
Total Annual Burden: 7,242 hours.
Total Annual Cost: $487,500.

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: An assurance of confidentiality is not offered because this information collection does not require the collection of personally identifiable information from individuals.

Privacy Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Needs and Uses: This notice and request for comments pertains to the extension of the currently approved information collection requirements concerning hearing aid compatibility (HAC) for wireline handsets used with the legacy telephone network and with advanced communications services (ACS), such as Voice over internet Protocol (VoIP). The latter are known as ACS telephonic customer premises equipment (ACS telephonic CPE).

Beginning in the 1980s, the Commission adopted a series of regulations to implement statutory directives requiring wireline telephone handsets in the United States (for use with the legacy telephone network) to be hearing aid compatible. In 2010, the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act (CVAA), Public Law 111–260, sec. 102, 710(b), 124 Stat. 2751, 2753 (CVAA) (codified at 47 U.S.C. 610(b)), amended by Public Law 111–265, 124 Stat. 2795 (technical corrections to the CVAA), amended section 710(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, to apply the HAC requirements to ACS telephonic CPE, including VoIP telephones. In accordance with this provision, the Commission adopted Access to Telecommunications Equipment and Services by Persons with Disabilities et al., Report and Order and Order on Reconsideration, FCC 17–135, released October 26, 2017, which amended the HAC rules to cover ACS telephonic CPE to the extent such devices are designed to be held to the ear and provide two-way voice communication via a built-in speaker.

The information collections contain third-party disclosure and labeling requirements. The information is used to inform consumers who purchase or use wireline telephone equipment whether the telephone is hearing aid compatible; to ensure that manufacturers comply with applicable regulations and technical criteria; to ensure that information about ACS telephonic CPE is available in a database administered by the Administrative Council for Terminal Attachments (ACTA) (an organization, previously created pursuant to FCC regulations, whose key function is to maintain a database of telephone equipment); and to facilitate the filing of complaints about the ACS telephonic CPE.

Wireline Handsets Used With the Legacy Telephone Network

• 47 CFR 68.224 requires that every non-hearing aid compatible wireline telephone used with the legacy wireline network that is offered for sale to the public contains a conspicuous location on the surface of its packaging a statement that the telephone is not hearing aid compatible. If the handset is offered for sale without a surrounding package, then the telephone must be affixed with a written statement that the telephone is not hearing aid compatible. In addition, each handset must be accompanied by instructions in accordance with 47 CFR 62.218(b)(2).
• 47 CFR 68.300 requires that all wireline telephones used with the legacy wireline network that are manufactured in the United States (other than for export) or imported for use in the United States and that are hearing aid compatible have the letters “HAC” permanently affixed.

ACS Telephonic CPE

• 47 CFR 68.502(a) of the Commission’s rules contains information collection requirements for ACS telephonic CPE that are similar to the HAC label and notice requirements in 47 CFR 68.224 and 68.300 (discussed above), i.e., the “HAC” labeling requirement for hearing aid compatible equipment, and the package information for non-hearing aid compatible equipment, apply to ACS telephonic CPE.
• 47 CFR 68.501 of the Commission’s rules requires responsible parties to obtain certifications of their equipment by using a third-party Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) or a Supplier’s Declaration of Conformity. (A responsible party is the party, such as the manufacturer, that is responsible for the compliance of ACS telephonic CPE with the hearing aid compatibility rules and other applicable technical criteria. A Supplier’s Declaration of Conformity is a procedure whereby a responsible party makes measurements or takes steps to ensure that CPE complies with technical standards, which results in a document by the same name.) Section 68.501 of the Commission’s rules applies to ACS telephonic CPE the rule sections defining the roles of TCBs and the uses of Supplier’s Declarations of Conformity for wireline handsets used with the legacy telephone network.

• 47 CFR 68.504 of the Commission’s rules requires information about ACS telephonic CPE to be included in a database administered by ACTA. In addition, ACS telephonic CPE must be labeled as required by ACTA.
• 47 CFR 68.502(b)–(d) of the Commission’s rules requires responsible parties to: Warrant that ACS telephonic CPE complies with applicable regulations and technical criteria; give the user instructions required by ACTA for ACS telephonic CPE that is hearing aid compatible; give the user a notice for ACS telephonic CPE that is not hearing aid compatible; and notify the purchaser or user of ACS telephonic CPE whose approval is revoked, that the purchaser or user must discontinue its use.

Applications for Waiver of HAC Requirements

• 47 CFR 68.5 requires that telephone manufacturers seeking a waiver of 47 CFR 68.4(a)(1) (requiring that certain telephones be hearing aid compatible) demonstrate that compliance with the rule is technologically infeasible or too costly. Information is used by FCC staff to determine whether to grant or dismiss the request.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dorch.
Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–04856 Filed 3–8–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
[FR ID 17542]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice of a new system of records.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission or Agency) proposes to add a new system of records, FCC/WCB–4, Consumer Challenge Process, to its inventory of records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This action is necessary to meet the requirements of the Privacy Act to publish in the Federal Register notice of the existence and nature of records maintained by the Agency. The FCC maintains programs that require...
telecommunication providers and carriers (Participants) to report service coverage or locations eligible for support to the FCC, such as the FCC’s Digital Opportunity Data Collection (DODC) and the Universal Service Fund (USF) Eligible Location Adjustment Process (ELAP). Under these programs, consumers and third parties (collectively, Stakeholders) may challenge the service coverage or number of locations eligible for support (eligible locations) reported by Participants. The Consumer Challenge Process system of records contains personally identifiable information (PII) submitted by individuals, or third parties on behalf of individuals, needed to establish eligibility to challenge the accuracy of Participants’ submissions, provide sufficient information for Participants to respond to a challenge, and create accurate maps of Participant coverage or eligible locations. To establish eligibility, prospective Stakeholders who are individuals must submit certain PII that will be used to verify their identities and their interest in receiving services from a Participant in the relevant geographic area, i.e., the coverage area for DODC, or the Participant’s supported areas for ELAP. In certain programs, the PII will also be used to establish that the Stakeholders do not hold a controlling interest in a competitor. Once verified, Stakeholders may submit additional PII to establish that specific geolocations are eligible locations, such as evidence verifying ownership or occupancy of a location. Participation in any Consumer Challenge Process is voluntary.

DATES: This system of records will become effective on March 9, 2021. Written comments on the routine uses are due by April 8, 2021. The routine uses will become effective on April 8, 2021, unless written comments are received that require a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Margaret Drake at privacy@fcc.gov or at Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554 at 202–418–1707. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Margaret Drake, 202–418–1707, or privacy@fcc.gov (and to obtain a copy of the Narrative Statement that includes details of this proposed new system of records).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Depending on the program, the FCC or the Universal Service Administrative Company, in conjunction with and under the supervision of the FCC, will collect and maintain documentation in the system of records to verify the identity and eligibility of certain individuals to participate as Stakeholders in the process, including information that may link individuals to particular properties and/or commercial interests (e.g., geolocation coordinates, billing information).


SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified.

SYSTEM LOCATION(S):
Federal Communications Commission (FCC), 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554; and Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC), 700 12th Street NW, Suite 900, Washington, DC 20005.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):
The FCC and, in some cases, USAC on behalf of and under the supervision of the FCC.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:
The Consumer Challenge Process system contains information to facilitate challenges to (1) Participant service reports under the DODC or other Commission adjustment programs, on a state-by-state basis, and (2) Participants’ defined deployment obligations (and associated support) under the USF. In this system, the Commission or USAC, on behalf of the Commission, will gather information to verify the identity of prospective Stakeholders and their direct interests in receiving certain services in the relevant locations. The submitted PII may link one or more individuals to locations and/or commercial interests and services relating to such locations. In some circumstances, prospective Stakeholders must certify that they do not hold a controlling interest in one or more competitors of the Participant that they are challenging.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:
The individuals in this system include actual and potential consumers of fixed or mobile broadband services; individuals challenging mobile coverage in a specific area; and individuals who submit information to verify their eligibility to challenge a Participant’s location data.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:
The records in this system may include name, address, email address, phone number, partial Social Security Number (or Tribal Identification Number if no Social Security Number is available), requests for broadband services, commercial records associated with the receipt of residential services and utilities, home ownership, land use rights (including building development), government forms, statements, authorizations, and certifications. Further, such records may include information confirming that individuals do not have a controlling interest in one or more competitors of the Participant being challenged.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:
The information in the system is provided by individuals who are consumers of fixed or mobile broadband services, residents or property owners in areas where Participants have been authorized (or are eligible to be authorized) to receive universal service support through certain high-cost programs, and government agencies or other entities (e.g., consumer groups) who collect challenges from individuals and submit them in bulk.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:
In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, all or a portion of the records or information contained in this system may be disclosed to authorized entities, as is determined to be relevant and necessary, outside the FCC as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:
1. Program Management—To USAC employees to conduct official duties associated with the management, operation, and oversight of the ELAP as directed by the Commission, including but not limited to, decisions to modify the number of locations (and associated support) that Participants must serve to satisfy their USF obligations.
2. Third Party Contractors—To an employee of any third-party contractor engaged by USAC or the Commission to, among other things, develop IT systems or applications; conduct the Stakeholder eligibility verification process; verify the completeness and accuracy of Participants’ coverage information;
develop and maintain relevant maps; and, develop the Commission order modifying the Participants’ defined deployment obligation.

3. Participants—Stakeholder challenge information, including Stakeholder contact information, geolocation, and other location information (e.g., the number of units at a location) will be made available to relevant Participants for the purposes of allowing them to file a reply to Stakeholder challenges.

4. Stakeholders—For ELAP, Stakeholder contact information and certain other challenge information will be made available to other verified Stakeholders filing challenges in the same study area. Other Stakeholders include individuals, entities, and non-Federal agencies, including any State or local government, or agency thereof.

5. Public—Stakeholder geolocation information may be included on coverage maps published on the FCC and/or USAC websites.

6. Congressional Inquiries—To a Congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from that Congressional office made at the written request of that individual.

7. Government-Wide Program Management and Oversight—To the Department of Justice (DOJ) to obtain that department’s advice regarding obligations under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA); or to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to obtain that office’s advice regarding obligations under the Privacy Act.

8. Law Enforcement and Investigation—To appropriate Federal, State, local, or Tribal agencies, authorities, and officials responsible for investigating, prosecuting, enforcing, or implementing a statute, rule, regulation, or order, where the FCC becomes aware of an indication of a violation or potential violation of a civil or criminal statute, law, regulation, or order.

9. Adjudication and Litigation—To the Department of Justice (DOJ), or to a court or adjudicative body before which the FCC is authorized to appear, when: (a) The FCC or any component thereof; or (b) any employee of the FCC in his or her official capacity; or (c) any employee of the FCC in his or her individual capacity where the DOJ or the FCC have agreed to represent the employee; or (d) the United States is a party to litigation or have an interest in such litigation, and the use of such records by the DOJ or the FCC is deemed by the FCC to be relevant and necessary to current litigation.

10. Breach Notification—To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when: (a) The Commission suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records; (b) the Commission has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, the Commission (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (c) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Commission’s efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

11. Assistance to Federal Agencies and Entities—To another Federal agency or Federal entity, when the Commission determines that information from this system is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in: (a) Responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (b) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, program, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

12. Prevention of Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Disclosure—To Federal agencies, non-Federal entities, their employees, and agents (including contractors, their agents or employees; employees or contractors of the agents or designated agents); or contractors, their employees or agents with whom the FCC or USAC has a contract, service agreement, or cooperative agreement, for the purpose of: (1) Detection and prevention of fraud, waste, and abuse in Federal programs administered by a Federal agency or non-Federal entity; (2) detection of fraud, waste, and abuse by individuals in their operations and programs, but only to the extent that the information shared is necessary and relevant to verify and audit information necessary to determine whether the participant carrier has intentionally or through negligence, reduced its universal service obligations to exclude locations in eligible areas that are the most difficult and/or expensive to serve.

REPORTING TO A CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY:

In addition to the routine uses listed above, the Commission may share information from this system of records with a consumer reporting agency regarding an individual who has not paid a valid and overdue debt owed to the Commission, following the procedures set out in the Debt Collection Act, 31 U.S.C. 3711(e).

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

The system is maintained in secure, limited access areas. Electronic files are maintained in the FCC or USAC network accreditation boundaries. Physical entry by unauthorized persons is restricted through use of locks, passwords, and other security measures. Paper documents and other physical records, if any, will be kept in locked, controlled access areas until digitized and then destroyed.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

Information in this system can be retrieved by various identifiers, which may include Stakeholder name, Social Security Number (Tribal Identification Number if Social Security Number is not available), physical address, geolocation coordinates, property information, email address, telephone number, competitive interests, and supporting evidence.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

1. The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) established records schedule number DAA–0173–2017–0001–001 for the Universal Service High Cost Program Files. In accordance with this records schedule, the FCC and USAC, as appropriate, will maintain all information in the ELAP system of records for ten (10) years after cut-off, or when no longer needed for business or audit purposes, whichever comes later. Cut-off is determined as the end of the calendar year from the date an item is filed or prepared. Disposal of obsolete or out-of-date paper documents and files is by shredding only. Electronic data, files, and records are destroyed by electronic erasure in compliance with National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) guidelines.

2. Information in this system of records that is not collected or maintained in connection with the CAF Program Files, including DODC challenge data, will be maintained in accordance with General Records Schedule 5.2, Item 20, which provides that records will be destroyed upon verification of successful creation of the final document or file, or when no longer needed for business use, whichever is later.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

1. ELAP-related data: The electronic data, records, and files will be stored within the High-Cost Broadband Portal (HCBP) system accreditation boundaries. The FCC will oversee the
managing the HCBP system, including USAC’s records management activities. After a Participant window
for filing replies to Stakeholder information closes, access to the electronic files is restricted to the FCC
staff and its contractors and subcontractors, as well as USAC and its contractors and subcontractors who
carry out ELAP functions and activities. Other FCC employees and contractors and USAC employees, contractors, and
subcontractors may be granted access only on a need-to-know basis. The data
are protected by the FCC and USAC security safeguards, a comprehensive
and dynamic set of information technology (IT) safety and security
protocols and features that are designed to meet all Federal IT standards,
including, but not limited to, those required by the Federal Information
Security Modernization Act of 2014 (FISMA), the Office of Management and
Budget (OMB), and NIST.

Employees of the FCC and USAC may print paper copies of these ELAP
electronic records for various short-term uses, as necessary. Paper copies will be stored in locked file cabinets when not in use. Physical entry by unauthorized persons where this information is stored is restricted through use of locks, passwords, and other security measures. Only authorized FCC and USAC employees may have access to these documents. Participants receiving access to the ELAP portion of the HCBP system will be prohibited from printing paper copies when such information contains PII, although they will be permitted to download redacted versions of such information.

2. Non-ELAP data: The electronic
records, files, and data are stored within FCC accreditation boundaries. Access to
the electronic files is restricted to IT
staff, contractors, and vendors who
maintain the networks and services. Other FCC employees, contractors, vendors, and users may be granted access on a need-to-know basis. The FCC’s data are protected by the FCC and privacy safeguards, a comprehensive
and dynamic set of IT safety and security protocols and features that are designed to meet all Federal IT privacy standards, including those required by FISMA, OMB, and NIST. Paper copies will be stored in locked file cabinets when not in use. Physical entry by unauthorized persons where this information is stored is restricted through use of locks, passwords, and other security measures. Only
authorized FCC employees and contractors may have access to these documents.

RECORDS ACCESS PROCEDURES:
Individuals wishing to request access to and/or amendment of records about themselves should follow the Notification Procedure below.

CONTESTING RECORDS PROCEDURES:
Individuals wishing to request access to and/or amendment of records about them should follow the Notification Procedure below.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:
Individuals wishing to determine whether this system of records contains information about them may do so by writing to Margaret Drake at privacy@fcc.gov or Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554, 202–418–1707.

Individuals requesting access must also comply with the FCC’s Privacy Act regulations regarding verification of identity and access to records (47 CFR part 0, subpart E).

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:
None.

HISTORY:
This is a new system of records.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–04857 Filed 3–8–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[CC Docket No. 92–237; FRS 17543]

Next Meeting of the North American Numbering Council

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Commission released a public notice announcing the meeting of the North American Numbering Council (NANC), which will be held via video conference and available to the public via live internet feed.

DATES: Thursday, April 15, 2021. The meeting will come to order at 9:30 a.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be conducted via video conference and available to the public via the internet at http://www.fcc.gov/live.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NANC meeting is open to the public on the internet via live feed from the FCC’s web page at http://www.fcc.gov/live. Open captioning will be provided for this event. Other reasonable accommodations for people with disabilities are available upon request. Requests for such accommodations should be submitted via email to fcc504@fcc.gov or by calling the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau at (202) 418–0530 (voice), (202) 418–0432 (TTY). Such requests should include a detailed description of the accommodation needed. In addition, please include a way for the FCC to contact the requester if more information is needed to fill the request. Please allow at least five days’ advance notice for accommodation requests; last minute requests will be accepted but may not be possible to accommodate.

Members of the public may submit comments to the NANC in the FCC’s Electronic Comment Filing System, ECFS, at www.fcc.gov/ecfs. Comments to the NANC should be filed in CC Docket No. 92–237. This is a summary of the Commission’s document in CC Docket No. 92–237, DA 21–253 released March 2, 2021.

Proposed Agenda: At the April 15 meeting, the NANC will hear routine status reports from the North American Portability Management, LLC, the Secure Telephone Identification Governance Authority, and the Numbering Administration Oversight Working Group. This agenda may be modified at the discretion of the NANC Chair and the Designated Federal Officers (DFO).

(5 U.S.C. App 2 section 10(a)(2))

Federal Communications Commission

Daniel Kahn,
Associate Bureau Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau.

[FR Doc. 2021–04797 Filed 3–8–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

[No. 2021–N–4]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records


ACTION: Notice of amendments and additions to the routine uses for FHFA–OIG’s Privacy Act systems of records.