instrument may be included in a Creation Basket with the expectation that the Fund will deliver it in-kind during a redemption transaction. 7. The Funds will use the requested basket flexibility only in circumstances under which Applicants believe there will be no harm to the Funds or their shareholders, and in order to benefit the Funds and their shareholders by reducing costs, increasing efficiency and improving trading. 8. Pursuant to condition A.10 herein, each Fund will adopt and implement written policies and procedures regarding the construction of its Creation Baskets in accordance with rule 6c–11 under the Act. For purposes of the requirement to comply with the policies and procedures provision in rule 6c–11, only Creation Baskets that differ from a Fund’s Tracking Basket will be treated as a “custom basket” under rule 6c–11(d)(3). 9. Furthermore, pursuant to condition A.9 herein, each Fund will comply with the recordkeeping requirements of rule 6c–11.10 For purposes of the requirement to comply with the recordkeeping provision in rule 6c–11, only Creation Baskets different from a Fund’s Tracking Basket will be treated as a “custom basket” under rule 6c–11(d)(2)(ii). B. Considerations Relating to the Requested Relief 9. Applicants represent that the ability to utilize a Creation Basket that includes instruments that are not included, or are included with different weightings, in a Fund’s Tracking Basket, or are included in different weightings, does not raise any new policy concerns about reverse engineering of a Fund’s portfolio, self-dealing or overreaching, or selective disclosure beyond those concerns addressed in connection with the Prior Order. 10. Reverse Engineering. Applicants acknowledge that, by using a Creation Basket that includes instruments that are not included in a Fund’s Tracking Basket, or are included in different weightings, and by publishing such Creation Basket on its website, the Fund would provide market participants with additional information about which instruments it adds or removes from the Fund’s actual portfolio. However, Applicants represent that they will operate the Funds in a manner designed to minimize the risk of reverse engineering and, for the reasons set forth in the application, believe successful front-running or free-riding is highly unlikely. 11. Self-Dealing or Overreaching. Applicants state that APs and other market participants will not have the ability to disadvantage the Funds by manipulating or influencing the composition of Creation Baskets, including those that differ from the Tracking Basket. Like the basket and custom basket policies and procedures required of ETFs by rule 6c–11, the Funds will adopt and implement written policies and procedures that govern the construction of Creation Baskets and the process that will be used for the acceptance of Creation Baskets to safeguard the best interests of the Funds and their shareholders.11 12. Selective Disclosure. The Funds and each person acting on behalf of the Funds will continue to be required to comply with Regulation Fair Disclosure as if it applied to them (except that the exemptions provided in rule 100(b)(2)(iii) therein shall not apply). Applicants believe that the new Creation Basket flexibility being sought by the Applicants does not raise any new concerns about selective disclosure of non-public material information. First, a Fund’s use of, or conversations with APs about, Creation Baskets that would result in such disclosure would effectively be limited by the Funds’ obligation to comply with Regulation Fair Disclosure. Second, as noted above, each Business Day, before the open of trading on the Exchange where a Fund is listed, the Fund will publish on its website the composition of any basket accepted by the Fund on the previous Business Day that differed from such Business Day’s Tracking Basket other than with respect to cash.

III. Requested Exemptive Relief For the reasons stated above, Applicants believe that the Prior Order, as amended, continues to meet the relevant standards for relief pursuant to section 6(c) of the Act for an exemption from sections 2(a)(32), 5(a)(1), 22(d), and 22(e) of the Act and rule 22c–1 under the Act, and under section 6(c) and 17(b) of the Act for an exemption from sections 17a(1) and 17a(2) of the Act, and under section 12(d)(1)(L) and 12(d)(1)(B) of the Act.12

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Miami International Securities Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Establish Fees for the cTom Market Data Product

July 9, 2021.

filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange is filing a proposal to amend the MIAX Options Fee Schedule (the “Fee Schedule”) to establish fees for the market data product known as MIAX Complex Top of Market ("cToM").

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange’s website at http://www.miaxoptions.com/rule-filings, at MIAX’s principal office, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend Section 6(a) of the Fee Schedule to charge monthly fees to Distributors of cToM. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to assess Internal Distributors $1,250 per month and External Distributors $1,750 per month for the cToM data feed.

The Exchange now proposes to amend Section 6(a) of the Fee Schedule to charge monthly fees to Distributors of cToM. Specifically, the Exchange proposes to assess Internal Distributors $1,250 per month and External Distributors $1,750 per month for the cToM data feed. The Exchange believes that its proposal to amend its Fee Schedule is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act in that it is an equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities. The Exchange also believes the proposal furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers and dealers.

Like it does today for ToM, MIAX proposes to assess cToM fees on Internal and External Distributors in each month the Distributor is credentialed to use cToM in the production environment. Also, like the Exchange does today for ToM, market data fees for cToM will be reduced for new Distributors for the first month during which they subscribe to cToM, based on the number of trading days that have been held during the month prior to the date on which that subscriber has been credentialed to use cToM in the production environment. Such new Distributors will be assessed a pro-rata percentage of the fees in the table in Section 6(a) of the Fee Schedule, which is the percentage of the number of trading days remaining in the affected calendar month as of the date on which they have been credentialed to use cToM in the production environment, divided by the total number of trading days in the affected calendar month.

Implementation Date

The proposed fee changes will become effective on July 1, 2021.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal to amend its Fee Schedule is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(4) of the Act in particular, in that it is an equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among its members and issuers and other persons using its facilities. The Exchange also believes the proposal furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and is not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers and dealers.

In adopting Regulation NMS, the Commission granted self-regulatory organizations (“SROs”) and broker-dealers increased authority and flexibility to offer new and unique market data to the public. It was believed that this authority would expand the amount of data available to

www.nyseregulations.com/publicdocs/nysedatasearch/NYSE_Arca_Options_Proprietary данны Schedule.pdf


See supra note 6.

See supra note 6.


"A Distributor of MIAX data is any entity that receives a feed or file of data either directly from MIAX or indirectly through another entity and then distributes it either internally (within that entity) or externally (outside that entity). All Distributors are required to execute a MIAX Distributor Agreement. See Section 6(a) of the Fee Schedule.

The Exchange also proposes to make a minor related change to remove “(as applicable)” from the explanatory paragraph in Section 6(a) as it will not change [sic] fees for both the ToM and cToM data feeds.

See NYSE American Options Proprietary Market Data Fees (American Options Complex Fees ($1,500 per month Access Fee and $1,000 per month Redistribution Fee), at https://www.nyseregulations.com/publicdocs/nysedatasearch/NYSE_Arca_Options_Proprietary данны Schedule.pdf; see also NYSE Arca Options Proprietary Market Data Fees, Arca Options Complex Fees ($1,500 per month Access Fee and $1,000 per month Redistribution Fee), at https://www.nyseregulations.com/publicdocs/nysedatasearch/NYSE_Arca_Options_Proprietary данных Schedule.pdf; see also NYSE Arca Options Proprietary Market Data Fees, Arca Options Complex Fees ($1,500 per month Access Fee and $1,000 per month Redistribution Fee), at https://www.nyseregulations.com/publicdocs/nysedatasearch/NYSE_Arca_Options_Proprietary данных Schedule.pdf.

See 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4) and (5).


"A Distributor of MIAX data is any entity that receives a feed or file of data either directly from MIAX or indirectly through another entity and then distributes it either internally (within that entity) or externally (outside that entity). All Distributors are required to execute a MIAX Distributor Agreement. See Section 6(a) of the Fee Schedule.

The Exchange also proposes to make a minor related change to remove “(as applicable)” from the explanatory paragraph in Section 6(a) as it will not change [sic] fees for both the ToM and cToM data feeds.

See 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(4) and (5).
consumers, and also spur innovation and competition for the provision of market data. Particularly, cToM further broadens the availability of U.S. option market data to investors consistent with the principles of Regulation NMS. The data product also promotes increased transparency through the dissemination of cToM. Particularly, cToM provides subscribers with the same information as ToM, but includes the following additional information: (i) The identification of the complex strategies currently trading on the Exchange; (ii) complex strategy last sale information; and (iii) the status of securities underlying the complex strategies (e.g., halted, open, or resumed). The Exchange believes cToM provides a valuable tool that subscribers can use to gain substantial insight into the trading activity in Complex Orders, but also emphasizes such data is not necessary for trading. Moreover, other exchanges offer similar data products.14

The Exchange operates in a highly competitive environment. Indeed, there are currently 16 registered options exchanges that trade options. Based on publicly available information, no single options exchange has more than 15% of the market share and currently the Exchange represents only approximately 6.75% of the market share.15 The Commission has repeatedly expressed its preference for competition over regulatory intervention in determining prices, products, and services in the securities markets. Particularly, in Regulation NMS, the Commission highlighted the importance of market forces in determining prices and SRO revenues and, also, recognized that current regulation of the market system “has been remarkably successful in promoting market competition in its broader forms that are most important to investors and listed companies.” 16

Making similar data products available to market participants fosters competition in the marketplace, and constrains the ability of exchanges to charge supra-competitive fees. In the event that a market participant views one exchange’s data product as more or less attractive than the competition, that market participant can and may switch between similar products. The proposed fees are a result of the competitive environment, as the Exchange seeks to adopt fees to attract purchasers of cToM. No market participant is required by any rule or regulation to utilize the Exchange’s Complex Order functionality or subscribe to the cToM data feed. Further, unlike orders on the Exchange’s Simple Order Book, Complex Orders are not protected and will never trade through Priority Customer 17 orders, thus protecting the priority that is established in the Simple Order Book.18 Additionally, unlike the continuous quoting requirements of Market Makers in the simple order market, there are no continuous quoting requirements respecting Complex Orders. It is a business decision whether market participants utilize Complex Order strategies on the Exchange and whether to purchase cToM data to help effect those strategies.

The Exchange believes the proposed fees are reasonable as the proposed fees are both modest and similar to, or even lower than, the fees assessed by other exchanges that provide similar data products.19 Indeed, proposing fees that are excessively higher than established fees for similar data products would simply serve to reduce demand for the Exchange’s data product, which as noted, is entirely optional. Like the Exchange’s cToM data product, other exchanges offer similar data products and complex order functionality. As such, if a market participant views another exchange’s complex order functionality and related data feed(s) as more attractive than what is offered by the Exchange, then such market participant can merely choose not to utilize the Exchange’s Complex Order functionality or purchase cToM. Instead, that market participant can utilize similar complex functionality elsewhere and purchase another exchange’s complex data product, which likely offers similar data points, albeit based on that other market’s complex order trading activity.

Selling market data, such as cToM, is also a means by which exchanges compete to attract business. If the market deems the proposed fees to be unfair or inequitable, firms can diminish or discontinue their use of the data and/or avail themselves of similar products offered by other exchanges.20

The Exchange therefore believes that the proposed fees for cToM reflect the competitive environment and would be properly assessed on Member or non-Member users. The Exchange also believes the proposed fees are equitable and not unfairly discriminatory as the fees would apply equally to all users who choose to purchase such data. The Exchange’s proposed fees would not differentiate between subscribers that purchase cToM and are set at a modest level that would allow any interested Member or non-Member to purchase such data based on their business needs. The Exchange also believes the proposed cToM fees are reasonable and not unfairly discriminatory because since the Exchange initially established the cToM data product in 2016, all Exchange Members have had the ability to receive the Exchange’s cToM data free of charge for the past five years.21

The Exchange believes that it is reasonable, equitable and not unfairly discriminatory to assess Internal Distributors fees that are less than the fees assessed for External Distributors for subscriptions to the cToM data feed because Internal Distributors have limited, restricted usage rights to the market data, as compared to External Distributors, which have more expansive usage rights. All Members and non-Members that determine to receive any market data feed of the Exchange (or its affiliates, MIAX PEARL, LLC and MIAX Emerald, LLC), must first execute, among other things, the MIAX Exchange Group Exchange Data Agreement (hereafter, the “Exchange Data Agreement”).22 Pursuant to the Exchange Data Agreement, Internal Distributors are restricted to the “internal use” of any market data they receive. This means that Internal Distributors may only distribute the Exchange’s market data to the recipient’s officers and employees and its affiliates.23 External Distributors may distribute the Exchange’s market data to persons who are not officers, employees or affiliates of the External Distributor, and may charge their own fees for the distribution of such market data. Accordingly, the Exchange believes it is fair, reasonable and not unfairly discriminatory to assess External Distributors a higher fee for the Exchange’s market data products as External Distributors have greater usage rights to commercialize such market

14 See supra note 11.
15 See supra note 6.
17 The term “Priority Customer” means a person or entity that (i) is not a broker or dealer in securities and (ii) does not place more than 390 orders in listed options per day on average during a calendar month for its own beneficial accounts(s). The term “Priority Customer Order” means an order for the account of a Priority Customer. See Exchange Rule 100.
18 The “Simple Order Book” is the Exchange’s regular electronic book of orders and quotes. See Exchange Rule 100. See supra note 5.
19 See supra note 11.
20 See id.
21 See id.
22 See id.
with changes in the U.S. options industry and evolving customer needs, and believes the data product will continue to contribute to robust competition among national securities exchanges. Other U.S. options exchanges offer complex order functionality and market data products that are substantially similar to that offered by the Exchange. As a result, the Exchange believes this proposed rule change permits fair competition among national securities exchanges.

Furthermore, the Exchange operates in a highly competitive environment, and its ability to price cToM is constrained by competition among exchanges that offer similar data products and complex order functionality to their customers. As discussed, there are currently a number of similar products available to market participants and investors. Other U.S. options exchanges offer market data products that are substantially similar to cToM, which the Exchange must consider in its pricing discipline in order to compete for the market data. For example, proposing fees that are excessively higher than established fees for similar data products would simply serve to reduce demand for the Exchange’s data product, which as discussed, market participants are under no obligation to utilize. In this competitive environment, potential purchasers are free to choose which, if any, similar product to purchase to satisfy their need for market information. As a result, the Exchange believes this proposed rule change permits fair competition among national securities exchanges.

The Exchange also does not believe the proposed fees would cause any unnecessary or in appropriate [sic] burden on intermarket competition as other exchanges are free to introduce their own comparable data product and lower their prices to better compete with the Exchange’s offering. The Exchange does not believe the proposed rule change would cause any unnecessary or inappropriate burden on intramarket competition. Particularly, the proposed product and fees apply uniformly to any purchaser, in that it does not differentiate between subscribers that purchase cToM. The proposed fees are set at a modest level that would allow any interested Member or non-Member to purchase such data based on their business needs.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act, and Rule 19b–4(f)(2) thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–MIAX–2021–28 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR–MIAX–2021–28. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the

25 See supra note 11.
26 Id.
27 Id.
proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–MIAX–2021–28, and submissions should refer to File Number MS–00135[Disaster Declaration #16955 and #16956; Small Business Administration.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier, Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–15011 Filed 7–14–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #16955 and #16956; Mississippi Disaster Number MS–00135]

Presidential Declaration Amendment of a Major Disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Mississippi

AGENCY: U.S. Small Business Administration.

ACTION: Amendment 1.

SUMMARY: This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of Mississippi (FEMA–4598–DR), dated 5/04/2021.

Incident: Severe Winter Storms.

Incident Period: 02/11/2021 through 02/19/2021.

DATES: Issued on 07/07/2021.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: Filing Period for counties listed below ends on 09/07/2021.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: Filing Period for counties listed below ends on 04/07/2022.

ADDRESSES: Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The notice of the President’s major disaster declaration for Private Non-Profit organizations in the State of Mississippi, dated 5/04/2021, is hereby amended to include the counties listed below. Please contact the SBA disaster customer service center by email at disastercustomerservice@sba.gov or by phone at 1–800–659–2955 to request an application. Applications for physical damages may be filed until 09/07/2021 and applications for economic injury may be filed until 04/07/2022.

Primary Counties: Clay, Holmes, Quitman, Webster, Wilkinson.

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number 50008)

James Rivera,

Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2021–15061 Filed 7–14–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8026–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Notice of Intent To Rule on Request for Disposal of 14.1 Acres of Land at Auburn-Lewiston Airport, Auburn, ME

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Request for public comments.

SUMMARY: Notice is being given that the FAA is considering a request from the Cities of Auburn and Lewiston, ME to dispose of 14.1 acres of land at Auburn-Lewiston Airport, Auburn, ME. The land is not required for aeronautical use. Given its location, the disposal of land will not affect existing or future aviation development needs at the airport. An avigation easement will be placed on the property to ensure conformance with airport airspace requirements. The proceeds of the land sale will be placed in the airport’s operating and maintenance account.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before August 16, 2021.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments using any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov, and follow the instructions on providing comments.


Hand Delivery: Deliver to mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Interested persons may inspect the request and supporting documents by contacting the FAA at the address listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Jorge E. Panteli, Compliance and Land Use Specialist, Federal Aviation Administration New England Region Airports Division, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, Massachusetts 01803. Telephone: 781–238–7618.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 47107(b)(2).

Issued in Burlington, Massachusetts on July 12, 2021.

Julie Seltsam-Wilps,

Deputy Director, ANE–600.

[FR Doc. 2021–15064 Filed 7–14–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration


Qualification of Drivers; Exemption Applications; Epilepsy and Seizure Disorders

AGENCY: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Notice of renewal of exemptions; request for comments.

SUMMARY: FMCSA announces its decision to renew exemptions for 13 individuals from the requirement in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations (FMCSRs) that interstate commercial motor vehicle (CMV) drivers have “no established medical history or clinical diagnosis of epilepsy or any other condition which is likely to cause loss of consciousness or any loss of ability to control a CMV.” The exemptions enable these individuals who have had one or more seizures and are taking anti-seizure medication to continue to operate CMVs in interstate commerce.