to oversight by the Board, to oversee the Subadvisers and recommend their hiring, termination, and replacement.

3. The Adviser will provide general management services to each Subadvised Fund, including overall supervisory responsibility for the general management and investment of the Subadvised Fund’s assets, and subject to review and oversight of the Board, will (i) set the Subadvised Fund’s overall investment strategies, (ii) evaluate, select, and recommend Subadvisers for all or a portion of the Subadvised Fund’s assets, (iii) allocate and, when appropriate, reallocate the Subadvised Fund’s assets among Subadvisers, (iv) monitor and evaluate the Subadvisers’ performance, and (v) implement procedures reasonably designed to ensure that Subadvisers comply with the Subadvised Fund’s investment objective, policies and restrictions.

4. Subadvised Funds will inform shareholders of the hiring of a new Subadviser within 90 days after the hiring of the new Subadviser pursuant to the Modified Notice and Access Procedures.

5. At all times, at least a majority of the Board will be Independent Trustees, and the selection and nomination of new or additional Independent Trustees will be placed within the discretion of the then-existing Independent Trustees.

6. Independent Legal Counsel, as defined in Rule 0–1(a)(6) under the Act, will be engaged to represent the then-existing Independent Trustees. The selection of such counsel will be within the discretion of the then-existing Independent Trustees.

7. Whenever a Subadviser is hired or terminated, the Adviser will provide the Board with information showing the expected impact on the profitability of the Adviser.

8. The Board must evaluate any material conflicts that may be present in a subadvisory arrangement. Specifically, whenever a subadviser change is proposed for a Subadvised Fund (“Subadviser Change”) or the Board considers an existing Subadvisory Agreement as part of its annual review process (“Subadviser Review”):

(a) The Adviser will provide the Board, to the extent not already being provided pursuant to section 15(c) of the Act, with all relevant information concerning:

(i) Any material interest in the proposed new Subadviser, in the case of a Subadviser Change, or the Subadviser in the case of a Subadviser Review, held directly or indirectly by the Adviser or a parent or sister company of the Adviser, and any material impact the proposed Subadvisory Agreement may have on that interest;

(ii) any arrangement or understanding in which the Adviser or any parent or sister company of the Adviser is a participant that (A) may have had a material effect on the proposed Subadviser Change or Subadviser Review, or (B) may be materially affected by the proposed Subadviser Change or Subadviser Review;

(iii) any material interest in a Subadviser held directly or indirectly by an officer or Trustee of the Subadvised Fund, or an officer or board member of the Adviser (other than through a pooled investment vehicle not controlled by such person); and

(iv) any other information that may be relevant to the Board in evaluating any potential material conflicts of interest in the proposed Subadviser Change or Subadviser Review.

(b) the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, will make a separate finding, reflected in the Board minutes, that the Subadviser Change or continuation after Subadviser Review is in the best interests of the Subadvised Fund and its shareholders and, based on the information provided to the Board, does not involve a conflict of interest from which the Adviser, a Subadviser, any officer or Trustee of the Subadvised Fund, or any officer or board member of the Adviser derives an inappropriate advantage.

9. Each Subadvised Fund will disclose in its registration statement the Aggregate Fee Disclosure.

10. In the event that the Commission adopts a rule under the Act providing substantially similar relief to that in the order requested in the Application, the requested order will expire on the effective date of that rule.

11. Any new Subadvisory Agreement or any amendment to an existing Investment Advisory Agreement or Subadvisory Agreement that directly or indirectly results in an increase in the aggregate advisory fee rate payable by the Subadvised Fund will be submitted to the Subadvised Fund’s shareholders for approval.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier, Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–14651 Filed 7–8–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

Suspension of Action: Enforcement of U.S. WTO Rights in the Large Civil Aircraft Dispute

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: On June 15 and June 17, 2021, the United States reached understandings on cooperative frameworks with, respectively, the European Union (EU) and the United Kingdom (UK) regarding the World Trade Organization (WTO) disputes involving large civil aircraft (LCA). In accordance with the understandings reached with the EU and the UK, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to suspend for a period of five years the action being taken in the Section 301 investigation involving the enforcement of U.S. WTO rights in the LCA dispute.

DATES: The beginning of the five-year suspension period is July 4, 2021, with respect to tariffs on goods of the UK, and July 11, 2021, with respect to tariffs on goods of EU member States.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions about the investigation or this notice, contact Senior Associate General Counsel Brian Janovitz, at (202) 395–5725, or Director for Europe Michael Rogers, at (202) 395–3320.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Proceedings in the Investigation

For background on the proceedings in this investigation, please see prior notices including: Notice of initiation, 84 FR 15028 (April 12, 2019); notice of determination and action, 84 FR 54245 October 9, 2019; and notices concerning revisions or modifications of action, 85 FR 10204 (February 21, 2020), 85 FR 50866 (August 18, 2020), 86 FR 674 (January 6, 2021), 86 FR 9420 (February 12, 2021), 86 FR 13961 (March 11, 2021), and 86 FR 14513 (March 16, 2021).

B. Suspension of Action

On June 15 and June 17, 2021, the United States reached similar understandings on cooperative frameworks with the EU and the UK, respectively, regarding trade in large civil aircraft and the parties’ WTO disputes. The understandings provide, inter alia, that each party intends to:

• Provide any financing to its LCA producer for the production or development of large civil aircraft on market terms.
provide any funding for research and development (R&D) for large civil aircraft to its LCA producer through an open and transparent process and intends to make the results of fully government funded R&D widely available, to the extent permitted by law, and intends not to provide R&D funding or other support that is specific, to its LCA producer in a way that would cause negative effects to the other side.  

- collaborate on jointly analyzing and addressing non-market practices of third parties that may harm their respective large civil aircraft industries. The two sides will implement the annexed understanding on cooperation on non-market economies through the Working Group.  

- suspend application of countermeasures for a period of five years.

To effectuate the suspension of the U.S. countermeasures for the five-year period, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to terminate the current tariff action and to undertake procedures in advance of the end of the five-year period for the possible re-imposition of tariffs under Section 301.

In particular, pursuant to sections 307(a)(1) and 301(a)(2)(B) of the Trade Act, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to terminate the current action, which was first imposed in the notice of October 9, 2019 (84 FR 54245) and modified in subsequent notices, effective July 4, 2021, with respect to goods of the UK, and effective July 11, 2021, with respect to goods of EU member States. Pursuant to Section 306 of the Trade Act, and in advance of the end of the five-year suspension period, the U.S. Trade Representative will review implementation by the EU and UK of the framework understandings and their respective measures related to the matters covered in the LCA dispute, and consider a re-imposition of a tariff action under Section 301.

The decision of the U.S. Trade Representative to effectuate the five-year suspension in accordance with the framework understandings considers the advice of the interagency Section 301 Committee, advisory committees, and public comments received in response to prior notices issued in the investigation, and consultations with the domestic industry concerned regarding the suspension.

The Annex to this notice modifies the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to reflect the suspension of the tariff action. The additional duties imposed by subheadings 9903.89.05, 9903.89.07, 9903.89.10, 9903.89.13, 9903.89.16, 9903.89.19, 9903.89.22, 9903.89.25, 9903.89.28, 9903.89.31, 9903.89.34, 9903.89.40, 9903.89.43, 9903.89.46, 9903.89.49, 9903.89.50 and 9903.89.55, and as provided by their associated subchapter notes, will not apply to products of the UK that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 4, 2021. The additional duties imposed by subheadings 9903.89.05, 9903.89.07, 9903.89.10, 9903.89.13, 9903.89.16, 9903.89.19, 9903.89.22, 9903.89.25, 9903.89.28, 9903.89.31, 9903.89.34, 9903.89.37, 9903.89.40, 9903.89.43, 9903.89.46, 9903.89.49, 9903.89.50, 9903.89.55, 9903.89.57, 9903.89.59, 9903.89.61, and 9903.89.63, and as provided by their associated subchapter notes, will not apply to products of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, or Sweden that are entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 11, 2021.

Any product of the UK that was admitted into a U.S. foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 4, 2021, and any product of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, or Sweden, covered by paragraph 3 of the Annex to this notice, that is admitted into a U.S. foreign trade zone on or after 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time on July 11, 2021, may be admitted in any status, as applicable, as defined in 19 CFR 146.14, Subpart D.

In accordance with section 306 of the Trade Act, in addition to the five-year review, the U.S. Trade Representative will monitor implementation by the EU and UK of the framework understandings and their respective measures related to the matters covered in the LCA dispute, including whether the EU or UK provides new financing to an LCA producer for the production or development of LCA that is not on market terms. If USTR considers that the implementation of the framework understandings or measures related to the WTO dispute are not satisfactory, then USTR will take the most effective action under Section 301 to enforce U.S. WTO rights, which could include the re-imposition of duties.

Annex

1. The additional duties imposed by subheadings 9903.89.05 through 9903.89.63 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), and as provided by their associated subchapter notes, on products of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden or the United Kingdom are terminated as follows. For entries from the United Kingdom, the termination is effective for entries on or after July 4, 2021. For entries from Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Republic of Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, or Sweden the termination is effective for entries on or after July 11, 2021.

2. Note 21(a) to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is modified by deleting “notes 21(a) and 21(v) of this subdivision,” and by inserting “notes 21(u), 21(v), 21(w) and 21(x) of this subdivision.” in lieu thereof.

3. Note 21 to subchapter III of chapter 99 of the HTSUS is modified by inserting the following new subchapter notes in alphabetical order:
SUMMARY: The Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR) is providing notice of country-by-country reallocations of the fiscal year (FY) 2021 in-quota quantity of the World Trade Organization (WTO) tariff-rate quota (TRQ) for raw cane sugar.

DATES: The changes made by this notice are applicable as of July 9, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Erin Nicholson, Office of Agricultural Affairs, at 202–395–9419 or erin.h.nicholson@ustr.eop.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Additional U.S. Note 5 to Chapter 17 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), the United States maintains WTO TRQs for imports of raw cane and refined sugar. Section 404(d)(3) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3601(d)(3)) authorizes the President to allocate the in-quota quantity of a TRQ for any agricultural product among supplying countries or customs areas. The President delegated this authority to the U.S. Trade Representative under Presidential Proclamation 6763 (60 FR 1007).

On July 9, 2020, the Secretary of Agriculture established the FY 2021 TRQ for imported raw cane sugar at the minimum to which the United States is committed pursuant to the WTO Uruguay Round Agreements (1,117,195 metric tons raw value (MTRV) conversion factor: 1 metric ton = 1.10231125 short tons). On July 22, 2020, USTR provided notice of country-by-country allocations of the FY 2021 in-quota quantity of the WTO TRQ for imported raw cane sugar. See 85 FR 44353. Based on consultation with quota holders, the U.S. Trade Representative has determined to reallocate 76,571 MTRV of the original TRQ quantity from those countries that have stated they do not plan to fill their FY 2021 allocated raw cane sugar quantities. The U.S. Trade Representative is allocating the 76,571 MTRV to the following countries in the amounts specified below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>FY 2021 raw sugar unused reallocation (MTRV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Argentina</td>
<td>3,962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>7,648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belize</td>
<td>1,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolivia</td>
<td>737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>13,361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia</td>
<td>2,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costa Rica</td>
<td>1,381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dominican Republic</td>
<td>16,217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecuador</td>
<td>1,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>El Salvador</td>
<td>2,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eswatini (Swaziland)</td>
<td>1,474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiji</td>
<td>829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>4,423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guyana</td>
<td>1,106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honduras</td>
<td>921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamaica</td>
<td>1,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malawi</td>
<td>921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mauritius</td>
<td>1,106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mozambique</td>
<td>1,199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nicaragua</td>
<td>1,935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panama</td>
<td>2,672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peru</td>
<td>3,778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Africa</td>
<td>2,119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>1,290</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These allocations are based on the countries’ historical shipments to the United States. The allocations of the raw cane sugar WTO TRQ to countries that are net importers of sugar are conditioned on receipt of the appropriate verifications of origin. Certificates for quota eligibility must accompany imports from any country for which an allocation has been provided.

Greta Peisch,
General Counsel, Office of the United States Trade Representative.

[FR Doc. 2021–14550 Filed 7–8–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3290–F1–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Supplemental Type Certificates ST03718AT, SA03654AT; Original Product Type Certificate Numbers A32NM, T00006LA, A4SW

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Succeeded supplementary type certificate.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that Avenger Aerospace Solutions, Inc. has surrendered its supplemental type certificates, ST03718AT and SA03654AT to the FAA. In accordance with policy, the FAA announces surrender of aircraft certificates in the Federal Register.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Send correspondence on this issue to: Federal Aviation Administration, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Branch, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337. ATTN: John R. Marshall. All letters must be certified and signed. You may also contact John R. Marshall by phone at (404) 474–5524, or electronically at john.r.marshall@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Additional U.S. Note 5 to Chapter 17 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), the United States