DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the National Institute of Mental Health Special Emphasis Panel, March 24, 2022, 9:00 a.m. to March 24, 2022, 5:00 p.m., National Institutes of Health, Neuroscience Center, 6001 Executive Boulevard, Rockville, MD, 20852, which was published in the Federal Register on February 28, 2022, FR DOC 2022–04158, 87 FR 11080.

This notice is being amended to change the date from March 24, 2022, to April 5, 2022. Meeting time and location remain the same. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: March 11, 2022.

Miguelina Perez,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2022–05559 Filed 3–15–22; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases Special Emphasis Panel, March 24, 2022, 9:00 a.m. to March 24, 2022, 5:00 p.m., National Institutes of Health, 5601 Fishers Lane, Room 3G51, Rockville, MD 20892 (Virtual Meeting).

This notice is being amended to change the date from March 24, 2022, to April 5, 2022. Meeting time and location remain the same. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: March 11, 2022.

Miguelina Perez,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2022–05563 Filed 3–15–22; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases Special Emphasis Panel, March 24, 2022, 9:00 a.m. to March 24, 2022, 5:00 p.m., National Institutes of Health, 5601 Fishers Lane, Room 3G51, Rockville, MD 20852, 240–507–9685, thomas.conway@mail.nih.gov.

This notice is being amended to change the date from March 24, 2022, to April 5, 2022. Meeting time and location remain the same. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: March 11, 2022.

Tyeshia M. Roberson-Curtis,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2022–05560 Filed 3–15–22; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Enhanced Transparency and Access to Information for Debtors and Sureties in the Automated Commercial Environment


ACTION: General notice.

SUMMARY: This document announces that U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is making three enhancements to CBP’s debt management processes to increase transparency and access to information for debtors and sureties. One of the enhancements will support importers of record, licensed customs brokers, and other Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) account users who owe debts to CBP by enabling the electronic viewing of bill sanction status and protest details in the unpaid, open bill details report in ACE. The other two enhancements will facilitate compliance for sureties by providing electronic access to the
monthly report listing open delinquent bills by importer name (i.e., the Formal Demand on Surety for Payment of Delinquent Amounts Due, also informally referred to as the 612 Report) in ACE (in lieu of CBP emailing this information to sureties) and improving the content and design of the mailed 612 Report.

DATES: On March 21, 2022, CBP will deploy updates to enable the electronic viewing of bill sanction status and protest details in the unpaid, open bill details report in ACE. Additionally, on May 1, 2022, sureties may begin to view the electronic 612 Report in ACE (in lieu of CBP emailing this information to sureties) and CBP will transition to the updated mailed 612 Report.

ADDRESSES: Comments concerning this notice may be submitted at any time via email to the ACE Collections Team, Investment Analysis Office, Office of Finance, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, at ACECollections@cbp.dhs.gov, with a subject line identifier reading “ACE Collections Debt Management Release.”

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Steven J. Grayson, Program Manager, Investment Analysis Office, Office of Finance, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, at (202) 579–4400, or steven.j.grayson@cbp.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

A. Ongoing Modernization of the Collections System at U.S. Customs and Border Protection

U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is modernizing its collections system, allowing CBP to eventually retire the Automated Commercial System (ACS) and transfer all collections processes into the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE). This modernization effort, known as ACE Collections, includes the consolidation of the entire collections system into the ACE framework, which will enable CBP to utilize trade data from ACE modules, benefitting both the trade community and CBP with more streamlined and better automated payment processes. The new collections system in ACE will reduce costs for CBP, create a common framework that aligns with other initiatives to reduce manual collection processes, and provide additional flexibility to allow for future technological enhancements. ACE Collections will also provide the public with more streamlined and better automated payment processes with CBP, including better visibility into data regarding specific transactions.

ACE Collections supports the goals of the Customs Modernization Act (Pub. L. 103–182, 107 Stat. 2057, 2170, December 8, 1993, Title VI of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act), of modernizing the business processes that are essential to securing U.S. borders, speeding up the flow of legitimate shipments, and targeting illicit goods that require scrutiny. ACE Collections also fulfills the objectives of Executive Order 13659 (79 FR 10655, February 25, 2014), to provide the trade community with an integrated CBP trade system that facilitates trade, from entry of goods to receipt of duties, taxes, and fees.

CBP is implementing ACE Collections through phased releases in ACE. Release 1, which was deployed on September 7, 2019, dealt with statements integration, the collections information repository (CIR) framework, and ACH (automated clearinghouse) processing. See 84 FR 46749 and 84 FR 46678 (September 5, 2019), and 84 FR 49650 (September 23, 2019). Release 2 was deployed on February 5, 2021, and focused on non-ACH electronic receivables and collections, for Fedwire and Pay.gov, that included user fees, Harbor Maintenance Fee (HMF), and Seized Assets and Case Tracking System (SEACATS) payments. All of the changes in Release 2 were internal to CBP and did not affect the trade community. Release 3 was deployed on May 1, 2021, and primarily implemented technical changes to the liquidity process, and deferred tax bills, that were internal to CBP. Release 3 also harmonized the determination of the due date for deferred tax payments with the entry summary date, streamlined the collections system, and provided importers of record with more flexibility and access to data when making deferred payments of internal revenue taxes owed on distilled spirits, wines, and beer imported into the United States. See 86 FR 22696 (April 29, 2021). Release 4 was deployed on October 18, 2021, and primarily implemented technical changes to the production and management of the internal CBP processes for supplemental bills, certain reimbursable bills, and non-reimbursable/miscellaneous bills issued by CBP to the public. See 86 FR 56968 (October 13, 2021). Release 4 also made available to importers of record, licensed customs brokers, and other ACE account users, an option to electronically view certain, unpaid, open bill details as reports in ACE Reports and adopted a new, enhanced format for the CBP Bill Form. See id.

As explained more fully below, Release 5 will be deployed on March 21, 2022, with delayed implementation for the enhancements concerning the Form 7501 Formal Demand on Surety for Payment of Delinquent Amounts Due (also informally referred to as the 612 Report) until May 1, 2022. Release 5 focuses on debt management processes, and it includes mainly internal, technical changes to the production, tracking, and management of overdue bills and delinquent accounts and the bonds associated with them. Release 5 also includes enhancements that improve transparency and access to information through ACE for importers of record, licensed customs brokers, and other ACE account users who owe debts to CBP, as well as for the sureties who guarantee the bonds to secure the payment of the debts, if applicable. Additional releases for ACE Collections will follow, and any further changes affecting the public will be announced by notice in the Federal Register, as needed.

B. Overview of CBP’s Debt Management Processes Affected by Release 5 of ACE Collections

CBP is authorized to collect duties, taxes, and fees from customs activities. See generally 19 U.S.C. 58a, 58b, 58b–1, 58c, 1505; 26 U.S.C. 4461. The regulations found in part 24 of title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) address the financial and accounting procedures for when CBP collects the duties, taxes, fees, interest, and other applicable charges from the public due to customs activities. See generally 19 CFR 24.1 through 24.36. Members of the public are informed of existing debts to CBP through the physical mailing of the CBP Bill Form, the data elements of which are also available for electronic viewing in ACE Reports.

CBP is authorized to require such bonds or other security as deemed necessary for the protection of the revenue or to assure compliance with any provision of law, regulation, or instruction. See 19 U.S.C. 1623. The regulations concerning such bonds are set forth generally in part 113 of title 19 of the CFR, which addresses bond approval and execution, bond conditions, general and special bond requirements, etc. Bonds are required for a large percentage of the activities for which CBP produces bills. See 19 CFR 113.61 through 113.75. For example, CBP requires bonds for the importation of merchandise (19 CFR 113.62), accelerated payment of drawback
The timely filing of an administrative protest may alter CBP’s debt management approach that is generally described in the preceding paragraphs. Altogether, CBP’s debt management processes often entail numerous mailings and deadlines for CBP and the trading public. CBP has thus developed new tools to automate, streamline, and simplify the processes for debt collection and protest tracking as part of Release 5. The resulting benefits to the public that are announced in this document will be deployed and implemented on March 21, 2022, with delayed implementation for the enhancements concerning the 612 Report until May 1, 2022.

II. Enhancements to the Debt Management Processes

Additionally, CBP is announcing three enhancements to the debt management processes to increase transparency and access to information for the public as part of Release 5. One of the enhancements will support importers of record, licensed customs brokers, and other ACE account users who owe debts to CBP by enabling the electronic viewing of whether a bill has caused consequences under 19 CFR 142.13, 142.14, and 142.26 (informally referred to as bill sanction status or sanction status) and protest details in the unpaid, open bill details report in ACE. The other two enhancements will facilitate compliance for sureties by providing electronic access to the 612 Report in ACE (in lieu of CBP emailing this information to sureties) and improving the content and design of the 612 Report.

A. Supplementation of Unpaid, Open Bill Details in ACE Reports To Enable Electronic Viewing of Sanction Status and Protest Details for Importers of Record, Licensed Customs Brokers, and Other ACE Account Users Who Owe Debts to CBP

CBP sends physical bills on the CBP Bill Form via mail to officially notify individuals and entities of amounts owed for duties, taxes, fees, and other charges. Upon the deployment of Release 4 on October 18, 2021, ACE account users were able to electronically view the data elements appearing on the CBP Bill Form in ACE Reports for certain categories of unpaid, open bills. 86 FR 56968 (October 13, 2021). The unpaid, open bill details report in ACE Reports provides an ACE account user with a consolidated, electronic report to track its open bills for which payment is owed to CBP. As part of Release 5, CBP is supplementing the unpaid, open bill details report in ACE Reports with new information applicable to sanction status and protest details for each bill appearing on the report.

Specifically, the new report information includes five data elements. The first data element is an indicator as to whether the unpaid, open bill has put the account holder on national sanction. The other four data elements are details related to administrative protests filed pursuant to 19 CFR part 174. If an

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1 In certain circumstances, bond requirements can be waived. See, e.g., 19 CFR 10.31(5), 10.101(5), 142.46(c).

2 A copy of CBP Form 301 and its addendums may be viewed online at https://www.cbp.gov/trade/priority-issues/revenue/bonds.

3 Only a surety or a surety agent may submit an eBond, and additional information about the eBond test program and how to participate may be found online at https://www.cbp.gov/trade/priority-issues/revenue/bonds/eBond.

4 Additional information on the potential consequences for the debtor/bond principal may be found online at https://www.cbp.gov/trade/priority-issues/revenue/bill-payments/importer-sanctions.

5 Generally, within 180 days of liquidation or other protestable decision made by CBP, the surety or debtor/bond principal may file a protest against that decision. Sureties may also file a protest within 180 days of the date of mailing of the first 612 Release concerning the specific bill or unsatisfied legal claim secured by the surety bond. An administrative protest must be made on CBP Form 19 and may be filed in paper or electronically in ACE. Under certain circumstances, the protesting party may seek further review of a protest. Following the filing of a protest, CBP will review and respond. See subpart C of 19 CFR 174.

6 As CBP advised in the Federal Register notice that announced Release 4, the CBP Bill Form for physical bills will remain the primary source of legal notice of monies owed due to customs activity, as required by 19 CFR 24.3(a).
administrative protest is associated with an open, unpaid bill, then the following data elements will be included in the report: The protest number, the date of filing of the protest, the processing status of the protest, and the date of CBP’s decision on the protest (if applicable). All of the new data elements will be included in additional columns added to the unpaid, open bill details report in ACE Reports and will be updated within one business day after the initial processing of sanction status and/or the relevant administrative protest information. It is important to note that any mailed or electronically communicated information provided by CBP regarding the sanction status and protest details may supersede the information appearing in ACE Reports.

Only members of the public who have an ACE Portal account can view their unpaid, open bill details report in ACE Reports, which will include the new information applicable to sanction status and protest details as of March 21, 2022. CBP encourages affected members of the public (including, but not limited to, importers of record and licensed customs brokers) who do not already have an ACE Portal account to apply for access to be able to view the necessary data to make timely bill payments.7 CBP will provide any needed support for setting up ACE Portal accounts. The public may access the ACE Reports application through the ACE Secure Data Portal at https://ace.cbp.dhs.gov.8 Within ACE Reports, ACE account users may navigate to and access their unpaid, open bill details reports in the Workspace Module.9

B. Benefits for Sureties

1. Availability of an Option for Sureties to Electronically View 612 Reports in ACE

Currently, CBP mails to sureties the 612 Reports, which are a monthly listing of open delinquent bills by importer name.10 The 612 Reports constitute the Formal Demand on Surety for Payment of Delinquent Amounts Due, as required by 19 CFR 24.3a(d)(2). Each 612 Report contains certain information, such as the bill number and principal amount due, to allow sureties to identify and track their obligations. Id. In addition to mailing 612 Reports, CBP makes available to sureties the ability to request and receive via email a downloadable copy of the raw data underlying the most recent 612 Report sent to them by mail.

As part of Release 5, CBP will make available to sureties an option to electronically view 612 Reports in ACE (in lieu of CBP emailing this information to sureties).11 This new option will, inter alia, reduce the amount of time sureties spend manually identifying and tracking their obligations to CBP, and will allow sureties to access their report at any time of the month, eliminating the constraint of having access to the data the first day it is generated. Moreover, this new option will significantly reduce the current burden on CBP associated with the emailing of the 612 Reports to the respective sureties. The default data presented in the electronic 612 Report will be for the most recent month’s mailed 612 Report. Sureties will also be able to view data from, at a minimum, three previous monthly electronic 612 Reports, but such data will not remain available indefinitely in ACE.

The electronic 612 Reports will only update on, approximately, the first day of every month to ensure the data appearing in the electronic 612 Reports will match the data appearing in the mailed 612 Reports. The data elements appearing in the electronic 612 Reports will be the same as the data elements appearing in the mailed 612 Reports, including the new element described below.

It is important to note that CBP will continue its current processes for mailing the 612 Reports, which remain the official notice to sureties as required by 19 CFR 24.3a(d). Information and data that appear on the mailed 612 Report will supersede the data elements that appear in the electronic 612 Reports, and sureties should continue to consult the mailed 612 Reports to determine the extent of their legal obligations. Moreover, only sureties who have an ACE Portal account will be able to view their electronic 612 Reports that will be available in ACE Reports beginning on May 1, 2022. CBP encourages sureties who do not already have an ACE Portal account to apply for access to be able to electronically view their 612 Reports.12

2. Minor Modifications to the Information in and Appearance of the Mailed 612 Reports

As part of Release 5, there will be minor modifications to the information in and appearance of the mailed 612 Report. The mailed 612 Report will continue to have the same structure and provide the same information as it does now, but CBP will add a new data element and column, the “Bill Version #”, which is intended to help sureties track whether a certain bill’s information is current.13 In addition, the mailed 612 Report will no longer be printed on paper with a green bar. Instead, as of May 1, 2022, the mailed 612 Report will be printed on more common legal landscape paper.

Dated: March 9, 2022.

Jeffrey Caine,
Chief Financial Officer, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

[FR Doc. 2022–05547 Filed 3–15–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Customs and Border Protection [1651–NEW]

CBP Hiring Center Medical Records Release Privacy Act Form


12 CBP will provide any needed support for setting up ACE Portal accounts. See supra footnotes 7–9 for more information about creating ACE Portal accounts, navigating ACE Reports, and accessing 612 Reports in the Workspace Module.

13 CBP assigns bills a specific number that corresponds to a bill as it existed at a specific point in time. Bills change due to recalculation of interest, partial payment, etc. and CBP updates the bill version number when a bill changes. For 612 Reports, the “Bill Version #” will correspond to the bill as it existed at the time that the mailed 612 Report was generated.