

deposit rate will be equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin established for that producer of the subject merchandise; and (3) the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters will be equal to the all-others estimated weighted-average dumping margin.

These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

International Trade Commission Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we will notify the International Trade Commission (ITC) of the final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Because the final determination in this proceeding is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports, or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation of PC strand no later than 45 days after our final determination. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, the proceeding will be terminated, and all cash deposits will be refunded. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: April 5, 2021.

Christian Marsh,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

Scope of the Investigation

The merchandise covered by this investigation is prestressed concrete steel wire strand (PC strand), produced from wire of non-stainless, non-galvanized steel, which is suitable for use in prestressed concrete (both pretensioned and post-tensioned) applications. The product definition encompasses covered and uncovered strand and all types, grades, and diameters of PC strand. PC strand is normally sold in the United States in sizes ranging from 0.25 inches to 0.70 inches in diameter. PC strand made from galvanized wire is only excluded from the scope if the zinc and/or zinc oxide coating meets or exceeds the 0.40 oz./ft² standard set forth in ASTM-A-475.

The PC strand subject to this investigation is currently classifiable under subheadings 7312.10.3010 and 7312.10.3012 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Appendix II

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Investigation
- IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Determination*
- V. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Whether Wei Dat's Testing and License Fees Should be Considered Direct or Indirect Selling Expenses
 - Comment 2: Whether Wei Dat Failed to Demonstrate that Its Movement Expenses on U.S. Sales Reflect Actual Costs
 - Comment 3: Whether Wei Dat Reported Incorrect U.S. Destination Information
 - Comment 4: Whether Wei Dat's Financial Interest Expense Rate is Understated
 - Comment 5: Whether to Deny Wei Dat's Scrap Offset
 - Comment 6: Whether Commerce Should Grant Kiswire's Claimed Scrap Offset
 - Comment 7: Whether Commerce Should Revise Kiswire's Reported Cost of Manufacturing (COM)
 - Comment 8: Whether Kiswire's U.S. Sales Should Be Classified as Constructed Export Price (CEP) Sales
 - Comment 9: Whether Commerce Erred in Calculating Kiswire's Margin in the *Preliminary Determination*
- VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2021-07367 Filed 4-8-21; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-010]

Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2014–2016, and Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2017–2018; Correction

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) published notices in the **Federal Registers** of July 12, 2017 and June 14, 2019 in which it announced the final results of the 2014–2016 and 2017–2018 administrative reviews, respectively, of the antidumping duty (AD) order on certain crystalline silicon photovoltaic products (solar products) from the People's Republic of China (China). These notices contain incorrect cash deposit rates and/or dumping margins for the China-wide entity.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Krishna Hill, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4037.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In the **Federal Register** of July 12, 2017, in FR Doc 2017-14611, on page 32172, in the second column, correct the first paragraph of the “Cash Deposit Requirements” caption to state the correct cash deposit rate for the PRC-wide entity. The correct cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity (PRC-wide entity) is 152.84 percent.

In the **Federal Register** of June 14, 2019, in FR Doc 2019-12608, on page 27765, in the second and third columns, correct the first paragraph of the “Analysis” caption and the first paragraph of the “Cash Deposit Requirements” caption to state the correct dumping margin and cash deposit rate, respectively, for the China-wide entity. The correct dumping margin and cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity are 165.04 percent and 152.84 percent, respectively.

Background

On July 12, 2017, and June 14, 2019, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** notices of the final results of the 2014–2016 and 2017–2018 administrative reviews, respectively, of the AD order on solar products from China.¹ We incorrectly identified the cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity as 165.04 percent in the notice of final results for the 2014–2016 review and incorrectly identified the dumping margin and the cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity as 151.98 percent in the notice of final results for the 2017–2018 review. The dumping margin and cash deposit rate applicable to the China-wide entity during the 2014–2016 and 2017–2018 periods of review did not change from those established in the less-than-fair value (LTFV) investigation and the AD order. In the LTFV investigation, Commerce established a 165.04 percent dumping margin for the China-wide entity which it adjusted for export subsidies and domestic subsidy pass-through to derive a cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity of 152.84 percent.² We hereby notify the public that in these notices for the final results of administrative reviews we should have identified the dumping margin for the China-wide entity as 165.04 percent and the cash deposit rate for the China-wide entity as 152.84 percent.³ We intend to notify U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) of this correction.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a) and 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

¹ See *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2014–2016*, 82 FR 32170 (July 12, 2017) and *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2017–2018*; 84 FR 27764 (June 14, 2019).

² See *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products From the People's Republic of China: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 79 FR 76970 (December 23, 2014); see also *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products From the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order; and Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Countervailing Duty Order*, 80 FR 8592 (February 18, 2015)(Order).

³ See *Order*, 80 FR at 8595; see also instructions issued to CBP following publication of the *Order*, Message Number 5061301 (listing the China-wide entity's cash deposit rate as 152.84 percent), dated 03/02/2015, publicly available at <https://aceservices.cbp.dhs.gov/adcvdweb/#>.

Dated: April 5, 2021.

Christian Marsh,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2021–07309 Filed 4–8–21; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–475–843]

Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire Strand From Italy: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, and Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that prestressed concrete steel wire strand (PC strand) from Italy is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The final weighted-average dumping margins are listed below in the section entitled “Final Determination.”

DATES: Applicable April 9, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stephanie Berger, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2483.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 19, 2020, Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination* in this investigation, and invited interested parties to comment on our findings.¹ The petitioners in this investigation are Insteel Wire Products, Sumiden Wire Products Corporation, and Wire Mesh Corp. (the petitioners). The mandatory respondents subject to this investigation are CB Trafilati Acciai S.p.A. (CB) and WBO Italcables Societa Cooperativa (WBO). CB informed Commerce that it would not participate as a mandatory respondent in this investigation.² A summary of the events

¹ See *Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire Strand from Italy: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Preliminary Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 85 FR 73679 (November 19, 2020) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative

that occurred since Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination*, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for this final determination, may be found in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.³

The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is available electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://enforcement.trade.gov/fnr/index.html>.

Period of Investigation

The period of investigation (POI) is April 1, 2019, through March 31, 2020.

Scope of the Investigation

The product covered by this investigation is PC strand from Italy. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case briefs and rebuttal briefs submitted by interested parties in this proceeding are discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues raised by parties and responded to by Commerce in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as Appendix II.

Verification

Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification of the information relied upon in making its final determination in this investigation as provided for in section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Accordingly, we took additional steps in lieu of an on-site verification and requested additional documentation and information.⁴

Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on our analysis of the ILOV Response and the comments received,

Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Prestressed Concrete Steel Wire Strand from Italy,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

³ See Issues and Decision Memorandum.

⁴ See Commerce's Letter, “WBO Italcables Societa' Cooperative Questionnaire in Lieu of Verification,” dated December 9, 2020; see also WBO's Letter, “Questionnaire in Lieu of Verification Response,” dated December 17, 2020 (ILOV Response).