Staff believes that there are no current start-up costs or other capital costs associated with the Wool Rules. Because the labeling of wool products has been an integral part of the manufacturing process for decades, manufacturers have in place the capital equipment necessary to comply with the Rules. Based on knowledge of the industry, staff believes that much of the information required by the Wool Act and Rules would be included on the product label even absent their requirements. Similarly, recordkeeping and advertising disclosures are tasks performed in the ordinary course of business so that covered firms would incur no additional capital or other non-labor costs as a result of the Rules.

**Request for Comments**

Pursuant to Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, the FTC invites comments on:

1. Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. The accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Ways to minimize the burden of maintaining records and providing disclosures to consumers. All comments must be received on or before April 9, 2021.

You may file a comment online or on paper. For the FTC to consider your comment, we must receive it on or before April 9, 2021. Write “Wool Rules; PRA Comment: FTC File No. P072108” on your comment. Your comment—including your name and your state—will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including the [https://www.regulations.gov website](https://www.regulations.gov).

Due to the public health emergency in response to the COVID–19 outbreak and the agency’s heightened security screening, postal mail addressed to the Commission will be subject to delay. We encourage you to submit your comments online through the [https://www.regulations.gov website](https://www.regulations.gov).

If you prefer to file your comment on paper, write “Wool Rules; PRA Comment: FTC File No. P072108” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580; or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20024. If possible, submit your paper comment to the Commission by courier or overnight service.

Because your comment will become publicly available at [https://www.regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov), you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else’s Social Security number; date of birth; driver’s license number or other state identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any “trade secret or any commercial or financial information which ... is privileged or confidential”—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including in particular competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must be filed in paper form, must be clearly labeled “Confidential,” and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c).

In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request, and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted publicly at [www.regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov), we cannot redact or remove your comment unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding, as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before April 9, 2021. For information on the Commission’s privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see [https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy](https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy).

Josephine Liu,
Assistant General Counsel for Legal Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2021–02471 Filed 2–5–21; 8:45 am]

**GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE**

**System of Records**

**AGENCY:** Government Accountability Office.
ACTION: Notice of modified system of records.

SUMMARY: The Government Accountability Office (GAO) proposes to revise its system of personnel records under its privacy regulations, Privacy Procedures for Personnel Records. This system of records encompasses records collected, maintained, used and disseminated in the course of conducting GAO human capital management activities. Further, this notice is intended to notify individuals about personally identifiable information (PII) maintained in this system of records and the manner in which that information is maintained and protected.

DATES: Comments may be submitted on or before March 10, 2021. Unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination, this revised system of records will become effective thereafter.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to: Government Accountability Office, Chief Agency Privacy Officer, Room 1127, 441 G St. NW, Washington, DC 20548, or by email to records@gao.gov. Please include reference to “Comment: Human Capital System of Records” at the top of a comment letter or in the subject line of an email.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For information about the management of personally identifiable information (PII) maintained in this system of records, contact Sonya R. Johnson, Records and Privacy Office, Infrastructure Operations, Government Accountability Office, Room 1127, 441 G St. NW, Washington, DC 20548; 202–512–9576; email, records@gao.gov. For information about GAO privacy protections, contact the Chief Agency Privacy Officer, Government Accountability Office, Room 1127, 441 G St., NW, Washington, DC 20548; email, records@gao.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

A. GAO. GAO is an independent, nonpartisan legislative branch agency that examines government activities and provides analyses, recommendations, and other assistance to help Congress in making sound oversight, policy, and funding decisions. As a legislative branch agency, GAO is not subject to the privacy and information security laws applicable to executive branch agencies, such as the Privacy Act of 1974 (Privacy Act), Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (FISMA), the E-Government Act of 2002 (E-Government Act), and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) guidance issued under those laws. Nonetheless, it is GAO policy to conduct its activities, to the maximum extent practicable, in a manner consistent with the spirit of the laws and guidance generally applicable to the executive branch agencies. Accordingly, as a matter of policy, GAO has established an agency-wide privacy program. Notwithstanding the similarities between GAO’s privacy program and information security laws, regulations, or policies applicable to executive branch agencies, GAO’s application of, or compliance with, those laws, regulations, or policies shall not be interpreted as controlling legal authorities over GAO.

GAO’s regulations at 4 CFR part 83, Privacy Procedures for Personnel Records, provide the basis for this notice.

B. Human Capital System of Records. The Human Capital System of Records, managed by GAO’s Human Capital Office, is a series of systems comprised of information collected and maintained in the course of activities relating to hiring and separation management; pay, benefits, and performance management; and related talent management activities. The system of records includes GAO-operated systems which track employee performance reviews, compile GAO employee contact information, maintain GAO staff’s Federal employment information over the course of their career, and record time and attendance for GAO employees.

GAO Human Capital Management information is also maintained and managed in systems of records operated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) (hereafter shared service providers), and by contractors supporting these agencies. USDA’s National Finance Center (NFC), which provides payroll processing-related services; and the Treasury-operated HRConnect, which is an automated human resources system, operates the Human Capital Management System of Records.

This system of records contains no classified information.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Information maintained in this system of records is set forth below. Information maintained by contractors of those shared service providers is maintained at information processing facilities under the control of those contractors.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):

The GAO official responsible for this system of records is the Chief Human Capital Officer, U.S. Government Accountability Office, Room 1193, 441 G St. NW, Washington, DC, 20548.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Section 711 of title 31, United States Code; General Authority of the Comptroller General, U.S. Government Accountability Office.
CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

The system of records contains PII concerning:

(a) Individuals who are or have been employed by GAO (including interns, consultants, volunteers, and reemployed annuitants), individuals who have applied for employment by GAO; and

(b) Family members or other individuals who have been identified for personnel records purposes by an individual otherwise covered by this system of records.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Categories of records in this system include:

(a) Biographic/identifying information (e.g., name, Social Security number, address, telephone numbers), or

(b) Other information about an individual (e.g., information about a person’s education, employment, performance appraisals, payroll data, and medical or physical condition if mandated by the position an employee occupies).

These records are maintained for identification and data analysis purposes. The information in this system of records generally originates from the individual or the individual’s current or previous agency or organization of employment.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The information is collected through various means, including but not limited to: Directly by GAO staff via interviews, reports, sign-in sheets, or forms; extracted from other GAO systems or systems maintained by third parties, such as the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s National Finance Center; or created through audio, photographic, or video recording.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The purpose of this system of records is to maintain records that are relevant and necessary to ensure GAO personnel, information, property, and assets receive an appropriate level of protection.

The purpose of this system of records is to maintain records as are relevant and necessary to efficiently and effectively manage human capital functions such as hiring and separation of employees; pay, benefits, and performance; employee relations; and telework applications.

DISCLOSURES:

PII in this system of records may be disclosed, as permitted by 4 CFR part 83 to those GAO employees and contractors who have a need for the record in the performance of their official duties that is consistent with the purpose of the use of the information as described in this notice. In addition, PII in this system of records may be otherwise disclosed under the following circumstances as a use consistent with the specified purpose of the use of the information identified in this notice:

(a) Information from this system of records may be disclosed to other Federal agencies, such as General Services Administration, Office of Personnel Management, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and U.S. Department of Transportation; and

(b) Information from this system of records may be released to the public in response to a request for records under 4 CFR part 81, Public Availability of GAO Records (similar to provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, which applies to executive branch agencies).

Records released under 4 CFR part 81 may be exempt from public release as information the release of which would cause an unwarranted invasion of privacy, or is otherwise confidential or covered by a legal privilege (4 CFR 81.6). Further, to the extent the requested information is contained in records originating in another agency or nonfederal organization, the requester will be referred to such agency or organization, and GAO will not release the records (4 CFR 81.5).

For other permitted disclosures of PII in this system of records, see 4 CFR 83.5.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

Information maintained in this system of records may be retrieved only by employees of GAO who have a need for the information in the performance of their official duties. Information is retrieved primarily by the individual’s name and/or Social Security number, in combination with any other biographical identifier such as date of birth.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

In accordance with GAO record retention schedule, the majority of records in this system of records are administrative in nature and must be destroyed or deleted after seven years. Official Personnel Folders (OPFs) are retained pursuant to GAO’s Records Schedule 1.1, NASA General Records Schedule 2.2, and 4 CFR 83.11—Official Personnel Folders. Certain transitory records are destroyed when no longer needed for business purposes.

Compelling legal or policy purposes (e.g., ongoing or potential litigation) may require retention of certain records beyond the retention periods identified above. Extra copies of records in this system of records are destroyed when no longer needed. Disposal is by shredding if paper, purging if in an electronic records management system (e.g., DM/ERMS), or pulverizing if in electronic media (e.g., tapes and disks). Disposal of information contained in electronic systems owned or operated by external service providers is subject to that organization’s retention policy.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

Pursuant to 4 CFR part 83, information maintained in this system of records is safeguarded under GAO information systems security policies and procedures which are consistent with the requirements of the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) and related National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards and guidelines, approved for the processing of controlled unclassified information (CUI). Strict controls are imposed to minimize the risk of compromising the information maintained in this system of records and any of its supporting information systems. Any information maintained by external service providers, including the FBI and USDA, is protected under memorandums of understanding (MOUs), contracts, and other agreements with those providers. Physical security protections are required for handling any information maintained in paper formats or otherwise removed from the GAO network.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals interested in knowing whether this system of records contains information about them, how to obtain access to such information, or how to contest any element of such information may submit a request in writing to the Chief Agency Privacy Officer, U.S. Government Accountability Office, Room 1137, 441 G St. NW, Washington, DC 20548, or by email to records@ gao.gov.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

Records contained in this system of records may be exempt from access, amendment, and other procedural requirements to the extent 4 CFR 83.21 applies to such records.
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30 Day—21–1054]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled, “Drug Overdose Response Investigation (DORI) Data Collections” to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. CDC previously published a “Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations” notice on August 13, 2020 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC did not receive comments related to the previous notice. This notice serves to allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project. The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

(a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
(b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
(c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;
(d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and
(e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639–7570. Comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

Proposed Project

Drug Overdose Response Investigation (DORI) Data Collections (OMB Control No. 0920–1054, Exp. 03/31/2021)—Extension—National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

In 2015, CDC received OMB approval (OMB Control No. 0920–1054) for this Generic clearance for a three-year period to collect information to response to urgent requests from state and local health authorities to provide epidemiological information that allows for the selection of interventions to curb local epidemics of drug overdose. CDC seeks OMB approval for an Extension of this Generic clearance for a three-year period.

Drug Overdose Response Investigations (DORI) are to be conducted in response to urgent requests from state and local health authorities to provide epidemiological information that allows for the selection of interventions to curb local epidemics of drug overdose. Of particular interest is response to increasing trends in, or changing characteristics of, overdose from prescription drugs (with a special interest in opioid analgesics such as oxycodone or methadone; benzodiazepines such as alprazolam) and/or illicit drugs (e.g., heroin). CDC’s National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC) is frequently called upon to conduct DORIs at the request of state or local health authorities seeking support to respond to urgent public health problems resulting from drug use, misuse, addiction, and overdose. Such requests are typically, but not always, made through the Epi-Aid mechanism; in most investigations, CDC’s epidemiological response entails rapid and flexible collection of data that evolves during the investigation period.

Generic clearance is requested to ensure that timely information is collected during a DORI, which allows NCIPC to maintain critical mission function by working with state and local health authorities to protect the public’s health. During an unanticipated rise in nonfatal or fatal drug overdose where the substances responsible for the health event need to be identified, drivers and risk factors are underdetermined, and/or subgroups at risk need to be identified, immediate action by CDC is necessary to minimize or prevent public harm. CDC must have the ability to rapidly deploy data collection tools to understand the scope of the problem and determine appropriate action. Procedures for each investigation, including specific data collection plans, depend on the time and resources available, number of persons involved, and other circumstances unique to the urgent conditions at hand. Data are collected by epidemiologists, psychologists, medical professionals, subject matter experts, and biostatisticians.

Data collected during a DORI are used to understand sudden increases in drug use and misuse associated with fatal and nonfatal overdoses, understand the drivers and risk factors associated with those trends, and identify the groups most affected. This allows CDC to effectively advise states on actions that could be taken to control the local epidemic. During a DORI, data are collected once, with the rare need for follow-up. The estimated annual burden hours are 2000, there are no costs to respondents other than their time.