OMB Control Number: 1029–0036. Form Number: None.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection. Respondents/Affected Public: State

governments and businesses. Total Estimated Number of Annual

Respondents: 100. Total Estimated Number of Annual

Responses: 3,091. Estimated Completion Time per

Response: Varies from 2 hours to 160 hours, depending on activity.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 96,158.

Respondent's Obligation: Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

Frequency of Collection: One time. Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: \$791,900.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Mark J. Gehlhar,

Information Collection Clearance Officer, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2024–02802 Filed 2–9–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Clean Water Act

On February 5, 2024, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed consent decree with the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts in United States and Commonwealth of Massachusetts v. City of Lowell, Massachusetts, 1:24-cv-10290 (D. Mass.).

The United States filed a complaint for injunctive relief and civil penalties under sections 309(b) and (d) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1319(b) and (d), against Defendant, City of Lowell for: (1) unpermitted and illegal discharges from its wastewater collection system, without authorization under a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit and in violation of section 301 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1311; and (2) unpermitted and illegal discharges of pollutants from its Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has moved to file an Intervenor's Complaint alleging violations of the Clean Water

Act, the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act. M.G.L. c. 21, sections 26-53, and the regulations promulgated thereunder. 314 C.M.R. sections 3.00, et seq., 7.00, et seq., and 12.00, et seq. Under the proposed Consent Decree among the parties, the City of Lowell must take measures necessary to achieve and maintain compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act, the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, and the City's NPDES permit. These include measures to separate wastewater sewer pipes and stormwater pipes to prevent sewage discharges to the Merrimack and Concord Rivers and Beaver Brook from the combined pipes during rain events. Under the proposed Consent Decree, the City will also update and implement its Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination program to detect and eliminate illicit connections from wastewater pipes or other sources of wastewater to the stormwater system. Finally, under the proposed settlement, the City will pay a \$200,000 civil penalty for past noncompliance.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the proposed Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, United States Department of Justice, and should refer to United States and Commonwealth of Massachusetts v. Citv of Lowell, Massachusetts, 1:24-cv-10290 (D. Mass.), D.J. Ref. No. 90-5-1-1-12515. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments:	Send them to:
By email	pubcomment-ees.enrd@ usdoj.gov.
By mail	Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, D.C. 20044–7611.

Any comments submitted in writing may be filed by the United States in whole or in part on the public court docket without notice to the commenter.

During the public comment period, the proposed consent decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: *https:// www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees.* If you require assistance accessing the proposed consent decree, you may request assistance by email or by mail to the addresses provided above for submitting comments.

Henry S. Friedman,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2024–02738 Filed 2–9–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

On February 5, 2024, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed consent decree with the United States District Court for the Southern District of Indiana in the lawsuit entitled *United States and State of Indiana* v. *1500 South Tibbs LLC,* Civil Action No. 1:24– cv–235.

The proposed Consent Decree settles claims brought by the United States and the State of Indiana under sections 106 and 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), 42 U.S.C. 9606 and 9607 against 1500 South Tibbs LLC ("Defendant") seeking reimbursement of response costs and performance of remedial measures with respect to Reilly Tar and Chemical Superfund Site in Indianapolis, Indiana. The Consent Decree requires Defendant to pay the United States a total of \$112,805.24 for EPA's response costs, pay the State a total of \$21,061.53 for its past response costs, pay future response costs incurred by the United States and the State, and perform the remedial "Work" defined in the Scope of Work, attached to the Consent Decree as Attachment A. The Work consists of designing and implementing a revised Operable Unit 1 (OU1) remedy for the treatment of groundwater underneath the Site and to continue operating and maintaining the remedies for contamination at the other Operable Units.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the proposed consent decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to United States and State of Indiana v. 1500 South Tibbs LLC, D.J. Ref. No. 90–11–3–1028/2. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments:	Send them to:
By email By mail	pubcomment-ees.enrd@ usdoj.gov. Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the consent decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: *https:// www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees.* If you require assistance accessing the consent decree, you may request assistance by email or by mail to the addresses provided above for submitting comments.

Patricia A. McKenna,

Deputy Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2024–02786 Filed 2–9–24; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[OMB Number 1121-0292]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed eCollection eComments Requested; Extension, With Change, of a Currently Approved Collection; Survey of Sexual Victimization

AGENCY: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Department of Justice. **ACTION:** 60-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Justice Statistics, Department of Justice (DOJ), will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for 60 days until April 12, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have additional comments especially on the estimated public burden or associated response time, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions or additional information, please contact Emily Buehler, Bureau of Justice Statistics, 810 Seventh Street NW, Washington, DC 20531 (email: *Emily.Buehler@usdoj.gov;* telephone: 202–598–1036).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- —Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- -Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- -Evaluate whether and if so how the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected can be enhanced; and
- —Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Abstract: The SSV collects annual administrative data on allegations and substantiated incidents of sexual victimization from adult correctional and juvenile justice authorities. To meet the requirements of the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (PREA; Pub. L. 108–79), the survey will be administered to the Federal Bureau of Prisons and all state prison systems, all state juvenile justice systems, all facilities operated by the U.S. Military and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, all privately operated jails, and all juvenile facilities in Indian country. Representative samples of adult public jails, adult jails in Indian country, adult private prisons, and local and private juvenile justice facilities will also be included. These data are used to provide insight into the total number of allegations being reported to correctional authorities, the outcomes of investigations of allegations, and the characteristics of incidents, victims and perpetrators. Revisions to the collection include revised sampling designs, updated definitions of sexual

victimization, and modifications to the survey forms to collect more information about victims and perpetrators of sexual victimization and to make survey forms more userfriendly.

Overview of This Information Collection

1. *Type of Information Collection:* Extension, with changes, of a currently approved collection.

2. *The Title of the Form/Collection:* Survey of Sexual Victimization (SSV).

3. The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection: Summary Forms: SSV–1, SSV–2, SSV– 3, SSV–4, SSV–5, SSV–6. Incident Forms: SSV–IA, SSV–IJ. Bureau of Justice Statistics, Department of Justice.

4. Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as the obligation to respond: Respondents will include the Federal Bureau of Prisons; state prison and juvenile justice systems; private prisons; correctional facilities operated by the U.S. Military and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement; local, private and tribal jails; local and private juvenile justice facilities; and juvenile facilities in Indian country. The obligation to respond is required under the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (Pub. L. 108–79).

5. An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: It is estimated that 1,532 respondents will complete a summary form. System-level Summary Forms (SSV-1, SSV-2, SSV-5) are estimated to require approximately 1 hour to complete. Facility-level Summary Forms (SSV-3, SSV-4, SSV-6) are estimated to require approximately 30 minutes to complete. Incident Forms (SSV-IA and SSV-IJ) are estimated to take approximately 40 minutes to complete for each substantiated incident of sexual victimization.

6. An estimate of the total annual burden (in hours) associated with the collection: The total annual burden is estimated to be 3,047 hours.

7. An estimate of the total annual cost burden associated with the collection, if applicable: PREA requires facilities to track the data collected in SSV. No costs other than the cost of the hour burden exist for this data collection.