

Tribes (Tribes) are given the opportunity to provide meaningful and timely input regarding Federal actions that have the potential to uniquely or significantly affect their respective Tribes. At this point, the FAA has not identified any unique or significant effects, environmental or otherwise, on tribes resulting from this final rule.

C. Executive Order 13211, Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

The FAA analyzed this final rule under E.O. 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations that Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use. The FAA has determined that it would not be a “significant energy action” under the executive order and would not be likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy.

D. Executive Order 13609, Promoting International Regulatory Cooperation and International Trade Analysis

Under Executive Order 13609, “Promoting International Regulatory Cooperation,” 77 FR 26413 (May 4, 2012), agencies must consider whether the impacts associated with significant variations between domestic and international regulatory approaches are unnecessary or may impair the ability of American businesses to export and compete internationally. In meeting shared challenges involving health, safety, labor, security, environmental, and other issues, regulatory approaches developed through international cooperation can provide equivalent protection to standards developed independently while also minimizing unnecessary differences.

VII. Additional Information

A. Electronic Access and Filing

A copy of the ANPRM, NPRM, all comments received, the final rule, and all background material may be viewed online at <https://www.regulations.gov> using the docket number listed above. A copy of this rule will be placed in the docket. Electronic retrieval help and guidelines are available on the website. It is available 24 hours each day, 365 days each year. An electronic copy of this document may also be downloaded from the Office of the Federal Register’s website at <https://www.federalregister.gov> and the Government Publishing Office’s website at <https://www.govinfo.gov>. A copy may also be found at the FAA’s Regulations and Policies website at https://www.faa.gov/regulations_policies.

Copies may also be obtained by sending a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Rulemaking, ARM-1, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591, or by calling (202) 267-9677.

All documents the FAA considered in developing this final rule, including economic analyses and technical reports, may be accessed in the electronic docket for this rulemaking.

B. Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

The Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (SBREFA) requires FAA to comply with small entity requests for information or advice about compliance with statutes and regulations within its jurisdiction. A small entity with questions regarding this document may contact its local FAA official, or the person listed under the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** heading at the beginning of the preamble. To find out more about SBREFA on the internet, visit http://www.faa.gov/regulations_policies/rulemaking/sbre_act/.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 121

Air carriers, Aviation safety, Safety, Transportation.

The Amendment

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Federal Aviation Administration amends chapter I of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

PART 121—OPERATING REQUIREMENTS: DOMESTIC, FLAG, AND SUPPLEMENTAL OPERATIONS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 121 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40119, 41706, 42301 preceding note added by Pub. L. 112–95, sec. 412, 126 Stat. 89, 44101, 44701–44702, 44705, 44709–44711, 44713, 44716–44717, 44722, 44729, 44732; 46105; Pub. L. 111–216, 124 Stat. 2348 (49 U.S.C. 44701 note); Pub. L. 112–95, 126 Stat. 62 (49 U.S.C. 44732 note); Pub. L. 115–254, 132 Stat. 3186 (49 U.S.C. 44701 note).

■ 2. Amend § 121.467 by revising paragraphs (b)(2) and (3) to read as follows:

§ 121.467 Flight attendant duty period limitations and rest requirements: Domestic, flag, and supplemental operations.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) A flight attendant scheduled to a duty period of 14 hours or less as provided under paragraph (b)(1) of this

section must be given a scheduled rest period of at least 10 consecutive hours. This rest period must occur between the completion of the scheduled duty period and the commencement of the subsequent duty period.

(3) The rest period required under paragraph (b)(2) of this section may not be reduced to less than 10 consecutive hours.

* * * * *

Issued in Washington, DC, under authority provided by 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 44701(a)(5) and sec. 335(a) of Public Law 115–254 on or about October 4, 2022.

Billy Nolen,

Acting Administrator, Federal Aviation Administration.

[FR Doc. 2022–21963 Filed 10–11–22; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 305

RIN 3084–AB15

Energy Labeling Rule

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission (“FTC” or “Commission”) issues routine updates to comparability range information on EnergyGuide labels for refrigerators and freezers, dishwashers, water heaters, room air conditioners (ranges only), clothes washers, furnaces, and pool heaters in the Energy Labeling Rule (“Rule”). The Commission also makes a minor, clarifying change to requirements for determining room air conditioner capacity.

DATES: The amendments are effective January 10, 2023, with the exception of amendatory instructions 9 (appendix E1) and 15 (appendix L), which are effective on October 1, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Relevant portions of the record of this proceeding, including this document, are available at <https://www.ftc.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hampton Newsome (202–326–2889), Attorney, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Room CC–9528, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Commission issued the Energy Labeling Rule (“Rule”) in 1979,¹ pursuant to the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975 (“EPCA”).² The Rule requires energy labeling for major home appliances and other consumer products to help consumers compare competing models. It also contains labeling requirements for refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers, freezers, dishwashers, water heaters, clothes washers, room air conditioners, furnaces, central air conditioners, heat pumps, plumbing products, lighting products, ceiling fans, and televisions.

The Rule requires manufacturers to attach yellow EnergyGuide labels to many covered products and prohibits retailers from removing these labels or rendering them illegible. In addition, it directs sellers, including retailers, to post label information on websites and in paper catalogs from which consumers can order products. EnergyGuide labels for most covered products contain three key disclosures: estimated annual energy cost, a product’s energy consumption or energy efficiency rating as determined by Department of Energy (“DOE”) test procedures, and a comparability range displaying the highest and lowest energy costs or efficiency ratings for all similar models. For cost calculations, the Rule specifies national average costs for applicable energy sources (e.g., electricity, natural gas, oil) based on DOE estimates. Under the Rule, the Commission periodically updates comparability range and annual energy cost information based on manufacturer data submitted pursuant to the Rule’s reporting requirements. The Rule sets a five-year schedule for updating range of comparability and annual energy cost information.³ Pursuant to that schedule, the Commission announces the following amendments.

II. Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

Consistent with the Rule’s five-year schedule, on May 25, 2022 (87 FR 31754), the Commission proposed routine updates to comparability ranges and national average energy cost figures (appendices K1 and K2) for several product categories. The proposed amendments also updated § 305.10 to clarify that manufacturers must determine capacity for room air

conditioners using current DOE requirements. In response, the Commission received nine comments, several of which raised specific issues with the proposed amendments.⁴ We discuss these issues below.

III. Final Amendments

As discussed below, the Commission updates comparability ranges and national average energy cost figures (appendices K1 and K2) for several product categories consistent with the Rule’s five-year schedule. The amendments also update § 305.10 to clarify that manufacturers must determine capacity for room air conditioners using current DOE requirements.⁵

A. Comparability Range and Energy Cost Revisions

In accordance with the Rule’s five-year schedule (§ 305.12), the Commission revises the comparability range and energy cost information for refrigerators and freezers, dishwashers, water heaters, room air conditioners (ranges only), clothes washers, furnaces, and pool heaters.⁶ In addition, the Commission updates the average energy cost figures manufacturers must use to calculate a model’s estimated energy cost.⁷ Specifically, the Commission now updates the energy cost tables in appendices K1 and K2.⁸

⁴ The comments are available at www.regulations.gov. Several comments also discussed broad issues unrelated to the notice of proposed rulemaking’s (“NPRM”) proposed range updates, including full fuel cycle label disclosures (NPGA) (#007), EnergyGuide label design and content (Consumer Technology Association (CTA) (#009); Electrolux (#006); ACEEE (#010); and Anonymous (#003)), clothes dryer labeling (Electrolux (#006)), and the implementation of electronic labeling in lieu of physical labels (CTA) (#009). These issues fall outside the scope of the current proceeding, but the Commission may address them in a future review of the Rule.

⁵ The final amendments also insert the term “water heaters” to § 305.27(a)(1)(i) to correct an inadvertent omission from a previous proceeding. See 77 FR 15298 (Mar. 15, 2012) and 78 FR 2200 (Jan. 10, 2013) (no intent expressed to exclude water heaters from the group of products covered by the website requirement). Given the inadvertent nature of this omission, the Commission finds good cause to make this correction without additional comment. Finally, the amendments revise the next scheduled range update in § 305.12 from 2022 to 2027.

⁶ This document also contains conforming changes to the sample labels in the Rule’s appendices to reflect the new range and cost information.

⁷ 87 FR 12681 (Mar. 7, 2022) (DOE notice for “Representative Average Unit Costs of Energy”). Fuel costs in the FTC tables in appendices K1 and K2 are rounded to the nearest cent.

⁸ In response to AHAM’s comments (#008), the final amendments consistently use the term “Energy Costs” in the appendix headings, instead of “Operating Costs.”

Television Ranges: In response to comments, the Commission will wait to update television ranges until DOE completes proposed test procedure changes for those products. Comments from the Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers (AHAM) (#008) and American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE) (#010) explained DOE is currently finalizing changes to the television test procedure that will make substantive changes to the measured energy use for these products.⁹ To avoid multiple updates to the television label within a short period of time, the FTC, in coordination with DOE, will publish updated ranges after data derived from the upcoming test procedure becomes available.

Clothes Washer Ranges: In response to AHAM’s comment (#008), the final amendments correct the proposed clothes washer ranges to reflect only the annual energy consumption of the tested model. The proposed ranges in the NPRM were inadvertently derived from energy consumption figures that reflected DOE’s Integrated Modified Energy Factor, an efficiency rating that does not appear on the label and accounts for expected dryer use associated with the washer.

Timing of Updates: Consistent with § 305.12, manufacturers must begin using this information on new product labels within 90 days after publication of a final notification announcing updated ranges for specific products. Manufacturers do not have to relabel products labeled prior to the effective date of the changes. For room air conditioners, however, the final notification sets a compliance date of October 1, 2023.

In the NPRM, the Commission proposed setting an October 1, 2022, effective date for those ranges because this label must appear on product boxes, and such package changes can require additional planning and coordination. The proposed October date coincides with the annual production cycle (i.e., the cooling season) for those products.

However, in its comments, AHAM (#008) stressed that, given the likely timing of the final range publication, manufacturers will be unable to change labels on packaging to reflect the new labels for this year’s production cycle. Therefore, AHAM recommended a compliance date for the new room air conditioner ranges coinciding with next year’s production cycle. In response, this document sets the compliance date for 2023. Adjusting the compliance date should have minimal impact on the

⁹ 87 FR 11892 (March 2, 2022).

¹ 44 FR 66466 (Nov. 19, 1979).

² 42 U.S.C. 6294. EPCA also requires the Department of Energy (DOE) to develop test procedures that measure how much energy appliances use, and to determine the representative average cost a consumer pays for different types of energy.

³ 16 CFR 305.12.

label’s usefulness in the interim because the old and new ranges are not substantially different for many model categories, and the label’s primary feature—the model-specific cost number—will not change because of these amendments. Additionally, extending the compliance date will promote consistency in labels and otherwise foster an orderly transition over the next year by setting a compliance date that all manufacturers will be able to meet.

Cost Figures for Room and Portable Air Conditioners: As explained in the NPRM, the amendments do not change the range and cost information for central air conditioner and portable air conditioner labels because the Commission recently updated those ranges.¹⁰ Additionally, the amendments do not change the cost figure for room air conditioner labels because such a change would make room air conditioner labels inconsistent with cost information on portable air conditioners, a similar product category. This inconsistency could cause consumer confusion and make comparison shopping more difficult. Accordingly, the electricity cost figure (\$0.13/kWh) for those two categories appears in appendix K2 and in the calculations for the room air conditioner cost ranges (appendix E) in the amendments. No comments opposed this change.

B. Capacity Determinations for Room Air Conditioners and Portable Air Conditioners

The amendments also update § 305.10 to clarify that manufacturers must determine capacity for room air conditioners using current DOE requirements. Specifically, the amendment eliminates obsolete text related to rounding and updates references to existing DOE requirements for capacity determinations.¹¹ No comments opposed this change.

¹⁰ See 86 FR 9274 (Feb. 12, 2021) (portable air conditioners); 86 FR 57985 (Oct. 20, 2021) (central air conditioners).

¹¹ 86 FR 9274 (Feb. 12, 2022). In its comments, AHAM (#008) also sought FTC guidance regarding the content, including the capacity measurements, for the new portable air conditioner labels announced in an earlier proceeding. Manufacturers should use the seasonally adjusted cooling capacity for these products on the labels. The FTC will address the issue further should pending DOE test procedure changes (87 FR 34934 (June 8, 2022)) necessitate an alteration in that guidance. In addition, the FTC staff has added a sample label template for portable air conditioners to the FTC website to aid manufacturers in creating their own labels. See <https://www.ftc.gov/business-guidance/resources/energyguide-labels-templates-manufacturers>.

IV. Paperwork Reduction Act

The current Rule contains recordkeeping, disclosure, testing, and reporting requirements that constitute information collection requirements as defined by 5 CFR 1320.3(c), the definitional provision within the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations that implement the Paperwork Reduction Act. OMB has approved the Rule’s existing information collection requirements through February 29, 2024 (OMB Control No. 3084–0069). The amendments do not change the substance or frequency of the recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting requirements and, therefore, do not require further OMB clearance.

V. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act relating to a Regulatory Flexibility Act analysis (5 U.S.C. 603–604) are not applicable to this proceeding because the amendments do not impose any new obligations on entities regulated by the Energy Labeling Rule. As explained elsewhere in this document, the amendments do not change the substance or frequency of the recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting requirements. Thus, the amendments will not have a “significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.” 5 U.S.C. 605. The Commission has concluded, therefore, that a regulatory flexibility analysis is not necessary, and certifies, under Section 605 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), that the amendments will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

VI. Other Matters

Pursuant to the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs designated this rule as not a “major rule,” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 16 CFR Part 305

Advertising, Energy conservation, Household appliances, Labeling, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons stated above, the Commission amends part 305 of title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

PART 305—ENERGY AND WATER USE LABELING FOR CONSUMER PRODUCTS UNDER THE ENERGY POLICY AND CONSERVATION ACT (“ENERGY LABELING RULE”)

■ 1. The authority citation for part 305 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 6294.

■ 2. Amend § 305.10 by revising paragraph (f) to read as follows:

§ 305.10 Determinations of capacity.

* * * * *

(f) *Room air conditioners and portable air conditioners.* The capacity for room air conditioners and portable air conditioners shall be determined according to 10 CFR part 430, subpart B, with rounding determined in accordance with 10 CFR part 430.

* * * * *

■ 3. Amend § 305.12 by revising paragraphs (a) and (b) to read as follows:

§ 305.12 Ranges of comparability on the required labels.

(a) *Range of estimated annual energy costs or energy efficiency ratings.* The range of estimated annual operating costs or energy efficiency ratings for each covered product (except televisions, ceiling fans, fluorescent lamp ballasts, lamps, metal halide lamp fixtures, showerheads, faucets, water closets, and urinals) shall be taken from the appropriate appendix to this part in effect at the time the labels are affixed to the product. The Commission shall publish revised ranges in the **Federal Register** in 2027. When the ranges are revised, all information disseminated after 90 days following the publication of the revision shall conform to the revised ranges. Products that have been labeled prior to the effective date of a modification under this section need not be relabeled.

(b) *Representative average unit energy cost.* The Representative Average Unit Energy Cost to be used on labels as required by §§ 305.14 through 305.19 and disclosures as required by § 305.27 are listed in appendices K1 and K2 to this part. The Commission shall publish revised Representative Average Unit Energy Cost figures in the **Federal Register** in 2027. When the cost figures are revised, all information disseminated after 90 days following the publication of the revision shall conform to the new cost figure.

* * * * *

■ 4. Amend § 305.27 by revising paragraph (a)(1)(i) to read as follows:

§ 305.27 Paper catalogs and websites.

(a) * * *

(1) * * *
 (i) *Products required to bear EnergyGuide or Lighting Facts labels.* All websites advertising covered refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers, freezers, room air conditioners, portable air conditioners, clothes washers, dishwashers, ceiling fans, pool heaters, water heaters, central air conditioners, heat pumps, furnaces, general service

lamps, specialty consumer lamps (for products offered for sale after May 2, 2018), and televisions must display, for each model, a recognizable and legible image of the label required for that product by this part. The website may hyperlink to the image of the label using the sample EnergyGuide and Lighting Facts icons depicted in appendix L of this part. The website must hyperlink

the image in a way that does not require consumers to save the hyperlinked image to view it.

* * * * *

■ 5. Revise appendices A1 through A9 to read as follows:

Appendix A1 to Part 305—Refrigerators With Automatic Defrost

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$20	45
10.5 to 12.4	28	40
12.5 to 14.4	33	47
14.5 to 16.4	33	46
16.5 to 18.4	38	52
18.5 to 20.4	42	50
20.5 to 22.4	35	57
22.5 to 24.4	51	59
24.5 to 26.4	(*)	(*)
26.5 to 28.4	(*)	(*)
28.5 and over	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

Appendix A2 to Part 305—Refrigerators and Refrigerator-Freezers With Manual Defrost

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$11	\$46
10.5 to 12.4	(*)	(*)
12.5 to 14.4	(*)	(*)
14.5 to 16.4	(*)	(*)
16.5 to 18.4	(*)	(*)
18.5 to 20.4	(*)	(*)
20.5 to 22.4	(*)	(*)
22.5 to 24.4	(*)	(*)
24.5 to 26.4	(*)	(*)
26.5 to 28.4	(*)	(*)
28.5 and over	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

Appendix A3 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Partial Automatic Defrost

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$27	\$55
10.5 to 12.4	(*)	(*)
12.5 to 14.4	(*)	(*)

RANGE INFORMATION—Continued

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
14.5 to 16.4	(*)	(*)
16.5 to 18.4	53	53
18.5 to 20.4	48	55
20.5 to 22.4	(*)	(*)
22.5 to 24.4	(*)	(*)
24.5 to 26.4	(*)	(*)
26.5 to 28.4	(*)	(*)
28.5 and over	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

Appendix A4 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Automatic Defrost With Top-Mounted Freezer No Through-The-Door Ice

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$40	\$62
10.5 to 12.4	43	61
12.5 to 14.4	44	64
14.5 to 16.4	45	66
16.5 to 18.4	49	70
18.5 to 20.4	48	72
20.5 to 22.4	51	76
22.5 to 24.4	58	78
24.5 to 26.4	66	81
26.5 to 28.4	(*)	(*)
28.5 and over	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

Appendix A5 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Automated Defrost With Side-Mounted Freezer No Through-The-Door Ice

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$54	\$82
10.5 to 12.4	(*)	(*)
12.5 to 14.4	39	40
14.5 to 16.4	49	65
16.5 to 18.4	69	70
18.5 to 20.4	66	70
20.5 to 22.4	70	101
22.5 to 24.4	78	105
24.5 to 26.4	80	109
26.5 to 28.4	91	113
28.5 and over	84	118

(*) No data.

Appendix A6 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Automatic Defrost With Bottom-Mounted Freezer No Through-The-Door Ice

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$42	\$73
10.5 to 12.4	47	79
12.5 to 14.4	50	77
14.5 to 16.4	53	85
16.5 to 18.4	60	86
18.5 to 20.4	60	91
20.5 to 22.4	62	94
22.5 to 24.4	65	98
24.5 to 26.4	74	96
26.5 to 28.4	67	95
28.5 and over	91	101

(*) No data.

Appendix A7 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Automatic Defrost With Bottom-Mounted Freezer With Through-The-Door Ice Service

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	(*)	(*)
10.5 to 12.4	(*)	(*)
12.5 to 14.4	(*)	(*)
14.5 to 16.4	(*)	(*)
16.5 to 18.4	\$80	\$90
18.5 to 20.4	83	98
20.5 to 22.4	91	103
22.5 to 24.4	77	106
24.5 to 26.4	89	109
26.5 to 28.4	83	112
28.5 and over	90	113

(*) No data.

Appendix A8 to Part 305—Refrigerator-Freezers With Automatic Defrost With Side-Mounted Freezer With Through-The-Door Ice Service

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	(*)	(*)
10.5 to 12.4	(*)	(*)
12.5 to 14.4	(*)	(*)
14.5 to 16.4	(*)	(*)
16.5 to 18.4	\$87	\$88
18.5 to 20.4	78	110
20.5 to 22.4	72	109

RANGE INFORMATION—Continued

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
22.5 to 24.4	76	115
24.5 to 26.4	81	116
26.5 to 28.4	89	122
28.5 and over	104	124

(*) No data.

Appendix A9 to Part 305—All Refrigerators and Refrigerator-Freezers

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 10.5	\$11	\$82
10.5 to 12.4	28	79
12.5 to 14.4	33	77
14.5 to 16.4	33	84
16.5 to 18.4	38	90
18.5 to 20.4	42	110
20.5 to 22.4	35	109
22.5 to 24.4	51	115
24.5 to 26.4	66	116
26.5 to 28.4	67	122
28.5 and over	84	124

(*) No data.

6. Revise appendices B1 through B3 to read as follows: **Appendix B1 to Part 305—Upright Freezers With Manual Defrost**

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 5.5	\$18	\$43
5.5 to 7.4	35	47
.....	34	40
7.5 to 9.4	36	36
9.5 to 11.4	(*)	(*)
11.5 to 13.4	42	47
13.5 to 15.4	49	51
15.5 to 17.4	(*)	(*)
17.5 to 19.4	49	56
19.5 to 21.4	(*)	(*)
21.5 to 23.4	(*)	(*)
23.5 to 25.4	(*)	(*)
25.5 to 27.4	(*)	(*)
27.5 to 29.4	(*)	(*)
29.5 and over

(*) No data.

Appendix B2 to Part 305—Upright Freezers With Automatic Defrost

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 5.5	\$37	\$63
5.5 to 7.4	(*)	(*)
.....	44	69
7.5 to 9.4	44	68
9.5 to 11.4	54	79
11.5 to 13.4	54	85
13.5 to 15.4	58	89
15.5 to 17.4	62	84
17.5 to 19.4	63	91
19.5 to 21.4	101	104
21.5 to 23.4	(*)	(*)
23.5 to 25.4	(*)	(*)
25.5 to 27.4	(*)	(*)
27.5 to 29.4	(*)	(*)
29.5 and over

(*) No data.

Appendix B3 to Part 305—Chest Freezers and All Other Freezers

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated total refrigerated volume in cubic feet	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Less than 5.5	\$19	\$32
5.5 to 7.4	31	36
.....	27	37
7.5 to 9.4	28	35
9.5 to 11.4	35	\$38
11.5 to 13.4	39	42
13.5 to 15.4	38	46
15.5 to 17.4	46	47
17.5 to 19.4	50	53
19.5 to 21.4	48	55
21.5 to 23.4	59	59
23.5 to 25.4	(*)	(*)
25.5 to 27.4	(*)	(*)
27.5 to 29.4	(*)	(*)
29.5 and over

(*) No data.

■ 7. Revise appendices C1 and C2 to read as follows:

Appendix C1 to Part 305—Compact Dishwashers

Range Information

“Compact” includes countertop dishwasher models with a capacity of

fewer than eight (8) place settings. Place settings shall be in accordance with appendix C to 10 CFR part 430, subpart B. Load patterns shall conform to the operating normal for the model being tested.

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Compact	\$14	\$32

Appendix C2 to Part 305—Standard Dishwashers

Range Information

“Standard” includes dishwasher models with a capacity of eight (8) or

more place settings. Place settings shall be in accordance with appendix C to 10 CFR part 430, subpart B. Load patterns shall conform to the operating normal for the model being tested.

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Standard	\$28	\$43

■ 8. Revise appendices D1 through D5 to read as follows:

Appendix D1 to Part 305—Water Heaters—Gas

RANGE INFORMATION

Capacity (first hour rating in gallons)	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)			
	Natural gas (\$/year)		Propane (\$/year)	
	Low	High	Low	High
“Very Small”—less than 18	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
“Low”—18 to 50.9	\$162	\$172	(*)	(*)
“Medium”—51 to 74.9	227	300	460	606
“High”—over 75	227	336	460	679

(*) No data.

Appendix D2 to Part 305—Water Heaters—Electric

RANGE INFORMATION

Capacity First hour rating	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
“Very Small”—less than 18	(*)	(*)
“Low”—18 to 50.9	\$90	\$357
“Medium”—51 to 74.9	154	630
“High”—over 75	173	747

(*) No data.

Appendix D3 to Part 305—Water Heaters—Oil

RANGE INFORMATION

Capacity First hour rating	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
“Very Small”—less than 18	(*)	(*)
“Low”—18 to 50.9	(*)	(*)
“Medium”—51 to 74.9	(*)	(*)
“High”—over 75	\$625	\$686

(*) No data.

Appendix D4 to Part 305—Water Heaters—Instantaneous—Gas

RANGE INFORMATION

Capacity Capacity (maximum flow rate); gallons per minute (gpm)	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)			
	Natural gas (\$/year)		Propane (\$/year)	
	Low	High	Low	High
“Very Small”—less than 1.6	\$24	\$30	\$50	\$61
“Low”—1.7 to 2.7	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)
“Medium”—2.8 to 3.9	183	216	370	437
“High”—over 4.0	210	253	427	511

(*) No data.

Appendix D5 to Part 305—Water Heaters—Instantaneous—Electric

RANGE INFORMATION

Capacity Capacity (maximum flow rate); gallons per minute (gpm)	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
“Very Small”—less than 1.6	\$82	\$90
“Low”—1.7 to 2.7	(*)	(*)
“Medium”—2.8 to 3.9	(*)	(*)
“High”—over 4.0	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

■ 9. Effective October 1, 2023, revise appendix E1 to read as follows:

Appendix E1 to Part 305—Room Air Conditioners

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer’s rated cooling capacity in Btu/hr	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Without Reverse Cycle and with Louvered Sides:		
Less than 6,000 Btu	\$40	\$46
6,000 to 7,999 Btu	47	69
8,000 to 13,999 Btu	49	121
14,000 to 19,999 Btu	91	169
20,000 to 27,999 Btu	147	287
28,000 and more Btu	275	380
Without Reverse Cycle and without Louvered Sides:		
Less than 8,000 Btu	(*)	(*)
8,000 to 10,999 Btu	73	102
11,000 to 13,999 Btu	107	140
14,000 to 19,999 Btu	144	162
20,000 or more Btu	(*)	(*)
With Reverse Cycle and with Louvered Sides	79	230
With Reverse Cycle, without Louvered Sides	81	117

(*) No data.

■ 10. Revise appendices F1 and F2 to read as follows:

Appendix F1 to Part 305—Standard Clothes Washers

Range Information

“Standard” includes all household clothes washers with a tub capacity of 1.6 cu. ft. or more.

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Standard	\$4	\$48

Appendix F2 to Part 305—Compact Clothes Washers

Range Information

“Compact” includes all household clothes washers with a tub capacity of less than 1.6 cu. ft.

Capacity	Range of estimated annual energy costs (dollars/year)	
	Low	High
Compact	\$2	\$14

(*) No data.

■ 11. Revise appendices G1 through G8 to read as follows:

Appendix G1 to Part 305—Furnaces—Gas

Furnace type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Non-Weatherized Gas Furnaces—All Capacities	80.0	99.0
Weatherized Gas Furnaces—All Capacities	81.0	95.0

Appendix G2 to Part 305—Furnaces—Electric

Furnace type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Electric Furnaces—All Capacities	100.0	100.0

Appendix G3 to Part 305—Furnaces—Oil

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Non-Weatherized Oil Furnaces—All Capacities	83.0	96.7
Weatherized Oil Furnaces—All Capacities	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

Appendix G4 to Part 305—Mobile Home Furnaces—Gas

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Mobile Home Gas Furnaces—All Capacities	80.0	97.3

Appendix G5 to Part 305—Mobile Home Furnaces—Oil

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Mobile Home Oil Furnaces—All Capacities	80.0	87.0

Appendix G6 to Part 305—Boilers (Gas)

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Gas Boilers (except steam)—All Capacities	84	96.4
Gas Boilers (steam)—All Capacities	82	83.4

Appendix G7 to Part 305—Boilers (Oil)

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Oil Boilers—All Capacities	85	88.2

Appendix G8 to Part 305—Boilers (Electric)

Type	Range of annual fuel utilization efficiencies (AFUEs)	
	Low	High
Electric Boilers—All Capacities	100	100

■ 12. Revise appendices J1 and J2 to read as follows:

Appendix J1 to Part 305—Pool Heaters—Gas

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer’s rated heating capacities	Range of thermal efficiencies (percent)			
	Natural gas		Propane	
	Low	High	Low	High
All capacities	82.0	95.0	82.0	95.0

Appendix J2 to Part 305—Pool Heaters—Oil

RANGE INFORMATION

Manufacturer's rated heating capacities	Range of thermal efficiencies (percent)	
	Low	High
All capacities	(*)	(*)

(*) No data.

■ 13. Revise appendices K1 and K2 to read as follows:

Appendix K1 to Part 305—Representative Average Unit Energy Costs for Refrigerators, Refrigerator-Freezers, Freezers, Clothes Washers, Dishwashers, and Water Heater Labels

This table contains the representative unit energy costs that must be utilized

to calculate estimated annual energy cost disclosures required under this part for refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers, freezers, clothes washers, dishwashers, and water heaters. This table is based on information published by the U.S. Department of Energy in 2022.

Type of energy	In commonly used terms	As required by DOE test procedure
Electricity	¢14/kWh ^{1 2}	\$.1400/kWh.
Natural Gas	\$1.21/therm ³	\$0.00001209/Btu. ⁴
	\$12.6/MCF ^{5 6}	
No. 2 Heating Oil	\$3.45/gallon ⁷	\$0.00002511/Btu.
Propane	\$223/gallon ⁸	\$0.00002446/Btu.
Kerosene	\$4.01/gallon ⁹	\$ 0.00002973/Btu.

¹ kWh stands for kiloWatt hour.

² 1 kWh = 3,412 Btu.

³ 1 therm = 100,000 Btu. Natural gas prices include taxes.

⁴ Btu stands for British thermal unit.

⁵ MCF stands for 1,000 cubic feet.

⁶ For the purposes of this table, 1 cubic foot of natural gas has an energy equivalence of 1,039 Btu.

⁷ For the purposes of this table, one gallon of No. 2 heating oil has an energy equivalence of 13,738 Btu.

⁸ For the purposes of this table, one gallon of liquid propane has an energy equivalence of 91,333 Btu.

⁹ For the purposes of this table, one gallon of kerosene has an energy equivalence of 135,000 Btu.

Appendix K2 to Part 305—Representative Average Unit Energy Costs for Room Air Conditioner and Portable Air Conditioner Labels

This table contains the representative unit energy costs that must be utilized

to calculate estimated annual energy cost disclosures required under this part for room air conditioners and portable air conditioners. This table is based on information published by the U.S. Department of Energy in 2017.

Type of energy	In commonly used terms	As required by DOE test procedure
Electricity	¢13/kWh ¹	\$.1300/kWh.

¹ kWh stands for kilowatt hour.

■ 14. Amend appendix L by revising prototype labels 1 and 2 and sample

labels 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, and 9A to read as follows:

Appendix L to Part 305—Sample Labels

BILLING CODE 6750-01-P

Prototype Label 1 – Refrigerator-Freezer

10/12 Arial Narrow → U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

10/12 Arial Narrow Bold → Refrigerator-Freezer

- Automatic Defrost
- Side-Mounted Freezer
- No through-the-door ice

XYZ Corporation
Model ABC-L
Capacity: 23.0 Cubic Feet

13 pt Arial Narrow Bold → Compare ONLY to other labels with yellow numbers.
Labels with yellow numbers are based on the same test procedures.

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost

\$93

Models with similar features	\$78	\$105	
All models	\$51	\$115	

664 kWh

Estimated Yearly Electricity Use

- Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.
- Both cost ranges based on models of similar size capacity.
- Models with similar features have automatic defrost, side-mounted freezer, and no through-the-door ice.
- Estimated energy cost based on a national average electricity cost of 14 cents per kWh.

15 pt. Arial Narrow → ftc.gov/energy

10/12 Arial Narrow Bold

10/12 Arial Narrow Bold

13 pt Arial Narrow Bold

16.5 pt. Arial Narrow Bold

36 pt. Arial Black

16.5 pt. Arial Narrow Bold

1 pt. rule

50 pt. Arial Black

9/10 pt. Arial Narrow Bold

15/11 pt. Arial Narrow Bold

36/14 Arial Black

11 pt. Arial Narrow Bold

10/12 Arial Narrow Use bold where indicated

Prototype Label 2 – Clothes Washer

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Clothes Washer
Capacity Class: Standard

XYZ Corporation
Models G39, X88, Z33
Capacity (tub volume): 2.5 cubic feet

Compare ONLY to other labels with yellow numbers.
Labels with yellow numbers are based on the same test procedures.

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost
(when used with an electric water heater)

\$39

Cost Range of Similar Models: \$4 to \$48

279 kWh
Estimated Yearly Electricity Use

\$15
Estimated Yearly Energy Cost
(when used with a natural gas water heater)

- Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.
- Cost range based only on standard capacity models.
- Estimated energy cost based on six wash loads a week and a national average electricity cost of 14 cents per kWh and natural gas cost of \$1.21 per therm.

ftc.gov/energy

9pt. Arial Narrow
10pt. Arial Narrow Bold
18pt. Arial Narrow Bold
13pt. Arial Narrow Bold
17pt. Arial Narrow Bold
11pt. Arial Narrow Bold
36pt. Arial Black
50pt. Arial Black
6pt. rule
2pt. rule
11pt. Arial Narrow Bold
14pt. Arial Narrow Bold
36pt. Arial Black
12pt. Arial Narrow Bold
9pt. Arial Narrow Bold
9pt. Arial Narrow Bold
9pt. Arial Narrow
15pt. Arial Narrow

* * * * *

Sample Label 1 – Refrigerator-Freezer

U.S. Government

Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Refrigerator-Freezer

- Automatic Defrost
- Side-Mounted Freezer
- No through-the-door ice



XYZ Corporation

Model ABC-L

Capacity: 23.0 Cubic Feet

Compare ONLY to other labels with yellow numbers.
Labels with yellow numbers are based on the same test procedures.

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost

\$93

Cost Ranges	Models with similar features	\$78	\$105
	All models	\$51	\$115

664 kWh
Estimated Yearly Electricity Use

- **Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.**
- Both cost ranges based on models of similar size capacity.
- Models with similar features have automatic defrost, side-mounted freezer, and no through-the-door ice.
- Estimated energy cost based on a national average electricity cost of 14 cents per kWh.

ftc.gov/energy



Sample Label 2 – Clothes Washer

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Clothes Washer
Capacity Class: Standard

XYZ Corporation
Models G39, X88, Z33
Capacity (tub volume): 2.5 cubic feet

Compare ONLY to other labels with yellow numbers.
Labels with yellow numbers are based on the same test procedures.

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost
(when used with an electric water heater)

\$39

\$4 \$48
Cost Range of Similar Models

279 kWh
Estimated Yearly Electricity Use

\$15
Estimated Yearly Energy Cost
(when used with a natural gas water heater)

- Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.
- Cost range based only on standard capacity models.
- Estimated energy cost based on six wash loads a week and a national average electricity cost of 14 cents per kWh and natural gas cost of \$1.21 per therm.

ftc.gov/energy

Sample Label 3 – Dishwasher

U.S. Government

Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Dishwasher
Capacity: Standard

XYZ Corporation
Models G39, X88, Z33



Estimated Yearly Energy Cost (when used with an electric water heater)

\$21



Cost Range of Similar Models

The estimated yearly energy cost of this model was not available at the time the range was published.

150 kWh

Estimated Yearly Electricity Use

\$13

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost
(when used with a natural gas water heater)

Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.

- Cost range based only on standard capacity models.
- Estimated energy cost based on four wash loads a week and a national average electricity cost of 14 cents per kWh and natural gas cost of \$1.21 per therm.
- For more information, visit www.ftc.gov/energy.



Sample Label 5 – Water Heater

U.S. Government

Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Water Heater - Natural Gas
 Tank Size (Storage Capacity): 80 gallons

XYZ Corporation
 Model XXXXXXX



Estimated Yearly Energy Cost

\$291



Cost Range of Similar Models

First Hour Rating

(How much hot water you get in the first hour of use)

very small	low	medium 70 Gallons	high
------------	-----	-----------------------------	------

- Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.
- Cost range based only on models fueled by natural gas with a medium first hour rating (51-75 gallons).
- Estimated energy cost based on a national average natural gas cost of \$1.21 per therm.
- Estimated yearly energy use: 186 therms.

ftc.gov/energy

Sample Label 6 – Pool Heater

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

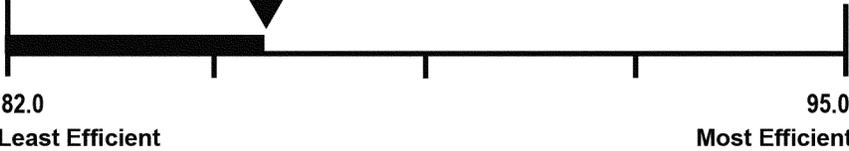
Pool Heater
Natural Gas

ABC Corporation
Model 14287



Thermal Efficiency

86.0



82.0 Least Efficient 95.0 Most Efficient

- Efficiency range based only on models fueled by natural gas.
- For more information, visit www.ftc.gov/energy.

Sample Label 9 – Non-weatherized Gas Furnace

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

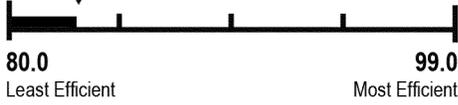
Furnace
Non-weatherized
Natural Gas

XYZ Corporation
Model TJ81



Efficiency Rating (AFUE)*

82.9



80.0 99.0
Least Efficient Most Efficient

Range of Similar Models

* Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency

For energy cost info, visit productinfo.energy.gov

Sample Label 9A – Non-weatherized Gas Furnace (ENERGY STAR certified)

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Furnace
Non-weatherized
Natural Gas

XYZ Corporation
Model 5XC4

Efficiency Rating (AFUE)*
92.8



80.0 99.0
Least Efficient Most Efficient

Range of Similar Models
* Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency

For energy cost info, visit productinfo.energy.gov



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U.S. SOUTH: AL, AZ, AR, CA, DC, DE, FL, GA, HI, KY, LA, MD, MS, NV, NM, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA



ENERGY STAR QUALIFIED

* * * * *
15. Effective October 1, 2023,
appendix L is further amended by

revising sample label 4 to read as
follows:

Appendix L to Part 305—Sample Labels
* * * * *

Sample Label 4 – Room Air Conditioner

U.S. Government Federal law prohibits removal of this label before consumer purchase.

ENERGYGUIDE

Room Air Conditioner
Without Reverse Cycle
With Louvered Sides

XYZ Corporation
Model 12X4
Capacity: 11,000 BTUs

Estimated Yearly Energy Cost

\$78

\$49 \$121

Cost Range of Similar Models

15.0

Combined Energy Efficiency Ratio

Your cost will depend on your utility rates and use.

- Cost range based only on models of similar capacity without reverse cycle with louvered sides.
- Estimated energy cost based on a national average electricity cost of 13 cents per kWh and a seasonal use of 8 hours a day over a 3 month period.
- For more information, visit www.ftc.gov/energy.

By direction of the Commission,
Commissioner Wilson dissenting.

April J. Tabor,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2022-22036 Filed 10-11-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-C

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

19 CFR Chapter I

Arrival Restrictions Applicable to Flights Carrying Persons Who Have Recently Traveled From or Were Otherwise Present Within Uganda

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Announcement of arrival restrictions.

SUMMARY: This document announces the decision of the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to direct all flights to the United States carrying persons who have recently traveled from, or were otherwise present within, Uganda to arrive at one of the United States airports where the United States government is focusing public health resources to implement enhanced public health measures. For purposes of this document, a person has recently traveled from Uganda if that person departed from, or was otherwise present within, Uganda within 21 days of the date of the person's entry or attempted entry into the United States. Also, for purposes of this document, crew and flights carrying only cargo (*i.e.*, no passengers or non-crew), are excluded from the measures herein.

DATES: The arrival restrictions apply to flights departing after 11:59 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time on October 10, 2022. Arrival restrictions continue until cancelled or modified by the Secretary of DHS and notice of such cancellation or modification is published in the **Federal Register**.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stephanie Watson, Office of Field Operations, U.S. Customs and Border Protection at 202-255-7018.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Ebola disease, caused by the virus genus *Ebolavirus*, is a severe and often fatal disease that can affect humans and non-human primates. Disease transmission occurs via direct contact

with bodily fluids (*e.g.*, blood, mucus, vomit, urine). The first known Ebola disease outbreak occurred in 1976. From 2013–2016, the largest recorded Ebola disease outbreak occurred in West Africa, primarily affecting Guinea, Liberia, and Sierra Leone, with cases exported to seven additional countries across three continents, including the United States. The epidemic demonstrated the potential for Ebola disease to become an international crisis in the absence of early intervention. Further, Ebola disease can have substantial medical, public health, and economic consequences if it spreads to densely populated areas. As such, Ebola disease may present a threat to United States health security given the unpredictable nature of outbreaks and the interconnectedness of countries through global travel.

On September 19, 2022, Uganda reported a single, fatal case of Ebola disease due to the Sudan virus (species *Sudan ebolavirus*). Earlier in September 2022, community reports had described occurrences of strange illness and sudden deaths in the affected area. Some of these unexplained deaths were in persons who had known contact with the index patient. As of October 4, 2022, a total of 43 confirmed cases with 10 confirmed deaths have been reported from five districts within Uganda. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has issued an Alert—Level 2, Practice Enhanced Precautions advising against non-essential travel to several regions in Uganda where the Ministry of Health in Uganda has declared an Ebola virus outbreak.¹ The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is closely monitoring an outbreak of Ebola virus in five districts within Uganda. In order to assist in preventing or limiting the introduction and spread of this communicable disease into the United States, the Departments of Homeland Security and Health and Human Services, including CDC, and other agencies charged with protecting the homeland and the American public, are currently implementing enhanced public health measures at five United States airports that receive the largest number of travelers originating from Uganda. To ensure that all travelers with recent presence in Uganda arrive at one of these airports, DHS is directing all flights to the United States carrying such persons to arrive at airports where enhanced public health measures are

being implemented. While DHS, in coordination with other applicable federal agencies, anticipates working with the operators of aircraft in an endeavor to identify potential travelers who have recently traveled from, or were otherwise present within, Uganda prior to boarding, operators of aircraft will remain obligated to comply with the requirements of this notice. Department of Defense (DoD) flights, via either military aircraft or contract flights, will be managed by DoD in accordance with HHS guidelines.

Notice of Arrival Restrictions Applicable to All Flights Carrying Persons Who Have Recently Traveled From or Were Otherwise Present Within Uganda

Pursuant to 6 U.S.C. 112(a), 19 U.S.C. 1433(c), and 19 CFR 122.32, DHS has the authority to limit the locations where all flights entering the United States from abroad may land. Under this authority and effective for flights departing after 11:59 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time on October 10, 2022, I hereby direct all operators of aircraft to ensure that all flights (with the exception of those operated or contracted by DoD) carrying persons who have recently traveled from, or were otherwise present within, Uganda only land at one of the following airports:

- Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport (ATL), Georgia;
- Chicago O'Hare International Airport (ORD), Illinois;
- Newark Liberty International Airport (EWR), New Jersey;
- John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK), New York;
- Washington-Dulles International Airport (IAD), Virginia;

This direction considers a person to have recently traveled from Uganda if that person departed from, or was otherwise present within, Uganda within 21 days before the date of the person's entry or attempted entry into the United States. Also, for purposes of this document, crew and flights carrying only cargo (*i.e.*, no passengers or non-crew), are excluded from the applicable measures set forth in this notification. This direction is subject to any changes to the airport landing destination that may be required for aircraft and/or airspace safety, as directed by the Federal Aviation Administration.

This list of designated airports may be modified by the Secretary of Homeland Security in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Transportation. This list of designated airports may be modified by an updated publication in

¹ CDC, Ebola in Uganda Alert—Level 2, Practice Enhanced Precautions, CDC (Oct. 4, 2022), <https://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices/alert/ebola-in-uganda>.