

106. RDR Exports
107. R F Exports
108. RF Exports Private Limited
109. R V R Marine Products Limited
110. Raju Exports
111. Raunaq Ice & Cold Storage
112. Royal Imports and Exports
113. Rupsha Fish Private Limited
114. S Chanchala Combines Private Limited
115. Sagar Samrat Seafoods
116. Sahada Exports
117. Salet Seafoods Private Limited
118. Samaki Exports Private Limited
119. Sasoodock Matsyodyog Sahakari Society Ltd.
120. Seagold Overseas Pvt. Ltd.
121. Shimpo Exports Private Limited
122. Shimpo Seafoods Private Limited
123. Shiva Frozen Food Exp. Pvt. Ltd.
124. Shroff Processed Food & Cold Storage P Ltd.
125. Silver Seafood
126. Sita Marine Exports
127. Sonia Fisheries Private Limited
128. Sri Sakkthi Cold Storage
129. SSF Ltd.
130. Star Agro Marine Exports Private Limited
131. Star Organic Foods Private Limited
132. Stellar Marine Foods Private Limited
133. Sterling Foods
134. Sun Agro Exim
135. Supran Exim Private Limited
136. Suvama Rekha Exports Private Limited
137. Suvama Rekha Marines P Ltd.
138. TBR Exports Pvt Ltd.
139. Teekay Marine P. Ltd.
140. The Waterbase Limited
141. Triveni Fisheries P Ltd.
142. U & Company Marine Exports
143. Ulka Sea Foods Private Limited
144. Uniroyal Marine Exports Ltd.
145. Unitriveni Overseas
146. Vasai Frozen Food Co.
147. Veronica Marine Exports Private Limited
148. Victoria Marine & Agro Exports Ltd.
149. Vinner Marine
150. Vitality Aquaculture Pvt. Ltd.
151. VRC Marine Foods LLP
152. Zeal Aqua Limited

[FR Doc. 2021-25771 Filed 11-24-21; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-943, C-570-944]

Oil Country Tubular Goods From the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determinations of Circumvention

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of welded oil country tubular goods (OCTG) completed in Brunei or the Philippines using inputs manufactured in the People's Republic of China

(China) are circumventing the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on OCTG from China.

DATES: Applicable November 26, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Yang Jin Chun or John Drury, AD/CVD Operations Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-5760 and (202) 482-0195, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 10, 2021, Commerce published the preliminary affirmative determinations of circumvention of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on welded OCTG from China.¹ In the *Preliminary Determinations*, Commerce extended the deadline for the final determinations of these circumvention inquiries to October 28, 2021.² On October 18, 2021, Commerce extended the deadline for the final determinations of these circumvention inquiries to November 19, 2021.³

We received case and rebuttal briefs with respect to the *Preliminary Determinations*. We conducted these circumvention inquiries in accordance with section 781(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.225(h).

Scope of the Orders

The products covered by the orders are certain OCTG, which are hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including oil well casing and tubing, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, regardless of end finish. A full description of the scope of the orders is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁴ The written description is dispositive.

Scope of the Circumvention Inquiries

These circumvention inquiries cover welded OCTG completed in Brunei or

¹ See *Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determinations of Circumvention*, 86 FR 43627 (August 10, 2021) (*Preliminary Determinations*).

² *Id.* at 43629.

³ See Memorandum, "Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Extension of Deadline for Final Determinations of the Anti-Circumvention Inquiries of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders," dated October 18, 2021.

⁴ See Memorandum, "Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Issues and Decision Memorandum for Final Affirmative Determinations of Circumvention," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum) at 2-3.

the Philippines using inputs manufactured in China and subsequently exported from Brunei or the Philippines to the United States.⁵

Methodology

Commerce is conducting these circumvention inquiries in accordance with section 781(b) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.225(h). For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce's final determinations, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <http://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties in these inquiries are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues raised is attached to this notice as an appendix. Based on our analysis of the comments received, we made a change to the *Preliminary Determinations*.

Final Affirmative Determinations

As detailed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, we determine that welded OCTG assembled or completed in Brunei or the Philippines using inputs manufactured in China and subsequently exported from Brunei or the Philippines to the United States are circumventing the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on OCTG from China. Therefore, we determine that it is appropriate to include this merchandise within the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders of OCTG from China and to instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to continue to suspend any entries of merchandise produced using Chinese inputs in Brunei or the Philippines and exported to the United States.

Continued Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(l)(3), based on these final determinations in these circumvention inquiries, Commerce will direct CBP to continue to suspend liquidation and to require a cash deposit of estimated duties on unliquidated entries of

⁵ See *Preliminary Determinations*, 86 FR 43628.

welded OCTG completed in Brunei or the Philippines using inputs manufactured in China, subsequently exported from Brunei or the Philippines to the United States, and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after November 12, 2020, the date of publication of the notice of initiation of these circumvention inquiries.⁶ The suspension of liquidation will remain in effect until further notice. As we explained in the *Preliminary Determinations*,⁷ Commerce will instruct CBP to require antidumping duty cash deposits equal to the rate established for the China-wide entity, *i.e.*, 99.14 percent,⁸ and countervailing duty cash deposits equal to the current all-others rate, *i.e.*, 27.08 percent.⁹

Welded OCTG assembled or completed in Brunei or the Philippines using non-Chinese inputs is not subject to these circumvention inquiries. However, because the mandatory respondents are unable to track welded OCTG to the country of origin of inputs used in the production of welded OCTG,¹⁰ Commerce did not implement a certification process at the preliminary stage and required cash deposits on all entries of welded OCTG produced in Brunei or the Philippines.¹¹ We invited parties to comment on this issue in their case briefs and we received comments from the mandatory respondents on this issue. For the final determinations, we will not implement a certification process for welded OCTG already suspended,¹² and we will require cash deposits on all entries of welded OCTG produced in either Brunei or the Philippines, with a slight modification from the *Preliminary Determinations*.¹³ However, producers and/or exporters in Brunei or the Philippines may request reconsideration of our denial of the

⁶ See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 5; see also *Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Self-Initiation of Anti-Circumvention Inquiries on the Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders*, 85 FR 71877 (November 12, 2020).

⁷ See *Preliminary Determinations*, 86 FR 43628.

⁸ See *Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2017–2018*, 84 FR 32125, 32126 (July 5, 2019).

⁹ See *Oil Country Tubular Goods from the People's Republic of China: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony With the Amended Final Determination of the Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 82 FR 25770 (June 5, 2017).

¹⁰ See, e.g., HLDS (B) Steel Sdn. Bhd.'s Letter, "HLDSB Initial Questionnaire Response," dated March 16, 2021 at 25; and HLD Clark Steel Pipe Co., Inc.'s Letter, "HLD Clark Initial Questionnaire Response," dated March 16, 2021 at 26.

¹¹ See *Preliminary Determinations*, 86 FR 43628.

¹² See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 4.

¹³ *Id.* at Comment 5.

certification process in a future segment of the proceeding, *i.e.*, a changed circumstances review or administrative review.¹⁴

Administrative Protective Order

This notice will serve as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of return/destruction or APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

These final affirmative determinations of circumvention are issued and published in accordance with section 781(b) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.225(f).

Dated: November 19, 2021.

Ryan Majerus,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Orders
- IV. Scope of the Circumvention Inquiries
- V. The Period of Inquiries
- VI. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Production of Hot-Rolled Steel vs. Production of OCTG
 - Comment 2: Production Processes
 - Comment 3: Appropriateness of Finding Circumvention
 - Comment 4: Certification Eligibility
 - Comment 5: Effective Date of Suspension of Liquidation
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2021–25832 Filed 11–24–21; 8:45 am]

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¹⁴ See, e.g., *Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Final Determination of Anti-Circumvention Inquiry*, 85 FR 9737, 9739 (February 20, 2020) ("However, Protech may request reconsideration of our denial of the certification process in a future segment of the proceeding, *i.e.*, a changed circumstances review or administrative review."); see also *Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review*, 85 FR 86905 (December 31, 2020) ("... Protech is eligible to participate in a certification process because Protech has demonstrated that it can identify diamond sawblades that it produced in Canada using non-Chinese cores and Chinese segments.").

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–201–842]

Large Residential Washers From Mexico: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that sales of large residential washers from Mexico were made at less than normal value during the period of review (POR) February 1, 2019, through January 31, 2020.

DATES: Applicable November 24, 2021 November 26, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Elizabeth Eastwood, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3874.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This review covers one producer/exporter of the subject merchandise, Electrolux Home Products Corp. N.V. and Electrolux Home Products de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (collectively, Electrolux). On June 28, 2021, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results*.¹ On July 28, 2021, we received a case brief on behalf of Electrolux.² On August 4, 2021, we received a rebuttal brief on behalf of Whirlpool Corporation (the petitioner).³

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order are all large residential washers and certain subassemblies thereof from Mexico. The products are currently classifiable under subheadings 8450.20.0040 and 8450.20.0080 of the Harmonized Tariff System of the United States (HTSUS). Products subject to this order may also enter under HTSUS subheadings 8450.11.0040, 8450.11.0080, 8450.90.2000, and 8450.90.6000. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the

¹ See *Preliminary Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2019–2020*, 86 FR 33986 (June 28, 2021) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See Electrolux's Letter, "Case Brief of Electrolux," dated August 4, 2021.

³ See Petitioner's Letter, "Brief of Whirlpool Corporation," dated August 4, 2021.