

Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Ponca Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma; Ponca Tribe of Nebraska; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation; Quapaw Nation; Sac & Fox Nation, Oklahoma; Sac & Fox Tribe of the Mississippi in Iowa; Shawnee Tribe; and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after December 18, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Illinois State Museum must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Illinois State Museum is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: September 30, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025-20101 Filed 11-17-25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N6587; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0041296; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: The University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and

Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the University of Alabama at Birmingham has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after December 18, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Dr. Lauren Downs, the University of Alabama at Birmingham, Department of Anthropology, UH 3165 1720 2nd Avenue South, Birmingham, AL 35294, email nagprastaff@uab.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the University of Alabama at Birmingham, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing, at least, one individual have been identified. The 27 associated funerary objects are 12 pottery sherds, 11 chert lithic flakes, two flint projectile points, one chert lithic blade, and one gastropod shell. Site 1Ms471 is located in Marshall County, AL, near Paint Rock River. It included a village/camp area and five stone-covered mounds/graves. The site was excavated by Edward C. Mahan in 1956 prior to its destruction by the site owner. Mr. Mahan donated his site collection to the Department of Anthropology, the University of Alabama at Birmingham in 1981. The site was originally named "1Ms^v5" by Mr. Mahan, but that is considered to be a synonym for 1Ms471. Internal site records describe the ancestor and associated belongings as a "bundle burial," which was removed from an area adjacent to a mound at the site. Site use dates to the Paleoindian and Woodland periods. It is likely that the burial removed from the site dates to the Middle-Late Woodland Period (A.D. 1-1000) and perhaps to the Copena Culture of the Middle Woodland (A.D. 1-500). There is no record of potentially hazardous substances being used to treat the ancestor or associated belongings.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The University of Alabama at Birmingham has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- The 27 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

• There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas; Poarch Band of Creek Indians; Seminole Tribe of Florida; The Muscogee (Creek) Nation; and the Thlophlocco Tribal Town.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after December 18, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the University of Alabama at Birmingham must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The University of Alabama at Birmingham is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25

U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: September 30, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.
[FR Doc. 2025-20105 Filed 11-17-25; 8:45 am]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337-TA-1276 (Modification/Enforcement)]

Certain Light-Based Physiological Measurement Devices and Components Thereof; Notice of a Commission Determination To Institute a Combined Modification and Enforcement Proceeding

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission (“Commission”) has determined to institute a combined modification and enforcement proceeding to determine whether importation of certain products violates remedial orders issued in this investigation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ronald A. Traud, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-3427. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted the underlying investigation on August 18, 2021, based on a complaint filed on behalf of Masimo Corporation (“Masimo”) and Cercacor Laboratories, Inc., both of Irvine, California. 86 FR 46275 (Aug. 18, 2021). The complaint, as amended, alleged violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, based upon the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, and the sale within the

United States after importation of certain light-based physiological measurement devices and components thereof by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 10,912,501 (“the ‘501 patent”); U.S. Patent No. 10,912,502 (“the ‘502 patent”); U.S. Patent No. 10,945,648 (“the ‘648 patent”); U.S. Patent No. 10,687,745 (“the ‘745 patent”); and U.S. Patent No. 7,761,127 (“the ‘127 patent”). *Id.* The amended complaint further alleged that an industry in the United States exists and/or is in the process of being established as required by section 337. *Id.* The notice of investigation named Apple Inc. of Cupertino, California (“Apple”) as the sole respondent. *Id.* at 46276. The Office of Unfair Import Investigations did not participate in this investigation. *Id.*

Before the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) issued the final initial determination (“Final ID”), Complainants withdrew from the investigation certain asserted patent claims. See Order No. 25 (Mar. 23, 2022), unreviewed by Comm’n Notice (Apr. 12, 2022); Order No. 33 (May 20, 2022), unreviewed by Comm’n Notice (June 10, 2022). At the time of the Final ID, only claim 12 of the ‘501 patent, claims 22 and 28 of the ‘502 patent, claims 12, 24, and 30 of the ‘648 patent, claims 9, 18, and 27 of the ‘745 patent, and claim 9 of the ‘127 patent remained in the investigation. Claim 18 of the ‘745 patent remained at issue for purposes of the domestic industry only.

On January 10, 2023, the ALJ issued the Final ID, which found that Apple violated section 337 as to claims 24 and 30 of the ‘648 patent, but not as to claim 12 of the ‘501 patent, claims 22 and 28 of the ‘502 patent, claim 12 of the ‘648 patent, claims 9 and 27 of the ‘745 patent, and claim 9 of the ‘127 patent. See Final ID at 335-36.

On May 15, 2023, the Commission determined to review the Final ID in part. See 88 FR 32243, 32243-46 (May 19, 2023). The Commission requested briefing on certain issues under review and on remedy, the public interest, and bonding. See *id.*

On October 26, 2023, the Commission issued its final determination in this investigation, finding Apple in violation of section 337 as to claims 22 and 28 of the ‘502 patent and claims 12, 24, and 30 of the ‘648 patent. 88 FR 75032, 75032-33 (Nov. 1, 2023). The Commission issued: (1) a limited exclusion order (“LEO”) prohibiting the importation of light-based physiological measurement devices and components thereof that infringe one or more of claims 22 and 28 of the ‘502 patent and claims 12, 24, and 30 of the ‘648 patent;

and (2) a cease and desist order (“CDO”) directed to Apple. *Id.* The Commission determined that the public interest factors did not preclude issuance of the limited exclusion order or the cease and desist order. *Id.* The Commission further determined that no bond was to be required during the period of Presidential review. See *id.*; 19 U.S.C. 1337(j)(3).

On September 8, 2025, Masimo filed a petition with the Commission, pursuant to Commission Rule 210.76, requesting clarification of, or in the alternative, a modification proceeding to modify, the remedial orders issued against Apple. See Complainant Masimo’s Request for Clarification, or in the Alternative, Petition for Modification and Request for Expedited Treatment. Masimo also requested expedited treatment of its petition. *Id.* On September 15, 2025, Apple filed a response to Masimo’s petition, including objecting to the use of a modification proceeding under section 337(k) in this situation. See Respondent Apple Inc.’s Response to Masimo’s Request for Clarification, or in the Alternative, Petition for Modification and Request for Expedited Treatment. The Commission shortened the time for Apple to file its response. See Letter from Commission Secretary Barton to Counsel for Apple and Masimo, September 9, 2025. On September 22, 2025, Masimo and Apple provided a list of undisputed facts, disputed facts, and claim constructions at issue. Joint Proposed List of Undisputed Facts, Disputed Facts, and Disputed Claim Terms For September 22, 2025 Submission (“Joint Submission”).

The Commission, having reviewed the record in this investigation, including Masimo’s petition, Apple’s response thereto, and their Joint Submission, has determined to institute a combined modification and enforcement proceeding. Section 337(k)(1) provides for modification proceedings when “the conditions which led to such exclusion from entry or order no longer exist.” 19 U.S.C. 1337(k)(1). Commission Rule 210.76 implements the Commission’s modification proceedings and provides, in pertinent part: “Whenever any person believes that changed conditions of fact or law, or the public interest, require that [a remedial order] be modified or set aside, in whole or in part, such person may request . . . that the Commission make a determination that the conditions which led to the issuance of [the remedial order] no longer exist.” 19 CFR 210.76(a)(1). Rule 210.76 further states that the request “shall include materials and argument in support thereof.” *Id.* Section 337(b) provides the