

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**Fish and Wildlife Service**

[Docket No. FWS-R1-ES-2020-0101;
FXES11140100000-223-FF01E0000]

**Record of Decision for the Final
Environmental Impact Statement and
Habitat Conservation Plan for Thurston
County, Washington**

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service,
Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability; record of
decision and habitat conservation plan.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and
Wildlife Service (Service), announce the
availability of a record of decision
(ROD) for the issuance of a permit under
section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Endangered
Species Act (ESA) for the Thurston
County habitat conservation plan (HCP).
The ROD documents the Service's
decision to issue an incidental take
permit (ITP) to the Thurston County
Community Planning and Economic
Development Department (Thurston
County, County, or applicant) in
response to their permit application. As
summarized in the ROD, the Service has
selected the proposed action alternative,
which includes implementation of the
HCP and issuance of a 30-year ITP
authorizing incidental take from
covered activities of four threatened
species and one endangered species
listed under the ESA, and one non-
listed species.

ADDRESSES: You may obtain copies of
the ROD and other documents
associated with the decision by any of
the following methods:

- *Internet:* <https://www.regulations.gov>

in Docket No. FWS-R1-ES-2020-0101, or at <https://www.fws.gov/office/washington-fish-and-wildlife>.

- *Upon Request:* You may request
alternative formats of the documents
directly from the Service (see **FOR
FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Kevin Connally, U.S. Fish and Wildlife
Service, Washington Fish and Wildlife
Office, by telephone at 360-753-9440 or
by email at Kevin_Connally@fws.gov.
Individuals in the United States who are
deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have
a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY,
TDD, or TeleBraille) to access
telecommunications relay services.
Individuals outside the United States
should use the relay services offered
within their country to make
international calls to the point-of-
contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We, the
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service),

announce the availability of a record of
decision (ROD) for the issuance of an
Endangered Species Act (ESA) section
10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit (ITP)
to the Thurston County Community
Planning and Economic Development
Department (Thurston County, County,
or applicant) in Thurston County,
Washington. The ROD documents the
Service's decision to issue an ITP to the
applicant. As summarized in the ROD,
the Service has selected the agency-
preferred alternative (also described as
the proposed action below), which
includes implementation of a habitat
conservation plan (HCP) and issuance of
a 30-year ITP authorizing incidental
take of the threatened Yelm pocket
gopher (*Thomomys mazama yelmensis*),
Olympia pocket gopher (*T. mazama
pugetensis*), Tenino pocket gopher (*T.
mazama tumuli*), and Oregon spotted
frog (*Rana pretiosa*); the endangered
Taylor's checkerspot butterfly
(*Euphydryas editha taylori*); and the
Oregon vesper sparrow (*Poocetes
gramineus affinis*), which is under
review to determine if Federal listing
under the ESA is warranted.

We are advising the public of the
availability of the ROD, developed in
compliance with agency decision-
making requirements of the National
Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as
amended (NEPA). The Service
published a notice of availability (NOA)
for the draft environmental impact
statement (EIS) in the **Federal Register**
on September 24, 2021 (86 FR 53111),
and we published an NOA for the final
EIS on May 13, 2022 (87 FR 29361). All
alternatives were described in detail,
evaluated, and analyzed in the draft and
final EIS.

In 2020, the Council on
Environmental Quality (CEQ) issued a
final rule updating the NEPA
implementing regulations (the "2020
rule"; 85 FR 43304, July 16, 2020). The
2020 rule went into effect on September
14, 2020, and it applied to any NEPA
process begun after that date. Because
the Service published a notice of intent
(NOI) to develop an EIS for this project
on October 16, 2020 (85 FR 65861), the
DEIS and FEIS were prepared according
to the 2020 rule. On April 20, 2022, CEQ
published a final rule that modified the
2020 rule, including reinstating the
definition of cumulative effects (the
"2022 rule"; 87 FR 23453). The 2022
rule went into effect on May 20, 2022.
While terminology used in the EIS is
based on the 2020 rule, the analysis in
the EIS is consistent with both the 2020
and 2022 rules; the purpose and goals
of NEPA; longstanding Federal judicial
and regulatory interpretations; the
Department of the Interior's NEPA

regulations (43 CFR part 46); and
Administration priorities and policies,
including Secretary's Order No. 3399,
requiring use of "the same application
or level of NEPA that would have been
applied to a proposed action before the
2020 rule went into effect."

Background

Thurston County applied for an ITP to
cover a variety of activities for which
the County issues permits or approvals,
or activities the County otherwise
carries out under its jurisdiction, as
detailed in the HCP. The covered
activities are described further in the
final EIS and in the HCP. The covered
activities include:

- Residential development;
- Development of accessory
structures;
- Installation, repair, or alteration of
septic systems;
- Commercial and industrial
development;
- Public service facility construction;
- Transportation projects;
- Transportation maintenance and
other work within County-owned road
rights-of-way;
- Landfill and solid waste
management;
- Water resources management;
- Management of conservation lands;
and
- County parks, trails, and land
management.

Through implementation of the HCP,
the County will permit or conduct
covered activities that incidentally take
covered species. The HCP includes an
analysis of projected impacts to covered
species and measures to avoid,
minimize, and mitigate the impacts.
Where take is unavoidable, the County
will permanently conserve lands in
accordance with HCP requirements
("conservation lands") to fully offset
impacts of the taking on covered species
before permits are issued or covered
activities are conducted. Conservation
lands will be monitored and adaptively
managed to ensure they meet HCP-
specified performance standards.
Avoidance, minimization, and
mitigation measures are discussed in
greater detail below.

It is not practical to analyze
anticipated take of individuals of each
species; therefore, the HCP uses habitat,
measured as habitat area or as
"functional-acre" values, as a surrogate
for quantifying impacts and mitigation
for each covered species. The
functional-acre approach weights
habitat acreage with values for the
covered species' distribution, habitat
condition, and landscape context. This
approach provides greater weight to

both impacts and mitigation occurring in or near areas that are a priority for conservation of the covered species.

Development and maintenance activities covered by the HCP will impact Mazama pocket gopher subspecies when the activities occur within habitat in the ranges of the covered species. Fewer HCP-covered development and maintenance activities will impact the Oregon spotted frog, the Taylor's checkerspot butterfly, and the Oregon vesper sparrow, because they have relatively localized ranges in Thurston County and thus are less likely to be impacted by covered activities.

Measures to avoid and minimize impacts of the taking on covered species include avoiding habitat where feasible, reducing the extent of habitat impacts through within-site project design, and additional species-specific measures for each group of covered activities, as described in the HCP. These measures are detailed in Appendix C of the HCP, including standard practices to avoid and minimize impacts on prairie species and prairie habitats, as well as on the Oregon spotted frog and its habitat, when siting and locating activities as well as during construction. Appendix C of the HCP also details enhanced measures recommended as best practices for land managers who voluntarily maintain habitat functions for the covered species.

To mitigate for unavoidable impacts to covered species, Thurston County proposes to permanently protect, restore or enhance where appropriate, and manage habitat occupied by covered species on conservation lands. Conservation lands include newly acquired permanent habitat reserves; working agricultural lands; and existing reserves where the County will enhance and permanently maintain habitat quality. The addition of conservation lands to the HCP conservation lands network will occur incrementally during HCP implementation at a pace that meets or exceeds the pace of impacts to each covered species.

The HCP includes funding assurances, monitoring, an adaptive management process, and changed circumstance provisions to help ensure that the conservation program achieves the biological goals for the covered species. Annual reports will confirm the amount, type, and location of impacts and mitigation, as well as the status of monitoring, adaptive management, changed circumstances, and funding. The conservation program and expected effects of HCP implementation on the covered species and their habitats are described in greater detail in the HCP and in the FEIS. The HCP is expected

to be implemented for 30 years, and the resulting conservation lands will be permanently maintained.

Anticipated Permits and Authorizations

In addition to the ITP, Thurston County will manage covered activities to comply with all other applicable laws, including, without limitation, Washington State endangered and protected species regulations; the Washington State Growth Management Act, which includes State and local protection of historic and cultural resources implemented through the County's comprehensive plan; the Washington State Shoreline Management Act; the Washington State Hydraulic Code; Thurston County Critical Area Ordinances; State and local requirements for administrative procedures; and other regulations. Individual projects conducted under the HCP will undergo individual review by the County for compliance with local codes and further public review, as appropriate, through the Washington State Environmental Policy Act.

Purpose and Need

As described in the final EIS, the Service's purpose and need for the Federal action is to process the County's request for an ITP, the issuance of which is necessary to meet the County's development and biological goals, and to inform the Service's decision to grant, grant with conditions, or deny the ITP request in compliance with the Service's authority under applicable law, including, without limitation, section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA and applicable ESA implementing regulations. Section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA includes conservation authorities and obligations that require us to respond to the ITP application submitted by the applicant.

Alternatives

In compliance with NEPA (42 U.S.C 4321 *et seq.*), the Service prepared a final EIS analyzing the proposed action (identified as the preferred alternative), a no-action alternative, and one alternative to the proposed action. Summaries of each alternative are presented below. The environmental consequences of each alternative were analyzed to determine if significant impacts to the human environment would occur. Public comments received in response to the draft EIS were considered, and the final EIS responds to comments and includes some clarifications that address public comments. The final EIS did not identify an environmentally preferable alternative. Pursuant to NEPA implementing regulations found at 40

CFR 1505.2, the Service identified the proposed action as the environmentally preferable alternative in the ROD, because the network of conservation lands would be slightly larger and more diverse than in the modified HCP alternative action, resulting in greater conservation benefit to the covered species.

No-Action Alternative: The Service would not issue incidental take authorization to the County, and the County would not implement the HCP. The County would continue to conduct, permit, and approve activities on a case-by-case basis in compliance with Federal, State, and local requirements, including the Thurston County Critical Areas code. The County and individual project proponents would continue to evaluate each project to ensure unauthorized take of listed species is avoided. The County would not implement a coordinated, County-wide conservation program for ESA-listed species. This alternative is the current situation in Thurston County.

Proposed Action Alternative: The Service would, in accordance with applicable law, issue the requested ITP to Thurston County for the incidental take of covered species by the covered activities. The County would implement the Thurston County HCP and its conservation program, including, without limitation, implementation of measures to minimize effects of covered activities, mitigation measures to fully offset the impacts of the taking on covered species, and monitoring and reporting. The County would also ensure funding for HCP implementation. Under the proposed action, the County would mitigate for the impacts of the taking on covered species, in part through the execution of conservation easements on working agricultural lands, the enhancement of existing conservation reserves, and the establishment and management of new conservation reserves. The proposed action is the Service's agency-preferred alternative because it provides a practical approach for durable conservation outcomes in the permit area while supporting the County's goals and community interests, such as preservation of agricultural lands.

Modified HCP Alternative Action: The Service would, in accordance with applicable law, issue an ITP to Thurston County with the same permit area, permit term, covered species, covered activities, and many of the HCP elements described for the proposed action. Under this alternative, the County would mitigate for the impacts of the taking on covered species solely through the establishment and

management of new conservation reserves. The County would not execute conservation easements on working agricultural lands, or include the enhancement of existing conservation reserves in the mitigation strategy. Under this alternative, the network of conservation lands would be slightly smaller.

Decision and Rationale for Decision

We have made the determination that the applicant's proposed HCP, as modified by the terms and conditions of the ITP, would meet the statutory ITP issuance criteria set forth in section 10(1)(2)(B) (16 U.S.C. 1539(a)(2)(B)). Our assessment of the application was conducted in accordance with the requirements of section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA and its implementing regulations. Based on our review of the alternatives and their environmental consequences as described in the final EIS, we selected the proposed action because implementation of the final HCP and issuance of the ITP best fulfills the Service's statutory mission and responsibilities while meeting our purpose and need. This decision is described further in the ROD.

Authority

We provide this notice in accordance with the requirements of NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and its implementing regulations (40 CFR 1506.6).

Nanette Seto,

Acting Deputy Regional Director, Pacific Region 1, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[Docket No. FWS-HQ-IA-2022-0085; FXIA16710900000-223-FF09A30000]

Foreign Endangered Species; Receipt of Permit Applications

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of receipt of permit applications; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, invite the public to comment on applications to conduct certain activities with foreign species that are listed as endangered under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). With some exceptions, the ESA prohibits activities with listed species unless Federal authorization is issued that allows such activities. The ESA also

requires that we invite public comment before issuing permits for any activity otherwise prohibited by the ESA with respect to any endangered species.

DATES: We must receive comments by August 19, 2022.

ADDRESSES:

Obtaining Documents: The applications, application supporting materials, and any comments and other materials that we receive will be available for public inspection at <https://www.regulations.gov> in Docket No. FWS-HQ-IA-2022-0085.

Submitting Comments: When submitting comments, please specify the name of the applicant and the permit number at the beginning of your comment. You may submit comments by one of the following methods:

- **Internet:** <https://www.regulations.gov>. Search for and submit comments on Docket No. FWS-HQ-IA-2022-0085.
- **U.S. mail:** Public Comments Processing, Attn: Docket No. FWS-HQ-IA-2022-0085; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Headquarters, MS: PRB/3W; 5275 Leesburg Pike; Falls Church, VA 22041-3803.

For more information, see Public Comment Procedures under **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Timothy MacDonald, by phone at 703-358-2185 or via email at DMAFR@fws.gov. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Public Comment Procedures

A. How do I comment on submitted applications?

We invite the public and local, State, Tribal, and Federal agencies to comment on these applications. Before issuing any of the requested permits, we will take into consideration any information that we receive during the public comment period.

You may submit your comments and materials by one of the methods in **ADDRESSES**. We will not consider comments sent by email or fax, or to an address not in **ADDRESSES**. We will not consider or include in our administrative record comments we receive after the close of the comment period (see **DATES**).

When submitting comments, please specify the name of the applicant and the permit number at the beginning of your comment. Provide sufficient information to allow us to authenticate any scientific or commercial data you include. The comments and recommendations that will be most useful and likely to influence agency decisions are: (1) Those supported by quantitative information or studies; and (2) those that include citations to, and analyses of, the applicable laws and regulations.

B. May I review comments submitted by others?

You may view and comment on others' public comments at <https://www.regulations.gov>, unless our allowing so would violate the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) or Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552).

C. Who will see my comments?

If you submit a comment at <https://www.regulations.gov>, your entire comment, including any personal identifying information, will be posted on the website. If you submit a hardcopy comment that includes personal identifying information, such as your address, phone number, or email address, you may request at the top of your document that we withhold this information from public review. However, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. Moreover, all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public disclosure in their entirety.

II. Background

To help us carry out our conservation responsibilities for affected species, and in consideration of section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), we invite public comments on permit applications before final action is taken. With some exceptions, the ESA prohibits certain activities with listed species unless Federal authorization is issued that allows such activities. Permits issued under section 10(a)(1)(A) of the ESA allow otherwise prohibited activities for scientific purposes or to enhance the propagation or survival of the affected species. Service regulations regarding prohibited activities with endangered species, captive-bred wildlife registrations, and permits for any activity otherwise prohibited by the ESA with respect to any endangered