSA sections 22a-174-33a and -33b.
- RCSA section 22a-174-33a(a)(4). The currently approved definition of "hazardous air pollutant" is deleted with the result that the newly revised definition in RCSA section 22a-174-1 will apply.
- RCSA section 22a-174-33b(a)(10). The currently approved definition of "hazardous air pollutant" is deleted with the result that the newly revised definition in RCSA section 22a-174-1 will apply.

## IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act, the Administrator is required to approve CAA Section 112(l) and Title V submissions that comply with the provisions of the Clean Air Act and applicable Federal regulations. Thus, in reviewing submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993);
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4);
- Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997) because it approves a state program;
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001); and

• Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the Clean Air Act.

In addition, the submission is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 70

Acid rain, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Environmental protection, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations, Licensing and registration, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: November 10, 2025.

**Mark Sanborn,**

*Regional Administrator, EPA Region 1.*

Part 70 of chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### PART 70—STATE OPERATING PERMIT PROGRAMS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 70 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

■ 2. Appendix A to part 70 is amended under “Connecticut” by adding paragraph (c) to read as follows:

#### Appendix A to Part 70—Approval Status of State and Local Operating Permits Programs

\* \* \* \* \*

##### Connecticut

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection submitted revisions on June 14, 2024, to Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 22a–174–1, “Definitions,” definition of “hazardous air pollutant” and to RCSA 22a–174–33 which implement this revised definition. The rule amendments contained in this submittal are necessary to ensure that the definition of “hazardous air pollutant” in RCSA is consistent with the federal definition of “hazardous air pollutant”. The State is hereby granted approval effective on December 22, 2025.

\* \* \* \* \*

[FR Doc. 2025–20372 Filed 11–19–25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6560–50–P**

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### 40 CFR Part 180

[EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0789; FRL–12976–01]

#### Glufosinate; Pesticide Tolerances

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This regulation establishes, modifies, and revokes tolerances for residues of glufosinate (CASRN 77182–82–2) in or on rice and tea commodities. Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), BASF Corporation submitted a petition to EPA requesting that EPA establish a maximum permissible level for residues of this pesticide on in or on the identified commodity(ies).

**DATES:** This rule is effective November 20, 2025. Objections and requests for hearings must be received on or before January 20, 2026 and must be filed in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178 (see also Unit I.D. of this document).

**ADDRESSES:** The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0789, is available at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Additional information about dockets generally, along with instructions for visiting the docket in person, is available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Charles Smith, Registration Division (7505T), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; main telephone number: (202) 566–1030; email address: [RDfRNtices@epa.gov](mailto:RDfRNtices@epa.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Executive Summary

##### A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).

• Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

##### B. What is EPA’s authority for taking this action?

EPA is issuing this rulemaking under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a. FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(A)(i) allows EPA to establish a tolerance (the legal limit for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food) only if EPA determines that the tolerance is “safe.” FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(A)(ii) defines “safe” to mean that “there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information.” This includes exposure through drinking water and in residential settings but does not include occupational exposure. FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(C) requires EPA to give special consideration to exposure of infants and children to the pesticide chemical residue in establishing a tolerance and to “ensure that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result to infants and children from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue . . .”

##### C. How can I file an objection or hearing request?

Under FFDCA section 408(g), 21 U.S.C. 346a(g), any person may file an objection to any aspect of this regulation and may also request a hearing on those objections. If you fail to file an objection to the final rule within the time period specified in the final rule, you will have waived the right to raise any issues resolved in the final rule. You must file your objection or request a hearing on this regulation in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, you must identify the docket ID number EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0789 in the subject line on the first page of your submission. All objections and requests for a hearing must be in writing and must be received by the Hearing Clerk on or before January 20, 2026.

The EPA’s Office of Administrative Law Judges (OALJ), in which the Hearing Clerk is housed, urges parties to file and serve documents by electronic means only, notwithstanding any other particular requirements set forth in other procedural rules governing those proceedings. See “Revised Order Urging