the daily land use fee and then multiplying the daily land use fee by the number of days of significantly restricted access to, or occupancy of, the recreation residence. If significantly restricted access to, or occupancy of, the recreation residence includes part of one day, that day shall be counted as a whole day. A temporary land use fee reduction during significantly restricted access to, or occupancy of, a recreation residence shall be applied as a credit to the annual land use fee for the recreation residence permit for the following year.

Homer Wilkes,

Under Secretary, Natural Resources and Environment.

[FR Doc. 2023-21564 Filed 9-29-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3411-15-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND **SECURITY**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

44 CFR Ch. I

[Docket ID FEMA-2023-0026]

RIN 1660-AB12

FEMA Proposed Policy: Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS)

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS. **ACTION:** Request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) is accepting comments on the proposed FEMA policy, Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). This proposed policy would provide detail, consistent with applicable regulations, on applicability, processes, resources, and responsibilities for implementing the FFRMS as part of FEMA's 8-step decision making process for carrying out the directives of Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, as amended.

DATES: Comments must be received by December 1, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket ID: FEMA-2023-0026, via the Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Portia Ross, Policy and Integration Division Director, Office of Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation, Resilience, DHS/FEMA, 400 C St. SW, Suite 313, Washington,

DC 20472-3020. Phone: (202) 709-0677; Email: fema-regulations@fema.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FEMA is proposing to issue a policy complementary to 44 CFR part 9, Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands, which governs FEMA's implementation the Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS). This policy would facilitate implementation of FFRMS and bolster the resilience of communities and Federal assets against

the impacts of flooding.

Consistent with a proposed rule that is published elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register**, this proposed policy would require that FEMA determine the appropriate vertical flood elevation and corresponding horizontal FFRMS floodplain for Actions Subject to the FFRMS using either the Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), the Freeboard Value Approach (FVA), or the 0.2 Percent Annual Chance Flood Approach (0.2PFA). Under the proposed policy, FEMA would determine the FFRMS flood elevation and corresponding FFRMS floodplain according to CISA for all locations where CISA is available where the bestavailable, actionable hydrologic and hydraulic data and methods that integrate current and future changes in flooding based on climate science exist. When using CISA, for non-critical actions the FFRMS floodplain would be at least as restrictive as the 1% annual chance (AC) flood elevation and corresponding horizontal floodplain, and for critical actions the FFRMS floodplain would be at least as restrictive as the 0.2% AC flood elevation and corresponding horizontal floodplain. For locations where CISA is not available and actionable, FEMA would determine the FFRMS elevation and FFRMS floodplain for non-critical actions by using the area that would be inundated by the lower of the 0.2% AC flood or +2-foot FVA. For critical actions, FEMA would determine the FFRMS elevation and FFRMS floodplain using the area that would be inundated by the higher of the 0.2% AC flood or +3-foot FVA. (For locations where information about the elevation and/or extent of the 0.2% AC floodplain is not available, the FFRMS floodplain would be the +3-foot FVA for critical actions and +2-foot FVA for non-critical actions).

This policy would also outline FEMA's process to identify actions that may receive substantial damage or substantial improvement determinations, require consideration of natural features and nature-based approaches as alternatives to a proposed action, explain requirements to minimize flood risk, and encourage early coordination when multiple Federal agencies are jointly engaged in an action to ensure a consistent approach to determine which floodplain determination is applied.

Authority: Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, as amended and implementing regulations of 44 CFR part 9, among other authorities listed in the proposed policy.

Deanne B. Criswell,

Administrator, Federal Emergency Management Agency.

[FR Doc. 2023-21093 Filed 9-29-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-66-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and **Families**

45 CFR Parts 205, 260, 261, and 263

RIN 0970-AC97

Strengthening Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) as a Safety **Net and Work Program**

AGENCY: Office of Family Assistance (OFA); Administration for Children and Families (ACF); Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: ACF proposes to amend the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program regulations to strengthen the safety net and reduce administrative burden. This NPRM encompasses a package of reforms to ensure TANF programs are designed and funds are used in accordance with the statute. In addition, the package includes provisions that are more technical in nature and are designed to reduce administrative burden and increase program effectiveness.

DATES: In order to be considered, the Department must receive written comments on this NPRM on or before December 1, 2023.

ADDRESSES: ACF encourages the public to submit comments electronically to ensure they are received in a timely manner. You may submit comments, identified by [docket number] and/or Regulatory Information Number (RIN) 0970–AC99, by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http:// www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.