The second set of corrections was published in the Federal Register on January 14, 2021 (86 FR 2957). The third set of corrections was published in the Federal Register on February 23, 2021 (86 FR 10732). This document augments those corrections.

In the final rule, SBA amended § 121.404(a)(1) to revise and clarify when the size status of a business concern is determined for a multiple-award contract. In doing so, SBA inadvertently removed § 121.404(a)(1)(iv), which concerned when the size of a concern is determined for multiple-award contracts for which offerors are not required to submit price as part of the offer. SBA did not intend to delete that provision. This document adds back in § 121.404(a)(1)(iv) as it appeared in SBA’s regulations prior to the final rule.

This rule also corrects a typographical error contained in the introductory text of § 121.404(g) by removing the word “until” from the second sentence.

The final rule also revised § 121.404(g)(2) to add language relating to the effect a merger, sale or acquisition that occurs between a concern’s offer for a particular procurement and the date of award for that procurement would have on the concern’s continued eligibility to receive the award and a procuring agency’s ability to continue to receive small business credit. The final rule inadvertently left out a corresponding change to § 121.404(g)(4). This rule corrects that omission by adding the word “or pending” to § 121.404(g)(4) to make clear that the revisions to § 121.404(g)(2) were intended to apply to orders issued under multiple award contracts (MACs) as well.

Finally, the final rule also made several revisions to § 124.509 regarding business activity targets applying to Participants in SBA’s 8(a) Business Development program. One of the changes made by the final rule was to clarify that SBA will compare 8(a) and non-8(a) revenues in a Participant’s program year, as opposed to its fiscal year. The final rule intended to change all references from fiscal year to program year. However, one reference to fiscal year was mistakenly left in § 124.509(b)(3). This correction changes fiscal year to program year in § 124.509(b)(3).

List of Subjects
13 CFR Part 121

Administrative practice and procedure, Government procurement, Government property, Grant programs—business, Individual with disabilities, Loan programs—business, Small businesses.

13 CFR Part 124

Administrative practice and procedure, Government procurement, Government property, Small businesses.

PART 121—SMALL BUSINESS SIZE REGULATIONS

§ 121.404 When is the size status of a business concern determined?

* * * * *

(a) * * *

(1) * * *

(iv) For an indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity (IDIQ), Multiple Award Contract, where concerns are not required to submit price as part of the offer for the IDIQ contract, size will be determined as of the date of initial offer, which may not include price.

* * * * *

(g) * * * Similarly, a concern that represents itself as a small business and qualifies as small after a required recertification under paragraph (g)(1), (2), or (3) of this section is generally considered to be a small business throughout the life of that contract.

* * * * *

* * * * *

(4) * * * However, if the Multiple Award Contract was set-aside for small businesses, partially set-aside for small businesses, or reserved for small business, then in the case of a contract novation, or merger or acquisition where no novation is required, where the resulting contractor is now other than small, the agency cannot count any new or pending orders issued pursuant to the contract, from that point forward, towards its small business goals.

* * * * *

PART 124—8(a) BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT/SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS STATUS DETERMINATIONS

§ 124.509 What are non-8(a) business activity targets?

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(3) * * * SBA will measure the Participant’s compliance with the applicable non-8(a) business activity target at the end of each program year in the transitional stage by comparing the Participant’s non-8(a) revenue to its total revenue during the program year just completed.

* * * * *

* * * * *

Antonio Doss, Acting Associate Administrator, Office of Government Contracting and Business Development.

[F.R. Doc. 2021–15357 Filed 7–21–21; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39


RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation (Gulfstream) Model GVII–G500 airplanes. This AD results from flap yoke fittings with design features that cause decreased fatigue life. This AD requires replacing the flap inboard and outboard yoke fitting assemblies and establishing a 20,000 flight cycle life limit for the fittings. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.
part 39 by adding an AD that would apply to certain Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation (Gulfstream) Model GVII–G500 airplanes. The NPRM published in the Federal Register on May 7, 2021 (86 FR 24546). The NPRM was prompted by a failure that occurred during flight testing of a Gulfstream Model GVII–G500 airplane, when the aircraft was configuring for a steep approach test point, the crew received a flap failure message. After landing, inspection revealed that the left-hand flap track ‘B’ yoke had become disconnected due to structural failure. Gulfstream’s investigation to determine the root cause of the failure revealed that the flap yoke fittings for certain serial-numbered Gulfstream Model GVII–G500 airplanes have design features that cause decreased fatigue life. In the NPRM, the FAA proposed to require replacing the flap inboard and outboard yoke fitting assemblies and revising the airworthiness limitations instructions of your existing aircraft maintenance manual (AMM) to incorporate a 20,000 flight cycle life limit.

The FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

Discussion of Final Airworthiness Directive

Comments

The FAA received no comments on the NPRM or on the determination of the costs.

Conclusion

The FAA reviewed the relevant data and determined that air safety requires adopting this AD as proposed. Accordingly, the FAA is issuing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products. This AD is adopted as proposed in the NPRM.

Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed Gulfstream GVII–G500 Aircraft Service Change No. 032, Initial Issue, dated November 20, 2020 (Gulfstream ASC No. 032). This service information specifies procedures for replacing the flap inboard and outboard yoke fitting assemblies and upper bushings. This service information is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in

Estimated Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Labor cost</th>
<th>Parts cost</th>
<th>Cost per product</th>
<th>Cost on U.S. operators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Replace the flap inboard and outboard yoke fitting assemblies and update the existing AMM.</td>
<td>83.5 work-hours × $85.00 per hour = $7,097.50.</td>
<td>$8,015.00</td>
<td>$15,112.50</td>
<td>$1,284,562.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and
procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

This AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this AD:

(1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,

(2) Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and

(3) Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701. § 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

2021-15-03 Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation: Amendment 39-21650; Docket No. FAA-2021-0156; Project Identifier AD-2020-01594-T.

(a) Effective Date

This airworthiness directive (AD) is effective August 26, 2021.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation Model GVII–G500 airplanes, serial numbers 72001 through 72085, certificated in any category.

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 5753, Trailing Edge Flaps.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD results from flap yoke fittings with design features that cause decreased fatigue life. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent failure of the flap yoke fitting. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in failure of the flap yoke fitting during flap transition, which could cause the flaps to stop moving. This, combined with additional failures in the flap actuator force limiter or flap actuator disconnection, could result in asymmetric flap positions leading to a loss of airplane control.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

(1) Within 24 months after the effective date of this AD or within 500 flight cycles after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs first, replace each flap yoke fitting assembly by following Sections III.A.2 through III.D of the Modification Instructions in Gulfstream GVII–G500 Aircraft Service Change No. 032, Initial Issue, dated November 20, 2020.

(2) Within 24 months after the effective date of this AD, revise the existing Airworthiness Limitations section of the Instructions for Continued Airworthiness or aircraft inspection program for your airplane by establishing a life limit of 20,000 flight cycles for each flap yoke fitting part number 72P5755095A001, 72P5755096A001, 72P5755097A001, and 72P5755098A001.

Note 1 to paragraph (g)(2): Section 05–10–10 of Gulfstream Aircraft Maintenance Manual Document Number GAC–AC–GVII–G500–AMM–0001, Revision 7, dated December 15, 2020, contains the life limits specified in paragraph (g)(2) of this AD.

(h) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, Atlanta ACO Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the certification office, send it to the attention of the person identified in Related Information.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(3) For service information that contains steps that are labeled as Required for Compliance (RC), the following provisions apply.

(i) The steps labeled as RC, including substeps and any figures identified in an RC step, must be done to comply with the AD. An AMOC is required for any deviations to RC steps, including substeps and identified figures.

(ii) Steps not labeled as RC may be deviated from using accepted methods in accordance with the operator’s maintenance or inspection program without obtaining approval of an AMOC, provided the RC steps, including substeps and identified figures, can still be done as specified, and the airplane can be put back in an airworthy condition.

(i) Related Information

For more information about this AD, contact Jeffrey Johnson, Aviation Safety Engineer, Atlanta ACO Branch, FAA, 1701 Columbia Ave., College Park, GA 30337; phone: (404) 474–5554; fax: (404) 474–5606; email: jeffrey.d.johnson@faa.gov.

(j) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the service information listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this service information as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.


(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation service information identified in this AD, contact Gulfstream Aerospace Corporation, Technical Publications Dept., P.O. Box 2206, Savannah, GA 31402; phone: (800) 810–4853; email: pubs@gulfstream.com; website: https://www.gulfstream.com/en/customer-support. (4) You may view this service information at FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 901 Locust, Kansas City, MO 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (816) 329–4148.

(5) You may view this service information that is incorporated by reference at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, email: fedreg.legal@nara.gov, or go to: https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

Issued on July 15, 2021.

Lance T. Gant,
Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 2021–15473 Filed 7–21–21; 8:45 am]