Conifex Fibre Marketing Inc.
Cowichan Lumber Ltd.
CS Manufacturing Inc., dba Cedaredsh
CWP—Industriel Inc.
CWP—Montreal Inc.
D & D Pallets, Ltd.
Dakerven Inc. Ltd.
Decker Lake Forest Products Ltd.
Delco Forest Products Ltd.
Delta Cedar Specialties Ltd.
Devon Lumber Co. Ltd.
DH Manufacturing Inc.
Direct Cedar Supplies Ltd.
Doublertree Forest Products Ltd.
Downie Timber Ltd.
Dunkley Lumber Ltd.
EACOM Timber Corporation
East Fraser Fiber Co. Ltd.
Edgewood Forest Products Inc.
ER Probyn Export Ltd.
Eric Goguen & Sons Ltd.
Falcon Lumber Ltd.
Fontaine Inc.
Foothills Forest Products Inc.
Fornebu Lumber Company Inc.
Fraser Specialty Products Ltd.
FraserWood Inc.
FraserWood Industries Ltd.
Furtado Forest Products Ltd.
G & R Cedar Ltd.
Galloway Lumber Company Ltd.
Gilbert Smith Forest Products Ltd.
Glandell Enterprises Inc.
Goat Lake Forest Products Ltd.
Goldband Shake & Shingle Ltd.
Golden Ears Shingle Ltd.
Goldwood Industries Ltd.
Goodfellow Inc.
Gorman Bros. Lumber Ltd.
Groupe Creté Cretsey Inc.
Groupe Creté Division St-Faustin Inc.
Groupe Lebel Inc.
Groupe Lignarex Inc.
H.J. Crabbe & Sons Ltd.
Haida Forest Products Ltd.
Harry Freeman & Son Ltd.
Hornepayne Lumber LP
Imperial Cedar Products, Ltd.
Imperial Shake Co. Ltd.
Independent Building Materials Dist.
Interfor Corporation
Island Cedar Products Ltd.
Ivor Forest Products Ltd.
J&G Log Works Ltd.
J.H. Huscroft Ltd.
Jasco Forest Products Ltd.
Jhajj Lumber Corporation
Kalesnikoff Lumber Co. Ltd.
Kan Wood, Ltd.
Kebois Ltee/Ltd.
Keystone Timber Ltd.
Kootenay Innovative Wood Ltd.
L’Atelier de Readaptation au Travail de Beaure Inc.
Lafontaine Lumber Inc.
Langevin Forest Products Inc.
Lecours Lumber Co. Limited
Ledwidge Lumber Co. Ltd.
Leisure Lumber Ltd.
Les Bois d’œuvre Beaudoin Gauthier Inc.
Les Bois Martek Lumber
Les Bois Traites M.G. Inc.
Les Chanteries de Chibougamau Ltd.
Leslie Forest Products Ltd.
Lignum Forest Products LLP
Linwood Homes Ltd.
Longlac Lumber Inc.
Lulunco Inc.
Magnum Forest Products, Ltd.
Malbec inc.
Manitou Forest Products Ltd.
Marwood Ltd.
Materiaux Blanchet Inc.
Matsqui Management and Consulting Services Ltd., dba Canadian Cedar Roofing Depot
Metrie Canada Ltd.
Mid Valley Lumber Specialties, Ltd.
Midway Lumber Mills Ltd.
Mill & Timber Products Ltd.
Milar Western Forest Products Ltd.
Mobilier Rustique (Beauce) Inc.
MP Atlantic Wood Ltd.
Multicreditee
Murray Brothers Lumber Company Ltd.
Nakina Lumber Inc.
National Forest Products Ltd.
New Future Lumber Ltd.
Nicholson Lumber Company Inc.
Norsask Forest Products Limited Partnership
North American Forest Products Ltd. (located in Abbotsford, British Columbia)
North Enderby Timber Ltd.
Oikawa Enterprises Ltd.
Olympic Industries, Inc./Olympic Industries Inc.-Roman Code/Olympic Industries ULC/Olympic Industries ULC-Roman/Olympic Industries ULC-Roman Code
Oregon Canadian Forest Products
Pacific Coast Cedar Products, Ltd.
Pacific Pallet, Ltd.
Pacific Western Wood Works Ltd.
Parallel Wood Products Ltd.
Pat Power Forest Products Corporation
Phoenix Forest Products Inc.
Pine Ideas Ltd.
Pioneer Pallet & Lumber Ltd.
Porcupine Wood Products Ltd.
Power Wood Corp.
Precision Cedar Products Corp.
Prendiville Industries Ltd. (aka, Kenora Forest Products)
Produits Forestiers Petit Paris Inc.
Produits forestiers Tenex, s.e.c.
Produits Matra Inc. and Sechoirs de Beaure Inc.
Promobois G.D.S. inc.
Quadra Cedar
Rayonier A.M. Canada GP
Rembos Inc.
Rene Bernard Inc.
Richard Lutes Cedar Inc.
Rielly Industrial Lumber Inc.
S & K Cedar Products Ltd.
S&R Sawmills Ltd
S&W Forest Products Ltd.
San Industries Ltd.
Sawarne Lumber Co. Ltd.
Scierie P.S.E. Inc.
Scierie St-Michel inc.
Scierie West Brome Inc.
Scotburn Lumber Co. Ltd.
Scott Lumber Sales
Serpentine Cedar Ltd.
Sexton Lumber Co. Ltd.
Sigurdson Forest Products Ltd.
Silvaris Corporation
Silver Creek Premium Products Ltd.
Sinchlar Group Forest Products Ltd.
Skana Forest Products Ltd.
Skeena Sawmills Ltd
Sound Spurs Enterprise Ltd.
South Beach Trading Inc.
Specialiste du Bardeau de Cedre Inc.
SpruceLand Millworks Inc.
Star Lumber Canada Ltd.
Sundher Timber Products Ltd.
Surrey Cedar Ltd.
T.G. Wood Products, Ltd.
Taam Forest LP/Taam Forest Products
Taiga Building Products Ltd.
Tall Tree Lumber Company
Tembec Inc.
Temrex Produits Forestiers s.e.c.
Terminal Forest Products Ltd.
The Wood Source Inc.
Tolko Industries Ltd. and Tolko Marketing and Sales Ltd.
Trans-Pacific Trading Ltd.
Triad Forest Products Ltd.
Twin Rivers Paper Co. Inc.
Tyee Timber Products Ltd.
Universal Lumber Sales Ltd.
Usine Sartigan Inc.
Vaagen Fibre Canada, ULC
Valley Cedar 2 Inc./Valley Cedar 2 ULC
Vancouver Island Shingle, Ltd.
Vancouver Specialty Cedar Products Ltd.
Vanderhoof Specialty Wood Products Ltd.
Visscher Lumber Inc
W.I. Woodtone Industries Inc.
Waldun Forest Products Sales Ltd.
Watkins Sawmills Ltd.
West Bay Forest Products Ltd.
West Wind Hardwood Inc.
Western Forest Products Inc.
Western Lumber Sales Limited
Western Wood Preservers Ltd.
Weston Forest Products Inc.
Westrend Exteriors Inc.
Weyerhaeuser Co.
White River Forest Products L.P.
Winton Homes Ltd.
Woodline Forest Products Ltd.
Woodstock Forest Products/Woodstock Forest Products Inc.
Woodtone Specialties Inc.
Yarrow Wood Ltd.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–552–828]

Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires From the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of passenger vehicle and light truck tires (passenger tires) from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam) are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation is

BILLING CODE 3510–05–P
October 1, 2019, through March 31, 2020.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jasun Moy or Robert Scully, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-8194 or (202) 482-0572, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 6, 2021, Commerce published in the Federal Register the preliminary affirmative determination in the LTFV investigation of passenger tires from Vietnam, in which we also postponed the final determination until May 21, 2021. We invited interested parties to comment on the Preliminary Determination. A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the Preliminary Determination may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.2

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are passenger tires from Vietnam. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

During the course of this investigation, Commerce received scope comments from interested parties. Commerce issued a Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum to address these comments.3 We received comments from interested parties on the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum, which we addressed in the Final Scope Decision Memorandum.4 With the exception of one revision to correct a typographical error, Commerce is not modifying the scope language as it appeared in the

correction to the Preliminary Determination. See Appendix I for the final scope of the investigation.

Analysis of Comments Received

All the issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as Appendix II. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at http://enforcement.trade.gov/fm/index.html.

Verification

Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation. However, we took additional steps in lieu of an on-site verification to verify the information relied upon in making this final determination, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).6

Methodology

Commerce conducted this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. Export price was calculated in accordance with section 772(a) of the Act. Constructed export price was calculated in accordance with section 772(b) of the Act. Because Vietnam is a non-market economy within the meaning of section 771(18) of the Act, normal value was calculated in accordance with section 773(c) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce’s determination, see the Preliminary Determination PDM and the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on our analysis of the comments received and our findings related to our request for information in lieu of on-site verification, we have made certain changes to the margin calculations. For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Vietnam-Wide Entity

For the final determination, we continue to find that the use of adverse facts available (AFA), pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act, is warranted in determining the rate for the Vietnam-wide entity. In the Preliminary Determination, Commerce based the AFA rate for the Vietnam-wide entity on the petition margin of 22.30 percent.7 For this final determination, we continue to rely on AFA in determining the rate for the Vietnam-wide entity and, as AFA, we continue to select the highest petition margin of 22.30 percent as the estimated weighted-average dumping margin for the Vietnam-wide entity.8

Combination Rates

In the Initiation Notice,9 Commerce stated that it would calculate producer/exporter combination rates for the respondents that are eligible for a separate rate in this investigation. Policy Bulletin 05.1 describes this practice.10 In this investigation, we assigned producer/exporter combination rates for respondents eligible for separate rates and these combination rates are listed in the table in the “Final Determination” section of this notice.

Final Determination

The final estimated weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

1 See Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures, 86 FR 504 (January 6, 2021) (Preliminary Determination), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).
6 See Preliminary Determination PDM at 18.
7 For the corroboration of this margin, see Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 1.
8 See Initiation Notice, 85 FR at 38858.
Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed in this final determination within five days of its public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice to parties in this proceeding in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to continue to suspend the liquidation of all appropriate entries of subject merchandise, as described in Appendix I of this notice, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 6, 2021, the date of publication in the Federal Register of the affirmative Preliminary Determination, except for those entries of subject merchandise produced and exported by Kenda and entries of subject merchandise produced by Sailun Vietnam and exported by Sailun Group (HongKong) Co., Limited or Sailun Tire Americas Inc. (collectively, Sailun).

Because the estimated weighted-average dumping margins for Kenda and Sailun in the above-specified producer/exporter combinations are zero, entries of shipments of subject merchandise from these producer/exporter combinations will not be subject to suspension of liquidation or cash deposit requirements. Accordingly, Commerce will direct CBP not to suspend liquidation of entries of subject merchandise produced and exported by Kenda, and produced by Sailun Vietnam and exported by Sailun Group (HongKong) Co., Limited or Sailun Tire Americas Inc. (collectively, Sailun).

Additionally, any exclusion will not apply to entries of shipments of subject merchandise from the other producer/exporter combinations listed in the table above that were assigned a weighted-average dumping margin of zero. Pursuant to section 735(c)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(d), where appropriate, we will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit for entries of subject merchandise equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin as follows: (1) For the exporter/producer combinations listed in the table above, except those specified for Kenda and Sailun Vietnam/Sailun Group (HongKong) Co., Limited or Sailun Tire Americas Inc. (collectively, Sailun), Commerce normally adjusts cash deposits posted will be refunded if the ITC determines that such injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all cash deposits posted will be refunded and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an AD order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the “Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation” section.

International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we will notify the International Trade Commission (ITC) of the final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Because Commerce’s final determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of passenger tires no later than 45 days after this final determination. If the ITC determines that such injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all cash deposits posted will be refunded and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an AD order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the “Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation” section.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Orders

This notice will serve as a final reminder to the parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exporter</th>
<th>Producer</th>
<th>Estimated weighted-average dumping margin (percent)</th>
<th>Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offset) (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kenda Rubber (Vietnam) Co. Ltd</td>
<td>Kenda Rubber (Vietnam) Co. Ltd</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sailun Group (HongKong) Co., Limited/Sailun Tire Americas Inc.</td>
<td>Sailun (Vietnam) Co., Ltd</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridgestone Corporation</td>
<td>Bridgestone Tire Manufacturing Vietnam LLC</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridgestone Tire Manufacturing Vietnam LLC</td>
<td>Bridgestone Tire Manufacturing Vietnam LLC</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kumho Tire (Vietnam) Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Kumho Tire (Vietnam) Co., Ltd</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Yokohama Rubber Co., Ltd</td>
<td>Yokohama Tyre Vietnam Co</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnam-Wide Entity</td>
<td></td>
<td>22.30</td>
<td>22.27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

**Notification to Interested Parties**

This determination and this notice are issued and published in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: May 21, 2021.

Christian Marsh,
Acting Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

**Appendix I—Scope of the Investigation**

The scope of this investigation is passenger vehicle and light truck tires. Passenger vehicle and light truck tires are new pneumatic tires, of rubber, with a passenger vehicle or light truck size designation. Tires covered by this investigation may be tube-type, tubeless, radial, or non-radial, and they may be intended for sale to original equipment manufacturers or the replacement market.

Subject tires have, at the time of importation, the symbol “DOT” on the sidewall, certifying that the tire conforms to applicable motor vehicle safety standards. Subject tires may also have the following prefixes or suffix in their tire size designation, which also appears on the sidewall of the tire:

Prefix designations:
- **P**—Identifies a tire intended primarily for service on passenger cars.
- **LT**—Identifies a tire intended primarily for service on light trucks.

Suffix letter designations:
- **LT**—Identifies light truck tires for service on trucks, buses, trailers, and multipurpose passenger vehicles used in nominal highway service.

All tires with a “P” or “LT” prefix, and all tires with an “LT” suffix in their sidewall markings are covered by this investigation regardless of their intended use.

In addition, all tires that lack a “P” or “LT” prefix or suffix in their sidewall markings, as well as all tires that include any other prefix or suffix in their sidewall markings, are included in the scope, regardless of their intended use, as long as the tire is of a size that fits passenger cars or light trucks. Sizes that fit passenger cars and light trucks include, but are not limited to, the numerical size designations listed in the passenger car section or light truck section of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book, as updated annually. The scope includes all tires that are of a size that fits passenger cars or light trucks, unless the tire falls within one of the specific exclusions set out below.

Passenger vehicle and light truck tires, whether or not attached to wheels or rims, are included in the scope. However, if a subject tire is imported attached to a wheel or rim, only the tire is covered by the scope. Specifically excluded from the scope are the following types of tires:

1. Racing car tires; such tires do not bear the symbol “DOT” on the sidewall and may be marked with “ZR” in size designation;
2. Pneumatic tires, of rubber, that are not new, including retreaded or reconditioned tires;
3. Non-pneumatic tires, such as solid rubber tires;
4. Tires designed and marketed exclusively as temporary use spare tires for passenger vehicles which, in addition, exhibit each of the following physical characteristics:
   - (a) The size designation and load index combination molded on the tire’s sidewall are listed in Table PCT–1R (“T” Type Spare Tires for Temporary Use on Passenger Vehicles) or PCT–1B (“T” Type Diagonal Bias Spare Tires for Temporary Use on Passenger Vehicles) of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book;
   - (b) the designation “T” is molded into the tire’s sidewall as part of the size designation, and;
   - (c) the tire’s speed rating is molded on the sidewall, indicating the rated speed in MPH or a letter rating as listed by Tire and Rim Association Year Book, and the rated speed is 81 MPH or a “M” rating;
5. Tires designed and marketed exclusively for off-road use and which, in addition, exhibit each of the following physical characteristics:
   - (a) The tires have a 265/70R17, 255/80R17, 265/70R16, 245/70R17, 245/70R18, or 265/70R18 size designation;
   - (b) “Temporary Use Only” or “Spare” is molded into the tire’s sidewall;
   - (c) the tread depth of the tire is no greater than 6.2 mm; and
   - (d) Uniform Tire Quality Grade Standards (“UTQG”) ratings are not molded into the tire’s sidewall with the exception of 265/70R17 and 255/80R17 which may have UTQG molded on the tire’s sidewall;
6. Tires designed and marketed exclusively for specialty tire (ST) use which, in addition, exhibit each of the following conditions:
   - (a) The size designation molded on the tire’s sidewall is listed in the ST sections of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book;
   - (b) the designation “ST” is molded into the tire’s sidewall as part of the size designation;
   - (c) the tire incorporates a warning, prominently molded on the sidewall, that the tire is “For Trailer Service Only” or “For Trailer Use Only”;
   - (d) the load index molded on the tire’s sidewall exceeds loads listed in the Tire and Rim Association Year Book for the relevant ST tire size, and
   - (e) either
     - (i) the tire’s speed rating is molded on the sidewall, indicating the rated speed in MPH or a letter rating as listed by Tire and Rim Association Year Book, and the rated speed does not exceed 81 MPH or an “M” rating; or
     - (ii) the tire’s speed rating molded on the sidewall is 87 MPH or an “N” rating, and in either case the tire’s maximum pressure and maximum load limit are molded on the sidewall and either
       - (1) both exceed the maximum pressure and maximum load limit for any tire of the same size designation in either the passenger car or light truck section of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book; or
       - (2) if the maximum cold inflation pressure molded on the tire is less than any cold inflation pressure listed for that size designation in either the passenger car or light truck section of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book, the maximum load limit molded on the tire is higher than the maximum load limit listed at that cold inflation pressure for that size designation in either the passenger car or light truck section of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book;
   - (7) tires designed and marketed exclusively for off-road use and which, in addition, exhibit each of the following physical characteristics:
     - (a) The size designation and load index combination molded on the tire’s sidewall are listed in the off-the-road, agricultural, industrial or ATV section of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book;
     - (b) In addition to any size designation markings, the tire incorporates a warning, prominently molded on the sidewall, that the tire is “Not For Highway Service” or “Not for Highway Use”;
     - (c) The tire’s speed rating is molded on the sidewall, indicating the rated speed in MPH or a letter rating as listed by the Tire and Rim Association Year Book, and the rated speed does not exceed 55 MPH or an “N” rating, and
     - (d) the tire features a recognizable off-road tread design;
   - (8) Tires designed and marketed for off-road use as all-terrain-vehicle (ATV) tires or utility-terrain-vehicle (UTV) tires, and which, in addition, exhibit each of the following characteristics:
     - (a) The tire’s speed rating is molded on the sidewall, indicating the rated speed in MPH or a letter rating as listed by the Tire and Rim Association Year Book, and the rated speed does not exceed 87 MPH or an “N” rating, and
     - (b) both of the following physical characteristics are satisfied:
       - (i) The size designation and load index combination molded on the tire’s sidewall does not match any of those listed in the passenger car or light truck sections of the Tire and Rim Association Year Book, and
       - (ii) The size designation and load index combination molded on the tire’s sidewall matches any of the following size designation (American standard or metric) and load index combinations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>American standard size</th>
<th>Metric size</th>
<th>Load index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26x10R12 ........</td>
<td>254/70R12</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/65R14</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/70R14</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/70R14</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/75R15</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30x10R15 ........</td>
<td>254/75R15</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/80R14</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/85R14</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32x10R14 ........</td>
<td>254/90R14</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32x10R15 ........</td>
<td>254/85R14</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32x10R15 ........</td>
<td>254/90R15</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33x9.50R15 .......</td>
<td>241/105R15</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35x9.50R15 .......</td>
<td>254/100R15</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The products covered by this investigation are currently classified under the following Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings: 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, 4011.10.10.10, and 4011.10.10.10. Tires meeting the scope description may also enter under the following HTSUS subheadings: 4011.90.10.10, 4011.90.10.50, 4011.90.10.50, 4011.90.10.50, 4011.90.10.50, 4011.90.10.50, 4011.90.10.50, and 4011.90.10.50. The products covered by this investigation, for all purposes, the written description of the subject merchandise is dispositive.

Appendix II—List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Investigation
IV. Changes Since the Preliminary Determination
V. Adjustment under Section 777A(f) of the Act
VI. Adjustments to Cash Deposit Rates for Export Subsidies
VII. Discussion of the Issues

Comment 1: Appropriate Adverse Facts Available (AFA) Rate for the Vietnam-Wide Entity
Comment 2: Selecting Kumho Tire (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. (KTV) as a Voluntary Respondent
Comment 3: KTV’s Request to Be Excluded from the Order
Comment 4: Whether Kenda’s Rate Should Be Based on AFA
Comment 5: Whether Sailun’s Rate Should Be Based on AFA
Comment 6: Classification of U.S. Sales as Export Price (EP) or Constructed Export Price (CEP)
Comment 7: Surrogate Value (SV) for Ocean Freight for Sailun’s Sales
Comment 8: SV of Bead Wire
Comment 9: Other Issues Raised by Sailun VIII. Recommendation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 6, 2021, Commerce published in the Federal Register its preliminary affirmative determination in the LTFV investigation of passenger tires from Taiwan, in which we also postponed the final determination until May 21, 2021.1 We invited interested parties to comment on the Preliminary Determination. A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the Preliminary Determination, may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.2

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are passenger tires from Taiwan. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

During the course of this investigation, Commerce received scope comments from interested parties. Commerce issued a Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum to address these comments.3 We received comments from interested parties on the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum, which we addressed in the Final Scope Decision Memorandum.4 With the exception of one revision to correct a typographical error, Commerce is not modifying the scope language as it appeared in the correction to the Preliminary Determination.5 See Appendix I for the final scope of the investigation.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice at Appendix II. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the issues and decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn.

Verification

Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation. However, we took additional steps in lieu of on-site verification to verify the information relied upon in making this final determination, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).6

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on our analysis of the comments received and our findings related to our request for information in lieu of verification, we made changes to the margin calculations for both Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.’s (Cheng Shin) and Nankang Rubber Tire Corp. Ltd. (Nankang). For a discussion of

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[1–583–869]

Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires From Taiwan: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of passenger vehicle and light truck tires (passenger tires) from Taiwan are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is from April 1, 2019, through March 31, 2020.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lauren Caserta or Chien-Min Yang, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4737 or (202) 482–5484, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 6, 2021, Commerce published in the Federal Register its preliminary affirmative determination in the LTFV investigation of passenger tires from Taiwan, in which we also postponed the final determination until May 21, 2021. We invited interested parties to comment on the Preliminary Determination. A summary of the events that occurred since Commerce published the Preliminary Determination, may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.2

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are passenger tires from Taiwan. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Scope Comments

During the course of this investigation, Commerce received scope comments from interested parties. Commerce issued a Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum to address these comments. We received comments from interested parties on the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum, which we addressed in the Final Scope Decision Memorandum.4 With the exception of one revision to correct a typographical error, Commerce is not modifying the scope language as it appeared in the correction to the Preliminary Determination.5 See Appendix I for the final scope of the investigation.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs that were submitted by parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice at Appendix II. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the issues and decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn.

Verification

Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation. However, we took additional steps in lieu of on-site verification to verify the information relied upon in making this final determination, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).6

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on our analysis of the comments received and our findings related to our request for information in lieu of verification, we made changes to the margin calculations for both Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.’s (Cheng Shin) and Nankang Rubber Tire Corp. Ltd. (Nankang). For a discussion of

See Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from Taiwan: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures, 86 FR 508 (January 6, 2021) (Preliminary Determination), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from Taiwan,” dated concurrently with this notice (Final Scope Decision Memorandum).
