239.1 and placing it immediately before subpart 239.1.

239.7602–1 [Amended]
■ 31. Amend section 239.7602–2 by adding a sentence at the end of paragraph (b) to read as follows:

239.7602–2 Required storage of data within the United States or outlying areas.
* * * * *
(b) * * * See PGI 239.7602–2 for additional guidance.

PART 242—CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION AND AUDIT SERVICES

■ 32. Revise the heading for section 242.1204 to read as follows:

242.1204 Applicability of novation agreements.
* * * * *

PART 245—GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

■ 33. Revise the heading for section 245.604 to read as follows:

245.604 Sale of surplus personal property.

245.604–3 [Redesignated as 245.604–1]
■ 34. Redesignate section 245.604–3 as 245.604–1 and revise it to read as follows:

245.604–1 Sales procedures.
(1) Best value sales approach. Plant clearance officers shall determine a best value sales approach (formal or informal sales), to include due consideration for costs, risks, and benefits, e.g., potential sales proceeds.
(2) Informal bid procedures. The plant clearance officer may direct the contractor to issue informal invitations for bid (orally, telephonically, or by other informal media), provided—
(i) Maximum practical competition is obtained;
(ii) Sources solicited are recorded; and
(iii) Informal bids are confirmed in writing.
(3) Sale approval and award. Plant clearance officers shall—
(i) Evaluate bids to establish that the sale price is fair and reasonable, taking into consideration—
(A) Knowledge or tests of the market;
(B) Current published prices for the property;
(C) The nature, condition, quantity, and location of the property; and
(D) Past sale history for like or similar items;
(ii) Approve award to the responsible bidder whose bid is most advantageous to the Government. The plant clearance officer shall not approve award to any bidder who is an ineligible transferee, as defined in 252.245–7004, Reporting, Reutilization, and Disposal; and
(iii) Notify the contractor of the bidder to whom an award will be made within 5 working days from receipt of bids.
(4) Noncompetitive sales.
(i) Noncompetitive sales include purchases or retention at less than cost by the contractor. Noncompetitive sales may be made when—
(A) The plant clearance officer determines that this method is essential to expeditious plant clearance; and
(B) The Government’s interests are adequately protected.
(ii) Noncompetitive sales shall be at fair and reasonable prices, not less than those reasonably expected under competitive sales.
(iii) Conditions justifying noncompetitive sales are—
(A) No acceptable bids are received under competitive sale;
(B) Anticipated sales proceeds do not warrant competitive sale;
(C) Specialized nature of the property would not create bidder interest;
(D) Removal of the property would reduce its value or result in disproportionate handling expenses; or
(E) Such action is essential to the Government’s interests.
(5) Plant clearance officers shall consider any special disposal requirements such as demilitarization or trade security control requirements in accordance with DoDM 4160.28–M, Defense Demilitarization Manual, and DoDI 2030.06, Implementation of Trade Security Controls, respectively. See PGI 245.6.

PART 246—QUALITY ASSURANCE

246.701 [Removed]
■ 35. Remove the first instance of section 246.701 (without heading and text).
■ 36. Add section 246.702 to read as follows: 246.702 General.

246.701 [Redesignated as 246.702–70]
■ 37. Redesignate the second instance of section 246.701 (headed “Definitions”) as 246.702–70.
■ 38. Revise the heading for section 246.710 to read as follows:

246.710 Contract clauses.
* * * * *
1. On page 55742, in the second column, in amendment 7a for § 383.73, in paragraph (a), “(3)” is corrected to read “Adding paragraph (a)(8) instead of paragraph (a)(3).”

2. On page 55742, in the second column, in the regulatory text for § 383.73, in paragraph (a), “(3)” is corrected to read “(8)”.

Issued under authority delegated in 49 CFR 1.87 and redelegated in FMCSA Order 1101.1b.

Larry W. Minor, Associate Administrator for Policy.

[FR Doc. 2021–23596 Filed 10–28–21; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 210325–0071; RTID 0648–X8447]

Fishing of the Northeastern United States; Atlantic Herring Fishery; Adjustment to the 2021 Specifications

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; inseason adjustment.

SUMMARY: NMFS increases the 2021 Atlantic herring annual catch limit and Area 1A sub-annual catch limit by 1,000 metric tons (mt). This action is required by the herring regulations when, based on data through October 1, the New Brunswick weir fishery lands less than 3,012 mt of herring. This notice informs the public of these catch limit changes.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Maria Fenton, Fishery Management Specialist, (978) 281–9196; or Maria.Fenton@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS published final 2021 specifications for the Atlantic Herring Fishery Management Plan on April 1, 2021 (86 FR 17081), establishing the 2021 annual catch limit (ACL) and area sub-ACLs. Table 1 shows the original herring specifications for 2021 and the specifications as revised by this action for the remainder of the calendar year.

The NMFS Regional Administrator tracks herring landings in the New Brunswick weir fishery each year. The regulations at 50 CFR 648.201(h) require that if the New Brunswick weir fishery landings through October 1 are determined to be less than 3,012 mt, then NMFS subtracts 1,000 mt from the management uncertainty buffer and reallocates that amount to the ACL and Area 1A sub-ACL. When such a determination is made, NMFS is required to notify the New England Fishery Management Council and publish the ACL and Area 1A sub-ACL adjustment in the Federal Register.

Information from Canada’s Department of Fisheries and Oceans indicates that the New Brunswick weir fishery landed 1,209 mt of herring through October 1, 2021. Therefore, the Regional Administrator determined that, effective October 29, 2021, 1,000 mt will be reallocated from the management uncertainty buffer to the Area 1A sub-ACL and the ACL. This 1,000 mt reallocation increases the Area 1A sub-ACL from 1,609 mt to 2,609 mt and the ACL from 4,128 mt to 5,128 mt. The revised specifications will be used to project when catch will reach 92 percent of the Area 1A sub-ACL or 95 percent of the ACL for the purpose of implementing a 2,000-pound (lb) (907-kilogram (kg)) herring possession limit in Area 1A or in all management areas, respectively.

### Table 1—Atlantic Herring Specifications for 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Original specifications (mt)</th>
<th>Revised specifications (mt)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overfishing Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td>23,423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acceptable Biological Catch</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management Uncertainty</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,669</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optimum Yield/ACL</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Annual Harvest</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Transfer</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Annual Processing</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. At-Sea Processing</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area 1A Sub-ACL (28.9%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area 1B Sub-ACL (4.3%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area 2 Sub-ACL (27.8%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>652</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area 3 Sub-ACL (39%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Gear Set-Aside</td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Set-Aside (RSA)*</td>
<td></td>
<td>0 percent of each sub-ACL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Because RSA participants are not pursing RSA in 2021, we did not deduct it from the sub-ACLs. RSA will be revisited for 2023–2025 specifications.