the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following:

(1) Whether or not the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether or not the information will have practical utility.

(2) The accuracy of our estimate of the burden for this collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.

(4) How might the agency minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of response.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: Authorized by the National Park Service Act Organic Act, 54 U.S.C. 100101, we must preserve America’s natural wonders unimpaired for future generations, while also making them available for the enjoyment of the visitor. Meeting this mandate requires that we balance preservation with use. Maintaining a good balance requires both information and limits. In accordance with regulations at 36 CFR, we issue permits for special park uses.

Special park uses cover a wide range of activities including, but not limited to special events, First Amendment activities, grazing and agricultural use, filming, still photography, construction, and vehicle access. Permits are issued for varying amounts of time based on the requested use, but generally do not exceed 5 years. A new application must be submitted in order to request the renewal of an existing permit.

The information we collect in the special use applications allows park managers to determine if the requested use is consistent with the laws and NPS regulations referenced above and with the public interest. The park manager must also determine that the requested activity will not cause unacceptable impacts to park resources and values. The information is collected using the following NPS forms:

- 10–930—Application for Special Use Permit
- 10–930c—Application for Special Use Permit—Climbing
- 10–930s—Application for Special Use Permit (short form)
- 10–931—Application for Special Use Permit—Still Photography Permit (short)
- 10–932—Application for Special Use Permit—Still Photography Permit (long)
- 10–933—Application for Special Use Permit—Vehicle/Watercraft Use

The information collected on the forms is used to evaluate requests for Special Use Permits and facilitate the permitting process. If the requested use is consistent with park regulations, the information collected is used to issue a permit.

Title of Collection: Special Park Use Applications

OMB Control Number: 1024–0026
Form Number: NPS Forms 10–930, 10–930c, 10–930s, 10–931, 10–932, and 10–933.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals or households; businesses or other for-profit entities; and Federal, State, local and tribal governments.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents: 96,062.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 96,062.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: Estimates vary from 15–30 minutes depending on activity.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 26,843.

Respondent’s Obligation: Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost: $9,660,200 for application fees.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

Phadrea Ponds,
Information Collection Clearance Officer, National Park Service.

[Bil Doc. 2022–23517 Filed 10–27–22; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Ocean Energy Management

[Docket No. BOEM–2020–0018]

Final Environmental Impact Statement on the Cook Inlet Lease Sale 258

AGENCY: Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM), Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Availability (NOA) of a final environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: BOEM announces the availability of a final environmental impact statement (Final EIS) for the Cook Inlet Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Lease Sale 258 (Lease Sale 258). Final EIS provides an analysis of potential environmental impacts of the Proposed Action and identifies BOEM’s Preferred Alternative.

DATES: BOEM will issue a final record of decision no sooner than November 28, 2022.

ADDRESSES: The Final EIS with appendices are available for review on BOEM’s website at https://www.boem.gov/ak258.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For more information on the Cook Inlet Lease Sale 258 Final EIS, you may contact Casey Rowe, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Alaska Regional Office, 3801 Centerpoint Drive, Suite 500, Anchorage, Alaska 99503–5823, or at telephone number (907) 334–5200.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Final EIS will inform the lease sale process for Lease Sale 258, which BOEM is required to hold by the end of December 2022, as directed in the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (Pub. L. 117–169, enacted Aug. 16, 2022). While BOEM has no discretion on whether to hold the sale, BOEM has prepared this final EIS to follow its normal leasing process to the fullest extent possible.

On October 29, 2021, the Notice of Availability of the Draft EIS was published in the Federal Register (86 FR 60068), beginning a 45-day public comment period that ended December 13, 2021. During that time, BOEM also held three public hearings. BOEM received a total of 39,107 public comments through the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal (http://
This Final EIS contains analyses of the potential environmental impacts that could result from a Cook Inlet lease sale. Additionally, BOEM’s Preferred Alternative is identified. The Preferred Alternative would offer for lease 193 leased and 125 unleased blocks in the lease sale area, and combines the two critical habitat exclusion alternatives and three mitigation alternatives: Alternative 3A (Beluga Whale Critical Habitat Exclusion), Alternative 3C (Beluga Whale Nearshore Feeding Areas Mitigation), Alternative 4A (Northern Sea Otter Critical Habitat Exclusion), Alternative 4B (Northern Sea Otter Critical Habitat Mitigation), and Alternative 5 (Gillnet Fishery Mitigation). BOEM’s announcement of Cook Inlet Lease Sale 258 will be made in a final notice of sale and record of decision.

**Author:** The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and 43 CFR 46.415.

**Amanda Lefton,**
Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

**BILLING CODE 4340–98–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**Bureau of Ocean Energy Management**

**Notice on Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Lease Sales**

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM), Interior.

**ACTION:** List of restricted joint bidders.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 and BOEM’s regulatory restrictions on joint bidding, BOEM is publishing this list of restricted joint bidders. Each entity within one of the following groups is restricted from bidding with any entity in any of the other groups listed below at Outer Continental Shelf oil and gas lease sales held during the bidding period of November 1, 2022, through April 30, 2023.

**DATES:** This list of restricted joint bidders covers the bidding period of November 1, 2022, through April 30, 2023, and succeeds all prior published lists.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Group I**
- BP America Production Company
- BP Exploration & Production Inc.

**Group II**
- Chevron Corporation
- Chevron U.S.A. Inc.
- Chevron Midcontinent, L.P.
- Unocal Corporation
- Union Oil Company of California
- Pure Partners, L.P.

**Group III**
- Eni Petroleum Co. Inc.
- Eni Petroleum US LLC
- Eni Oil US LLC
- Eni Marketing Inc.
- Eni BB Petroleum Inc.
- Eni US Operating Co. Inc.
- Eni BB Pipeline LLC

**Group IV**
- Equinor ASA
- Equinor Gulf of Mexico LLC
- Equinor USA E&P Inc.

**Group V**
- Exxon Mobil Corporation
- ExxonMobil Exploration Company

**Group VI**
- Shell Oil Company
- Shell Offshore Inc.
- SWEP I LP
- Shell Frontier Oil & Gas Inc.
- SOI Finance Inc.
- Shell Gulf of Mexico Inc.

**Group VII**
- Total E&P USA, Inc.

Even if an entity does not appear on the above list, BOEM may disqualify and reject certain joint or single bids submitted by an entity if that entity is chargeable for the prior production period with an average daily production in excess of 1.6 million barrels of crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids. See 30 CFR 556.512.

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 6213; and 30 CFR 556.511–556.515.

**Amanda Lefton,**
Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.

**BILLING CODE 4340–98–P**

**INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION**

**Investigation No. 731–TA–860 (Final)**

**Tin- and Chromium-Coated Steel Sheet From Japan; Request for Comments Regarding the Institution of a Section 751(b) Review Concerning the Commission’s Affirmative Determination**

**AGENCY:** United States International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Commission invites comments from the public on whether changed circumstances exist sufficient to warrant the institution of a review pursuant to section 751(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 regarding the Commission’s affirmative determination in investigation No. 731–TA–860 (Final). The purpose of the proposed review would be to determine whether revocation of the existing antidumping duty order on imports of tin- and chromium-coated steel sheet from Japan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury.

**DATES:** October 21, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202–205–2000.

Supplementary Information:

**Background.—**In August 2000, the Commission determined that an industry in the United States was materially injured by reason of imports of tin- and chromium-coated steel sheet from Japan found by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (65 FR 50005, August 16, 2000). Effective August 28, 2000, Commerce issued an antidumping duty order (65 FR 52067). Following the first five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective July 21, 2006, Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of tin- and chromium-coated steel sheet from Japan (71 FR 41422). Following the second five-year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective June 12, 2012, Commerce issued a continuation of the antidumping duty order on imports of tin- and chromium-coated steel sheet from Japan (77 FR 34938). Following the third-five year reviews by Commerce and the Commission, effective July 11, 2018, Commerce issued a continuation of the