

2022 for any products mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part by forced labor from XUAR or from an entity that has used labor from within or transferred from XUAR as part of any forced labor programs, unless an exception applies.

225.7022-4 Exceptions.

The prohibition at 225.7022-3 does not apply to—

(a) Purchases under the micro-purchase threshold made using the Governmentwide commercial purchase card; or

(b) Purchases using the SF 44 in accordance with 213.306.

225.7022-5 Solicitation provision and contract clause.

(a) Use the provision at 252.225-7059, Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region—Certification, in solicitations, including solicitations using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial items and COTS items, that contain the clause at 252.225-7060, Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

(b) Use the clause at 252.225-7060, Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, in solicitations, contracts, and orders for products utilizing funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2022, including solicitations and contracts using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial items and COTS items.

PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

■ 4. Add sections 252.225-7059 and 252.225-7060 to read as follows:

252.225-7059 Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region—Certification.

As prescribed in 225.7022-5(a), use the following provision:

Prohibition on Certain Procurements From The Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region—Certification (DEC 2022)

(a) *Definitions.* *Forced labor*, *person*, and *XUAR*, as used in this provision, have the meaning given in the 252.225-7060, Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, clause of this solicitation.

(b) *Prohibition.* DoD may not knowingly procure any products mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part by forced labor from XUAR or from an entity that has used labor from within or transferred from XUAR as part of any forced labor programs, as specified in paragraph (b) of the 252.225-7060, Prohibition on certain procurements

from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, clause of this solicitation.

(c) Certification.

(1) The Offeror does [] does not [] certify that the Offeror has made a good faith effort to determine that forced labor from XUAR was not or will not be used in the performance of a contract resulting from this solicitation.

(2) Offerors who do not certify having made a good faith effort will not be eligible for award.

(End of provision)

252.225-7060 Prohibition on Certain Procurements from the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

As prescribed in 225.7022-5(b), use the following clause:

Prohibition on Certain Procurements From The Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region (DEC 2022)

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—
Forced Labor means all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer themselves voluntarily.

Person means—

(1) A natural person, corporation, company, business association, partnership, society, trust, or any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group; or

(2) Any successor, subunit, parent entity, or subsidiary of, or any entity under common ownership or control with, any entity described in paragraph (1) of this definition.

XUAR means the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China.

(b) *Prohibition.* The Contractor shall not provide any products mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part by forced labor from XUAR or from an entity that has used labor from within or transferred from XUAR as part of any forced labor programs throughout the entire period of performance of the contract.

(c) *Subcontracts.* The Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (c), without alteration other than to identify the appropriate parties, in subcontracts including subcontracts for commercial items and commercially available off-the-shelf items.

(End of clause)

[FR Doc. 2022-26727 Filed 12-15-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001-06-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Defense Acquisition Regulations System

48 CFR Parts 212, 225, and 252

[Docket DARS-2022-0003]

RIN 0750-AL18

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement: United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (DFARS Case 2020-D032)

AGENCY: Defense Acquisition Regulations System, Department of Defense (DoD).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: DoD is issuing a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act.

DATES: Effective December 30, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Kimberly Bass, telephone 703-717-3446.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

DoD published a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** at 87 FR 11002 on February 28, 2022, to implement the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act. A correction notification was published in the **Federal Register** at 87 FR 12923 on March 8, 2022, to correct the comment period due date from May 27, 2022, to April 29, 2022. There were no public comments received in response to the proposed rule.

II. Discussion and Analysis

A. Summary of Significant Changes

No changes are made to the final rule as a result of public comments.

B. Other Changes

The proposed rule reflected redesignation of the paragraph numbering structure for several definitions in paragraph (a) for DFARS clauses 252.225-7036, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program, and 252.225-7045, Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements. Those paragraph redesignations are no longer required in this final rule, since those redesignations were accomplished with the publication of the final rule for DFARS Case 2019-D045, Maximizing the Use of American-Made Goods,

Products, and Materials, in the **Federal Register** at 87 FR 37440 on June 23, 2022. In addition, minor editorial changes are made to this rule.

III. Applicability to Contracts at or Below the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (SAT) and for Commercial Services and Commercial Products, Including Commercially Available Off-the-Shelf (COTS) Items

This rule amends the contract clauses at DFARS 252.225-7013, Duty-Free Entry; DFARS 252.225-7017, Photovoltaic Devices; DFARS 252.225-7021, Trade Agreements (Basic and Alternate II); DFARS 252.225-7036, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program (Basic and Alternates I (with the prescription), II, III (with the prescription), IV, and V); DFARS 252.225-7045, Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements (Basic and Alternates I, II, and III); and the solicitation provisions at DFARS 252.225-7018, Photovoltaic Devices—Certificate; DFARS 252.225-7035, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate (Basic and Alternate I, II, III (with the prescription)). This rule does not impose any new requirements on contracts at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, for commercial products including commercially available off-the-shelf items, or for commercial services.

IV. Expected Impact of the Rule

The rule implements the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act. The United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA) supersedes the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA). Canada is still a designated country under the World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement; however, Canada is no longer a Free Trade Agreement country, because chapter 13 (Government Procurement) of the USMCA applies only to the United States and Mexico. References to Canada as a Free Trade Agreement country in the DFARS are deleted, including the \$25,000 threshold. Canadian end products will still receive nondiscriminatory treatment with respect to the Buy American statute but starting at \$183,000 rather than \$25,000. Impacts are anticipated to be negligible, since Canada remains a World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement (WTO GPA) designated country, and a qualifying country, with a threshold of \$183,000. The Mexico thresholds remain unchanged.

V. Executive Orders 12866 and 13563

Executive Orders (E.O.s) 12866 and 13563 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). E.O. 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This is not a significant regulatory action and, therefore, was not subject to review under section 6(b) of E.O. 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, dated September 30, 1993.

VI. Congressional Review Act

As required by the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801-808) before an interim or final rule takes effect, DoD will submit a copy of the interim or final rule with the form, Submission of Federal Rules under the Congressional Review Act, to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States. A major rule under the Congressional Review Act cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. The Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs has determined that this rule is not a major rule as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804.

VII. Regulatory Flexibility Act

A final regulatory flexibility analysis (FRFA) has been prepared consistent with the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.* The FRFA is summarized as follows:

This final rule is necessary to revise the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 116-113). On November 30, 2018, the Governments of the United States, Mexico, and Canada (the parties) signed the protocol replacing NAFTA with the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA). On December 10, 2019, the parties signed the protocol of amendment to the USMCA. On January 29, 2020, the President signed into law the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement Implementation Act, through which Congress approved the USMCA. On July 1, 2020, the USMCA entered into effect.

The objective of this rule is to implement the USMCA Implementation Act. The rule includes changes in the DFARS to conform to chapter 13 of the USMCA, which sets forth certain

obligations between the United States and Mexico with respect to government procurement of goods and services, as specified in Annex 13-A of the USMCA. Chapter 13 of the USMCA applies only to Mexico and the United States and does not cover Canada.

Although Canada is still a designated country under the WTO GPA, Canada is no longer a Free Trade Agreement country, because chapter 13 of the USMCA applies only to the United States and Mexico. Therefore, references to Canada as a Free Trade Agreement country in the DFARS are deleted, including the \$25,000 threshold. Canadian end products will still receive nondiscriminatory treatment with respect to the Buy American statute but starting at \$183,000 rather than the threshold of \$25,000. Mexico thresholds remain unchanged.

The rule removes all references to the NAFTA, replacing them with the new USMCA language, including statutory references. All references to Canadian end products or Canadian photovoltaic devices also are removed.

No public comments were received in response to the initial regulatory flexibility analysis.

This rule is not expected to have a significant economic impact on small entities. Although the rule removes Canada as a Free Trade Agreement designated country and deletes the associated \$25,000 threshold, replacing it with the free trade agreement minimum threshold of \$92,319, Canada remains a WTO GPA designated country, and a qualifying country, with a threshold of \$183,000. The Mexico thresholds remain unchanged. Contracting officers will be required to use the revised provisions and clauses as prescribed that reflect the USMCA requirements.

Based on fiscal year 2021 data from the Federal Procurement Data System, 24,808 unique small entities were awarded DoD contracts. Impacts to small businesses are anticipated to be negligible, since Canada remains a WTO GPA designated country, and a qualifying country, with a threshold of \$183,000, and the Mexico thresholds remain unchanged.

This final rule does not include any new reporting, recordkeeping, or other compliance requirements for small businesses. The rule does not impose any additional information collection requirements.

There are no known significant alternative approaches to the rule that would meet the requirements of the USMCA Implementation Act.

VIII. Paperwork Reduction Act

The rule affects information collection requirements in the provisions at DFARS 252.225-7018, Photovoltaic Devices—Certificate, and 252.225-7035, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate; and the clauses at DFARS 252.225-7013, Duty-Free Entry, and 252.225-7021, Alternate II, Trade Agreements, currently approved under OMB Control Number 0704-0229 in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). The changes to the DFARS do not impose additional information collection requirements to the paperwork burden previously approved under OMB Control Number 0704-0229, DFARS Part 225, Foreign Acquisition, and Related Clauses at 252.225; DD Form 2139.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 212, 225, and 252

Government procurement.

Jennifer D. Johnson,

Editor/Publisher, Defense Acquisition Regulations System.

Therefore, 48 CFR parts 212, 225, and 252 are amended as follows:

■ 1. The authority citation for 48 CFR parts 212, 225, and 252 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 1303 and 48 CFR chapter 1.

PART 212—ACQUISITION OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS

212.301 [Amended]

■ 2. Amend section 212.301 in paragraphs (f)(x)(M) introductory text, (f)(x)(N) introductory text, (f)(x)(V) introductory text, and (f)(x)(W) introductory text by removing “3301 note” and adding “4501-4732”.

PART 225—FOREIGN ACQUISITION

225.1101 [Amended]

■ 3. Amend section 225.1101 in paragraphs (10)(i) introductory text and (10)(i)(B) and (D) by removing “equals or exceeds \$25,000, but”.

PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

■ 4. Amend section 252.225-7013 by—
■ a. Revising the date of the clause; and
■ b. In paragraph (a), revising the definition of “Eligible product”.

The revisions read as follows:

252.225-7013 Duty-Free Entry.

* * * * *

Duty-Free Entry (DEC 2022)

(a) * * *

Eligible product means—

(1) Designated country end product, as defined in the Trade Agreements (either basic or alternate) clause of this contract;

(2) Free Trade Agreement country end product, other than a Bahrainian end product, a Moroccan end product, a Panamanian end product, or a Peruvian end product, as defined in the Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program (either basic or alternate II) clause of this contract; or

(3) Free Trade Agreement country end product other than a Bahrainian end product, Korean end product, Moroccan end product, Panamanian end product, or Peruvian end product, as defined in the Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program (either alternate IV or alternate V) clause of this contract.

* * * * *

■ 5. Amend section 252.225-7017 by—

- a. Revising the date of the clause;
■ b. In paragraph (a)—
■ i. Removing the definition of “Canadian photovoltaic device”; and
■ ii. In the definitions of “Designated country”, paragraph (2), and “Free Trade Agreement country” removing “Canada,”;
■ c. In paragraph (c)(1), removing “\$25,000” and adding “\$92,319” in its place;
■ d. Removing paragraph (c)(2); and
■ e. Redesignating paragraphs (c)(3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (c)(2), (3), and (4).
The revision reads as follows:

252.225-7017 Photovoltaic Devices.

* * * * *

Photovoltaic Devices (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

252.225-7018 [Amended]

- 6. Amend section 252.225-7018 by—
■ a. Revising the date of the provision;
■ b. In paragraph (a), removing ““Canadian photovoltaic device,””;
■ c. In paragraph (c), removing “\$25,000” and adding “\$92,319” in its place;
■ d. In paragraph (d)(2) introductory text, removing “\$25,000” and adding “\$92,319” in its place; and
■ e. Revising paragraph (d)(3).
The revisions read as follows:

252.225-7018 Photovoltaic Devices—Certificate.

Photovoltaic Devices—Certificate (DEC 2022)

(d) * * *

(3) If less than \$92,319—

(i) The offeror certifies that each photovoltaic device to be utilized in performance of the contract is a domestic photovoltaic device;

(ii) The offeror certifies that each photovoltaic device to be utilized in

performance of the contract is a qualifying country photovoltaic device [Offeror to specify country of origin

____]; or

(iii) The foreign photovoltaic devices to be utilized in performance of the contract are the product of _____. [Offeror to specify country of origin, if known, and provide documentation that the cost of a domestic photovoltaic device would be unreasonable in comparison to the cost of the proposed foreign photovoltaic device, i.e. that the price of the foreign photovoltaic device plus 50 percent is less than the price of a comparable domestic photovoltaic device.]

* * * * *

■ 7. Amend section 252.225-7021 by—

- a. Revising the section heading and date of the clause;
■ b. In paragraph (a)—
■ i. In the definition of “Caribbean Basin country end product” redesignating paragraphs (i) introductory text, (i)(A) and (B), (ii) introductory text, and (ii)(A), (B), and (C) as paragraphs (1) introductory text, (1)(i) and (ii), (2) introductory text, and (2)(i), (ii), and (iii), respectively;
■ ii. In the definition of “Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item”, redesignating paragraphs (i) introductory text, (i)(A), (B), and (C), and (ii) as paragraphs (1) introductory text, (1)(i), (ii), and (iii), and (2), respectively;
■ iii. In the definition of “Designated country”:
■ A. Redesignating paragraphs (i) through (iv) as paragraphs (1) through (4), respectively; and
■ B. In the newly redesignated paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”;
■ iv. In the definitions of “Free Trade Agreement country end product” and “Least developed country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i) and (ii) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;
■ v. In the definition of “Qualifying country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i), (ii) introductory text, (ii)(A) introductory text, (ii)(A)(1), (2), and (3), and (ii)(B) as paragraphs (1), (2) introductory text, (2)(i) introductory text, (2)(i)(A), (B), and (C), and (2)(ii), respectively; and
■ vi. In the definitions of “U.S.-made end product” and “WTO GPA country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i) and (ii) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;
■ c. In paragraph (e) introductory text, removing “on the internet”; and
■ d. In Alternate II—
■ i. Revising the date of the clause;
■ ii. In paragraph (a)—
■ A. In the definition of “Caribbean Basin country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i) introductory text, (i)(A) and (B), (ii) introductory text, and (ii)(A), (B), and

(C) as paragraphs (1) introductory text, (1)(i) and (ii), (2) introductory text, and (2)(i), (ii), and (iii), respectively;

- B. In the definition of “Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item”, redesignating paragraphs (i) introductory text, (i)(A), (B), and (C), and (ii) as paragraphs (1) introductory text, (1)(i), (ii), and (iii), and (2), respectively;
- C. In the definition of “Designated country”:

 - 1. Redesignating paragraphs (i) through (iv) as paragraphs (1) through (4), respectively; and
 - 2. In the newly redesignated paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”;

- D. In the definitions of “Free Trade Agreement country end product” and “Least developed country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i) and (ii) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively;
- E. In the definition of “Qualifying country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i), (ii) introductory text, (ii)(A) introductory text, (ii)(A)(1), (2), and (3), and (ii)(B) as paragraphs (1), (2) introductory text, (2)(i) introductory text, (2)(i)(A), (B), and (C), and (2)(ii), respectively; and
- F. In the definitions of “South Caucasus/Central and South Asian (SC/CASA) state end product”, “U.S.-made end product”, and “WTO GPA country end product”, redesignating paragraphs (i) and (ii) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively; and
- iii. In paragraph (f) introductory text, removing “on the internet”.

The revisions read as follows:

252.225–7021 Trade Agreements.

* * * * *

Trade Agreements—Basic (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Trade Agreements—Alternate II (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

■ 8. Amend section 252.225–7035 by—

- a. Revising the provision date;
- b. In paragraph (b)(1), removing “Part” and adding “part” in its place;
- c. In paragraph (c)(2)(i) introductory text, removing “or Canadian”;
- d. In paragraph (c)(2)(iii) introductory text, removing “paragraph (ii)” and adding “paragraph (1)(ii)” in its place;
- e. In Alternate I—

 - i. Revising the introductory text and the provision date;
 - ii. In paragraph (a)—

 - A. Removing “Canadian end product,”; and
 - B. Removing “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item” and adding “Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item” in its place;
 - iii. In paragraph (b)(2), removing “or Canadian end products”; and

- iv. Revising paragraph (c)(2);
- f. In Alternate II—

 - i. Revising the provision date;
 - ii. In paragraph (c)(2)(i) introductory text, removing “or Canadian”; and
 - iii. In paragraph (c)(2)(iii) introductory text, removing “paragraph (ii)” and adding “paragraph (1)(ii)” in its place;

- g. In Alternate III—

 - i. Revising the provision date;
 - ii. In paragraph (a)—

 - A. Removing “Canadian end product,”; and
 - B. Removing “commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item” and adding “Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item” in its place;
 - iii. In paragraph (b)(2), removing “products, SC/CASA state end products, or Canadian end products” and adding “products or SC/CASA state end products” in its place; and

- iv. In paragraph (c)(2)(i) introductory text, removing “(except Canadian)”;
- h. In Alternate IV—

 - i. Revising the provision date;
 - ii. In paragraph (c)(2)(i) introductory text, removing “or Canadian”; and
 - iii. In paragraph (c)(2)(iii) introductory text, removing “paragraph (ii)” and adding “paragraph (1)(ii)” in its place; and

- i. In Alternate V—

 - i. Revising the provision date;
 - ii. In paragraph (c)(2)(i) introductory text, removing “or Canadian”; and
 - iii. In paragraph (c)(2)(iii) introductory text, removing “paragraph (ii)” and adding “paragraph (1)(ii)” in its place.

The revisions read as follows:

252.225–7035 Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Balance of Payments Program Certificate.

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Basic (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Alternate I. As prescribed in 225.1101(9) and (9)(ii), use the following provision, which does not use the phrases *Bahrainian end product*, *Free Trade Agreement country*, *Free Trade Agreement country end product*, *Moroccan end product*, *Panamanian end product*, and *Peruvian end products* in paragraph (a); does not use “Free Trade Agreement country end products other than Bahrainian end products, Moroccan end products, Panamanian end products, or Peruvian end products” in paragraphs (b)(2) and (c)(2)(ii); and does not use “Australian or” in paragraph (c)(2)(i):

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate I (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) The offeror shall identify all end products that are not domestic end products.

- (i) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are qualifying country end products: (*Line Item Number*) (*Country of Origin*)
- (ii) The following supplies are other foreign end products, including end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, *i.e.*, an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (1)(ii) of the definition of “domestic end product”:

(*Line Item Number*) (*Country of Origin (If known)*)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate II (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate III (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate IV (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate V (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

- 9. Amend section 252.225–7036 by—

 - a. Revising the clause date;
 - b. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Free Trade Agreement country”, removing “Canada,”;
 - c. In Alternate I—

 - i. Revising the introductory text and the clause date;
 - ii. In paragraph (a)—

 - A. Removing the definition of “Canadian end product”; and
 - B. In the definition of “Free Trade Agreement country”, removing “Canada,”; and
 - iii. In paragraph (c), removing “, Canadian”, “or a Canadian end product”, and “, a Canadian end product,”;

- ii. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Free Trade Agreement country”, removing “Canada,”; and
- g. In Alternate V—
- i. Revising the clause date; and
- ii. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Free Trade Agreement country”, removing “Canada,”.

The revisions read as follows:

252.225-7036 Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program.

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Basic (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Alternate I. As prescribed in 225.1101(10)(i) and (10)(i)(B), use the following clause, which uses a different paragraph (c) than the basic clause:

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Alternate I (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Alternate II (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Alternate III. As prescribed in 225.1101(10)(i) and (10)(i)(D), use the following clause, which adds *South Caucasus/Central and South Asian (SC/CASA) state* and *South Caucasus/Central and South Asian (SC/CASA) state end product* to paragraph (a) and uses a different paragraph (c) than the basic clause:

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Alternate III (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

(c) The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only domestic end products unless, in its offer, it specified delivery of qualifying country end products, SC/CASA state end products, or other foreign end products in the Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program Certificate—Alternate III provision of the solicitation. If the Contractor certified in its offer that it will deliver a qualifying country end product or SC/CASA state end products, the Contractor shall deliver a qualifying country end product, an SC/CASA state end product, or, at the Contractor’s option, a domestic end product.

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Alternate IV (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Balance of Payments Program—Alternate V (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

- 10. Amend section 252.225-7045 by—
- a. Revising the clause date;

- b. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Designated country”, paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”;

- c. In Alternate I—

- i. Revising the clause date;
- ii. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Designated country”, paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”; and

- iii. In paragraph (b), removing “NAFTA” and adding “United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement” in its place;

- d. In Alternate II—

- i. Revising the clause date; and
- ii. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Designated country”, paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”; and

- e. In Alternate III—

- i. In the introductory text, removing “(SC/CASA state” and adding “(SC/CASA) state” in its place;
- ii. Revising the clause date;
- iii. In paragraph (a), in the definition of “Designated country”, in paragraph (2), removing “Canada,”; and
- iv. In paragraph (b) removing “NAFTA” and adding “United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement” in its place.

The revisions read as follows:

252.225-7045 Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements.

* * * * *

Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements—Basic (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements—Alternate I (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements—Alternate II (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

Balance of Payments Program—Construction Material Under Trade Agreements—Alternate III (DEC 2022)

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 2022-26690 Filed 12-15-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001-06-P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Defense Acquisition Regulations System

48 CFR Chapter 2

[Docket DARS-2022-0031]

RIN 0750-AL72

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement: Reorganization of Defense Acquisition Statutes (DFARS Case 2022-D018)

AGENCY: Defense Acquisition Regulations System, Department of Defense (DoD).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: DoD is issuing a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement sections of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 and sections of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 related to the transfer and reorganization of the defense acquisition statutes.

DATES: Effective December 30, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Kimberly Ziegler, telephone 703-901-3176.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

DoD is amending the DFARS to implement Title XVIII of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 (Pub. L. 116-283), Transfer and Reorganization of Defense Acquisition Statutes, which revised numerous statutory references used throughout the DFARS. The rule also implements Title XVII of the NDAA for FY 2022 (Pub. L. 117-81), Technical Amendments Related to the Transfer and Reorganization of Defense Acquisition Statutes, which provided technical, conforming, and clerical amendments related to Title XVIII of the NDAA for FY 2021. The rule also provides the new location of notes that were moved by the Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the United States House of Representatives as a result of the reorganization.

The rule makes several minor corrections to the DFARS apart from the changes related to the reorganization. These corrections include updates to organizational office names, statutory titles, the addition of codification citations for authorization acts, and the removal of citations for statutes that have been repealed.