

According to Florida statute, “A practitioner, in good faith and in the course of his or her professional practice only, may prescribe, administer, dispense, mix, or otherwise prepare a controlled substance.” Fla. Stat. 893.05(1)(a) (2022). Further, a “practitioner” as defined by Florida statute includes “a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or 459.”³ *Id.* at 893.02(23).

Here, the undisputed evidence in the record is that Respondent is not currently a licensed practitioner in Florida, and a physician assistant must be a licensed practitioner to dispense a controlled substance in Florida. Thus, because Respondent lacks authority to handle controlled substances in Florida, Respondent is not eligible to maintain a DEA registration based in Florida. Accordingly, the Agency will order that Respondent’s DEA registration be revoked.

Order

Pursuant to 28 CFR 0.100(b) and the authority vested in me by 21 U.S.C. 824(a), I hereby revoke DEA Certificate of Registration No. MD4826915 issued to Adley Dasilva, P.A. Further, pursuant to 28 CFR 0.100(b) and the authority vested in me by 21 U.S.C. 823(f), I hereby deny any pending applications of Adley Dasilva, P.A., to renew or modify this registration, as well as any other pending application of Adley Dasilva, P.A., for additional registration in Florida. This Order is effective December 19, 2022.

Signing Authority

This document of the Drug Enforcement Administration was signed on November 9, 2022, by Administrator Anne Milgram. That document with the original signature and date is maintained by DEA. For administrative purposes only, and in compliance with requirements of the Office of the Federal Register, the undersigned DEA Federal Register Liaison Officer has been authorized to sign and submit the document in electronic format for publication, as an official document of DEA. This administrative process in no way alters the legal effect of this document upon publication in the **Federal Register**.

Heather Achbach,
Federal Register Liaison Officer, Drug
Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 2022–25103 Filed 11–17–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–09–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA–1096]

Bulk Manufacturer of Controlled Substances Application: Vici Health Sciences, LLC

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement
Administration, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: Vici Health Sciences, LLC has applied to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of basic class(es) of controlled substance(s). Refer to Supplementary Information listed below for further drug information.

DATES: Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants therefore, may submit electronic comments on or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before January 17, 2023. Such persons may also file a written request for a hearing on the application on or before January 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: The Drug Enforcement Administration requires that all comments be submitted electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal, which provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or attach a file for lengthier comments. Please go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions at that site for submitting comments. Upon submission of your comment, you will receive a Comment Tracking Number. Please be aware that submitted comments are not instantaneously available for public view on <https://www.regulations.gov>. If you have received a Comment Tracking Number, your comment has been successfully submitted and there is no need to resubmit the same comment.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 1301.33(a), this is notice that on August 5, 2022, Vici Health Sciences, LLC, 6655 Amberton Drive, Suite N, Elkridge, Maryland 21075, applied to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of the following basic class(es) of controlled substance(s):

Controlled substance	Drug code	Schedule
Ibogaine	7260	I
Fentanyl related-compounds as defined in 21 CFR 1308.11(h).	9850	I

The company plans to bulk manufacture the listed controlled

substances or their intermediates for sale to its customers. No other activities for these drug codes are authorized for this registration.

Kristi O’Malley,
Assistant Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2022–25174 Filed 11–17–22; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Clean Water Act

On November 14, 2022, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed Consent Decree with the United States District Court for the Southern District of Illinois in the lawsuit entitled *United States and the State of Illinois v. Prairie State Solar, LLC*, Civil Action No. 3:22–cv–02660.

In this case, the United States and the State seek to resolve claims against Defendant Prairie State Solar, LLC under the Clean Water Act. The United States and the State allege Prairie States violated its state stormwater permit during the construction of a large-scale solar farm in Perry County, Illinois. The proposed Consent Decree requires Prairie State to perform injunctive relief measures to ensure compliance until construction is complete and the stormwater permit is terminated. The Consent Decree also requires Prairie State to pay a civil penalty of \$225,000, with \$157,500 to the United States and \$67,500 to the State of Illinois.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States and The State of Illinois v. Prairie State Solar*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–5–1–1–12558/1. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments:	Send them to:
By email	pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov .
By mail	Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: <https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees>.

³ Chapter 458 regulates medical practice and applies to Respondent. GX B, at 2.

We will provide a paper copy of the Consent Decree upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$11.50 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury. For a paper copy exclusive of exhibits and signature pages, the cost is \$10.00.

Patricia McKenna,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2022–25199 Filed 11–17–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Clean Water Act

On November 14, 2022, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed Consent Decree with the United States District Court for the Southern District of Illinois in the lawsuit entitled *United States and the State of Illinois v. Big River Solar, LLC* Civil Action No. 3:22–cv–02659.

In this case, the United States and the State seek to resolve claims against Defendant Big River Solar, LLC, under the Clean Water Act. The United States and the State allege Big River violated of its state stormwater permit, during the construction of a large-scale solar farm in White County, Illinois. The proposed Consent Decree requires Big River to perform injunctive relief measures to ensure compliance until construction is complete and the stormwater permit is terminated. The Consent Decree also requires Big River to pay a civil penalty of \$175,000, with \$122,500 to the United States, and \$52,500 to the State of Illinois.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States State of Illinois v. Big River Solar, LLC*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–5–1–1–12558. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

<i>To submit comments:</i>	<i>Send them to:</i>
By email	<i>pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov.</i>
By mail	Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: <https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees>. We will provide a paper copy of the Consent Decree upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$34.75 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury. For a paper copy exclusive of exhibits and signature pages, the cost is \$10.00.

Patricia McKenna,

Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 2022–25187 Filed 11–17–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–15–P

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Pro Bono Innovation Fund Process for Submitting Pre-Applications for 2023 Grants

AGENCY: Legal Services Corporation.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Legal Services Corporation (LSC) issues this Notice describing the conditions for submitting a Pre-Application for 2023 Pro Bono Innovation Fund grants.

DATES: Pre-applications must be submitted by 11:59 p.m. EST on Friday, January 27, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Letters of Intent must be submitted electronically at <http://lscgrants.lsc.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mytrang Nguyen, Program Counsel, Office of Program Performance, Legal Services Corporation, 3333 K Street NW, Washington, DC 20007; (202) 295–1564 or nguyenm@lsc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

Since 2014, Congress has provided an annual appropriation to LSC “for a Pro Bono Innovation Fund.” *See, e.g.,*

Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017, Public Law 115–31, 131 Stat. 135 (2017). LSC requested these funds for grants to “develop, test, and replicate innovative pro bono efforts that can enable LSC grantees to expand clients’ access to high quality legal assistance.” LSC Budget Request, Fiscal Year 2014 at 26 (2013). The grants must involve innovations that are either “new ideas” or “new applications of existing best practices.” *Id.* Each grant would “either serve as a model for other legal services providers to follow or effectively replicate a prior innovation. *Id.* The Senate Appropriations Committee explained that these funds “will support innovative projects that promote and enhance pro bono initiatives throughout the Nation,” and the House Appropriations Committee directed LSC “to increase the involvement of private attorneys in the delivery of legal services to [LSC-eligible] clients.” Senate Report 114–239 at 123 (2016), House Report 113–448 at 85 (2014).

Since its inception, the Pro Bono Innovation Fund has advanced LSC’s goal of increasing the quantity and quality of legal services by funding projects that more efficiently and effectively involve pro bono volunteers in serving the critical unmet legal needs of LSC-eligible clients. In 2017, LSC built on these successes by creating three funding categories to better focus on innovations serving unmet and well-defined client needs (Project Grants), on building comprehensive and effective pro bono programs through new applications of existing best practices (Transformation Grants), and on providing continued development support for the most promising innovations (Sustainability Grants). In 2021, LSC created Non-Direct Service Project Grants to fund organizations to develop and implement innovative solutions to pro bono challenges that do not involve providing direct legal services to clients. In 2022, LSC created a new funding category to provide organizations with resources to plan and establish a strong foundation (Planning Grants). Planning Grants will be available on a pilot basis in the 2023 funding cycle to select organizations.

II. Funding Opportunities Information

A. Eligible Applicants

To be eligible for the Pro Bono Innovation Fund’s Project, Sustainability, and Transformation grants, Applicants must be current grantees of LSC Basic Field-General, Basic Field-Migrant, or Basic Field-Native American grants. In addition, Sustainability Grant Applicants must