

excludes from further environmental impact review rulemaking actions that designate or modify classes of airspace areas, airways, routes, and reporting points (see 14 CFR part 71, Designation of Class A, B, C, D, and E Airspace Areas; Air Traffic Service Routes; and Reporting Points); and paragraph 5–6.5k, which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review the publication of existing air traffic control procedures that do not essentially change existing tracks, create new tracks, change altitude, or change concentration of aircraft on these tracks. As such, this action is not expected to result in any potentially significant environmental impacts. In accordance with the FAA’s NEPA implementation policy and procedures regarding Extraordinary Circumstances, the FAA has reviewed this action for factors and circumstances in which a normally categorically excluded action may have a significant environmental impact requiring further analysis. The FAA has determined that no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment or environmental impact study.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p.389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11], Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 31, 2024, and effective September 15, 2024, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6010(b) Alaskan VOR Federal Airways.

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V–444 [Amended]

From Bettles, AK; Fairbanks, AK; Big Delta, AK; Northway, AK; intersection of the Northway 138° and Gulkana 079° radials.

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V–504 [Amended]

From Nenana, AK; to Bettles, AK.

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Issued in Washington, DC, on July 11, 2025.

Brian Eric Konie,

Manager (A), Rules and Regulations Group.

[FR Doc. 2025–13296 Filed 7–15–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 73

[Docket No. FAA–2025–1714; Airspace Docket No. 25–ASO–8]

RIN 2120–AA66

Renaming of Restricted Areas R–5311A, R–5311B, and R–5311C; Fort Liberty, NC

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action is an administrative change to rename restricted areas R–5311A, R–5311B, and R–5311C, Fort Liberty, NC, and to update the using agency description to reflect the change. This action does not alter airspace boundaries or impose additional operating requirements on users of the affected airspace.

DATES: Effective date 0901 UTC, October 2, 2025.

ADDRESSES: A copy of this final rule and all background material may be viewed online at www.regulations.gov using the FAA Docket number. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are available on the website. It is available 24 hours each day, 365 days each year.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian Vidis, Rules and Regulations Group, Office of Policy, Federal Aviation Administration, 600 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20597; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA’s authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency’s authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with

prescribing regulations to assign the use of the airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it updates the information in the airspace descriptions of restricted areas R–5311A, R–5311B, and R–5311C.

History

On February 10, 2025, the Secretary of Defense directed the U.S. Army to change the name of “Fort Liberty, NC” by reverting to its previous name, “Fort Bragg, NC.”¹ Consequently, this rulemaking action implements the requisite changes to part 73 by updating the airspace descriptions of restricted areas R–5311A, R–5311B, and R–5311C to reflect the new name.

The Rule

This action amends 14 CFR part 73 by updating the airspace titles and using agency descriptions for restricted areas R–5311A, R–5311B, and R–5311C by removing the name “Fort Liberty, NC” and replacing it with “Fort Bragg, NC.”

Additionally, the FAA makes a minor technical amendment to a geographic coordinate in the description of restricted area R–5311A. This amendment to the geographic coordinate corrects a typographical error in the description of restricted area R–5311A and does not change the boundary of the restricted area. The point listed as “lat. °79°02’29” W” is changed to “lat. 35°07’01” N, long. 79°02’29” W” as intended.

Good Cause for Bypassing Notice and Comment

Under 5 U.S.C. 553, federal agencies engaged in informal rulemaking must provide the public with a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public participation. However, 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) exempts a rule from these requirements “when the agency for good cause finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the rules issued) that notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest.” Courts have construed these exceptions narrowly, but have nonetheless accepted determinations of good cause that notice and comment is unnecessary in “those situations in which the administrative rule is a routine determination, insignificant in nature and impact, and inconsequential to the industry and to the public.” *See*

¹ See <https://www.defense.gov/News/Releases/Release/Article/4062245/secretary-of-defense-pete-hegseth-renames-fort-liberty-to-fort-bragg/>.

Mack Trucks, Inc. v. EPA, 682 F.3d 87, 94 (D.C. Cir. 2012). This action consists of administrative name changes and minor technical amendments only. It does not affect the boundaries, altitudes, time of designation, operating requirements, or activities conducted in the restricted areas. Therefore, FAA has determined that good cause exists for why notice and public procedure under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are unnecessary.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action of making administrative name changes to the geographic location and using agency information of restricted areas R-5311A, R-5311B, and R-5311C qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321, *et seq.*) and in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1G, *FAA National Environmental Policy Act Implementing Procedures*, paragraph B-2.5(a), which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review rulemaking actions that designate or modify classes of airspace areas, airways, routes, and reporting points (see 14 CFR part 71, Designation of Class A, B, C, D, and E Airspace Areas; Air Traffic Service Routes; and Reporting Points); and paragraph B-2.5(d)—Modification of the technical description of special use airspace (SUA) that does not alter the dimensions, altitudes, or times of designation of the airspace (such as changes in designation of the controlling or using agency, or correction of typographical errors). In accordance with FAA’s NEPA implementation procedures regarding extraordinary circumstances, the FAA has reviewed this action for factors and

circumstances in which a normally categorically excluded action may have a significant environmental impact requiring further analysis. Accordingly, the FAA has determined that no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 73

Airspace, Prohibited areas, Restricted areas.

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 73 as follows:

PART 73—SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p.389.

§ 73.53 North Carolina (NC) [Amended]

■ 2. Section 73.53 is amended as follows:

* * * * *

R-5311A Fort Liberty, NC [Removed]

R-5311B Fort Liberty, NC [Removed]

R-5311C Fort Liberty, NC [Removed]

R-5311A Fort Bragg, NC [New]

Boundaries. Beginning at lat. 35°10’40” N, long. 79°01’56” W; to lat. 35°08’48” N, long. 79°01’59” W; to lat. 35°07’01” N, long. 79°02’29” W; to lat. 35°05’36” N, long. 79°01’49” W; to lat. 35°02’56” N, long. 79°05’39” W; to lat. 35°02’46” N, long. 79°20’09” W; to lat. 35°07’06” N, long. 79°22’49” W; to lat. 35°09’43” N, long. 79°20’07” W; thence along Little River to the point of beginning.

Designated altitudes. Surface to but not including 7,000 feet MSL.

Time of designation. Continuous.

Controlling agency. FAA, Washington ARTCC.

Using agency. U.S. Army, Commanding General, Fort Bragg, NC.

R-5311B Fort Bragg, NC [New]

Boundaries. Beginning at lat. 35°10’40” N, long. 79°01’56” W; to lat. 35°08’48” N, long. 79°01’59” W; to lat. 35°07’01” N, long. 79°02’29” W; to lat. 35°05’36” N, long. 79°01’49” W; to lat. 35°02’56” N, long. 79°05’39” W; to lat. 35°02’46” N, long. 79°20’09” W; to lat. 35°07’06” N, long. 79°22’49” W; to lat. 35°09’43” N, long. 79°20’07” W; thence along Little River to the point of beginning.

Designated altitudes. From 7,000 feet MSL to but not including 12,000 feet MSL.

Time of designation. Continuous.

Controlling agency. FAA, Washington ARTCC.

Using agency. U.S. Army, Commanding General, Fort Bragg, NC.

R-5311C Fort Bragg, NC [New]

Boundaries. Beginning at lat. 35°10’40” N, long. 79°01’56” W; to lat. 35°08’48” N, long. 79°01’59” W; to lat. 35°07’01” N, long. 79°02’29” W; to lat. 35°05’36” N, long. 79°01’49” W; to lat. 35°02’56” N, long. 79°05’39” W; to lat. 35°02’46” N, long. 79°20’09” W; to lat. 35°07’06” N, long. 79°22’49” W; to lat. 35°09’43” N, long. 79°20’07” W; thence along Little River to the point of beginning.

Designated altitudes. From 12,000 feet MSL to but not including FL 290.

Time of designation. Continuous.

Controlling agency. FAA Washington ARTCC.

Using agency. U.S. Army, Commanding General, Fort Bragg, NC.

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Issued in Washington, DC, on July 11, 2025.

Brian Eric Konie,

Manager (A), Rules and Regulations Group.

[FR Doc. 2025–13282 Filed 7–15–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 95

[Docket No. 31615; Amdt. No. 586]

IFR Altitudes; Miscellaneous Amendments

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts miscellaneous amendments to the required IFR (instrument flight rules) altitudes and changeover points for certain Federal airways, jet routes, or direct routes for which a minimum or maximum en route authorized IFR altitude is prescribed. This regulatory action is needed because of changes occurring in the National Airspace System. These changes are designed to provide for the safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace under instrument conditions in the affected areas.

DATES: Effective 0901 UTC, August 07, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Romana B. Wolf, Manager, Flight