of safety equivalent to that established by the existing airworthiness standards.

**Applicability**

As discussed above, these proposed special conditions apply to Airbus Model A321neo XLR airplanes. Should Airbus apply later for a change to the type certificate to include another model incorporating the same novel or unusual design feature, the special conditions would apply to that model as well.

**Conclusion**

This action affects only certain novel or unusual design features on one model series of airplanes. It is not a rule of general applicability.

**List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 25**

Aircraft, Aviation safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

**Authority Citation**

The authority citation for these special conditions is as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40113, 44701, 44702, 44704.

**The Proposed Special Conditions**

Accordingly, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) proposes the following special conditions as part of the type certification basis for Airbus Model A321neo XLR airplanes equipped with EFCS.

In addition to § 25.143, the following requirements apply:

(a) Envelope protection functions must not unduly limit the maneuvering capability of the airplane, nor interfere with its ability to perform maneuvers required for normal and emergency operations.

(b) Onset characteristics of each flight-envelope protection function must be appropriate to the phase of flight and type of maneuver, and must not conflict with the ability of the pilot to satisfactorily control the airplane flight path, speed, and attitude.

(c) Excursions of a limited flight parameter beyond its nominal design-limit value due to dynamic maneuvering, airframe and system tolerances, and non-steady atmospheric conditions must not result in unsafe flight characteristics or conditions.

(d) Operation of flight-envelope protection functions must not adversely affect aircraft control during expected levels of atmospheric disturbances, nor impede the application of recovery procedures in case of wind shear.

(e) Simultaneous action of flight-envelope protection functions must not result in adverse coupling or adverse priority.

(f) In case of abnormal attitude or excursion of flight parameters outside the protected boundaries, operation of flight-envelope protection functions must not hinder airplane recovery.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on November 8, 2022.

Patrick R. Mullen, Manager, Technical Innovation Policy Branch, Policy and Innovation Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2022–24772 Filed 11–16–22; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910–13–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

**Office of the Secretary**

**14 CFR Parts 259, 260, 399**

[Docket No. DOT–OST–2022–0089]

**RIN 2105–AF04**

Airline Ticket Refunds and Consumer Protections

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary (OST), Department of Transportation (DOT or the Department).

**ACTION:** Extension of comment period on proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Transportation (Department or DOT) is extending through December 16, 2022, the period for interested persons to submit comments to its proposed rule on Airline Ticket Refunds and Consumer Protections.

**DATES:** Comments should be filed by December 16, 2022. Late-filed comments will be considered to the extent practicable. Petitions for a hearing pursuant to 14 CFR 399.75(b)(1) must also be filed by December 16, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** You may file comments identified by the docket number DOT–OST–2022–0089 by any of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: go to https://www.regulations.gov and follow the online instructions for submitting comments.
- Hand Delivery or Courier: West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Ave. SE, Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.
- Fax: (202) 493–2251.

**Instructions:** You must include the agency name and docket number DOT–OST–2022–0089 or the Regulatory

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Identification Number (RIN 2105–AF04) for the rulemaking at the beginning of your comment. All comments received will be posted without change to https://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided.

Privacy Act: Anyone is able to search the electronic form of all comments received in any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the comment, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). For information on DOT’s compliance with the Privacy Act, please visit https://www.transportation.gov/privacy.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents and comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov or to the street address listed above. Follow the online instructions for accessing the docket.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Clereece Kroha or Blane Workie, Office of Aviation Consumer Protection, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Ave. SE, Washington, DC, 20590, 202–366–9342 (phone), clereece.kroha@dot.gov or blane.workie@dot.gov (email).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 22, 2022, The Department of Transportation (DOT or Department) published in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) that proposes to codify its longstanding interpretation that it is an unfair business practice for a U.S. air carrier, a foreign air carrier, or a ticket agent to refuse to provide requested refunds to consumers when a carrier has cancelled or made a significant change to a scheduled flight to, from, or within the United States, and consumers found the alternative transportation offered by the carrier or the ticket agent to be unacceptable (87 FR 51550). The NPRM proposes to define, for the first time, the terms significant change and cancellation. It would also require U.S. and foreign airlines and ticket agents to provide refunds, in lieu of non-expiring travel vouchers or credits. The NPRM proposes to allow carriers and ticket agents to require consumers to provide evidence to support their assertion of entitlement to a travel voucher, credit, or refund. The NPRM provided for a comment period of 90 days after publication of the NPRM in the Federal Register, i.e., November 21, 2022.

On September 6, 2022, Airlines for America (A4A) and International Air Transportation Association (IATA) (jointly “Airline Petitioners”) requested an extension of 60 days for the comment period of this rulemaking. According to Airline Petitioners, the Department’s proposals would significantly change airline ticket refund regulations, affecting refund and voucher rights and obligations of not only airlines but also ticket agents, booking entities, and consumers, which require a thorough and careful consideration of all potential impacts and unintended consequences of this rule for the traveling public. Airline Petitioners state that additional time is needed to adequately collect and consider all the relevant and necessary information to finalize this critical rule. Furthermore, Airline Petitioners point out that the NPRM asks comments on various scenarios in addition to the proposed rule and the additional questions posed by the Department warrant an in-depth analysis that will reasonably require more than 90 days to collect from all interested parties, and to review and comment.

On September 27, 2022, the Travel Technology Association, the American Society of Travel Advisors, and Travel Management Coalition (jointly “Distribution Petitioners”) requested an extension of 30 days for the comment period of this rulemaking. Distribution Petitioners states that the NPRM raises over 100 substantial issues for comments and the issues pertaining to public health emergencies are particularly novel in terms of the regulatory response proposed. Distribution Petitioners state that additional time is needed to allow each of their members to develop and prepare comments that would be most useful for the Department in reaching a fully informed decision.

Through this notice, the Department grants an extension of 25 days, or until December 16, 2022, for the public to comment on the NPRM. In doing so, the Department acknowledges that the NPRM raises numerous important issues, including the alternatives to the proposals that the Department is seeking information on, which requires in-depth analysis and consideration by stakeholders. The Department believes that granting a 25-day extension of the original 90-day comment period, is sufficient to allow stakeholders to conduct a thorough and careful consideration of all potential impacts and prepare comments. The Department has also taken into consideration the work of the Aviation Consumer Protection Advisory Committee (ACPAC) in relation to this rulemaking. Following the issuance of the NPRM, the ACPAC devoted a full day to discuss the NPRM and listen to public comments. The ACPAC is scheduled to meet again on December 9, 2022, to deliberate on what, if any, recommendations it will make to the Department regarding this rulemaking.

In the request for extension of comment period, Airline Petitioners seek clarifications from the Department on various issues raised in the NPRM. Distribution Petitioners also state that several issues raised by Airline Petitioners are of particular interest to Distribution Petitioners and the Department’s clarifications on those issues are needed for them to prepare comments on those issues. The Department’s responses to the list of questions raised by Airline Petitioners have been posted in the rulemaking docket.

Signed in Washington, DC, on or around this 7th day of November 2022, under authority delegated at 49 U.S.C. 1.27n.

John E. Putnam,
General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2022–24615 Filed 11–16–22; 8:45 am]

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