containing business proprietary information, until further notice.<sup>12</sup>

#### **Final Results of Review**

Unless extended, we intend to issue the final results of this administrative review, which will include the results of our analysis of all issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, within 120 days of publication of these preliminary results in the **Federal Register**.<sup>13</sup>

#### Verification

On January 19, 2023, Nucor Tubular Products Inc., a domestic interested party, requested that Commerce conduct verification of the information submitted in the Maquilacero/TEFLU's responses.<sup>14</sup> Accordingly, as provided in section 782(i)(3) of the Act, Commerce intends to verify Maquilacero/TEFLU's information that will be relied upon in determining the final results of review.

#### **Assessment Rates**

Upon issuance of the final results of this administrative review, pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Act, Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise.

For individually examined respondents whose weighted-average dumping margin is not zero or de minimis (i.e., less than 0.50 percent), we will calculate importer-specific ad valorem antidumping duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the importer's examined sales to the total entered value of those same sales in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). If the respondent has not reported entered values, we will calculate a perunit assessment rate for each importer by dividing the total amount of dumping calculated for the examined sales made to that importer by the total quantity associated with those sales. To determine whether an importer-specific, per-unit assessment rate is *de minimis*. in accordance with 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2), we also will calculate an importer-specific ad valorem ratio based on estimated entered values. Where either a respondent's weighted average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis*, or an importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate is zero or de minimis,

we intend to instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.<sup>15</sup>

For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by each individually examined respondent for which the producer did not know that the merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the all-others rate (3.76 percent) if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.<sup>16</sup>

For those companies which were not individually examined, we will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties at an *ad valorem* rate equal to the weightedaverage dumping margin determined for the non-examined companies in the final results of this review.

The final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by this review where applicable. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 41 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 356.8(a).

#### **Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for each specific company listed above will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this administrative review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, de minimis within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rates will be zero; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not participating in this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which the producer or exporter participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original investigation but the producer is, the cash deposit rate

will be the rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the subject merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be the allothers rate of 3.76 percent.<sup>17</sup>

These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

#### **Notification to Interested Parties**

We are issuing and publishing these preliminary results of review in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, 19 CFR 351.213(h)(2), and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: August 31, 2023.

#### Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

# Appendix—List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

#### I. Summary

#### II. Background

- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Companies Not Selected for Individual Examination
- V. Discussion of the Methodology
- VI. Currency Conversion
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2023–19385 Filed 9–7–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

# [A-533-810]

#### Stainless Steel Bar from India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2022

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that producers/exporters of stainless steel bar (SS Bar) did not make sales at prices

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID 19; Extension of Effective Period, 85 FR 41363 (July 10, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act; and 19 CFR 351.213(h).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Request for Verification," dated January 19, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2); see also Antidumping Proceeding: Calculation of the Weighted-Average Dumping Margin and Assessment Rate in Certain Antidumping Proceedings; Final Modification, 77 FR 8101, 8103 (February 14, 2012).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See Order, 73 FR at 45405; see also Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See Order, 73 FR at 45405.

below normal value during the period of review (POR), February 1, 2021, through January 31, 2022.

DATES: Applicable September 8, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Kolberg, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1785.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On March 7, 2023, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the *Preliminary Results* of the 2021–2022 administrative review of the antidumping duty order on SS Bar from India.<sup>1</sup> We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*. For a complete description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>2</sup> Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

## Scope of the Order <sup>3</sup>

The products covered by the Order are SS Bar. A full description of the scope of the Order is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>4</sup>

#### **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs filed by parties in this review are listed in Appendix I to this notice and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at *https://* access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed at https://access.trade.gov/public/ FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

#### **Changes Since the Preliminary Results**

Based on our analysis of the comments received, we removed certain price deductions made after the time of sale when calculating net normal value for Laxcon Steels Limited, and its affiliates, Ocean Steels Private Limited, Metlax International Private Limited, Parvati Private Limited, and Mega Steels Private Limited (collectively, Laxcon).<sup>5</sup>

#### **Final Results of Review**

We determine that the following weighted-average dumping margins exists for the period February 1, 2021, through January 31, 2022:

Producer/exporter	Weighted- average dumping margin (percent)
Laxcon Steels Limited, and its affiliates, Ocean Steels Pri- vate Limited, Metlax Inter- national Private Limited, Parvati Private Limited, and Mega Steels Private Limited <sup>6</sup> Bhansali Bright Bars Pvt. Ltd <sup>7</sup> Bhansali Inc Venus Wire Industries Pvt. Ltd., and its affiliates, Precision Metals, Hindustan Inox Ltd., and Sieves Manufacturers (India) Pvt. Ltd <sup>8</sup>	0.00 0.00 0.00

#### Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed for these final results of review to the parties within five days after public announcement, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

#### **Assessment Rates**

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b), Commerce shall determine, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review. For any individually examined respondents whose weighted-average dumping margin is above de minimis, we calculated importer-specific ad valorem duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the examined sales to that importer, and we will instruct CBP to

assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this. Where either the respondent's weightedaverage dumping margin is zero or *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), or an importer-specific assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

#### **Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review in the Federal Register, as provided for by section 751(a)(2) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for companies subject to this review will be the rates established in these final results of the review; (2) for merchandise exported by producers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in a prior segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original investigation but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the producer of the merchandise; (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 12.45 percent,9 the allothers rate established in the investigation. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### **Notification to Importers**

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Stainless Steel Bar from India: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2022, 88 FR 14118 (March 7, 2023) (Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Stainless Steel Bar from India; 2021–2022," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Antidumping Duty Orders: Stainless Steel Bar from Brazil, India and Japan, 60 FR 9661 (February 21, 1995) (Orders).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Issues and Decision Memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Id. at Comment 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Collectively, these companies are known as Laxcon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Preliminary Results at 14119 for discussion on the rate for companies not individually examined. In accordance with section 735(c)(5)(B) of the Act, we are assigning the zero percent rate calculated for the mandatory respondent, Laxcon. <sup>8</sup> Collectively, these companies are known as Venus Group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Order at 66921.

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has occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

#### Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

### Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: August 31, 2023.

#### Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

#### Appendix I

# List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Changes From the Preliminary Results
- V. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Whether Laxcon Correctly Reported the Grade Code of Individual Control Numbers (CONNUMs) or Withheld Information
  - Comment 2: Whether Laxcon Correctly Reported the Heat Treatment Codes of Individual CONNUMS or Withheld Information
  - Comment 3: Whether Laxcon Failed to Respond to Commerce's Request for Reconciliation of U.S. Entry Data and Incorrectly Reported Sales in the Home Market Database
  - Comment 4: Whether Laxcon Withheld Documentation for the U.S. Sample Sale
  - Comment 5: Whether Laxcon Withheld the Identities of Affiliated Parties
  - Comment 6: Whether Laxcon Withheld Information Regarding Services Provided by Its Affiliate.
  - Comment 7: Whether Laxcon Withheld the Requested Revised U.S. and Home Market Sales Files
  - Comment 8: Whether Commerce Should Allow Adjustments Reported by Laxcon in Its Home Market Sales Database
  - Comment 9: Whether Commerce Should Apply Total Adverse Facts Available to Laxcon

VI. Recommendation [FR Doc. 2023–19390 Filed 9–7–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### International Trade Administration

[A-533-817, C-533-818, A-560-805, C-560-806, A-580-836, C-580-837]

#### Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From India, Indonesia, and the Republic of Korea: Continuation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) order and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on certain cut-to-length carbon-quality steel plate (CTL plate) from India, Indonesia, and the Republic of Korea (Korea) would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of these AD and CVD orders.

### DATES: Applicable August 28, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nathan Araya (AD) or Katherine Sliney (CVD), AD/CVD Operations, Offices II and III respectively, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3401 or (202) 482–2437, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On February 10, 2000, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD and CVD orders on certain CTL plate from India, Indonesia, and Korea.<sup>1</sup> On February 1, 2023, the ITC instituted,<sup>2</sup> and Commerce initiated,<sup>3</sup> the fourth sunset reviews of the *Orders*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). As a result of its reviews, Commerce determined that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping or countervailable subsidies, and therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins of dumping and countervailable subsidies likely to prevail should the *Orders* be revoked.<sup>4</sup>

On August 28, 2023, the ITC published its determination, pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(a) of the Act, that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.<sup>5</sup>

#### Scope of the Orders

The products covered by the Orders are certain hot-rolled carbon-quality steel: (1) universal mill plates (i.e., flatrolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a nominal or actual thickness of not less than 4 mm, which are cut-to-length (not in coils) and without patterns in relief), of iron or non-alloy-quality steel; and (2) flatrolled products, hot-rolled, of a nominal or actual thickness of 4.75 mm or more and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness, and which are cut-to-length (not in coils).

Steel products to be included in the scope of the *Orders* are of rectangular, square, circular or other shape and of rectangular or non-rectangular crosssection where such non-rectangular cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process (*i.e.*, products which

<sup>4</sup> See Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from India, Indonesia, and the Republic of Korea: Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders, 88 FR 36530 (June 5, 2023); see also Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from India, Indonesia, and the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Expedited Fourth Sunset Reviews of Countervailing Duty Orders, 88 FR 37856 (June 9, 2023).

<sup>5</sup> See Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from India, Indonesia, and South Korea Determinations, 88 FR 58619 (August 28, 2023) (CTL Plate from India, Indonesia, and South Korea); See also Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from India, Indonesia, and South Korea Determinations, Inv. Nos. 701–TA–388, 389, and 391 and 731–TA–817, 818, and 821, 88 FR 58619 USITC Pub. 5455 (August 2023) (Fourth Sunset Review) (ITC Sunset Review Determination).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Notice of Amendment of Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate Products from France, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, and the Republic of Korea, 65 FR 6585 (February 10, 2000); and Notice of Amended Final Determinations: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from India and the Republic of Korea; and Notice of Countervailing Duty Orders: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate from France, India, Indonesia, Italy, and the Republic of Korea, 65 FR 6587 (February 10, 2000) (collectively, Orders).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate (CTL Plate) from India, Indonesia, and South Korea; Institution of Five-Year Reviews, 88 FR 6781 (February 1, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 88 FR 6700 (February 1, 2023).