

to two times annually. Meetings may take place by conference call, virtual, or in person. Members of the MHCC undertake additional work commitments on subcommittees and task forces regarding issues under deliberation.

Nominee Selection and Appointment

Members of the MHCC are appointed to serve in one of three member categories. Nominees will be appointed to fill voting member vacancies in the following categories:

1. *Producers*—Seven producers or retailers of manufactured housing.
2. *Users*—Seven individuals representing consumer interests, such as consumer organizations, recognized consumer leaders, and owners who are residents of manufactured homes.
3. *General Interest and Public Officials*—Seven general interest and public official members.

The Act provides that the Secretary shall ensure that all interests directly and materially affected by the work of the MHCC have the opportunity for fair and equitable participation without dominance by any single interest. The Secretary may reject the appointment of any one or more individuals to ensure that there is not dominance by any single interest. For purposes of this determination, dominance is defined as a position or exercise of dominant authority, leadership, or influence by reason of superior leverage, strength, or representation.

Additional requirements governing appointment and member service include:

(1) Nominees appointed to the User category and three of the individuals appointed to the General Interest and Public Official category shall not have a significant financial interest in any segment of the manufactured housing industry or a significant relationship to any person engaged in the manufactured housing industry.

(2) Each member serving in the User category shall be subject to a ban disallowing compensation from the manufactured housing industry during the period of, and during the one year following, his or her membership on the MHCC.

(3) Nominees selected for appointment to the MHCC shall be required to provide disclosures and certifications regarding conflict-of-interest and eligibility for membership prior to finalizing an appointment.

All selected nominees will be required to submit certifications of eligibility under the foregoing criteria as a prerequisite to final appointment.

Consensus Committee—Advisory Role

The MHCC's role is solely to advise the Secretary on the subject matter described above.

Federal Advisory Committee Act

The MHCC is subject to the requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. Ch. 10, 41 CFR parts 101–6 and 102–3 (the FACA Final Rule), and to the Presidential Memorandum, dated June 18, 2010, directing all heads of executive departments and agencies not to make any new appointments or reappointments of federally registered lobbyists to advisory committees and other boards and commissions. The June 18, 2010, Presidential Memorandum titled “Lobbyists on Agency Boards and Commissions” authorized the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to issue guidance to implement this policy. OMB published a Notice on the requirements in the **Federal Register** on October 5, 2011. 76 FR 61756. On August 13, 2014, OMB issued another Notice in the **Federal Register** regarding the prohibition against appointing or reappointing federally registered lobbyists to clarify that the ban applies to persons serving on advisory committees, boards, and commissions in their individual capacity and does not apply if they are specifically appointed to represent the interests of a nongovernmental entity, a recognizable group of persons or nongovernmental entities (an industry sector, labor unions, environmental groups, etc.), or state or local governments. 79 FR 47482.

Term of Office

MHCC members serve at the discretion of the Secretary or for a three-year term, up to two terms.

Nominee Information

Individuals seeking nomination to the MHCC should submit detailed information documenting their qualifications as addressed in the Act and this notice. HUD encourages applications from individuals with engineering or technical backgrounds relevant to design, construction, safety, or performance of manufactured homes. The MHCC benefits from participation of individuals with expertise in areas such as structural engineering, mechanical or electrical engineering, and other technical disciplines. Applicants may briefly summarize why they want to be a member of the MHCC and include unique skills, knowledge, and experiences that they would bring to inform the work of the committee. Individuals may nominate themselves.

HUD recommends that the application be accompanied by a resume.

Additional Information

The Department will make appointments and reappointments from nominations submitted in response to this Notice. To be considered for appointment to a position of a MHCC member whose term will expire December 31, 2025, or to fill any MHCC vacancy that currently exists, the application must be submitted by October 30, 2025. Appointments will be made at the discretion of the Secretary.

Frank Cassidy,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Housing.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–6086–N–12]

Economic Growth Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act: Implementation of National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE); Extension of NSPIRE Compliance Date for Housing Choice Voucher, Project-Based Voucher, and Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Programs

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing (PIH), HUD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice further extends the compliance date for HUD's National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) final rule for the Housing Choice Voucher (HCV), Project-Based Voucher (PBV), and Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation (Mod Rehab) programs through January 31, 2027. HUD is taking this action to provide Public Housing Agencies (PHAs) with additional time to implement HUD's NSPIRE standards and the change to the definition of Housing Quality Standards (HQS). This is the third extension of this compliance date.

DATES: PHAs subject to 24 CFR parts 882, 982, and 983 are not required to comply with the following changes to these parts in the NSPIRE final rule until February 1, 2027.

- 24 CFR 982.4, definition of *Housing Quality Standards (HQS)*, including the subsequent changes made by the HOTMA voucher final rule (89 FR 38224).

- 24 CFR 982.401, including the subsequent changes made by the HOTMA voucher final rule.
 - 24 CFR part 982 subpart M, including the subsequent changes made by the HOTMA voucher final rule, except 24 CFR 982.628(d).
 - 24 CFR 983.3, definition of *Housing Quality Standards (HQS)*, including the subsequent changes made by the HOTMA voucher final rule.
 - 24 CFR 983.101(a)–(b), including the subsequent changes made by the HOTMA voucher final rule.
- All other changes are in effect as required by the NSPIRE and HOTMA voucher final rules.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dana Kitchen, Real Estate Assessment Center, Office of Public and Indian Housing, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 550 12th Street SW, Suite 100, Washington, DC 20410–4000; telephone (612) 370–3089 (this is not a toll-free number), email REAC_TAC@hud.gov. HUD welcomes and is prepared to receive calls from individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities. To learn how to make an accessible telephone call, please visit: <https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/telecommunications-relay-service-trs>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Many PHAs administering the HCV, PBV, and Mod Rehab programs currently use HQS for inspections, previously defined at 24 CFR 982.401. HUD’s Economic Growth Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act: Implementation of National Standards for Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE) final rule (“NSPIRE final rule”) (88 FR 30442), published on May 11, 2023, includes amendments to 24 CFR parts 882, 982, and 983 (among others), effective October 1, 2023. HUD has delayed the compliance date for the HCV, PBV, and Mod Rehab programs twice. In September 2023 (88 FR 66882), the compliance date was delayed until October 1, 2024, and in July 2024 (89 FR 55645), the compliance date was delayed until October 1, 2025. These delays allowed PHAs additional time to implement NSPIRE.

With this notice, HUD has included specific provisions to clarify the intent of the extension. Reference to the Housing Opportunities Through Modernization Act (HOTMA) voucher final rule (89 FR 38224) is due to its subsequent amendments to many of the NSPIRE final rule provisions and definitions. For example, the NSPIRE

final rule changed 24 CFR 982.4, definition of *Housing quality standards (HQS)*, and the HOTMA voucher final rule subsequently amended it further to include HUD-approved variations. With this notice, PHAs are not required to comply with the specific provisions that change the definition of HQS until February 1, 2027.

However, other provisions included in the NSPIRE final rule (whether amended by HOTMA or not), such as 24 CFR 982.352(b)(1)(iv)(A)(3), which references the duties of independent entities in PHA-owned eligible housing, became effective as required and are not included in the provisions extended by this notice.

II. Basis for Delay of Compliance Date

Through this notice, HUD further delays the compliance date for the HCV, PBV, and Mod Rehab programs until February 1, 2027. HUD continues to encourage PHAs that are ready to implement NSPIRE to proceed with implementation at their earliest convenience; however, HUD has determined that additional time is necessary for many PHAs to implement NSPIRE for the HCV, PBV, and Mod Rehab programs. This extension will provide PHAs with additional time to train their staff, communicate with landlords, and access additional technical assistance from HUD to support their transition to the NSPIRE standards.

PHAs and industry groups representing PHAs have reported to HUD their concerns related to landlord participation in the HCV and PBV programs. PHAs continue to face challenges in recruiting and retaining private landlords. Many PHAs report experiencing a significant loss in landlord participation and fear that a major change to the inspection processes and standards may exacerbate the problem. PHAs have urged HUD to consider additional delays to allow them more time to transition their staff and landlords/owners to the NSPIRE standards. Additionally, PHAs report that many private software vendors have not finished developing their NSPIRE-related inspection products for the PHAs, and, because HUD has paused the release of its inspection application, some PHAs may need additional time to prepare for another option.

III. Instructions for PHAs With HCV, PBV, and Mod Rehab Programs

All PHAs that have implemented NSPIRE, but have not yet notified HUD, should notify HUD of the date they transitioned to NSPIRE. In addition, PHAs that have not implemented

NSPIRE, should notify HUD of the date they plan to implement NSPIRE. These notifications are to be sent via email to NSPIREV_AlternateInspection@hud.gov with a courtesy copy to their field office representative. The email’s subject line should read “Notification of NSPIRE Implementation, [PHA code],” and the body of the email should include the PHA name, PHA code, and the date the PHA implemented NSPIRE or plans to implement NSPIRE (the date shall be no later than February 1, 2027). Regardless of implementation date, PHAs are reminded that the NSPIRE standards¹ for installing carbon monoxide devices and smoke alarms still apply as they implement statutory mandates under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021² and 2023,³ respectively. More information regarding carbon monoxide devices and smoke alarms can be found in the forthcoming PIH notice.

IV. Conclusion

HUD extends the compliance date for the changes made to 24 CFR parts 882, 982, and 983 listed in the **DATES** section of this notice to February 1, 2027, at which time PHAs subject to these parts must comply with the NSPIRE final rule. Until February 1, 2027, PHAs may choose to comply with the provisions of these parts as amended by the NSPIRE final rule, which existed prior to October 1, 2023 (“HQS as previously defined”).

Benjamin Hobbs,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing.

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DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR–6086–N–11]

Economic Growth Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act: Implementation of National Standards for the Physical Inspection of Real Estate (NSPIRE); Extension of NSPIRE Compliance Date for CPD Programs

AGENCY: Office of Community Planning and Development, U.S. Department of

¹ NSPIRE Standards: <https://www.hud.gov/react/nspire-standards>.

² Section 101, “Carbon Monoxide Alarms or Detectors in Federally Insured Housing” of Title I of Division Q, Financial Services Provisions and Intellectual Property, of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, Public Law 116–260, 134 (2020).

³ Section 601, “Smoke Alarms in Federally Assisted Housing” of Title VI of Division AA, Financial Services Matters, of the Consolidated Appropriations, 2023, Public Law 117–328 (2022).