Policies and Practices for Retention and Disposal of Records:

System’s sole function is to receive and integrate data from two or more other systems and export the resultant product to yet another independent system. These records are maintained as temporary which may be destroyed upon verification of successful creation of the final document or file, or when no longer needed for business use, whichever is later.

Administrative, Technical, and Physical Safeguards:

Access to the type and amount of data is governed by privilege management software and policies developed and enforced by Federal government personnel. Data is protected by repository and interfaces, including, but not limited to multi-layered firewalls, Secure Sockets Layer/Transport Layer Security (SSL/TLS) connections, access control lists, file system permissions, intrusion detection and prevention systems and log monitoring. Complete access to all records is restricted to and controlled by certified system management personnel, who are responsible for maintaining the IdSS system integrity and the data confidentiality. Access to computerized data is restricted by CAC.

Record Access Procedures:

Individuals seeking access to their records should follow the procedures in 32 CFR part 310. Individuals should address written inquiries to the FOIA Service Center, Defense Information Systems Agency, ATTN: Headquarters FOIA Requester Service Center, P.O. Box 549, Ft. Meade, MD 20755–0549. Signed, written requests should include the individual’s full name, current address, telephone number, and the name and number of this system of records notice. In addition, the requester must provide either a notarized statement or an unsworn declaration made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. 1746, in the following format: “I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on (date). (Signature).” If executed outside the United States: “I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on (date). (Signature).”

Contesting Record Procedures:

The DoD rules for accessing records, contesting contents, and appealing initial Component determinations are contained in 32 CFR part 310, or may be obtained from the system manager.

Notification procedures:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system of records should follow the instructions for Record Access Procedures above.

Exemptions Promulgated for the System:

None.

History:


Department of the Defense

Department of the army, Corps of Engineers

Withdrawal of the Notice of Intent To Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement the Lower Santa Cruz River Flood Risk Management Feasibility Study, Pinal County, Arizona

Agency: Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

Action: Notice of intent; withdrawal.

Summary: The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District is notifying interested parties that it has withdrawn the notice of intent (NOI) to develop an environmental impact statement (EIS) for the proposed Lower Santa Cruz River Flood Risk Management Feasibility Study. The original NOI to prepare a EIS was published in the Federal Register on November 9, 2015. The proposed Lower Santa Cruz River Flood Risk Management Feasibility Study is being converted to a Continuing Authority Program (CAP) study.

Dates: The notice of intent to prepare an EIS published in the Federal Register on November 9, 2015 (80 FR 69201), is withdrawn as of July 30, 2021.


For Further Information Contact:

Questions regarding the withdrawal of this NOI should be addressed to Mr. Kenneth Wong, kenneth.wong@usace.army.mil, (213) 452–3847.

Supplementary Information: Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District, in partnership with the Pinal County Flood Control District, intended to prepare an Integrated Feasibility Report and EIS for the Lower Santa Cruz River Flood Risk Management Feasibility Study.

The study’s purpose is to evaluate methods for minimizing flood risks along the Lower Santa Cruz River and its major tributaries within an approximately 1,400 square mile study area.