eleven attachments associated with the application and notification requirements in Subparts A and C of Regulation K. The Board requires the information collected by the FR K–1 for regulatory and supervisory purposes and to allow the Board to fulfill its statutory obligations under the Federal Reserve Act (FRA) and the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (BHC Act).

Frequency: Event-generated.

*Respondents:* Member banks, Edge and agreement corporations, BHCs, and with regard to certain investments, foreign organizations.

Total estimated number of respondents: 119.

*Total estimated annual burden hours:* 1,009.<sup>2</sup>

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, April 23, 2024.

#### Michele Taylor Fennell,

Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2024–09115 Filed 4–26–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

#### GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[Notice-IEB-2024-03; Docket No. 2024-0002; Sequence No. 21]

# Privacy Act of 1974; Rescindment of a System of Records Notice

**AGENCY:** General Services Administration (GSA). **ACTION:** Rescindment of a System of Records Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to the provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974, notice is given that the General Services Administration (GSA) proposes to rescind a System of Records Notice, GSA/GOVT–10, *Login.gov*. This system of records contains information related to the development and operation of a citizen-centric platform for delivering government services through a centralized single sign-on platform. **DATES:** This system of records stopped being maintained in 2017.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments may be submitted to the Federal eRulemaking Portal, *http://www.regulations.gov.* Submit comments by searching for GSA/GOVT-10.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Call or email Richard Speidel, Chief Privacy

Officer at (202) 969–5830 and gsa.privacyact@gsa.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** GSA proposes to rescind a System of Records Notification, GSA/GOVT–10, *Login.gov.* This Notice is being rescinded because no records were ever collected under the government-wide SORN GSA/ GOVT–10. GSA/GOVT–10 was published in the **Federal Register** in August 2016 and is directed to a version of *Login.gov* that did not enter production. No records were ever collected or used under this proposed system of records.

Agency-specific SORN GSA/TTS-1 was published less than five months later and includes an administratively incorrect attempt to rescind GSA/ GOVT-10. The following rescindment attempt appears in the Supplementary Information section of GSA/TTS-1 (January 19, 2017):

"The previously published notice, at 81 FR 57912, on August 24, 2016, is being replaced."

GSA did not timely file a SORN rescindment notice for GSA/GOVT-10 at the time of publication of GSA/TTS-1. The present notice addresses this issue.

Moreover, this rescindment addresses an instance where the same number was inadvertently used for two separate Notices. GSA published GSA/GOVT-10 (*Login.gov*) in 2016 and inadvertently reused the same SORN number for GSA/ GOVT-10 (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Data Collection System), which was published in 2017. This rescindment action resolves the discrepancy with only the 2017 GSA/ GOVT-10 (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Data Collection System) remaining in effect.

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Login.gov.

#### SYSTEM NUMBER:

GSA/GOVT-10.

#### HISTORY:

This system was previously published in the **Federal Register** at 81 FR 57912, August 24, 2016.

# **Richard Speidel**,

Chief Privacy Officer, Office of Enterprise Data & Privacy Management, General Services Administration.

[FR Doc. 2024–09106 Filed 4–26–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–AB–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS. **ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve a revision of the currently approved information collection project: "The AHRQ Safety Program for Telemedicine: Improving the Diagnostic Process and Improving Antibiotic Use." In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, AHRQ invites the public to comment on this proposed information collection.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by June 28, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments should be submitted to: Doris Lefkowitz, Reports Clearance Officer, AHRQ, by email at *REPORTSCLEARANCE OFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov.* 

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doris Lefkowitz, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 427–1477, or by email at *REPORTSCLEARANCE OFFICER@ahrq.hhs.gov.* 

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Proposed Project**

AHRQ Safety Program for Telemedicine: Improving Antibiotic Use

This Information Collection Request (ICR) is for a revision to the AHRQ Safety Program for Telemedicine: Improving the Diagnostic Process and Improving Antibiotic Use. These changes include the removal of the Diagnostic Process Cohort, updates to the Improving Antibiotic Use Data Collection Tools and changing the name of the project to the "AHRO Safety Program for Telemedicine: Improving Antibiotic Use." The OMB control number for the AHRQ Safety Program for Telemedicine is 0935-0265 and will expire on April 30, 2026. Supporting documents can be downloaded from OMB's website at: https:// www.reginfo.gov/public/do/ PRAViewICR?ref nbr=202303-0935-001. AHRQ is requesting a new expiration date, three years from approval.

Since the project received OMB approval, there have been two developments that require changes to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> More detailed information regarding this collection, including more detailed burden estimates, can be found in the OMB Supporting Statement posted at *https://www.federalreserve.gov/ apps/reportingforms/home/review*. On the page displayed at the link, you can find the OMB Supporting Statement by referencing the collection identifier, FR K–1.

the project's goals and design. First, the Improving the Diagnostic Process Cohort was canceled because there was insufficient recruitment. Second, the materials approved by OMB for the Improving Antibiotic Use Cohort included a single version of the Structural Assessment and Participant Experience Survey, to be completed by all participants in the improving antibiotic use cohort. However, following pre-recruitment discussions with AHRQ's Technical Expert Panel (TEP) and potential participants, it was learned that the target audience for the improving antibiotic use cohort is comprised of healthcare providers from two distinctly different settings (brickand-mortar and telemedicine-only) settings. Providers that practice in brickand-mortar settings provide care both in-person and via telemedicine whereas providers that practice in telemedicineonly settings provide care exclusively using telemedicine. Based on this information AHRQ decided to create separate data collection tools, one for providers in a brick-and-mortar setting, and one for providers in telemedicine only. Practices and providers receive information about the program from newsletters, listservs, and direct outreach through public and private organizations. They attend an information webinar and may join the program if interested and eligible.

As in the currently approved design, the program will incorporate CUSP strategies to improve antibiotic prescribing in telemedicine. The new program goals are to:

• Identify best practices in implementing interventions to improve antibiotic use in telemedicine.

• Determine how best to adapt CUSP to enhance antibiotic use in telemedicine.

• Use a CUSP approach to design and implement the interventions for improving antibiotic use across telemedicine practices.

• Reduce inappropriate antibiotic prescribing among telemedicine practices.

To achieve these goals the following data collections will be implemented:

1. Structural Assessment Antibiotic Use Cohort—There will be two versions of the Structural Assessment, one for providers in a brick-and-mortar setting, and one for providers in telemedicine only. Both versions ask the same questions but vary slightly in how they refer to the practice. The assessment asks about the practice's characteristics, experience related to antibiotic stewardship activities, and any existing supports the practice may have in place that are intended to improve antibiotic

prescribing. The assessment will be administered to the Safety Program leader/champion at each participating brick-and-mortar practice or telemedicine-only organization at baseline (pre-intervention) and at the end of the intervention. The results will be used to assess changes in the practice's infrastructure and capacity to implement the Safety Program over time. The data will provide information about any existing quality improvement initiatives currently in place, their existing infrastructure and capacity to carry out the program, as well as changes in the infrastructure and quality improvement activities as a result of participation in the Safety Program.

2. Medical Office Survey on Patient Safety Culture (MOSOPS): As currently approved, the Safety Program for Telemedicine included completion of the MOSOPS by all participating staff across all participating practices. In this revision, AHRQ will administer the MOSOPS to HCPs practicing in brickand-mortar settings only. The MOSOPS was designed to assess key characteristics of HCPs working inperson in a single medical office and results are unlikely to be reliable or valid if administered among HCPs practicing in telemedicine-only settings. The MOSOPS will be administered to all participating staff at brick-andmortar practices at baseline (preintervention) and at the end of the intervention. The survey collects information on patient safety issues, patient safety culture, medical errors, and event reporting. The data will be used to assess changes in safety culture following implementation of the Safety Program.

3. Participant Experience Survey Antibiotic Use Cohort—Based on feedback from the TEP and conversations with telemedicine-only organizations, this revision includes changes to the Participant Experience Survey as well as unique versions for brick-and-mortar and telemedicine-only participants. The survey will be administered to the clinical leader/ champion at each practice at the end of the program (post-intervention). The survey will assess how participants approached implementation of the Safety Program.

4. Semi-Structured Interviews Antibiotic Use Cohort—A proportion of practices from both brick-and-mortar practices and telemedicine-only organizations will be selected to participate in telephone/virtual discussions to understand the facilitators and barriers to implementing the Safety Program. This interview guide includes four core domains that are intended to capture characteristics of health care providers (physicians, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants) and their perception of the AHRQ Safety Program for Telemedicine: Improving Antibiotic Use ("the Safety Program") on pre- and postimplementation changes. All interviews will occur at the end of the intervention period

5. Antibiotic Prescription Data *Template Antibiotic Use Cohort*—Each month starting at baseline (preintervention) until the end of the intervention, each participating practice will extract antibiotic prescribing data from their electronic health record (EHR) system. The data will be submitted quarterly using a secure online data submission portal. The prescribing data will evaluate changes in antibiotic usage, clinical outcomes, and other effectiveness measures resulting from participation in the Safety Program. Based on feedback from participants in the prior AHRQ Safety Program, this updated version includes revisions to the EHR template to simplify the data requested in the template from aggregate to visit-level. Participating practices will submit two key types of data related to antibiotic prescribing: (1) Total antibiotic prescriptions per 100 respiratory tract infection telemedicine visits and (2) Antibiotic prescriptions per 100 antibiotic-inappropriate respiratory tract infection telemedicine visits. This data will be an important way for the practice to monitor its prescribing practices throughout the course of the program and will be used by the assessment team to monitor and describe prescribing trends across practices enrolled in the program.

This study is being conducted by AHRQ through its contractor, NORC at the University of Chicago and Johns Hopkins Medicine, pursuant to AHRQ's statutory authority to conduct and support research on healthcare and on systems for the delivery of such care, including activities with respect to the quality, effectiveness, efficiency, appropriateness, and value of healthcare services and with respect to quality measurement and improvement. 42 U.S.C. 299a(a)(1) and (2).

#### **Method of Collection**

To minimize respondent burden and to permit the electronic submission of survey responses and data collection forms, the structural assessment, AHRQ MOSOPS, participant experience survey, and antibiotic prescription data template will be web-based and deployed using a well-designed, low burden, and respondent-friendly survey administration process. In addition, the EHR data extracted by practice staff that are requested for this program may already be collected by practices as part of their ongoing quality improvement initiatives. Practices will receive access to the online data collection platform and detailed instructions on completing the online forms and EHR data submissions.

#### **Estimated Annual Respondent Burden**

Exhibit 1 shows the estimated annualized burden hours for the respondents' time to participate in this project.

1. Structural Assessment Antibiotic Use Cohort—The assessment will be administered twice to the Safety Program leader/champion at each participating brick-and-mortar practice or telemedicine-only organization, once at baseline (pre-intervention) and again at the end of the intervention. AHRQ expects 188 respondents at each administration. The Assessment requires 12 minutes to complete.

2. Medical Office Survey on Patient Safety (MOSOPS)—The MOSOPS will be completed by all participating staff at brick-and-mortar practices to assess patient safety issues, medical errors, and event reporting practices. The survey will be completed twice, once at baseline (pre-intervention) and at the end of the intervention to measure the changes in patient safety culture resulting from participation in the Safety Program. The survey will be completed by 438 staff members at each administration and requires 30 minutes to complete.

3. Participant Experience Survey Antibiotic Use Cohort—The Participant Experience Survey will be administered once to the Safety Program leader/ champion at the end of the intervention to assess participant engagement and progress; understand providers' experience using materials and participating in the Safety Program; and identify processes used and changes made to implement and sustain the Safety Program. The survey is estimated to require 20 minutes to complete.

4. Śemi-Structured Interviews Antibiotic Use Cohort—Semi-structured interviews will be conducted at the end of the intervention among clinical and professional support staff from a sample of practices to collect qualitative information on the implementation of the program. Interviews will be conducted with 18 participating practices/organizations and requires one hour to complete.

5. Antibiotic Prescription Data Template Antibiotic Use Cohort—The Antibiotic Prescription Data Template will be completed each month and submitted quarterly starting in the baseline (pre-intervention) period until the end of the intervention to measure changes in antibiotic usage resulting from the intervention. The data will be extracted from the practice/ organization's electronic health records, by a staff member, and entered into the data template. AHRQ expects 225 practices/organizations to extract data monthly for 18 months. Each monthly data extraction should require one hour of a staff members time.

The total burden for the respondents' time to participate in this research is estimated to be 4,644 hours.

# EXHIBIT 1—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Form name	Number of respondents *	Number of responses per respondent	Hours per response	Total burden hours
<ol> <li>Structural Assessment</li></ol>	188 438 188 18 225	2 2 1 1 18	12/60 30/60 20/60 1 1	75 438 63 18 4,050
Total	1,057	na	na	4,644

\* Annualized number of respondents is based on maximum practices recruited, assuming 50% of the practices are telemedicine-only and 50% are brick-and-mortar, and 75% response rate for forms 1 and 3, 50% response rate for form 2, and 90% response rate for forms 4 and 5.

Exhibit 2 shows the estimated annualized cost burden based on the respondents' time to complete the data collection forms. The total cost burden is estimated to be \$348,868.

# EXHIBIT 2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN

Form name	Total burden hours	Average hourly wage rate **	Total burden cost
Structural Assessment     MOSOPS (brick-and-mortar only).	75	ª\$114.76	\$8,607
a. Physicians	219	<sup>a</sup> 114.76	25,132
b. Other Health Practitioners	219	<sup>b</sup> 32.78	7,179
3. Participant Experience Survey	63	<sup>a</sup> 114.76	7,115
4. Semi-structured qualitative interviews	18	<sup>a</sup> 114.76	2,066
5. Antibiotic Prescription Data Template	4,050	° 73.77	298,769
Total	4,644		348,868

\*\* Annualized number of respondents is based on maximum practices recruited, assuming 50% of the practices are telemedicine-only and 50% are brick-and-mortar, and 75% response rate for forms 1 and 3, 50% response rate for form 2, and 90% response rate for forms 4 and 5.

\*\* National Compensation Survey: Occupational wages in the United States May 2022 "U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics:" https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_stru.htm.

<sup>a</sup> Based on the mean wages for 29-1069 Physicians and Surgeons, All Other.

<sup>b</sup> Based on the mean wages for 29–9099 Miscellaneous Health Practitioners and Technical Workers: Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other.

<sup>o</sup>Based on an average of the mean wages for 29–1069 Physicians and Surgeons, All Other and 29–9099 Miscellaneous Health Practitioners and Technical Workers: Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other.

#### **Request for Comments**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501-3520, comments on AHRQ's information collection are requested with regard to any of the following: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of AHRQ's health care research and health care information dissemination functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of AHRQ's estimate of burden (including hours and costs) of the proposed collection(s) of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information upon the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the Agency's subsequent request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Dated: April 23, 2024. **Marquita Cullom,**  *Associate Director.* [FR Doc. 2024–09071 Filed 4–26–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–90–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

#### [30Day-24-1074]

# Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled "Colorectal Cancer Control Program (CRCCP) Monitoring Activities" to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. CDC previously published a "Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations" notice on December 22, 2023 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC received one comment related to the previous notice. This notice serves to

allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project. The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

(a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

(d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses; and

(e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639-7570. Comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/ do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

#### **Proposed Project**

Colorectal Cancer Control Program (CRCCP) Monitoring Activities (OMB Control No. 0920–1074)— Reinstatement—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

# **Background and Brief Description**

CDC is requesting a Reinstatement of OMB No. 0920-1074. Colorectal cancer (CRC) is the second leading cause of death from cancer in the United States among cancers that affect both men and women. There is substantial evidence that CRC screening reduces the incidence of and death from the disease. Screening for CRC can detect disease early when treatment is more effective, and prevent cancer by finding and removing precancerous polyps. Of individuals diagnosed with early stage CRC, more than 90% live five or more years. To reduce CRC morbidity, mortality, and associated costs, use of CRC screening tests must be increased among age-eligible adults with the lowest CRC screening rates.

The purpose of the Colorectal Cancer Control Program (CRCCP) is to partner with health systems and their individual primary care clinics to implement evidence-based interventions (EBIs) to increase CRC screening among defined populations of adults ages 50-75 that have CRC screening rates lower than the national, regional, or local rate. In 2020, CDC issued the funding opportunity, Public Health and Health System Partnerships to Increase Colorectal Cancer Screening in Clinical Settings (DP20-2002), a fiveyear cooperative agreement to increase CRC screening among defined populations of adults ages 50-75 that have CRC screening rates lower than the national, regional, or local rate. DP20-2002 funds recipients to partner with health systems and their primary care clinics to implement multiple EBIs, partner with organizations to support implementation of EBIs in those clinics, and collect high-quality clinic-level data to monitor EBI implementation and assess screening rate changes.

CDC proposes information collection using three data collection tools: the Annual Awardee Survey, Clinic-Level Data Collection Instrument, and Quarterly Program Update.

The Annual Awardee Survey is administered once per year and assesses: program management, clinic readiness assessment activities, data management, technical assistance (TA) needs, partnerships, and the effect of COVID–19 on CRC implementation. The Clinic-Level Information Collection Instrument is administered three months following each program year end and assesses: health system and