Burden Hours: 450.
Responses: Estimated Number of Annual
Local, and Tribal Governments
Total collection.
considered public records.
response to this notice will be
that written comments received in
of information technology. Please note
respondents, including through the use
might the Department minimize the
quality, utility, and clarity of the
information collection request (ICR) that
Education is especially interested in
information. This helps the Department
assess the impact of its information
institutions of higher education from
learners and ensuring that resources
provided by schools and campuses will
be able to connect with and meet the
needs of those disconnected from
learning.

Teacher, Faculty, and Staff Well-
Being, Professional Development, and
Supports: School and campus strategies
to address the social, emotional, health,
and other needs of teachers, faculty,
and staff.

In order to quickly categorize, review,
and approve submissions for inclusion
in the Clearinghouse, the Department
would like to request that voluntary
submissions include the following
information: (1) Contact information; (2)
Topic (e.g., safe and healthy
environments; providing supports for
students; teacher, faculty, and staff well-
being, professional development, and
supports); (3) Target audience (e.g.,
early childhood, PreK–12,
postsecondary); (4) A short description (two to three sentences); (5) What makes it a lesson learned or best practice (e.g.,
it is based on local data regarding
number of cases of COVID in the
community, State or Federal guidance,
research), including a summary of the
impact and any evidence of positive
outcomes and clarification of the type of
setting the practice has been used in
(e.g., rural/urban/suburban, public/
private/proprietary, 2-year or 4-year
higher education institution,
Historically Black College or University/
Tribally Controlled College or
University/Minority Serving Institution;
other educational settings such as
correctional facilities); and (6) Whether
there is a focus on racial equity and/or
another equity focus, such as a focus on
historically underserved populations
including students with disabilities;
English learners; students from low-
income backgrounds; first-generation
college students; students experiencing
homelessness; students in or formerly in
foster care; Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual,
Transgender, Queer, Intersex, Asexual
(LGBTQIA) students; undocumented
students; student veterans and military-
connected students; student parents;
and international students.

Kate Mullan,
PRA Coordinator, Strategic Collections and
Clearance Governance and Strategy Division,
Office of Chief Data Officer, Office of
Planning, Evaluation and Policy
Development.
[FR Doc. 2021–05676 Filed 3–18–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
[Case Number 2020–009; EERE–2020–BT–
WAV–0025]

Energy Conservation Program:
Decision and Order Granting a Waiver
to Heat Transfer Products Group from
the Department of Energy Walk-in
Coolers and Walk-In Freezers Test
Procedure

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and
Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notification of decision and
order.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of
Energy (“DOE”) gives notification of a
Decision and Order (Case Number
2020–009) that grants to Heat Transfer
Products Group (“HTPG”) a waiver from
specified portions of the DOE test
procedure for determining the energy
efficiency of specified carbon dioxide
(“CO2”) direct expansion unit coolers.
Under the Decision and Order, HTPG is
required to test and rate the specified
basic models of its CO2 direct
expansion unit coolers in accordance
with the alternate test procedure set
forth in the Decision and Order.

DATES: The Decision and Order is
effective on March 19, 2021. The
Decision and Order will terminate upon
the compliance date of any future
amendment to the test procedure for
walk-in refrigeration systems located at
title 10 of the Code of Federal
Regulations (“CFR”), part 431, subpart
R, appendix C that addresses the issues
presented in this waiver. At such time,
HTPG must use the relevant test
procedure for these CO2 direct
expansion unit coolers for any testing to
demonstrate compliance with the
applicable standards, and any other
representations of energy use.

3506(c)(2)(A)), provides the general
public and Federal agencies with an
opportunity to comment on proposed,
revised, and continuing collections of
information. This helps the Department
assess the impact of its information
collection requirements and minimize
the public’s reporting burden. It also
helps the public understand the
Department’s information collection
requirements and provide the requested
data in the desired format. ED is
soliciting comments on the proposed
information collection request (ICR) that
is described below. The Department of
Education is especially interested in
public comment addressing the
following issues: (1) Is this collection
necessary to the proper functions of the
Department; (2) will this information be
processed and used in a timely manner;
(3) is the estimate of burden accurate;
(4) how might the Department enhance
the quality, utility, and clarity of the
information to be collected; and (5) how
might the Department minimize the
burden of this collection on the
respondents, including through the use
of information technology. Please note
that written comments received in
response to this notice will be
considered public records.

Title of Collection: Safer Schools and
Campuses Best Practices Clearinghouse.

OMB Control Number: 1810–NEW.

Type of Review: A new information
collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: State,
Local, and Tribal Governments Total
Estimated Number of Annual
Responses: 300.

Total Estimated Number of Annual
Burden Hours: 450.

Abstract: On January 21, 2021 the
President issued Executive Order (E.O.)
14000 to assist members of the
educational community in each State in
safely reopening schools for face-to-face
instruction and ensuring schools remain
open. E.O. 14000 directs the Department
to make widely available and easily
accessible a variety of resources from
the field and Federal agencies and
technical assistance to support their
dissemination and use. The hub for
these resources will be the
Clearinghouse described in E.O. 14000.
The Department’s Office of Elementary
and Secondary Education (OESE) will
lead development and implementation
of the Clearinghouse in partnership with
other ED offices and relevant Federal
agencies. At the heart of the
Clearinghouse will be the lessons
learned and best practices collected
from schools, districts, States, and
institutions of higher education from
across the country.

Additional information: It will
address three major topics related to
operating safely during the COVID–19
pandemic:

• Safe and Healthy Environments:
School and campus approaches to
implementing the Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention’s (CDC)
recommended mitigation strategies and
preparing for and sustaining in-person
operations safely. This includes
recommendations across all grade and
age levels of students served, with focus
both on reopening buildings for the first
time as well as keeping them open
safely.

• Providing Supports to Students:
School and campus strategies to meet
student social, emotional, mental
health, academic, financial, and other
needs, including access to food and
other basic needs. This includes a
specific focus on the most vulnerable
learners and ensuring that resources
provided by schools and campuses will
be able to connect with and meet the
needs of those disconnected from
learning.

• Teacher, Faculty, and Staff Well-
Being, Professional Development, and
Supports: School and campus strategies
to address the social, emotional, health,
and other needs of teachers, faculty,
and staff.

In order to quickly categorize, review,
and approve submissions for inclusion
in the Clearinghouse, the Department
would like to request that voluntary
submissions include the following
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Topic (e.g., safe and healthy
environments; providing supports for
students; teacher, faculty, and staff well-
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supports); (3) Target audience (e.g.,
early childhood, PreK–12,
postsecondary); (4) A short description (two to three sentences); (5) What makes it a lesson learned or best practice (e.g.,
it is based on local data regarding
number of cases of COVID in the
community, State or Federal guidance,
research), including a summary of the
impact and any evidence of positive
outcomes and clarification of the type of
setting the practice has been used in
(e.g., rural/urban/suburban, public/
private/proprietary, 2-year or 4-year
higher education institution,
Historically Black College or University/
Tribally Controlled College or
University/Minority Serving Institution;
other educational settings such as
correctional facilities); and (6) Whether
there is a focus on racial equity and/or
another equity focus, such as a focus on
historically underserved populations
including students with disabilities;
English learners; students from low-
income backgrounds; first-generation
college students; students experiencing
homelessness; students in or formerly in
foster care; Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual,
Transgender, Queer, Intersex, Asexual
(LGBTQIA) students; undocumented
students; student veterans and military-
connected students; student parents;
and international students.

Kate Mullan,
PRA Coordinator, Strategic Collections and
Clearance Governance and Strategy Division,
Office of Chief Data Officer, Office of
Planning, Evaluation and Policy
Development.
[FR Doc. 2021–05676 Filed 3–18–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
[Case Number 2020–009; EERE–2020–BT–
WAV–0025]

Energy Conservation Program:
Decision and Order Granting a Waiver
to Heat Transfer Products Group from
the Department of Energy Walk-in
Coolers and Walk-In Freezers Test
Procedure

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and
Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notification of decision and
order.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of
Energy (“DOE”) gives notification of a
Decision and Order (Case Number
2020–009) that grants to Heat Transfer
Products Group (“HTPG”) a waiver from
specified portions of the DOE test
procedure for determining the energy
efficiency of specified carbon dioxide
(“CO2”) direct expansion unit coolers.
Under the Decision and Order, HTPG is
required to test and rate the specified
basic models of its CO2 direct
expansion unit coolers in accordance
with the alternate test procedure set
forth in the Decision and Order.

DATES: The Decision and Order is
effective on March 19, 2021. The
Decision and Order will terminate upon
the compliance date of any future
amendment to the test procedure for
walk-in refrigeration systems located at
title 10 of the Code of Federal
Regulations (“CFR”), part 431, subpart
R, appendix C that addresses the issues
presented in this waiver. At such time,
HTPG must use the relevant test
procedure for these CO2 direct
expansion unit coolers for any testing to
demonstrate compliance with the
applicable standards, and any other
representations of energy use.
For Further Information Contact:  


Supplementary Information: In accordance with § 431.401(f)(2) of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR 431.401(f)(2)), DOE gives notification of the issuance of its Decision and Order as set forth below. The Decision and Order grants HTPG a waiver from the applicable test procedure at 10 CFR part 431, subpart R, appendix C for specified basic models of CO2 direct expansion unit coolers, and provides that HTPG must test and rate such CO2 direct expansion unit coolers using the alternate test procedure specified in the Decision and Order. HTPG’s representations concerning the energy efficiency of the specified basic models must be based on testing according to the provisions and restrictions in the alternate test procedure set forth in the Decision and Order, and the representations must fairly disclose the test results. Distributors, retailers, and private labelers are held to the same requirements when making representations regarding the energy efficiency of this equipment. (42 U.S.C. 6314(d))

Consistent with 10 CFR 431.401(j), not later than May 18, 2021, any manufacturer currently distributing in commerce in the United States CO2 direct expansion unit coolers employing a technology or characteristic that results in the same need for a waiver from the applicable test procedure must submit a petition for waiver. Manufacturers not currently distributing such products/equipment in commerce in the United States must petition for and be granted a waiver prior to the distribution in commerce of CO2 direct expansion unit coolers in the United States. 10 CFR 431.401(j). Manufacturers may also submit a request for interim waiver pursuant to the requirements of 10 CFR 431.401.

Case # 2020–009  
Decision and Order

I. Background and Authority

The Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended ("EPCA"), authorizes the U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") to regulate the energy efficiency of a number of consumer products and certain industrial equipment. (42 U.S.C. 6291–6317) Title III, Part C2 of EPCA established the Energy Conservation Program for Certain Industrial Equipment, which sets forth a variety of provisions designed to improve energy efficiency for certain types of industrial equipment. This equipment includes walk-in cooler and walk-in freezer (collectively, “walk-in”) refrigeration systems, the focus of this document. (42 U.S.C. 6311(f)(1)(G))

The energy conservation program under EPCA consists essentially of four parts: (1) Testing, (2) labeling, (3) Federal energy conservation standards, and (4) certification and enforcement procedures. Relevant provisions of EPCA include definitions (42 U.S.C. 6311), test procedures (42 U.S.C. 6314), labeling provisions (42 U.S.C. 6315), energy conservation standards (42 U.S.C. 6313), and the authority to require information and reports from manufacturers (42 U.S.C. 6316).

The Federal testing requirements consist of test procedures that manufacturers of covered equipment must use as the basis for: (1) Certifying to DOE that their equipment complies with the applicable energy conservation standards adopted pursuant to EPCA (42 U.S.C. 6316(a); 42 U.S.C. 6295(s)), and (2) making representations about the efficiency of that equipment (42 U.S.C. 6314(d)). Similarly, DOE must use these test procedures to determine whether the equipment complies with relevant standards promulgated under EPCA. (42 U.S.C. 6316(a); 42 U.S.C. 6295(s))

Under 42 U.S.C. 6314, EPA sets forth the criteria and procedures DOE is required to follow when prescribing or amending test procedures for covered equipment. EPA requires that any test procedures prescribed or amended under this section must be reasonably designed to produce test results which reflect energy efficiency, energy use or estimated annual operating cost of covered equipment during a representative average use cycle and requires that test procedures not be unduly burdensome to conduct. (42 U.S.C. 6314(a)(2))

The test procedure for walk-in refrigeration systems is set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") at 10 CFR part 431, subpart R, appendix C, Uniform Test Method for the Measurement of Net Capacity and AWEF of Walk-In Cooler and Walk-In Freezer Refrigeration Systems ("Appendix C"). Any interested person may submit a petition for waiver from DOE’s test procedure requirements. 10 CFR 431.401(a)(1). DOE will grant a waiver from the test procedure requirements if DOE determines either that the basic model(s) for which the waiver was requested contains a design characteristic that prevents testing of the basic model according to the prescribed test procedures, or that the prescribed test procedures evaluate the basic model in a manner so unrepresentative of its true energy consumption characteristics as to provide materially inaccurate comparative data. 10 CFR 431.401(f)(2). DOE may grant the waiver subject to conditions, including adherence to alternate test procedures. Id.

As soon as practicable after the granting of any waiver, DOE will publish in the Federal Register a notice of proposed rulemaking to amend its regulations so as to eliminate any need for the continuation of such waiver. 10 CFR 431.401(l). As soon thereafter as practicable, DOE will publish in the Federal Register a final rule to that effect. Id. When DOE amends the test procedure to address the issues presented in a waiver, the waiver will automatically terminate on the date on which use of that test procedure is required to demonstrate compliance. 10 CFR 431.401(h)(3).

II. HTG’s Petition for Waiver: Assertions and Determinations

By letter dated July 6, 2020, HTPG filed a petition for waiver and a petition for interim waiver from the DOE test procedure applicable to CO2 direct expansion unit coolers set forth in Appendix C. HTPG claimed that the test conditions described in the Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute ("AHRI") Standard 1250–2009, Standard for Performance Rating of Walk-In Coolers and Freezers ("AHRI 1250–2009") (for walk-in refrigerator unit coolers and freezer unit coolers tested alone), as incorporated by Appendix C with modification, cannot be achieved by the specified basic models and are not consistent with operation of HTG’s CO2 direct expansion unit coolers. HTPG asserted that the prescribed test procedure is not appropriate for HTG’s CO2 direct expansion unit coolers and the test...
conditions are not achievable, since CO2 refrigerant has a critical temperature of 87.8 °F and the current DOE test procedure requires a liquid inlet saturation temperature of 105 °F and liquid inlet subcooling of 9 °F. HTPG suggested that the test conditions should be more consistent with typical operating conditions for a transcritical CO2 booster system.

HTPG’s suggested test procedure specifies using modified liquid inlet saturation and liquid inlet subcooling temperatures of 38 °F and 5 °F, respectively, for both walk-in refrigerator unit coolers and walk-in freezer unit coolers. Additionally, because the subject units are used in transcritical CO2 booster systems, HTPG recommended that the calculations in AHRI 1250–2009, section 7.9 should be used to determine the annual walk-in energy factor (“AWEF”) and net capacity for unit coolers matched to parallel rack systems, as required under the DOE test procedure. This section of AHRI 1250–2009 is prescribed by the DOE test procedure for determining AWFF for all unit coolers tested alone (see section 3.3.1 of Appendix C).

Finally, HTPG also recommended that AHRI 1250–2009, Table 17, EER for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets, should be used to determine power consumption of CO2 direct expansion unit cooler systems, as required under the DOE test procedure.

On December 23, 2020, DOE published a notification that announced its receipt of the petition for waiver and granted HTPG an interim waiver. 85 FR 83927 (“Notification of Petition for Waiver”). In the Notification of Petition for Waiver, DOE acknowledged the difference in critical pressure and temperature between traditional refrigerants (such as R404A and CO2 as used in HTTPG’s direct expansion unit coolers. 85 FR 83927, 83929. DOE also noted that the transcritical nature of CO2 generally requires a more complex refrigeration cycle design to approach the efficiency of traditional refrigerant cycles during operation in high temperature conditions. Id.

In the Notification of Petition for Waiver, DOE also solicited comments from interested parties on all aspects of the petition and the specified alternate test procedure. 85 FR 83927, 83827. DOE received no substantive comments in response to the Notification of Petition for Waiver.

For the reasons explained here and in the Notification of Petition for Waiver, absent a waiver, the basic models identified by HTTPG in its petition cannot be tested and rated for energy consumption on a basis representative of their true energy consumption characteristics. DOE has reviewed the recommended procedure suggested by HTTPG and concludes that it will allow for the accurate measurement of the energy use of the CO2 direct expansion unit coolers, while alleviating the testing issues associated with HTTPG’s implementation of DOE’s applicable walk-in refrigeration systems test procedure for the specified basic models.

Thus, DOE is requiring that HTTPG test and rate specified CO2 direct expansion unit cooler basic models according to the alternate test procedure specified in this Decision and Order, which is identical to the procedure provided in the interim waiver.

This Decision and Order applies only to the basic models listed and does not extend to any other basic models. DOE evaluates and grants waivers for only those basic models specifically set out in the petition, not future models that may be manufactured by the petitioner. HTTPG may request that DOE extend the scope of this waiver to include additional basic models that employ the same technology as those listed in this waiver. 10 CFR 431.401(g). HTTPG may also submit another petition for waiver from the test procedure for additional basic models that employ a different technology and meet the criteria for test procedure waivers. 10 CFR 431.401(a)(1).

DOE notes that it may modify or rescind the waiver at any time upon DOE’s determination that the factual basis underlying the petition for waiver is incorrect, or upon a determination that the results from the alternate test procedure are unrepresentative of the basic models’ true energy consumption characteristics. 10 CFR 431.401(k)(1). Likewise, HTTPG may request that DOE rescind or modify the waiver if the company discovers an error in the information provided to DOE as part of its petition, determines that the waiver is no longer needed, or for other appropriate reasons. 10 CFR 431.401(k)(2).

III. Order

After careful consideration of all the material that was submitted by HTTPG, HTTPG’s consumer-facing materials, including websites and product specification sheets for the basic models listed in HTTPG’s petition, as well as other industry information pertaining to the subject basic models listed by HTTPG, it is ordered that:

(1) HTTPG must, as of the date of publication of this Order in the Federal Register, test and rate the following CO2 direct expansion unit cooler basic models with the alternate test procedure as set forth in paragraph (2):

| RL6A041ADAF | RL6A041DDAF | RL6A052ADAF | RL6A052DDAF | RL6A066ADAF | RL6A066DDAF |
| RL6A073ADAF | RL6A073DDAF | RL6A094ADAF | RL6A094DDAF | RL6A117ADAF | RL6A117DDAF |
| RL6A139ADAF | RL6A139DDAF | RL6A141ADAF | RL6A141DDAF | RL6A161ADAF | RL6A161DDAF |
| RL6A181ADAF | RL6A181DDAF | RL6A195ADAF | RL6A195DDAF | RL6A235ADAF | RL6A235DDAF |
| RL6A390ADAF | RL6A390DDAF | RL6E025DDAF | RL6E025DDAF | RL6E049DDAF | RL6E049DDAF |
| RL6E077DDAF | RL6E090DDAF | RL6E095DDAF | RL6E105DDAF | RL6E121DDAF | RL6E121DDAF |
| RL6E182DDAF | RL6E200DDAF | RL6E200EDAF | RL6E244DDAF | RL6E244EDAF | RL6E281DDAF |
| RL6E281EDAF | RL6E027DDAF | RL6E032DDAF | RL6E032DDAF | RL6E064DDAF | RL6E064DDAF |
| RL6E080DDAF | RL6E094DDAF | RL6E100DDAF | RL6E125DDAF | RL6E341DDAF | RL6E155DDAF |
| RM6A182ADAF | RM6A182DDAF | RM6A182DDAF | RM6A182DDAF | RM6A220ADAF | RM6A220DDAF |
| RM6A276ADAF | RM6A276DDAF | RM6A276DDAF | RM6A276DDAF | RM6A370ADAF | RM6A370DDAF |
| RM6A442ADAF | RM6A442DDAF | RM6A442DDAF | RM6A442DDAF | RM6A549ADAF | RM6A549DDAF |

*The test procedure specifies the unit cooler refrigerant inlet conditions in terms of a saturation temperature (the temperature at which it completes the condensation process in a condenser) and the subcooling temperature (additional reduction in temperature lower than the specified saturation temperature). For CO2, the critical temperature above which there cannot exist separate liquid and gas phases is below the saturation condition specified in the test procedure—hence, the specified condition cannot be achieved.

*One comment was received, but it did not contain any content. The comment only stated the docket number for the notification of petition for waiver and grant of an interim waiver.
subcooling temperature test condition shall be modified to 38 °F and 5 °F, respectively, for both walk-in refrigerator unit coolers and walk-in freezer unit coolers, as detailed below. All other requirements of Appendix C and DOE’s other relevant regulations remain applicable.

In Appendix C, under section 3.1. General modifications: Test Conditions and Tolerances, revise section 3.1.5., to read as follows:

3.1.5. Tables 15 and 16 shall be modified to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test objective</th>
<th>Compressor capacity</th>
<th>Liquid inlet subcooling temp, °F</th>
<th>Liquid inlet saturation temp, °F</th>
<th>Saturated suction temp, °F</th>
<th>Unit cooler air entering relative humidity, %</th>
<th>Unit cooler air entering dry-bulb, °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compressor Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor On</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Superheat to be set according to equipment specification in equipment or installation manual. If no superheat specification is given, a default superheat value of 6.5 °F shall be used. The superheat setting used in the test shall be reported as part of the standard rating.

TABLE 16—FREEZER UNIT COOLER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test objective</th>
<th>Compressor capacity</th>
<th>Liquid inlet subcooling temp, °F</th>
<th>Liquid inlet saturation temp, °F</th>
<th>Saturated suction temp, °F</th>
<th>Unit cooler air entering relative humidity, %</th>
<th>Unit cooler air entering dry-bulb, °F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compressor Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compressor On</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Measure fan input power during compressor off cycle. Determine Net Refrigeration Capacity of Unit Cooler.
(3) **Representations.** HTPG may not make representations about the energy efficiency of a basic model listed in paragraph (1) of this Order for compliance or marketing, unless the basic model has been tested in accordance with the provisions set forth above and such representations fairly disclose the results of such testing.

(4) This waiver shall remain in effect according to the provisions of 10 CFR 431.401.

(5) DOE issues this waiver on the condition that the statements, representations, and information provided by HTPG are valid. If HTPG makes any modifications to the controls or configurations of these basic models, such modifications will render the waiver invalid with respect to that basic model, and HTPG will either be required to use the current Federal test method or submit a new application for a test procedure waiver. DOE may rescind or modify this waiver at any time if it determines the factual basis underlying the petition for waiver is incorrect, or the results from the alternate test procedure are unrepresentative of a basic model’s true energy consumption characteristics. 10 CFR 431.401(k)(1). Likewise, HTPG may request that DOE rescind or modify the waiver if HTPG discovers an error in the information provided to DOE as part of its petition, determines that the waiver is no longer needed, or for other appropriate reasons. 10 CFR 431.401(k)(2).

(6) HTPG remains obligated to fulfill any applicable requirements set forth at 10 CFR part 429.

**Signing Authority**

This document of the Department of Energy was signed on March 15, 2021, by Kelly Speakes-Backman, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary and Acting Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, pursuant to delegated authority from the Secretary of Energy. That document with the original signature and date is maintained by DOE. For administrative purposes only, and in compliance with requirements of the Office of the Federal Register, the undersigned DOE Federal Register Liaison Officer has been authorized to sign and submit the document in electronic format for publication, as an official document of the Department of Energy. This administrative process in no way alters the legal effect of this document upon publication in the Federal Register.

Signed in Washington, DC, on March 16, 2021.

Treena V. Garrett, Federal Register Liaison Officer, U.S. Department of Energy.

**DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission**

**Combined Notice of Filings #1**

Take notice that the Commission received the following exempt wholesale generator filings:

- **Docket Numbers:** EG21–107–000.
  **Applicants:** Citadel Solar, LLC.
  **Description:** Citadel Solar, LLC submits Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status.
  **Filed Date:** 3/11/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210311–5575.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/1/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** EG21–108–000.
  **Applicants:** Assembly Solar II, LLC.
  **Description:** Notice of Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status of Assembly Solar II, LLC.
  **Filed Date:** 3/12/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210312–5222.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/2/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER20–1090–000.
  **Applicants:** NorthWestern Corporation.
  **Description:** Tariff Cancellation: CCSF Compliance filing to update Intervening Facilities (Mar 11, 2021) to be effective 7/1/2015.
  **Filed Date:** 3/11/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210311–5204.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/1/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER20–756–001.
  **Applicants:** North Jersey Energy Associates, A Limited Partnership.
  **Description:** Report Filing: Refund Report under EL20–24 to be effective N/A.
  **Filed Date:** 3/11/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210311–5169.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/1/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER21–1299–001.
  **Applicants:** NorthWestern Corporation.
  **Description:** Report Filing: Refund Report under ER21–1299–001.
  **Filed Date:** 3/12/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210312–5077.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/2/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER21–963–000.
  **Applicants:** Silverstrand Grid, LLC.
  **Description:** Supplement to January 28, 2021 Silverstrand Grid, LLC tariff filing.
  **Filed Date:** 3/12/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210312–5054.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/2/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER20–1090–000.
  **Applicants:** Black Hills Colorado Electric, LLC.
  **Description:** Compliance filing: Supplemental Report Regarding WECC Soft Offer Cap to be effective N/A.
  **Filed Date:** 3/12/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210312–5222.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/2/21.
  **Docket Numbers:** ER21–1332–000.
  **Applicants:** Silverstrand Grid, LLC.
  **Description:** Compliance filing: Supplemental Report Regarding WECC Soft Offer Cap to be effective N/A.
  **Filed Date:** 3/12/21.
  **Accession Number:** 20210312–5001.
  **Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 4/2/21.

**TABLE 16—FREEZER UNIT COOLER—Continued**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test description</th>
<th>Unit cooler air entering dry-bulb, °F</th>
<th>Saturated suction temp, °F</th>
<th>Liquid inlet saturation temp, °F</th>
<th>Liquid inlet subcooling temp, °F</th>
<th>Compressor capacity</th>
<th>Test objective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Defrost</td>
<td></td>
<td>Various</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Compressor Off.</td>
<td>Test according to Appendix C Section C11.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Superheat to be set according to equipment specification in equipment or installation manual. If no superheat specification is given, a default superheat value of 6.5 °F shall be used. The superheat setting used in the test shall be reported as part of the standard rating.