

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**47 CFR Part 73**

[MB Docket No. 25–215; RM–12005; DA 25–855; FR ID 313827]

**Television Broadcasting Services
Jacksonville, Oregon****AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Federal Communications Commission's Media Bureau substitutes channel * 24 for channel * 4 at Jacksonville, Oregon in the Table of TV Allotments (table) in response to a Petition for Rulemaking filed by theDove Media, Inc. (TDM or Petitioner), the permittee of a new NCE television station to serve Jacksonville, Oregon (Jacksonville), with Facility ID No. 791569 (Station). The staff engineering analysis finds that the proposal is in compliance with the Commission's principal community coverage and technical requirements. The substitution of channel * 24 for channel * 4 in the table will allow TDM to construct its new facility on a UHF channel and avoid the known viewer reception issues on its currently authorized VHF channel.

DATES: Effective September 23, 2025.**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Emily Harrison, Media Bureau, at Emily.Harrison@fcc.gov, (202) 418–1665, or Mark Colombo, Media Bureau, at Mark.Colombo@fcc.gov, (202) 418–7611.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's *Report and Order*, MB Docket No. 25–215; RM–12005; DA 25–855, adopted and released on September 16, 2025. The proposed rule was published at 90 FR 33911 on July 18, 2025. The full text of this document is available online at <https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DA-25-855A1.pdf>.

This document does not contain information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. In addition, therefore, it does not contain any proposed information collection burden “for small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees,” pursuant to the Small Business Paperwork Relief Act of 2002, Public Law 107–198, *see* 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(4). Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, do not apply to this proceeding.

It is further ordered that, within 10 days of the effective date of this Report and Order, the Dove Media, Inc. shall

submit to the Commission a minor change application for a construction permit (Form 2100, Schedule A) specifying channel * 24. 8.

It is further ordered that, pursuant to section 801(a)(1)(A) of the Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A), the Commission *shall send* a copy of the Report and Order to Congress and to the Government Accountability Office.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Television.

Federal Communications Commission.

Thomas Horan,*Chief of Staff, Media Bureau.***Final Rule**

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR part 73 as follows:

PART 73—RADIO BROADCAST SERVICES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 155, 301, 303, 307, 309, 310, 334, 336, 339.

■ 2. In § 73.622, in the table in paragraph (j), under Oregon, revise the entry of “Jacksonville” to read as follows:

§ 73.622 Digital television table of allotments.

* * * * *

(j) * * *

Community				Channel No.
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	*
Oregon				
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	*
Jacksonville				* 24
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	*
* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	*

[FR Doc. 2025–18376 Filed 9–22–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE****National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration****50 CFR Part 622**

[Docket No. 250606–0095; RTID 0648–XF107]

Fisheries of the South Atlantic; 2025 Commercial Closure of Red Snapper in the South Atlantic

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS implements an accountability measure for red snapper in the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of the South Atlantic. NMFS projects that commercial landings of red snapper will reach the commercial annual catch limit (ACL) for the 2025 fishing year. Therefore, NMFS is closing the commercial sector for red snapper in the South Atlantic EEZ. This closure is necessary to protect the red snapper resource.

DATES: This temporary rule is effective from September 24, 2025, through December 31, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mary Vara, NMFS Southeast Regional Office, telephone: 727–824–5305, email: mary.vara@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The snapper-grouper fishery of the South Atlantic includes red snapper and is managed under the Fishery Management Plan for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic Region (FMP). The FMP was prepared by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council and NMFS, and was approved and is implemented by NMFS on behalf of the Secretary of Commerce, under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) by regulations at 50 CFR part 622.

On June 11, 2025, NMFS published a final rule in the **Federal Register** to end overfishing of red snapper in Federal waters of the South Atlantic (90 FR 24527). Regulations at 50 CFR 622.193(y)(1) specify the commercial ACL and accountability measure for red snapper in the South Atlantic for the 2025 fishing year. The commercial ACL is 102,951 pounds (lb) or 46,698 kilograms (kg) in round weight. NMFS is required to close the commercial sector for red snapper when NMFS projects its landings will reach or have

reached the commercial ACL. NMFS has determined that the commercial ACL for South Atlantic red snapper will be reached on September 24, 2025. Accordingly, the commercial sector for South Atlantic red snapper is closed from September 24, 2025 through the end of 2025. Unless NMFS specifies otherwise, the commercial season for red snapper in the 2026 fishing year will begin on the second Monday in July [50 CFR 622.183(b)(5)(i)].

The operator of a vessel with a valid commercial vessel permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper with red snapper on board must have landed and bartered, traded, or sold such red snapper prior to September 24, 2025. Because the harvest of red snapper by the recreational sector is also closed for the rest of 2025 (90 FR 24527, June 11, 2025), during this commercial closure, all harvest and possession of red snapper in or from the South Atlantic EEZ is prohibited through the end of 2025.

Also during the commercial closure for South Atlantic red snapper, all sale or purchase of red snapper is prohibited. This prohibition on the harvest, possession, sale, or purchase applies in the South Atlantic on a vessel issued a Federal commercial or charter vessel/headboat permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper, regardless if such fish were harvested or possessed in state or Federal waters [50 CFR 622.181(c)(2) and 622.193(y)(1)].

Classification

NMFS issues this action pursuant to section 305(d) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act. This action is required by 50 CFR 622.193(y)(1), which was issued pursuant to section 304(c)(7) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), there is good cause to waive prior notice and an opportunity for public comment on this action, as notice and comment are unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. Such procedures are unnecessary because the rule that established the accountability measure for red snapper has already been subject to notice and comment, and all that remains is to notify the public of the closure. Such procedures are contrary to the public interest because of the need to immediately implement this action to protect red snapper, because the capacity of the fishing fleet allows for rapid harvest of the commercial ACL. Prior notice and opportunity for public comment would require time and could potentially result in a harvest well in

excess of the established commercial ACL.

For the reasons just stated, there is also good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effectiveness of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3).

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 19, 2025.

Kelly Denit,

*Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries,
National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 2025–18406 Filed 9–19–25; 4:15 pm]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 250912–0153]

RIN 0648–BN43

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; 2025–2026 Specifications for the Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fishery Management Plan

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NMFS approves and implements 2025–2026 specifications for the Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP), as recommended by the Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council (Council). This action sets 2025 and projected 2026 butterfish fishery specifications and reaffirms 2025 chub mackerel, *Illex* squid, longfin squid, and Atlantic mackerel fishery specifications. These final specifications are intended to establish allowable harvest levels that will prevent overfishing, consistent with the most recent scientific information. This action also adjusts the minimum square mesh size for directed butterfish trawl trips and corrects existing regulations.

DATES: Effective October 23, 2025.

ADDRESSES: A Supplemental Information Report (SIR) was prepared for these specifications. Copies of the SIR and other relevant environmental documentation are available on request from Dr. Christopher M. Moore, Executive Director, Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council, Suite 201, 800 North State Street, Dover, DE 19901. The SIR is also accessible via the internet at <https://www.mafmc.org/supporting-documents>.

Copies of the small entity compliance guide are available from Michael Pentony, Regional Administrator, NMFS, Greater Atlantic Regional Fisheries Office, 55 Great Republic Drive, Gloucester, MA 01930–2298, or available on the internet at <https://www.greateratlantic.fisheries.noaa.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Maria Fenton, Fishery Policy Analyst, (978) 281–9196.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

NMFS and the Council manage fisheries for Atlantic mackerel, chub mackerel, *Illex* squid, longfin squid, and butterfish pursuant to the Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish FMP. In 2023, the most recent year for which complete revenue data are available, these five species supported fisheries producing \$46 million in revenues.

Regulations implementing the Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish FMP appear at 50 CFR part 648, subpart B. Section 302(g)(1)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act; 16 U.S.C. 1852(g)(1)(B)) states that the Scientific and Statistical Committee (SSC) for each regional fishery management council shall provide its council with ongoing scientific advice for fishery management decisions, including recommendations for acceptable biological catch (ABC), preventing overfishing, ensuring maximum sustainable yield (MSY), and achieving rebuilding targets. The ABC is a level of catch that accounts for the scientific uncertainty in the estimate of the stock's defined overfishing limit (OFL).

Section 303(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act (16 U.S.C. 1853(c)) allows a Council to submit proposed regulations that it deems necessary or appropriate for making modifications to regulations implementing an FMP or FMP amendment to the Secretary of Commerce. Section 304(b) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act (16 U.S.C. 1854(b)) requires the Secretary of Commerce to evaluate the Council's proposed regulations to determine whether they are consistent with the FMP, FMP amendment, the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and other applicable law. If that determination is affirmative, the Secretary must publish the proposed regulations in the **Federal Register** for public comment, and promulgate a final rule after the end of the comment period.

The Council finalized its recommendations for 2025 and projected 2026 butterfish fishery