Therefore, it is crucial to evaluate the safety of the reentry prior to launch. This way, the FAA is able to work with the reentry operator to meet the required risk and other criteria.

4. *Payload Review:* A payload review for the launch of a launch vehicle carrying a reentry vehicle would include verifying that the reentry vehicle operator has obtained the necessary reentry license or authorization. If reentry authorization has not been received at the time of launch of the reentry vehicle, the FAA would deny a favorable payload determination in accordance with 14 CFR 450.43(g).

### Conclusion

In general, the FAA will not authorize launch of a reentry vehicle unless the appropriate reentry authorization has been obtained by the reentry vehicle operator, in accordance with the FAA's statutory authority and payload review and determination regulations where denial of a payload determination may be tied to a payload owner or operator not obtaining all required licenses or authorizations in accordance with §450.43(a)(1). Launch of a reentry vehicle without an authorization for reentry would pose safety concerns that are designed to be addressed by the reentry licensing process.

### James A. Hatt,

Space Policy Division Manager, Office of Commercial Space Transportation. [FR Doc. 2024–08156 Filed 4–16–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

[Docket No. FMCSA-2024-0019]

#### Qualification of Drivers; Exemption Applications; Epilepsy and Seizure Disorders

**AGENCY:** Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), Department of Transportation (DOT). **ACTION:** Notice of applications for exemption; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** FMCSA announces receipt of applications from 14 individuals for an exemption from the prohibition in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs) against persons with a clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition that is likely to cause a loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a commercial motor vehicle (CMV) to drive in interstate commerce. If granted, the exemptions would enable these individuals who have had one or more seizures and are taking anti-seizure medication to operate CMVs in interstate commerce.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before May 17, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments identified by the Federal Docket Management System Docket No. FMCSA–2024–0019 using any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to www.regulations.gov/, insert the docket number (FMCSA-2024-0019) in the keyword box and click "Search." Next, choose the only notice listed, and click on the "Comment" button. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

• *Mail:* Dockets Operations; U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building Ground Floor, Washington, DC 20590– 0001.

• *Hand Delivery:* West Building Ground Floor, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590–0001 between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

• Fax: (202) 493-2251.

To avoid duplication, please use only one of these four methods. See the "Public Participation" portion of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for instructions on submitting comments. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Christine A. Hydock, Chief, Medical Programs Division, FMCSA, DOT, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590-0001, (202) 366-4001, fmcsamedical@dot.gov. Office hours are 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. ET Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. If you have questions regarding viewing or submitting material to the docket, contact Dockets Operations, (202) 366-9826.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Public Participation

#### A. Submitting Comments

If you submit a comment, please include the docket number for this notice (Docket No. FMCSA–2024–0019), indicate the specific section of this document to which each comment applies, and provide a reason for each suggestion or recommendation. You may submit your comments and material online or by fax, mail, or hand delivery, but please use only one of these means. FMCSA recommends that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a phone number in the body of your document so that FMCSA can contact you if there are questions regarding your submission.

To submit your comment online, go to *https://www.regulations.gov/docket/FMCSA-2024-0019.* Next, choose the only notice listed, click the "Comment" button, and type your comment into the text box on the following screen. Choose whether you are submitting your comment as an individual or on behalf of a third party and then submit.

If you submit your comments by mail or hand delivery, submit them in an unbound format, no larger than 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> by 11 inches, suitable for copying and electronic filing. FMCSA will consider all comments and material received during the comment period.

#### B. Viewing Comments

To view comments go to www.regulations.gov. Insert the docket number (FMCSA-2024-0019) in the keyword box and click "Search." Next, choose the only notice listed, and click "Browse Comments." If you do not have access to the internet, you may view the docket online by visiting Dockets Operations on the ground floor of the DOT West Building, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590-0001, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. To be sure someone is there to help you, please call (202) 366-9317 or (202) 366–9826 before visiting Dockets **Operations**.

### C. Privacy Act

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 31315(b)(6), DOT solicits comments from the public on the exemption request. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to *www.regulations.gov.* As described in the system of records notice DOT/ALL 14 (Federal Docket Management System), which can be reviewed at *https://www.transportation.gov/ individuals/privacy/privacy-act-systemrecords-notices*, the comments are searchable by the name of the submitter.

# **II. Background**

Under 49 U.S.C. 31136(e) and 31315(b), FMCSA may grant an exemption from the FMCSRs for no longer than a 5-year period if it finds such exemption would likely achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved absent such exemption. The statutes also allow the Agency to renew exemptions at the end of the 5-year period. FMCSA grants medical exemptions from the FMCSRs for a 2year period to align with the maximum duration of a driver's medical certification.

The 14 individuals listed in this notice have requested an exemption from the epilepsy and seizure disorders prohibition in 49 CFR 391.41(b)(8). Accordingly, the Agency will evaluate the qualifications of each applicant to determine whether granting the exemption will achieve the required level of safety mandated by statute.

The physical qualification standard for drivers regarding epilepsy found in § 391.41(b)(8) states that a person is physically qualified to drive a CMV if that person has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause the loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV.

In addition to the regulations, FMCSA has published advisory criteria<sup>1</sup> to assist medical examiners (MEs) in determining whether drivers with certain medical conditions are qualified to operate a CMV in interstate commerce.

The criteria states that if an individual has had a sudden episode of a nonepileptic seizure or loss of consciousness of unknown cause that did not require anti-seizure medication, the decision whether that person's condition is likely to cause the loss of consciousness or loss of ability to control a CMV should be made on an individual basis by the ME in consultation with the treating physician. Before certification is considered, it is suggested that a 6-month waiting period elapse from the time of the episode. Following the waiting period, it is suggested that the individual have a complete neurological examination. If the results of the examination are negative and anti-seizure medication is not required, then the driver may be qualified.

In those individual cases where a driver has had a seizure or an episode of loss of consciousness that resulted from a known medical condition (*e.g.*, drug reaction, high temperature, acute infectious disease, dehydration, or acute metabolic disturbance), certification should be deferred until the driver has recovered fully from that condition, has no existing residual complications, and is not taking anti-seizure medication.

Drivers who have a history of epilepsy/seizures, off anti-seizure medication, and seizure-free for 10 years, may be qualified to operate a CMV in interstate commerce. Interstate drivers with a history of a single unprovoked seizure may be qualified to drive a CMV in interstate commerce if seizure-free and off anti-seizure medication for a 5-year period or more.

As a result of MEs misinterpreting advisory criteria as regulation, numerous drivers have been prohibited from operating a CMV in interstate commerce based on the fact that they have had one or more seizures and are taking anti-seizure medication, rather than an individual analysis of their circumstances by a qualified ME based on the physical qualification standards and medical best practices.

On January 15, 2013, FMCSA announced in a notice of final disposition titled, "Qualification of Drivers; Exemption Applications; Epilepsy and Seizure Disorders," (78 FR 3069), its decision to grant requests from 22 individuals for exemptions from the regulatory requirement that interstate CMV drivers have "no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV." Since that time, the Agency has published additional notices granting requests from individuals for exemptions from the regulatory requirement regarding epilepsy found in § 391.41(b)(8).

To be considered for an exemption from the epilepsy and seizure disorders prohibition in § 391.41(b)(8), applicants must meet the criteria in the 2007 recommendations of the Agency's Medical Expert Panel (78 FR 3069).

### **III.** Qualifications of Applicants

# Kodi Bull

Kodi Bull is a 21-year-old class D license holder in Wisconsin. They have a history of benign rolandic epilepsy and have been seizure free since 2016. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2016. Their physician states that they are supportive of Kodi Bull receiving an exemption.

#### Dean Burkholder

Dean Burkholder is a 47-year-old class AM commercial driver's license (CDL) holder in Pennsylvania. They have a history of seizure disorder and have been seizure free for over 10 years. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same for over 7 years. Their physician states that they are supportive of Dean Burkholder receiving an exemption.

#### Daniel Einstein

Daniel Einstein is a 26-year-old class A CDL holder in Indiana. They had a single provoked seizure and have been seizure free since 2022. They have never taken anti-seizure medication. Their physician states that they are supportive of Daniel Einstein receiving an exemption.

## Adam Herr

Adam Herr is a 27-year-old class DM license holder in New York. They have a history of benign rolandic epilepsy and have been seizure free since 2005. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since July 2011. Their physician states that they are supportive of Adam Herr receiving an exemption.

# Ryan Jackson

Ryan Jackson is a 25-year-old class A CDL holder in North Carolina. They have a history of seizures and have been seizure free since 2012. They take antiseizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2016. Their physician states that they are supportive of Ryan Jackson receiving an exemption.

#### Bradley Kurtz

Bradley Kurtz is a 26-year-old class D, M2 license holder in Virginia. They have a history of juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and have been seizure free since August 2015. They take antiseizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since October 2018. Their physician states that they are supportive of Bradley Kurtz receiving an exemption.

### David Layfield

David Layfield is a 52-year-old class A CDL holder in Georgia. They have a history of seizure disorder and have been seizure free since June 2000. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2001. Their physician states that they are supportive of David Layfield receiving an exemption.

## Chad Redenius

Chad Redenius is a 32-year-old class E license holder in Florida. They have a history of juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and have been seizure free since April 2011. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since August 2015. Their physician states that they are supportive of Chad Redenius receiving an exemption.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These criteria may be found in APPENDIX A TO PART 391—MEDICAL ADVISORY CRITERIA, section H. *Epilepsy*: § 391.41(b)(8), paragraphs 3, 4, and 5, which is available on the internet at *https:// www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2015-title49-vol5/pdf/ CFR-2015-title49-vol5-part391-appA.pdf.* 

# Greg Reninger

Greg Reninger is a 40-year-old class C license holder in Illinois. They have a history of epilepsy and have been seizure free since January 8, 2016. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since February 2014. Their physician states that they are supportive of Greg Reninger receiving an exemption.

# Martin Sena

Martin Sena is a 39-year-old class D license holder in New Mexico. They have a history of seizure disorder and have been seizure free since 2006. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2006. Their physician states that they are supportive of Martin Sena receiving an exemption.

#### Nicholas Steele

Nicholas Steele is a 37-year-old class DM license holder in Tennessee. They have a history of nocturnalized generalized tonic clonic seizures and have been seizure free since 2009. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2009. Their physician states that they are supportive of Nicholas Steele receiving an exemption.

### Tyler Stull

Tyler Stull is a 26-year-old class AM CDL holder in Pennsylvania. They have a history of juvenile myoclonic epilepsy and have been seizure free since 2014. They take anti-seizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since 2014. Their physician states that they are supportive of Tyler Stull receiving an exemption.

#### April Wacaster

April Wacaster is a 60-year-old class D license holder in Alabama. They had a single provoked seizure and have been seizure free since 2005. They have never taken anti-seizure medication. Their physician states that they are supportive of April Wacaster receiving an exemption.

# Paul Wheeler

Paul Wheeler is a 35-year-old class none license holder in Indiana. They have a history of epilepsy and have been seizure free since 2001. They take antiseizure medication with the dosage and frequency remaining the same since November 2016. Their physician states that they are supportive of Paul Wheeler receiving an exemption.

#### **IV. Request for Comments**

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 31136(e) and 31315(b), FMCSA requests public comment from all interested persons on the exemption petitions described in this notice. We will consider all comments received before the close of business on the closing date indicated under the **DATES** section of the notice.

#### Larry W. Minor,

Associate Administrator for Policy. [FR Doc. 2024–08120 Filed 4–16–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–EX–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

[Docket No. FMCSA-2023-0256]

## Qualification of Drivers; Exemption Applications; Epilepsy and Seizure Disorders

**AGENCY:** Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), Department of Transportation (DOT). **ACTION:** Notice of final disposition.

**SUMMARY:** FMCSA announces its decision to exempt 11 individuals from the requirement in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs) that interstate commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers have "no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV." The exemptions enable these individuals who have had one or more seizures and are taking anti-seizure medication to operate CMVs in interstate commerce.

**DATES:** The exemptions are applicable on April 15, 2024. The exemptions expire on April 15, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Christine A. Hydock, Chief, Medical Programs Division, FMCSA, DOT, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590–0001, (202) 366–4001, *fmcsamedical@dot.gov.* Office hours are from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. ET Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. If you have questions regarding viewing or submitting material to the docket, contact Dockets Operations, (202) 366– 9826.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **I. Public Participation**

## A. Viewing Comments

To view comments go to *www.regulations.gov.* Insert the docket number, (FMCSA–2023–0256) in the

keyword box and click "Search." Next, sort the results by "Posted (Older-Newer)," choose the first notice listed, and click "Browse Comments." If you do not have access to the internet, you may view the docket online by visiting Dockets Operations on the ground floor of the DOT West Building, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590–0001, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. To be sure someone is there to help you, please call (202) 366– 9317 or (202) 366–9826 before visiting Dockets Operations.

#### B. Privacy Act

In accordance with 49 U.S.C. 31315(b)(6), DOT solicits comments from the public on the exemption requests. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to *www.regulations.gov.* As described in the system of records notice DOT/ALL 14 (Federal Docket Management System), which can be reviewed at *https://www.transportation.gov/ individuals/privacy/privacy-act-systemrecords-notices*, the comments are searchable by the name of the submitter.

### II. Background

On February 19, 2024, FMCSA published a notice announcing receipt of applications from 11 individuals requesting an exemption from the epilepsy and seizure disorders prohibition in 49 CFR 391.41(b)(8) and requested comments from the public (89 FR 12942). The public comment period ended on March 21, 2024, and no comments were received.

FMCSA has evaluated the eligibility of these applicants and determined that granting exemptions to these individuals would likely achieve a level of safety that is equivalent to, or greater than, the level that would be achieved by complying with § 391.41(b)(8).

The physical qualification standard for drivers regarding epilepsy found in § 391.41(b)(8) states that a person is physically qualified to drive a CMV if that person has no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause the loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV.

In addition to the regulations, FMCSA has published advisory criteria<sup>1</sup> to assist medical examiners (MEs) in determining whether drivers with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These criteria may be found in APPENDIX A TO PART 391—MEDICAL ADVISORY CRITERIA, section H. Epilepsy: § 391.41(b)(8), paragraphs 3, 4, and 5, which is available on the internet at https:// www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2015-title49-vol5/pdf/ CFR-2015-title49-vol5-part391-appA.pdf.