

12. Derun Charcoal Carbon Co., Ltd.
13. Endurance Cargo Management Co., Ltd.
14. Envitek (China) Ltd.
15. Excel Shipping Co., Ltd.
16. Fujian Xinsen Carbon Co., Ltd.
17. Fuzhou Yihuan Carbon Co., Ltd.
18. Fuzhou Yuemengfeng Trade Co., Ltd.
19. Gongyi City Bei Shan Kou Water Purification Materials Factory
20. Guangdong Hanyan Activated Carbon Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
21. Guangzhou Four E'S Scientific Co., Ltd.
22. Hangzhou Hengxing Activated Carbon
23. Henan Dailygreen Trading Co., Ltd.
24. Honour Lane Shipping Ltd.
25. Ingevity Corp.
26. Ingevity Performance Materials
27. Jiangsu Kejing Carbon Fiber Co., Ltd.
28. Jiangxi Yuanli Huaiyushan Active Carbon
29. King Freight International Corp.
30. M Chemical Company, Inc.
31. Meadwestvaco Trading (Shanghai)
32. Muk Chi Trade Co., Ltd.
33. Nanping Yuanli Active Carbon Co.
34. Pacific Star Express (China) Company Ltd.
35. Panalpina World Transport (China) Ltd.
36. Pingdingshan Green Forest Activated Carbon Factory
37. Pingdingshan Lvlin Activated Carbon Co., Ltd.
38. Pudong Prime International Logistics
39. Safround Logistics Co.
40. Seatrade International Transportation
41. Shanghai Caleb Industrial Co. Ltd.
42. Shanghai Express Global International
43. Shanghai Line Feng Int'l Transportation
44. Shanghai Pudong International Transportation
45. Shanghai Sunson Activated Carbon
46. Shanghai Xinjinhu Activated Carbon
47. Shanxi DMD Corp.
48. Shanxi Industry Technology Trading (ITT)
49. Shenzhen Calux Purification Technology Co., Ltd.
50. Shijiazhuang Tangju Trading Co.
51. Sinoacarbon International Trading Co., Ltd.
52. The Ultimate Solid Logistics Ltd.
53. T.H.I. Group (Shanghai) Ltd.
54. Tianjin Maijin Industries Co., Ltd.
55. Translink Shipping Inc.
56. Trans-Power International Logistics Co., Ltd.
57. Triple Eagle Container Line
58. U.S. United Logistics (Ningbo) Inc.
59. Yusen Logistics Co., Ltd.
60. Zhejiang Topc Chemical Industry
61. Zhengzhou Zhulin Activated Carbon

[FR Doc. 2021-28171 Filed 12-27-21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

#### Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) has received requests to conduct administrative reviews of various antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders with November anniversary dates. In accordance with Commerce's regulations, we are initiating those administrative reviews.

**DATES:** Applicable December 28, 2021.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Brenda E. Brown, AD/CVD Operations, Customs Liaison Unit, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482-4735.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

Commerce has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), for administrative reviews of various AD and CVD orders with November anniversary dates.

All deadlines for the submission of various types of information, certifications, or comments or actions by Commerce discussed below refer to the number of calendar days from the applicable starting time.

##### Notice of No Sales

If a producer or exporter named in this notice of initiation had no exports, sales, or entries during the period of review (POR), it must notify Commerce within 30 days of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. All submissions must be filed electronically at <https://access.trade.gov>, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303.<sup>1</sup> Such submissions are subject to verification, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Further, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303(f)(1)(i), a copy must be served on every party on Commerce's service list.

##### Respondent Selection

In the event Commerce limits the number of respondents for individual examination for administrative reviews initiated pursuant to requests made for the orders identified below, Commerce intends to select respondents based on U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) data for U.S. imports during the POR. We intend to place the CBP data on the record within five days of publication of the initiation notice and to make our decision regarding

respondent selection within 35 days of publication of the initiation **Federal Register** notice. Comments regarding the CBP data and respondent selection should be submitted within seven days after the placement of the CBP data on the record of this review. Parties wishing to submit rebuttal comments should submit those comments within five days after the deadline for the initial comments.

In the event Commerce decides it is necessary to limit individual examination of respondents and conduct respondent selection under section 777A(c)(2) of the Act, the following guidelines regarding collapsing of companies for purposes of respondent selection will apply. In general, Commerce has found that determinations concerning whether particular companies should be "collapsed" (e.g., treated as a single entity for purposes of calculating antidumping duty rates) require a substantial amount of detailed information and analysis, which often require follow-up questions and analysis. Accordingly, Commerce will not conduct collapsing analyses at the respondent selection phase of this review and will not collapse companies at the respondent selection phase unless there has been a determination to collapse certain companies in a previous segment of this AD proceeding (e.g., investigation, administrative review, new shipper review, or changed circumstances review). For any company subject to this review, if Commerce determined, or continued to treat, that company as collapsed with others, Commerce will assume that such companies continue to operate in the same manner and will collapse them for respondent selection purposes. Otherwise, Commerce will not collapse companies for purposes of respondent selection. Parties are requested to (a) identify which companies subject to review previously were collapsed, and (b) provide a citation to the proceeding in which they were collapsed. Further, if companies are requested to complete the Quantity and Value (Q&V) Questionnaire for purposes of respondent selection, in general, each company must report volume and value data separately for itself. Parties should not include data for any other party, even if they believe they should be treated as a single entity with that other party. If a company was collapsed with another company or companies in the most recently completed segment of this proceeding where Commerce considered collapsing that entity,

<sup>1</sup> See *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Electronic Filing Procedures; Administrative Protective Order Procedures*, 76 FR 39263 (July 6, 2011).

complete Q&V data for that collapsed entity must be submitted.

#### Deadline for Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), a party that has requested a review may withdraw that request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. The regulation provides that Commerce may extend this time if it is reasonable to do so. Determinations by Commerce to extend the 90-day deadline will be made on a case-by-case basis.

#### Deadline for Particular Market Situation Allegation

Section 504 of the Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015 amended the Act by adding the concept of a particular market situation (PMS) for purposes of constructed value under section 773(e) of the Act.<sup>2</sup> Section 773(e) of the Act states that “if a particular market situation exists such that the cost of materials and fabrication or other processing of any kind does not accurately reflect the cost of production in the ordinary course of trade, the administering authority may use another calculation methodology under this subtitle or any other calculation methodology.” When an interested party submits a PMS allegation pursuant to section 773(e) of the Act, Commerce will respond to such a submission consistent with 19 CFR 351.301(c)(2)(v). If Commerce finds that a PMS exists under section 773(e) of the Act, then it will modify its dumping calculations appropriately.

Neither section 773(e) of the Act nor 19 CFR 351.301(c)(2)(v) set a deadline for the submission of PMS allegations and supporting factual information. However, in order to administer section 773(e) of the Act, Commerce must receive PMS allegations and supporting factual information with enough time to consider the submission. Thus, should an interested party wish to submit a PMS allegation and supporting new factual information pursuant to section 773(e) of the Act, it must do so no later than 20 days after submission of initial responses to section D of the questionnaire.

#### Separate Rates

In proceedings involving non-market economy (NME) countries, Commerce

begins with a rebuttable presumption that all companies within the country are subject to government control and, thus, should be assigned a single antidumping duty deposit rate. It is Commerce’s policy to assign all exporters of merchandise subject to an administrative review in an NME country this single rate unless an exporter can demonstrate that it is sufficiently independent so as to be entitled to a separate rate.

To establish whether a firm is sufficiently independent from government control of its export activities to be entitled to a separate rate, Commerce analyzes each entity exporting the subject merchandise. In accordance with the separate rates criteria, Commerce assigns separate rates to companies in NME cases only if respondents can demonstrate the absence of both *de jure* and *de facto* government control over export activities.

All firms listed below that wish to qualify for separate rate status in the administrative reviews involving NME countries must complete, as appropriate, either a separate rate application or certification, as described below. For these administrative reviews, in order to demonstrate separate rate eligibility, Commerce requires entities for whom a review was requested, that were assigned a separate rate in the most recent segment of this proceeding in which they participated, to certify that they continue to meet the criteria for obtaining a separate rate. The Separate Rate Certification form will be available on Commerce’s website at <https://enforcement.trade.gov/nme/nme-sep-rate.html> on the date of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. In responding to the certification, please follow the “Instructions for Filing the Certification” in the Separate Rate Certification. Separate Rate Certifications are due to Commerce no later than 30 calendar days after publication of this **Federal Register** notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Certification applies equally to NME-owned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers who purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

Entities that currently do not have a separate rate from a completed segment of the proceeding<sup>3</sup> should timely file a

Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. In addition, companies that received a separate rate in a completed segment of the proceeding that have subsequently made changes, including, but not limited to, changes to corporate structure, acquisitions of new companies or facilities, or changes to their official company name,<sup>4</sup> should timely file a Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. The Separate Rate Application will be available on Commerce’s website at <https://enforcement.trade.gov/nme/nme-sep-rate.html> on the date of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. In responding to the Separate Rate Application, refer to the instructions contained in the application. Separate Rate Applications are due to Commerce no later than 30 calendar days after publication of this **Federal Register** notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Separate Rate Application applies equally to NME-owned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers that purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

Exporters and producers must file a timely Separate Rate Application or Certification if they want to be considered for respondent selection. Furthermore, exporters and producers who submit a Separate Rate Application or Certification and subsequently are selected as mandatory respondents will no longer be eligible for separate rate status unless they respond to all parts of the questionnaire as mandatory respondents.

#### Initiation of Reviews

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following AD and CVD orders and findings. We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than November 30, 2022.

preliminarily granted a separate rate in any currently incomplete segment of the proceeding (e.g., an ongoing administrative review, new shipper review, etc.) and entities that lost their separate rate in the most recently completed segment of the proceeding in which they participated.

<sup>4</sup> Only changes to the official company name, rather than trade names, need to be addressed via a Separate Rate Application. Information regarding new trade names may be submitted via a Separate Rate Certification.

<sup>2</sup> See Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015, Public Law 114–27, 129 Stat. 362 (2015).

<sup>3</sup> Such entities include entities that have not participated in the proceeding, entities that were

	Period to be reviewed
<b>AD Proceedings</b>	
AUSTRIA: Strontium Chromate, A-433-813 ..... Habich GmbH.	11/1/20-10/31/21
FRANCE: Strontium Chromate, A-427-830 ..... Societe Nouvelle des Couleurs Zinciques.	11/1/20-10/31/21
INDIA: Welded Stainless Pressure Pipe, A-533-867 ..... Apex Tubes Private Ltd. Apurvi Industries. Arihant Tubes. Divine Tubes Pvt. Ltd. Heavy Metal & Tubes. Hindustan Inox, Ltd. J.S.S. Steelitalia Ltd. Linkwell Seamless Tubes Private Limited. Maxim Tubes Company Pvt. Ltd. MBM Tubes Pvt. Ltd. Mukat Tanks & Vessel Ltd. Neotiss Ltd. Prakash Steelage Ltd. Quality Stainless Pvt. Ltd. Raajratna Metal Industries Ltd. Ratnadeep Metal & Tubes Ltd. Ratnamani Metals & Tubes Ltd. Remi Edelstahl Tubulars. Shubhlaxmi Metals & Tubes Private Limited. SLS Tubes Pvt. Ltd. Steamline Industries Ltd.	11/1/20-10/31/21
INDONESIA: Monosodium Glutamate, A-560-826 ..... PT Cheil Jedang Indonesia. PT Miwon Indonesia.	11/1/20 -10/31/21
MEXICO: Seamless Refined Copper Pipe and Tube, A-201-838 ..... GD Affiliates S. de R.L. de C.V. Nacional de Cobre, S.A. de C.V. IUSA, S.A. de C.V.	11/1/20-10/31/21
MEXICO: Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar, A-201-844 ..... Aceros Especiales Simec Tlaxcala, S.A. de C.V. ArcelorMittal Mexico SA de CV. Compania Siderurgica del Pacifico S.A. de C.V. Deacero S.A.P.I. de C.V. Fundiciones de Acero Estructurales, S.A. de C.V. Grupo Acerero S.A. de C.V. Grupo Simec. Grupo Chant, S.A.P.I. de C.V. Operadora de Perfiles Sigosa, S.A. de C.V. Orge S.A. de C.V. Perfiles Comerciales Sigosa, S.A. de C.V. RRLC S.A.P.I. de C.V. Sidertul S.A. de C.V. Siderurgica del Occidente y Pacifico S.A. de C.V. Siderurgicos Noroeste, S.A. de C.V. Simec International, S.A. de C.V. Simec International 6 S.A. de C.V. Simec International 7 S.A. de C.V. Simec International 9 S.A. de C.V.	11/1/20-10/31/21
REPUBLIC OF KOREA: Certain Circular Welded Non-Alloy Steel Pipe, A-580-809 ..... Aju Besteel. Bookook Steel. Chang Won Bending. Dae Ryung. Daewoo Shipbuilding & Marine Engineering (Dsme). Daiduck Piping. Dong Yang Steel Pipe. Dongbu Steel. Eew Korea Company. Histeel. Husteel Co., Ltd. Hyundai Rb. Hyundai Steel (Pipe Division). Hyundai Steel Company. Kiduck Industries. Kum Kang Kind. Kumsoo Connecting. Miju Steel Mfg.	11/1/20-10/31/21

	Period to be reviewed
<p>Nexteel Co., Ltd.  Samkang M &amp; T.  Seah Fs.  Seah Steel.  Steel Flower.  Vesta Co., Ltd.  Ycp Co.</p>	
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof, A-570-900 .....</p> <p>ASHINE Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Bosun Tools Co., Ltd.  Chengdu Huifeng New Material Technology Co. Ltd.  Danyang City Ou Di Ma Tools Co., Ltd.  Danyang Hantronic Import &amp; Export Co., Ltd.  Danyang Huachang Diamond Tool Manufacturing Co., Ltd.  Danyang Like Tools Manufacturing Co., Ltd.  Danyang NYCL Tools Manufacturing Co., Ltd.  Danyang Tongyu Tools Co., Ltd.  Danyang Tsunda Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Danyang Weiwang Tools Manufacturing Co., Ltd.  Diamond Tools Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.  Fujian Quanzhou Aotu Precise Machine Co., Ltd.  Guilin Tebon Superhard Material Co., Ltd.  Hangzhou Deer King Industrial and Trading Co., Ltd.  Hangzhou Kingburg Import &amp; Export Co., Ltd.  Hebei XMF Tools Group Co., Ltd.  Henan Huanghe Whirlwind International Co., Ltd.  Hong Kong Hao Xin International Group Limited.  Hubei Changjiang Precision Engineering Materials Technology Co., Ltd.  Hubei Sheng Bai Rui Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Husqvarna (Hebei) Co., Ltd.  Huzhou Gu's Import &amp; Export Co., Ltd.  Jiangsu Fengtai Diamond Tool Manufacture Co., Ltd.  Jiangsu Fengtai Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Jiangsu Huachang Diamond Tools Manufacturing Co., Ltd.  Jiangsu Inter-China Group Corporation.  Jiangsu Yaofeng Tools Co., Ltd.  Jiangsu Youhe Tool Manufacturer Co., Ltd.  Orient Gain International Limited.  Pantos Logistics (HK) Company Limited.  Protec Tools Co., Ltd.  Pujiang Talent Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Qingdao Hyosung Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Qingdao Shinhan Diamond Industrial Co., Ltd.  Qingyuan Shangtai Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Quanzhou Sunny Superhard Tools Co., Ltd.  Quanzhou Zhongzhi Diamond Tool Co., Ltd.  Rizhao Hein Saw Co., Ltd.  Saint-Gobain Abrasives (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  Shanghai Jingquan Industrial Trade Co., Ltd.  Shanghai Starcraft Tools Co. Ltd.  Shanghai Vinon Tools Industrial Co.  Sino Tools Co., Ltd.  Weihai Xiangguang Mechanical Industrial Co., Ltd.  Wuhan Baiyi Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.  Wuhan Sadia Trading Co., Ltd.  Wuhan Wanbang Laser Diamond Tools Co. Ltd.  Wuhan ZhaoHua Technology Co., Ltd.  Xiamen ZL Diamond Technology Co., Ltd.  Zhejiang Wanli Tools Group Co., Ltd.  ZL Diamond Technology Co., Ltd.  ZL Diamond Tools Co., Ltd.</p>	11/1/20-10/31/21
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Fresh Garlic, A-570-831 .....</p> <p>Laiwu Ever Green Food Co., Ltd.  Laiwu Manhing Vegetables Fruits Corp.  Shandong Dongsheng Eastsun Foods Co., Ltd.  Wu Qiang Xian Long Gao Trading LLC.  Zhengzhou Harmoni Spice Co., Ltd.</p>	11/1/20-10/31/21
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Forged Steel Fittings, A-570-067 .....</p> <p>Both-Well (Taizhou) Steel Fittings Co., Ltd.  Cixi Baicheng Hardware Tools, Ltd.  Dalian Guangming Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd.  Eaton Hydraulics (Luzhou) Co., Ltd.  Eaton Hydraulics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.</p>	11/1/20-10/31/21

	Period to be reviewed
Jiangsu Forged Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Haida Pipe Fittings Group Co. Jinan Mech Piping Technology Co., Ltd. Jining Dingguan Precision Parts Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Lianfa Stainless Steel Pipes & Valves (Qingyun) Co., Ltd. Luzhou City Chengrun Mechanics Co., Ltd. Ningbo HongTe Industrial Co., Ltd. Ningbo Long Teng Metal Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Ningbo Save Technology Co., Ltd. Ningbo Zhongan Forging Co., Ltd. Q.C. Witness International Co., Ltd. Qingdao Bestflow Industrial Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lon Au Stainless Steel Materials Co., Ltd. Witness International Co., Ltd. Xin Yi International Trade Co., Limited. Yancheng Boyue Tube Co., Ltd. Yancheng Haohui Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Yancheng Jiuwei Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Yancheng Manda Pipe Industry Co., Ltd. Yingkou Guangming Pipeline Industry Co., Ltd. Yuyao Wanlei Pipe Fitting Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Polyethylene Terephthalate (Pet) Film, A-570-924 .....	11/1/20-10/31/21
Fuwei Films (Shandong) Co., Ltd. Shaoxing Xiangyu Green Packing Co., Ltd. Sichuan Dongfang Insulating Material Co., Ltd. Tianjin Wanhua Co., Ltd.	
<b>CVD Proceedings</b>	
INDIA: Stainless Steel Flanges, C-533-878 .....	1/1/20-12/31/20
Jay Jagdamba Forgings Private Limited <sup>5</sup> . Katariya Steel Distributors <sup>6</sup> .	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Chlorinated Isocyanurates, C-570-991 .....	1/1/20-12/31/20
Hebei Jiheng Chemical Co., Ltd. Heze Huayi Chemical Co., Ltd. Juancheng Kangtai Chemical Co., Ltd.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Forged Steel Fittings, C-570-068 .....	1/1/20-12/31/20
Both-Well (Taizhou) Steel Fittings Co., Ltd. Cixi Baicheng Hardware Tools, Ltd. Dalian Guangming Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Eaton Hydraulics (Luzhou) Co., Ltd. Eaton Hydraulics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Forged Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Haida Pipe Fittings Group Co. Ltd. Jinan Mech Piping Technology Co., Ltd. Jining Dingguan Precision Parts Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Lianfa Stainless Steel Pipes & Valves (Qingyun) Co., Ltd. Luzhou City Chengrun Mechanics Co., Ltd. Ningbo HongTe Industrial Co., Ltd. Ningbo Long Teng Metal Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Ningbo Save Technology Co., Ltd. Ningbo Zhongan Forging Co., Ltd. Q.C. Witness International Co., Ltd. Qingdao Bestflow Industrial Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lon Au Stainless Steel Materials Co., Ltd. Witness International Co., Ltd. Xin Yi International Trade Co., Limited. Yancheng Boyue Tube Co., Ltd. Yancheng Haohui Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Yancheng Jiuwei Pipe Fittings Co., Ltd. Yancheng Manda Pipe Industry Co., Ltd. Yingkou Guangming Pipeline Industry Co., Ltd. Yuyao Wanlei Pipe Fitting Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	
TURKEY: Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar, C-489-819 .....	1/1/20-12/31/20
Acemar International Limited. A G Royce Metal Marketing. Agir Haddecilik A.S. Ans Kargo Lojistik Tas ve Tic. As Gaz Sinai ve Tibbi Gazlar A.S. Asil Celik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S. Bastug Metalurji Sanayi AS. Baykan Dis Ticaret. Colakoglu Dis Ticaret A.S. and Colakoglu Metalurji A.S. <sup>7</sup> . Demirsan Haddecilik Sanayi Ve Ticaret AS. Diler Dis Ticaret AS.	

	Period to be reviewed
<p>Ege Celik Endustrisi Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.  Icdas Celik Enerji Tersane ve Ulasim Sanayi A.S.<sup>8</sup>.  Izmir Demir Celik Sanayi A.S.  Kaptan Demir Celik Endustrisi ve Ticaret A.S. and Kaptan Metal Dis Ticaret ve Nakliyat A.S.<sup>9</sup>.  Kibar dis Ticaret A.S.  Kocaer Haddecilik Sanayi Ve Ticar A.S.  Meral Makina lml lth lth Gida.  Mettech Metalurji Madencilik Uretim Danismanlik ve Ticaret Limited Sirketi.  MMZ Onur Boru Profil A.S.  Ozkan Demir Celik Sanayi A.S.  Sami Soybas Demir Sanayi ve Ticaret.  Wilmar Europe Trading BV.  Yucel Boru Ihracat lthalat ve Pazarlama.</p>	

### Suspension Agreements

None.

### Duty Absorption Reviews

During any administrative review covering all or part of a period falling between the first and second or third and fourth anniversary of the publication of an AD order under 19 CFR 351.211 or a determination under 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4) to continue an order or suspended investigation (after sunset review), Commerce, if requested by a domestic interested party within 30 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the review, will determine whether AD duties have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to the review if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer that is affiliated with such exporter or producer. The

<sup>5</sup> This company's name was incorrect in the initiation notice that published on November 29, 2021 (86 FR 67685).

<sup>6</sup> This company was omitted from the initiation notice that published on November 29, 2021 (86 FR 67685).

<sup>7</sup> Commerce previously found these companies to be cross owned. See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Turkey: Final Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review*; 2015, 83 FR 16051 (April 13, 2018).

<sup>8</sup> Commerce previously found this company to be cross owned with: Mardas Marmara Deniz Isletmeciligi A.S.; Artmak Denizcilik Ticaret ve Sanayi A.S.; Oraysan Insaat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.; Artim Demir Insaat Turizm Sanayi Ticaret Ltd. Sti.; Anka Entansif Hayvancilik Gida Tarim Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.; Eras Tasimacilik Taahhut Insaat ve Ticaret A.S.; and Karsan Gemi Insaat Sanayi Ticaret A.S. See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Turkey: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review and Rescission*, in part; 2018, 86 FR 53279 (September 27, 2021).

<sup>9</sup> Commerce previously found these companies to be cross owned with: Kaptan Is Makinalari Hurda Alim Satim Ltd. Sti.; Efesan Demir San. Ve Tic. A.S.; Martas Marmara Ereğlisi Liman Tesisleri A.S.; Aset Madencilik A.S.; and Nur Gemicilik ve Tic. A.S. See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Turkey: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review and Rescission*, in part; 2018, 86 FR 53279 (September 27, 2021).

request must include the name(s) of the exporter or producer for which the inquiry is requested.

### Gap Period Liquidation

For the first administrative review of any order, there will be no assessment of antidumping or countervailing duties on entries of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the relevant "gap" period of the order (*i.e.*, the period following the expiry of provisional measures and before definitive measures were put into place), if such a gap period is applicable to the POR.

### Administrative Protective Orders and Letters of Appearance

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with the procedures outlined in Commerce's regulations at 19 CFR 351.305. Those procedures apply to administrative reviews included in this notice of initiation. Parties wishing to participate in any of these administrative reviews should ensure that they meet the requirements of these procedures (*e.g.*, the filing of separate letters of appearance as discussed at 19 CFR 351.103(d)).

### Factual Information Requirements

Commerce's regulations identify five categories of factual information in 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21), which are summarized as follows: (i) Evidence submitted in response to questionnaires; (ii) evidence submitted in support of allegations; (iii) publicly available information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c) or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2); (iv) evidence placed on the record by Commerce; and (v) evidence other than factual information described in (i)–(iv). These regulations require any party, when submitting factual information, to specify under

which subsection of 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21) the information is being submitted and, if the information is submitted to rebut, clarify, or correct factual information already on the record, to provide an explanation identifying the information already on the record that the factual information seeks to rebut, clarify, or correct. The regulations, at 19 CFR 351.301, also provide specific time limits for such factual submissions based on the type of factual information being submitted. Please review the *Final Rule*,<sup>10</sup> available at [www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2013-07-17/pdf/2013-17045.pdf](http://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2013-07-17/pdf/2013-17045.pdf), prior to submitting factual information in this segment. Note that Commerce has temporarily modified certain of its requirements for serving documents containing business proprietary information, until further notice.<sup>11</sup>

Any party submitting factual information in an AD or CVD proceeding must certify to the accuracy and completeness of that information using the formats provided at the end of the *Final Rule*.<sup>12</sup> Commerce intends to reject factual submissions in any proceeding segments if the submitting party does not comply with applicable certification requirements.

### Extension of Time Limits Regulation

Parties may request an extension of time limits before a time limit established under Part 351 expires, or as

<sup>10</sup> See *Certification of Factual Information To Import Administration During Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings*, 78 FR 42678 (July 17, 2013) (*Final Rule*); see also the frequently asked questions regarding the *Final Rule*, available at [https://enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual\\_info\\_final\\_rule\\_FAQ\\_07172013.pdf](https://enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual_info_final_rule_FAQ_07172013.pdf).

<sup>11</sup> See *Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID-19*, 85 FR 41363 (July 10, 2020).

<sup>12</sup> See section 782(b) of the Act; see also *Final Rule*; and the frequently asked questions regarding the *Final Rule*, available at [https://enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual\\_info\\_final\\_rule\\_FAQ\\_07172013.pdf](https://enforcement.trade.gov/tlei/notices/factual_info_final_rule_FAQ_07172013.pdf).

otherwise specified by Commerce.<sup>13</sup> In general, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after the time limit established under Part 351 expires. For submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after 10:00 a.m. on the due date. Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) Case and rebuttal briefs, filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309; (2) factual information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c), or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2), filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3) and rebuttal, clarification and correction filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3)(iv); (3) comments concerning the selection of a surrogate country and surrogate values and rebuttal; (4) comments concerning CBP data; and (5) Q&V questionnaires. Under certain circumstances, Commerce may elect to specify a different time limit by which extension requests will be considered untimely for submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously. In such a case, Commerce will inform parties in the letter or memorandum setting forth the deadline (including a specified time) by which extension requests must be filed to be considered timely. This policy also requires that an extension request must be made in a separate, stand-alone submission, and clarifies the circumstances under which Commerce will grant untimely-filed requests for the extension of time limits. Please review the *Final Rule*, available at <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-09-20/html/2013-22853.htm>, prior to submitting factual information in these segments.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: December 21, 2021.

**James Maeder,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.*

[FR Doc. 2021–28172 Filed 12–27–21; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**International Trade Administration**

[A–469–817]

**Ripe Olives From Spain: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020**

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that the producers/exporters subject to this review made sales of subject merchandise in the United States at less than normal value during the period of review (POR) August 1, 2019, through July 31, 2020.

**DATES:** Applicable December 28, 2021.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Jacob Keller or Christopher Williams, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4849 and 202–482–5166, respectively.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

On September 7, 2021, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* of the 2019–2020 administrative review of the antidumping duty order on ripe olives from Spain.<sup>1</sup> This administrative review covers five producers or exporters of the subject merchandise including the two mandatory respondents, Agro Sevilla Aceitunas S.Coop. And. (Agro Sevilla) and Angel Camacho Alimentacion S.L. (Angel Camacho). We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*. On October 8, 2021, we received case briefs from the domestic interested party, Musco Family Olive Company (Musco) and from the mandatory respondents, Agro Sevilla and Angel Camacho.<sup>2</sup> On October 19, 2021, Musco, Agro Sevilla, and Angel Camacho submitted rebuttal briefs.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See *Ripe Olives from Spain: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020*, 86 FR 50052 (September 7, 2021) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>2</sup> See Musco's Letters, "Ripe Olives from Spain; 2nd Administrative Review Musco Case Brief Concerning Agro Sevilla," dated October 8, 2021; and "Ripe Olives from Spain; 2nd Administrative Review Musco Case Brief Concerning Camacho," dated October 8, 2021; see also Agro Sevilla's Letter, "Agro Sevilla's Case Brief: Ripe Olives from Spain (08/01/2019–07/31/2020)," dated October 8, 2021; and Angel Camacho's Letter, "Camacho's Case Brief: Ripe Olives from Spain (08/01/2019–07/31/2020)," dated October 8, 2021.

<sup>3</sup> See Musco's Letters, "Ripe Olives from Spain; 2nd Administrative Review Musco Rebuttal Brief

Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

**Scope of the Order**

The merchandise subject to the *Order*<sup>4</sup> are ripe olives. A full description of the scope of the order is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>5</sup>

**Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum and are listed in the Appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

**Changes Since the Preliminary Results**

Based on the comments received from interested parties regarding our *Preliminary Results*, and for the reasons explained in the Issues and Decision memorandum, we made certain changes for the final results of review.

**Final Results of the Administrative Review**

We determine that the following weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period August 1, 2019, through July 31, 2020:

Concerning Agro Sevilla," dated October 19, 2021; and "Ripe Olives from Spain; 2nd Administrative Review Musco Rebuttal Brief Concerning Camacho," dated October 19, 2021; see also Agro Sevilla's Letter, "Agro Sevilla's Rebuttal Brief: Ripe Olives from Spain (08/01/2019–07/31/2020)," dated October 19, 2021; and Angel Camacho's Letter, "Rebuttal Brief of Angel Camacho Alimentacion, S.L.: Ripe Olives from Spain (08/01/2019–07/31/2020)," dated October 19, 2021.

<sup>4</sup> See *Ripe Olives from Spain: Antidumping Duty Order*, 83 FR 37465 (August 1, 2018) (*Order*); see also *Ripe Olives from Spain: Notice of Correction to Antidumping Duty Order*, 83 FR 39691 (August 10, 2018) (*Order*).

<sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, "Ripe Olives from Spain: Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>13</sup> See 19 CFR 351.302.