1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, 70124; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.3.

2. Add §165.T08–0789 to read as follows:

§165.T08–0789 Safety Zone; Upper Mississippi River, Mile Markers 490.2–489.7, Davenport, IA.

(a) Location. The following area is a safety zone: all navigable waters within the Upper Mississippi River, Mile Markers (MM) 490.2–489.7.

(b) Enforcement period. This section is subject to enforcement from February 6, 2023 through March 6, 2023.

(c) Regulations. (1) In accordance with the general safety zone regulations in §165.23, entry of persons or vessels into this safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this section is prohibited unless authorized by the COTP or a designated representative. A designated representative is a commissioned, warrant, or petty officer of the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) assigned to units under the operational control of USCG Sector Upper Mississippi River.

(2) To seek permission to enter, contact the COTP or a designated representative via VHF–FM channel 16, or through USCG Sector Upper Mississippi River at 314–269–2332. Persons and vessels permitted to enter the safety zone must comply with all lawful orders or directions issued by the COTP or designated representative.

(d) Informational broadcasts. The COTP or a designated representative will inform the public of the effective period for the safety zone as well as any changes in the dates and times of enforcement, as well as reductions in size or scope of the safety zone as ice or flood conditions improve, through Local Notice to Mariners (LNMs), Broadcast Notices to Mariners (BNMs), and/or Safety Marine Information Broadcast (SMIB) as appropriate.

Dated: February 1, 2023.

A.R. Bender,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Sector Upper Mississippi River."
automation option so they can take advantage of additional discounts offered.

Comment: Clarity is needed around the statement “Participating Full-Service and Seamless Acceptance mailers receive ACS notices at no charge. As a result, notices provided to mailers in this format has far exceeded the volume of returned mail and PS Forms 3547 and 3579 requested and generated from undeliverable Full-Service and Seamless Acceptance mail.” What is the problem that the USPS is trying to solve with the proposed changes?

Response: This initiative reduces the cost of printing, processing, and mailing of a separate hardcopy address notice, PS Form 3547 and 3579.

Comment: Seamless Acceptance must also be Full Service, so the reference to Seamless Acceptance mailers in this context appears unnecessary and confusing.

Response: Full Service and Seamless Acceptance are commonly used synonymously, however, there is a distinction. A mailer can submit a full-service mailing and not be considered a Seamless mailer. Mailers participating in Seamless Acceptance are identified by CRID and assessed differently than a Full-Service mailer.

Comment: Volume analysis needs to be conducted to determine the volume of Full-Service mail that would be impacted by this rule change because the data points provided point to a significant percent of the volume.

Response: The Postal Service performed an analysis which was considered in the decision to move forward with this effort. Of the 33.5M forms produced in FY22, nearly 60% of those were produced by full-service automation option mailers.

Comment: Clarification is needed for “Return Service Requested” ASE. Is the USPS proposing to eliminate these notices?

Response: The Postal Service is not proposing to eliminate the “Return Service Requested” ancillary service endorsement. Return Service Requested is an on-piece address correction notice and does not produce a separate notice PS Form 3547.

Comment: Compliance can be burdensome and costly for small business customers. MSPs may be responsible for printing the ACS STIDs in IMBs for their customers, we do not provide ACS services to the customer. A small business may only mail a small volume of pieces per day and only have 10 ACS notices a month. For these low volume mailers, the cost of the software, resources and systems need to utilize electronic/automated ACS notices can be significant. Even if these low volume mailers could afford to invest the necessary money and resources, who would provide the education and customer support to move them into the electronic environment?

Response: The SingleSource ACS option is available, which removes the need for handling different file formats and allows customers to download a printable report. There is no cost to sign up for SingleSource ACS.

Response: While the goal of reducing manual address correction notices is supported, a more collaborative effort is needed to identify reasons that mailers may continue to elect to receive manual correction notices. It is recommended the Postal Service defer implementation of the proposed changes until such time as an MTAC group can be formed and work through potential alternatives to help reduce the volume of manual ACS notices.

Response: The Postal Service has already communicated this effort through multiple MTAC User Groups for input. This is not an immediate action, it is schedule to begin July 9, 2023.

The Postal Service is removing the option to request PS Forms 3547, Notice to Mailer of Correction in Address, and PS Form 3579, Notice of Undeliverable Periodical, for Full-Service and Seamless Acceptance mailers.

Full Service and Seamless Acceptance mailers and publishers that desire address correction information from undeliverable as addressed (UAA) mail will be required to receive address correction notices electronically via ACS. Those mailers that apply the ancillary service endorsement “Address Service Requested” or “Change Service Requested” to their mail and Periodical publishers will receive ACS notices via the Data Distribution Dashboard from the Business Customer Gateway or by enrolling in the Electronic Product Fulfillment (EPF) secure website at https://epf.usps.gov. When appropriate, the electronic or automated address correction fees will be charged for each ACS notice provided.

The Postal Service is implementing this change effective July 9, 2023. However, mailers that currently request manual address corrections via PS Form 3547 or PS Form 3579 may begin to request ACS immediately.


We will publish an appropriate amendment to 39 CFR part 111 to reflect these changes.

List of Subjects in 39 CFR Part 111

Administrative practice and procedure, Postal Service.

Accordingly, 39 CFR part 111 is amended as follows:

PART 111—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 39 CFR part 111 continues to read as follows:


2. Revise the Mailing Standards of the United States Postal Service, Domestic Mail Manual (DMM) as follows:

Mailing Standards of the United States Postal Service, Domestic Mail Manual (DMM)

* * * * *

500 Additional Mailing Services

* * * * *

507 Mailer Services

* * * * *

4.0 Address Correction Services

* * * * *

4.2 Address Change Service (ACS)

* * * * *

4.2.6 Additional Standards—When Using Intelligent Mail Barcodes

[Revise the introductory text of 4.2.6 to read as follows:]

Mailers can access OneCode ACS using an Intelligent Mail barcode, which contains a valid Service Type Identifier indicating the ancillary service requested; a numeric Mailer ID; and the Serial Number, a unique numeric mailpiece identifier (Keyline equivalent). This option is available for letters and flat size pieces mailed as First-Class Mail, USPS Marketing Mail, and Periodicals. Address Service, Change Service and Return Service Ancillary Services are available for letters and flat-sized mail pieces mailed as First-Class Mail, USPS Marketing Mail, and Bound Printed Matter (BPM), by choosing the appropriate ACS Service Type Identifier in the Intelligent Mail barcode. USPS Marketing Mail and Bound Printed Matter pieces with ACS using an Intelligent Mail barcode require the use of a printed on-piece endorsement. ACS mailers are encouraged to use the “Electronic Service Requested” text endorsement.
Other printed endorsements are not required to request ancillary services in conjunction with an Intelligent Mail barcode used on First-Class Mail or Periodicals mailpieces, and their use may produce unintended results. Full-Service and Seamless Acceptance mailers that desire separate address corrections using Address Service and Change Service ancillary services must request ACS and will receive the ACS notices through Full Service. See 705.23.5.2 for additional standards. For other mailers, in order to receive requested ACS information, mailers must notify the NCSC, ACS Department in Memphis, TN, in writing, seven days prior to mailing to establish a method for ACS notice fulfillment and to arrange for payment of electronic or automated address correction fees. Mailpieces must meet the following specifications:

**700 Special Standards**

**705 Advanced Preparation and Special Postage Payment Systems**

**23.0 Full-Service Automation Option**

**23.5 Additional Standards**

**23.5.2 Address Correction Notices**

[ Revise the text of 23.5.2 to read as follows: ]

Mailers presenting mailpieces (except for those noted below) that qualify for the full-service Intelligent Mail option will receive automated address correction notices electronically when the pieces are encoded with Intelligent Mail barcodes with “Address Service Requested” or “Change Service Requested” under standards for OneCode ACS and under the following conditions:

- Mailpieces must include the appropriate ACS service type ID in the Intelligent Mail barcode to match the ancillary service requested. See 507.1.5 for mail disposition and address correction combinations by class of mail.

- Complimentary ACS ancillary service address correction notices for mailpieces in full-service mailings are available for:
  - First-Class Mail letters and flats, provided at no charge (printed endorsement not required for letters).
  - Periodicals letters and flats, provided at no charge (printed endorsement not required).
  - USPS Marketing Mail letters and flats or BPM flats, provided at no charge. USPS Marketing Mail and BPM pieces must include a printed on-piece endorsement in addition to encoding the ACS ancillary service request into the Intelligent Mail barcode. See 507.4.2 for additional standards.

- Mailers must use the ACS address correction information provided by USPS to update their address records to receive notices without paying additional fees. Beginning July 9, 2023, address corrections will only be provided electronically in the Business Customer Gateway under Mailing Reports utilizing the Data Distribution and Informed Visibility Dashboard.

- A new Service Type Identifier (STID) Table will be published on PostalPro removing all STID references for manual corrections when mailers present qualifying Full-Service mail.

Tram T. Pham,
Attorney, Ethics and Legal Compliance.

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

**40 CFR Part 52**


**Air Quality Implementation Plan; California; Tuolumne County Air Pollution Control District; Stationary Source Permits**

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is finalizing a revision to the Tuolumne County Air Pollution Control District’s (TCAPCD or “District”) portion of the California State Implementation Plan (SIP). This revision governs the District’s issuance of permits for stationary sources, and focuses on the preconstruction review and permitting of major sources and major modifications under part D of title I of the Clean Air Act (CAA or “the Act”).

**DATES:** This rule is effective March 9, 2023.

**ADDRESSES:** The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket No. EPA–R09–OAR–2021–0584. All documents in the docket are listed on the https://www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through https://www.regulations.gov, or please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section. If you need assistance in a language other than English or if you are a person with disabilities who needs a reasonable accommodation at no cost to you, please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Amber Batchelder, EPA Region IX, 75 Hawthorne St., San Francisco, CA 94105; by phone: (415) 947–4174, or by email to batchelder.amber@epa.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

Throughout this document, the terms “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to the EPA.

**Table of Contents**

I. Proposed Action
II. Public Comments and EPA Responses
III. EPA Action
IV. Incorporation by Reference
V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

**I. Proposed Action**

On July 14, 2022, the EPA proposed to approve the rule listed in Table 1 into the California SIP.

**TABLE 1—SUBMITTED RULE**

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<td>Federal New Source Review</td>
<td>07/06/21</td>
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1 87 FR 42132.