Appendix I. The calculation for all Hercules basic models set forth in a PTO value of 92 percent for the Hercules would request a waiver to use

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{Total not running time/Day (hr.)} & = 22.4 \\
\text{Total run time/Day (hr.)} & = 1.6 \\
\text{Total run time/Day (min.)} & = 96 \\
\text{Door Cycle time} & = 48 \text{ Sec.} \\
\text{Door Cycles/Day} & = 120
\end{align*}
\]

is not powered during this time.

There is a maximum possible door opening and closing cycle of a door. By the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door.

Our second example covers doors within our vertical lift model group. Hercules Vertical Lift door basic models are operated at a maximum of 120 cycles (operations) per day, as specified by the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door. There is a maximum possible door travel of 288 inches operating at a constant speed of 12 IPS in both opening and closing directions.

The amount of time that the door is in the open and stopped position does not add to the calculation as the motor is not powered during this time.

Door Cycles/Day = 120
Door Cycle time = 48 Sec.
Total run time/Day (min.) = 96
Total run time/Day (hr.) = 1.6
PTO calculated = .96

Door Cycles/Day = 120
Door Cycle time = 28.8 Sec.
Total run time/Day (min.) = 57.6
Total run time/Day (hr.) = 0.96
PTO calculated = .96

B. Second Example: Hercules Vertical Lift Door Models

Hercules Listed Model Groups:

- EVL—D—Electric Vertical Lift Door Models

Our second example covers doors within our vertical lift model group. Hercules Vertical Lift door basic models are operated at a maximum of 120 cycles (operations) per day, as specified by the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door.

Our second example covers doors within our vertical lift model group. Hercules Vertical Lift door basic models are operated at a maximum of 120 cycles (operations) per day, as specified by the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door.

There is a maximum possible door opening and closing cycle of a door. By the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door.

Our second example covers doors within our vertical lift model group. Hercules Vertical Lift door basic models are operated at a maximum of 120 cycles (operations) per day, as specified by the DOE. One cycle is defined as one opening and closing cycle of a door. There is a maximum possible door travel of 288 inches operating at a constant speed of 12 IPS in both opening and closing directions.

The amount of time that the door is in the open and stopped position does not add to the calculation as the motor is not powered during this time.

Door Cycles/Day = 120
Door Cycle time = 48 Sec.
Total run time/Day (min.) = 96
Total run time/Day (hr.) = 1.6
PTO calculated = .96

Door Cycles/Day = 120
Door Cycle time = 28.8 Sec.
Total run time/Day (min.) = 57.6
Total run time/Day (hr.) = 0.96
PTO calculated = .96

I. Other Manufacturers

Manufacturers that are known to us of other basic models that are distributed in the United States and that incorporate designs with similar characteristics that are subject to this petition include: JAMISON DOORS, HH TECHNOLOGIES and FRANK DOORS.

10.14.20
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Appendix I

For a list of the specific basic models for which the test procedure applies see the docket at http://www.regulations.gov/docket?D=EERE-2020-BT-WAV-0027-0002.

Appendix II

For product literature used to calculate percent time off see the docket at http://www.regulations.gov/docket?D=EERE-2020-BT-WAV-0027-0002.

[FR Doc. 2020–29100 Filed 2–5–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450–01–P
disconnection to the Reassigned Numbers Database per the 2018 Second Report and Order, published on March 26, 2019, is now required.

DATES: Compliance with 47 CFR 64.1200(l)(2), published at 84 FR 11226, March 26, 2019, is required as of March 10, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karen Schroeder of the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Consumer Policy Division, at (202) 418–0654 or Karen.Schroeder@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document announces that OMB approved the information collection requirement in § 64.1200(l)(2) on June 2, 2020.

The Commission publishes this document as an announcement of the compliance date of the rule.

The Commission previously announced that compliance with the rules for aging numbers and maintaining records of the most recent date of permanent disconnection was required as of July 27, 2020, published at 85 FR 38334, June 26, 2020.

To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (braille, large print, audio files, braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an email to fcc504@fcc.gov or call the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau at (202) 418–0530 (voice).

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dorch, Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

Editorial Note: This document was received for publication by the Office of the Federal Register on January 14, 2021.

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
50 CFR Part 648
[RTID 0648–XA843]
Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; Retroactive Quota Transfer From NC to MA

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; quota transfer.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the State of North Carolina is transferring a portion of its 2020 commercial summer flounder quota to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. This retroactive adjustment to the 2020 fishing year quota is necessary to comply with the Summer Flounder, Scup, and Black Sea Bass Fishery Management Plan quota transfer provisions. This announcement informs the public of the retroactively revised 2020 commercial quotas for North Carolina and Massachusetts.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laura Hansen, Fishery Management Specialist, (978) 281–9225.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found in 50 CFR 648.100 through 648.110. These regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the coastal states from Maine through North Carolina. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state is described in § 648.102 and final 2020 allocations were published on October 9, 2019 (84 FR 54041).

The final rule implementing Amendment 5 to the Summer Flounder Fishery Management Plan (FMP), as published in the Federal Register on December 17, 1993 (58 FR 65936), provided a mechanism for transferring summer flounder commercial quota from one state to another. Two or more states, under mutual agreement and with the concurrence of the NMFS Greater Atlantic Regional Administrator, can transfer or combine summer flounder commercial quota under § 648.102(c)(2). The Regional Administrator is required to consider three criteria in the evaluation of requests for quota transfers or combinations: The transfer or combinations would not preclude the overall annual quota from being fully harvested; the transfer addresses an unforeseen variation or contingency in the fishery; and, the transfer is consistent with the objectives of the FMP and the Magnuson-Stevens Act.

The Regional Administrator has determined these three criteria have been met for the transfer approved in this notice.

North Carolina is transferring 9,185 lb (4,116 kg) of 2020 summer flounder commercial quota to Massachusetts through mutual agreement of the states. This transfer was requested to repay landings made by a North Carolina-permitted vessel in Massachusetts under a safe harbor agreement. The revised summer flounder quotas for calendar year 2020 are: North Carolina, 3,026,316 lb (1,372,714 kg); and, Massachusetts, 802,549 lb (364,030 kg).

Given the timing of the safe harbor agreement and the states’ request, we were unable to process the transfer before the December 31st end of the 2020 fishing year. The retroactively adjusted quotas will be used to calculate overages for the 2020 fishing year and adjust, as needed, 2021 summer flounder quotas.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.


Jennifer M. Wallace, Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

BILLING CODE 3510–22–P