

TABLE 2—MAXIMUM CONCENTRATIONS OF CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS THAT ARE HAZARDOUS AT LESS THAN ONE PART PER BILLION—Continued

Chemical constituent	Health based limit (mg/L)	Maximum allowable initial concentration (mg/L)	Vickery limit (%)
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	2.50E-05	2.50E+04	2.5
Hexaethyl tetraphosphate	4.00E-04	4.00E+05	40
Hydrazine	1.00E-05	1.00E+04	1
Indeno[1,2,3-cd] pyrene	4.30E-04	4.30E+05	43
Isolan	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Lindane (1,2,3,4,5,6-hexa-chlorocyclohexane, gamma isomer)	2.00E-04	2.00E+05	20
Manganese dimethyldithiocarbamate	9.00E-04	9.00E+05	90
Mercury fulminate	1.00E-04	1.00E+05	10
Methiocarb	5.00E-04	5.00E+05	50
Methyl chlorocarbonate	5.90E-04	5.90E+05	59
Metolcarb	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
N-methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitroso-guanidine (MNNG)	1.50E-04	1.50E+05	15
Naphthalene	6.00E-04	6.00E+05	60
p-Nitrophenol	1.30E-04	1.30E+05	13
N-Nitrosodiethanolamine	1.00E-05	1.00E+04	1
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	2.00E-07	2.00E+02	0.02
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	7.00E-07	7.00E+02	0.07
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	6.00E-06	6.00E+03	0.6
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	2.00E-06	2.00E+03	0.2
N-Nitrosomethylvinylamine	1.50E-04	1.50E+05	15
N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	1.50E-04	1.50E+05	15
N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane	1.50E-04	1.50E+05	15
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	2.00E-05	2.00E+04	2
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	5.00E-05	5.00E+04	5
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	5.00E-05	5.00E+04	5
Parathion	6.00E-04	6.00E+05	60
Pebulate	8.00E-04	8.00E+05	80
Pentachlorodibenzofurans, total	2.50E-05	2.50E+04	2.5
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, total	2.50E-05	2.50E+04	2.5
Pentachlorophenols and their chlorophenoxy derivitive acids, esters amines and salts	7.60E-05	7.60E+04	7.6
1,3-Pentadiene	3.00E-05	3.00E+04	3
Phorate	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Phosgene	2.00E-04	2.00E+05	20
Phosphorithioic and phosphordithioic acid esters	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Physostigmine	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Physostigmine salicylate	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	5.00E-04	5.00E+05	50
Prosulfocarb	6.00E-04	6.00E+05	60
Reserpine	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Streptozotocin	1.50E-04	1.50E+05	15
Sulfur phosphide	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Tars	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Tetrachlorodibenzofurans	1.00E-05	1.00E+04	1
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	3.00E-08	3.00E+01	0.003
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2.00E-04	2.00E+05	20
Tetraethyl lead	3.50E-06	3.50E+03	0.35
Thiodicarb	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Thiofanox	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Tirpate	3.00E-04	3.00E+05	30
Trichlorobenzene	1.20E-04	1.20E+05	12
Trichloromethanethiol	2.00E-04	2.00E+05	20
Triethylamine	5.00E-04	5.00E+05	50

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*Authority:* Section 3004 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6924, and the federal regulations implementing the relevant

portions of Section 3004 of the Act set forth at 40 CFR part 148.

**Darren S. Ireland,**  
*Acting Director, Water Division.*  
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**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

[FRL 12865-01-OECA]

**Guidance on Referrals for Potential Criminal Enforcement**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice describes the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or Agency) plans to address regulatory offenses that give rise to criminal liability under the recent executive order on Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Michael R. Fisher, Office of Criminal Enforcement and Forensics and Training, Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Mail Code 2232A, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 564-1063; email: [fisher.mike@epa.gov](mailto:fisher.mike@epa.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On May 9, 2025, the President issued Executive Order (“E.O.”) 14294, Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations. 90 FR 20363 (published May 14, 2025). Section 7 of E.O. 14294 provides that within 45 days of the order, and in consultation with the Attorney General, each agency should publish guidance in the **Federal Register** describing its plan to address criminally liable regulatory offenses.

Consistent with that requirement, EPA advises the public that by May 9, 2026, the Agency, in consultation with the Attorney General, will provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) a report containing: (1) a list of all criminal regulatory offenses<sup>1</sup> enforceable by Agency or the Department of Justice (“DOJ”); and (2) for each such criminal regulatory offense, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation and the applicable mens rea standard<sup>2</sup> for the criminal regulatory offense.

This notice also announces a general policy, subject to appropriate exceptions and to the extent consistent with law, that when the Agency is deciding whether to refer alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to DOJ, officers and employees of EPA should consider, among other factors:

- the harm or risk of harm, pecuniary or otherwise, caused by the alleged offense;
- the potential gain to the putative defendant that could result from the offense;
- whether the putative defendant held specialized knowledge, expertise, or was licensed in an industry related to the rule or regulation at issue; and

<sup>1</sup> “Criminal regulatory offense” means a Federal regulation that is enforceable by a criminal penalty. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(b).

<sup>2</sup> “Mens rea” means the state of mind that by law must be proven to convict a particular defendant of a particular crime. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(c).

- evidence, if any is available, of the putative defendant’s general awareness of the unlawfulness of his conduct as well as his knowledge or lack thereof of the regulation at issue.

EPA has historically considered each of these factors as a matter of formal policy<sup>3</sup> and in practice, not only in referring alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to DOJ, but also in deciding whether to open a formal investigation in the first place.

This general policy is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

**Henry Barnett,**

*Director, Office of Criminal Enforcement, Forensics and Training.*

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## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2025-0030; FRL-12880-01-OCSPF]

### Pesticides: Notice of Receipt of Requests To Voluntarily Cancel Certain Pesticide Registrations With a 180-Day Comment Period (June 2025)

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This document announces the Agency’s receipt of and solicits comment on requests by registrants to voluntarily cancel their pesticide registrations. In accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), EPA provides a periodic notice of receipt addressing requests received by EPA since the last notice of receipt was issued and uses the month and year in the title to help distinguish one document from the other. For this notice, EPA has compiled the requests received between April 1, 2025, and June 30, 2025. EPA intends to grant these requests at the close of the comment period for this announcement unless the Agency receives substantive comments during the comment period that would merit further review of the requests, or the request is withdrawn by the registrant. If these requests are granted, EPA will issue an order in the **Federal Register** cancelling the listed product registrations, after which any

<sup>3</sup> “The Exercise of Investigative Discretion” (1994) (<https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/documents/exercise.pdf>).

sale, distribution, or use of the products listed in this document will only be permitted after the registrations have been cancelled if such sale, distribution, or use is consistent with the terms as described in the final order.

**DATES:** Comments and withdrawal requests must be received on or before January 27, 2026.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2025-0030, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Christopher Green, Registration Division (7505M), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460-0001; telephone number: (202) 566-2707; email address: [green.christopherRDFRNotices@epa.gov](mailto:green.christopherRDFRNotices@epa.gov).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### I. Executive Summary

###### A. Does this action apply to me?

This action is directed to the public and may be of interest to a wide range of stakeholders including environmental, human health, and agricultural advocates; the chemical industry; pesticide users; and members of the public interested in the sale, distribution, or use of pesticides.

###### B. What action is the Agency taking?

This document announces receipt by EPA of requests from registrants to voluntarily cancel their pesticide registrations listed in Unit II, that are currently registered under FIFRA section 3 (7 U.S.C. 136a) or section 24(c) (7 U.S.C. 136v(c)). Unless the Agency determines that there are substantive comments that warrant further review of the requests or the registrants withdraw their requests, EPA intends to issue an order in the **Federal Register** canceling the affected registrations.

###### C. What is EPA’s authority for taking this action?

FIFRA section 6(f)(1) (7 U.S.C. 136d(f)(1)) provides that a registrant of a pesticide product may at any time request that any of its pesticide registrations be canceled. Before acting