control numbers and inform respondents of their legal significance after OMB has approved an agency’s information collections. In accordance with those requirements, EBSA hereby notifies the public that the following information collections have been re-approved by OMB following EBSA’s submission of an information collection request (ICR) for extension of a prior approval:

- OMB Control No. 1210–0064, Class Exemption for Certain Transactions Involving Purchase of Securities where Issuer May Use Proceeds to Reduce or Retire Indebtedness to Parties in Interest (PTE 1980–83). The expiration date for this information collection is January 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0119, Petition for Finding under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act Section 3(40). The expiration date for this information collection is January 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0130, Statutory Exemption for Cross-Trading of Securities. The expiration date for this information collection is January 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0137, Model Employer Children’s Health Insurance Program Notice. The expiration date for this information collection is January 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0145, Plan Asset Transactions Determined by In-House Asset Managers under Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption 96–23. The expiration date for this information collection is January 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0149, Notice to Employees of Coverage Options Under Fair Labor Standards Act Section 18B. The expiration date for this information collection is June 30, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0161, EBSA Participant Assistance Program Customer Survey. The expiration date for this information collection is June 30, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0076, Loans to Plan Participants and Beneficiaries Who Are Parties In Interest With Respect to The Plan Regulation. The expiration date for this information collection is July 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0094, Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption 1985–68 to Permit Employee Benefit Plans to Invest in Customer Notes of Employers. The expiration date for this information collection is July 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0090, Disclosures for Participant Directed Individual Account Plans. The expiration date for this information collection is August 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–00121, Consent to Receive Employee Benefit Plan Disclosures Electronically. The expiration date for this information collection is August 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0126, Defined Benefit Plan Annual Funding Notice. The expiration date for this information collection is August 31, 2023.
- OMB Control No. 1210–0132, Default Investment Alternatives under Participant Directed Individual Account Plans. The expiration date for this information collection is August 31, 2023.

EBSA also notifies the public that the following new information collection has been approved by OMB following EBSA’s submission of an ICR:

- OMB Control No. 1210–0164, Registration Requirements to Serve as a Pooled Plan Provider to Pooled Employer Plans. The expiration date for this information collection is November 30, 2023.

The PRA provides that an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Publication of this notice satisfies this requirement with respect to the above-listed information collections, as provided in 5 CFR 1320.5(b)(2)(C).

Dated: March 25, 2021.

Ali Khawar,
Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary,
Employee Benefits Security Administration,
Department of Labor.

[PR Doc. 2021–06598 Filed 3–30–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–29–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employee Benefits Security Administration

Proposed Extension of Information Collection Requests Submitted for Public Comment

AGENCY: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor (the Department), in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, provides the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and continuing collections of information. This helps the Department assess the impact of its information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand the Department’s information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format. The Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) is soliciting comments on the proposed extension of the information collection requests (ICRs) contained in the documents described below. A copy of the ICRs may be obtained by contacting the office listed in the ADDRESSES section of this notice. ICRs also are available at reginfo.gov (http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain).

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the office shown in the Addresses section on or before June 1, 2021.

ADDRESSES: G. Christopher Cosby,
Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Room N–5718, Washington, DC 20210,
ebsa.opr@dol.gov, (202) 693–8425 (this is not toll-free numbers).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice requests public comment on the
Department’s request for extension of the Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) approval of ICRs contained in the rules and prohibited transaction exemptions described below. The Department is not proposing any changes to the existing ICRs at this time. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, an information collection unless it displays a valid OMB control number. A summary of the ICRs and the current burden estimates follows:

Agency: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.

Title: Employee Retirement Income Security Act Section 408(b)(2) Regulation.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection of information.

OMB Number: 1210–0110.

Affected Public: Private Sector.

Respondents: 55,703.

Responses: 1,483,062.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 1,045,680.

Estimated Total Burden Cost (Operating and Maintenance): 1,251,649.

Description: The prohibited transaction described in section 406(a)(1)(C) of ERISA generally prohibits the furnishing of goods, services, or facilities between a plan and a party in interest to the plan. Because ERISA defines any person furnishing services to the plan as a “party in interest” to the plan, a service relationship between a plan and a service provider would constitute a prohibited transaction under section 406(a)(1)(C) in the absence of relief.

Section 408(b)(2) of ERISA provides relief, however, for service contracts or arrangements if the contract or arrangement is “reasonable,” if the services are necessary for the establishment or operation of the plan, and if no more than “reasonable” compensation is paid for the services.

This information collection relates to the final rule under ERISA section 408(b)(2), which was published in the Federal Register on February 3, 2012 (77 FR 5632). Under the final rule, for a contract or arrangement to be “reasonable,” certain service providers must disclose specified information to a pension plan, in writing, before the plan may enter into, extend, or renew the contract or arrangement. The Department also issued a class prohibited transaction exemption contained in paragraph (c)(1)(ix) of the final rule, which provides relief from ERISA’s prohibited transaction rules for plan fiduciaries that enter into a contract or arrangement with service providers upon a mistaken belief that they have received all of the disclosures required by the final rule. Upon discovering that a covered service provider failed to disclose all of the required information, the responsible plan fiduciary must take reasonable steps to obtain such information, including requesting in writing that the covered service provider furnish the information in order to rely on the exemption and notify the Department if the service provider fails to comply with the written request within 90 days. The Department has received approval from OMB for this ICR under OMB Control No. 1210–0113. The current approval is scheduled to expire on August 31, 2021.

Agency: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.

Title: Employee Retirement Income Security Act Section 408(b)(2) Advisory Opinion Procedure.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection of information.

OMB Number: 1210–0066.

Affected Public: Private Sector.

Respondents: 17.

Responses: 17.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 175.

Estimated Total Burden Cost (Operating and Maintenance): 26,966.

Description: This information collection relates to ERISA Procedure 76–1, which provides specific guidance to the public on issues arising under ERISA, particularly when needed to guide specific transactions involving employee benefit plans and plan assets. The information required by ERISA Procedure 76–1 is used by EBSA to understand and analyze the issues and develop the response, as well as to determine whether EBSA’s response should be in the form of an advisory opinion or information letter. Section 6 of ERISA Procedure 76–1 lists the information that must be supplied by the party requesting an advisory opinion. This information includes identifying information (name, type of plan, EIN Number, etc.), a detailed description of the act(s) or transaction(s) with respect to which an advisory opinion is being requested, a discussion of the issues presented by the act(s) or transaction(s), a statement of the party’s views concerning the issues to be resolved and the legal basis for such views. The requesting party must also include copies of the relevant documents and may also request a conference with EBSA in the event that EBSA is considering issuing an adverse opinion. The Department has received approval from OMB for this ICR under OMB Control No. 1210–0066. The current approval is scheduled to expire on November 30, 2021.

Agency: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.


Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection of information.

OMB Number: 1210–0110.
Department promulgated a final rule on January 5, 2000 (65 FR 714) that is codified at 29 CFR 2550.401c–1. Regulation section 29 CFR 2550.401(c)–1 imposes specific requirements on insurers that are parties to Transition Policies in order to ensure that the fiduciaries acting on behalf of plans have adequate information and understanding of how the Transition Policies work. This information collection requires that an insurer that issues and maintains a Transition Policy to or for the benefit of an employee benefit plan must disclose to the plan fiduciary, initially upon issuance of the policy and on an annual basis, to the extent that the policy is not a guaranteed benefit policy: (1) The methods by which income and expenses of the insurer’s general account are allocated to the policy, the actual annual return to the plan, and other pertinent information; (2) the extent to which alternative arrangements supported by the assets of the insurer’s separate accounts are available; (3) any rights under the policy to transfer funds to a separate account and the terms governing such right; and (4) the extent to which support by assets of the insurer’s separate accounts might pose differing risks to the plan.

The Department has received approval from OMB for this ICR under OMB Control No. 1210–0111. The current approval is scheduled to expire on November 30, 2021.

Agency: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.
Title: Registration for EFAST–2 Credentials.
Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection of information.
OMB Number: 1210–0111.
Affected Public: Private Sector.
Respondents: 27,994.
Responses: 27,994.
Estimated Total Burden Hours: 4,903.
Estimated Total Burden Cost (Operating and Maintenance): 64,765.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act (SOA), enacted on July 30, 2002, amended ERISA to include a blackout period disclosure requirement in subsection 1011(i). This information collection requires administrators of individual account pension plans (e.g., a profit sharing plan, 401(k) type plan or money purchase pension plan) to provide at least 30 days advance written notice to the affected participants and beneficiaries in advance of any “blackout period” during which their existing rights to direct or diversify their investments under the plan, or obtain a loan or distribution from the plan will be temporarily suspended. The Department has received approval from OMB for this ICR under OMB Control No. 1210–0112. The current approval is scheduled to expire on November 30, 2021.
scheduled to expire on November 30, 2021.

Agency: Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.
Title: Coverage of Certain Preventive Services under the Affordable Care Act—Private Sector.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection of information.

OMB Number: 1210–0150.

Affected Public: Private Sector.

Respondents: 223.

Responses: 777,363.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 181.

Estimated Total Burden Cost (Operating and Maintenance): 197,955.

Description: The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Public Law 111–148, (the Affordable Care Act) was enacted on March 23, 2010 and amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Public Law 111–152 on March 30, 2010. The Affordable Care Act added section 2713 to the Public Health Service (PHS) Act and incorporated this provision into ERISA and the Code. The Departments of Health and Human Services, Labor, and Treasury first published interim final rules on July 19, 2010, requiring non-grandfathered group health insurance coverage to provide benefits for certain preventive services without cost sharing, including benefits for certain women’s preventive health services as provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration. Additional interim final rules were issued on November 15, 2018, that finalize expanded exemptions to protect moral and religious beliefs for certain entities and individuals whose health plans are subject to a mandate of contraceptive coverage through guidance issued pursuant to the Affordable Care Act (83 FR 57536 and 83 FR 57592).

The regulations contain the following collections of information:

(1) Each organization seeking to be treated as an eligible organization to use the optional accommodation process offered under the regulation must either notify an issuer or third party administrator using the EBSA Form 700 method of self-certification or provide notice to HHS of its religious or moral objection to coverage of all or a subset of contraceptive services.

(2) A health insurance issuer or third party administrator providing or arranging separate payments for contraceptive services for participants and beneficiaries in insured plans (or student enrollees and covered dependents) must provide written notification to plan participants and beneficiaries (or student enrollees and covered dependents) informing them of the availability of such payments. The notice must be separate from but, contemporaneous with (to the extent possible) any application materials distributed in connection with enrollment (or re-enrollment) in group or student coverage of the eligible organization in any plan year to which the accommodation is to apply and will be provided annually. To satisfy the notice requirement, issuers may, but are not required to, use the model language set forth previously or substantially similar language.

(3) An eligible organization may also revoke its use of the accommodation process and provide participants and beneficiaries written notice of such revocation as soon as possible.

The Department has received approval from OMB for this ICR under OMB Control No. 1210–0150. The current approval is scheduled to expire on November 30, 2021.

Dated: March 25, 2021.

Ali Khawar,
Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Department of Labor.

[FR Doc. 2021–06599 Filed 3–30–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–29–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Employment and Training Administration
Notice on Reallotment of Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act (WIOA) Title I Formula Allotted Funds for Dislocated Worker Activities for Program Year (PY) 2020

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration (ETA), Labor.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act (WIOA), requires the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) to conduct reallocation of certain WIOA formula allotted funds based on ETA 9130 financial reports submitted by states as of the end of the prior Program Year (PY). This notice publishes the Dislocated Worker PY 2020 funds for recapture by state and the amount to be reallocated to eligible states.

DATES: This notice is effective March 31, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Kimberly Vitelli, Administrator, U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Workforce Investment, Employment and Training Administration, Room C–4510, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC Telephone (202) 693–3980 (this is not a toll-free number) or fax (202) 693–3981.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Fiscal Year (FY) 2020 Appropriations Act, Congress appropriated WIOA PY 2020 funds in two portions: (1) Funds available for obligation July 1, 2020 (i.e., PY 2020 “base” funds), and (2) funds available for obligation October 1, 2020 (i.e., FY 2021 “advance” funds). Together, these two portions make up the complete PY 2020 WIOA funding. The Department has received TEGL No. 16–18 announced WIOA allotments based on this appropriation and TEGL No. 16–18 alerted states to the recapture and reallocation of funds’ provisions based on obligations of PY 2019 funding, as required under WIOA Section 132(c). This section and 127(c) of WIOA requires the Secretary to conduct reallocation of excess unobligated WIOA Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker formula funds based on ETA 9130 financial reports submitted by states at the end of the prior program year (i.e., PY 2019).

WIOA regulations at 20 CFR 683.135 describe the procedures the Secretary uses for recapture and reallocation of funds. ETA will not recapture any PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from PY 2020 funds for the Adult and Youth programs because there is no state where FY 2019 unobligated funds exceeds the statutory requirements of 20 percent of state allotted funds. However, for the Dislocated Worker program, Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia had unobligated PY 2019 funds in excess of 20 percent of their allotments. Therefore, ETA will recapture a total of $4,993,277 from FY 2020 funding from Kentucky, Nevada, Puerto Rico, and West Virginia, and reallocate those funds to the remaining eligible states, as required by WIOA Section 132(c).

ETA will issue a Notice of Award to the states to reflect the recapture and reallocation of these funds. The adjustment of funds will be made to the FY 2021 advance portion of the PY 2020 allotments, which ETA issued in October 2020. The attached tables display the net changes to PY 2020 formula allotments.

WIOA and its implementing regulations do not provide specific requirements by which states must distribute reallocated funds, so states have flexibility to determine the methodology used. For any state subject to recapture...