C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

Second, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:
A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;
B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;
C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;
D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or
E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (50 U.S.C. 4819(e) and Sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Hamade by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

Fourth, in accordance with Part 756 of the Regulations, Hamade may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of Part 756 of the Regulations.

Fifth, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Hamade and shall be published in the Federal Register.

Sixth, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until April 27, 2030.

Issued this 25 day of January, 2021.

John Sonderman,
Director, Office of Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2021–02068 Filed 1–29–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Telecommunications and Information Administration
First Responder Network Authority
Combined Board and Board Committees Meeting

AGENCY: First Responder Network Authority (FirstNet Authority), National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA), U.S. Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Announcement of meeting.

SUMMARY: The FirstNet Authority Board will convene an open public meeting of the Board and Board Committees.

DATES: February 10, 2021; 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time (EST); WebEx.

ADDRESS: The public meeting will be conducted via WebEx. Members of the public may listen to the meeting and view the slide presentation by visiting the URL: https://stream2.sparkstreetdigital.com/20210210-firstnet.html?id=20210210-firstnet. WebEx information can also be found on the FirstNet Authority website (FirstNet.gov).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: General Information: Janell Smith, (502) 257–5929, Janell.Smith@FirstNet.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Background: The Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (codified at 47 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) (Act) established the FirstNet Authority as an independent authority within NTIA. The Act directs the FirstNet Authority to ensure the building, deployment, and operation of a nationwide Interoperable Public Safety Broadband Network. The FirstNet Authority Board is responsible for making strategic decisions regarding the FirstNet Authority’s operations.

Matters to be Considered: The FirstNet Authority will post a detailed agenda for the Combined Board and Board Committees Meeting on FirstNet.gov prior to the meeting. The agenda topics are subject to change. Please note that the subjects discussed by the Board and Board Committees may involve commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential, or other legal matters affecting the FirstNet Authority. As such, the Board may, by majority vote, close the meeting only for the time necessary to preserve the confidentiality of such information. pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 1424(e)(2).

Other Information: The Combined Board and Board Committees Meeting is accessible to people with disabilities. Individuals requiring accommodations, such as sign language interpretation or other ancillary aids, are asked to notify Janell Smith at (502) 257–5929 or email: Janell.Smith@FirstNet.gov at least five (5) business days (February 3) before the meeting.

Records: The FirstNet Authority maintains records of all Board proceedings. Minutes of the Combined Board and Board Committees Meeting will be available on FirstNet.gov.


Janell Smith,
Board Secretary, First Responder Network Authority.

[FR Doc. 2021–01999 Filed 1–29–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[8–03–2021]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 38—Charleston, South Carolina; Notification of Proposed Production Activity; BMW Manufacturing Company, LLC (Passenger Motor Vehicles); Spartanburg, South Carolina

BMW Manufacturing Company, LLC (BMW MC) submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility in Spartanburg, South Carolina. The notification conforming to the requirements of the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR 400.22) was received on January 21, 2021.

BMW MC already has authority to produce gasoline and diesel-powered motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies, stamped body parts, and lithium ion batteries within Subzone 38A. The current request would add a foreign-status component to the scope of
authority. Pursuant to 15 CFR 400.14(b), additional FTZ authority would be limited to the specific foreign-status component described in the submitted notification (as described below) and subsequently authorized by the FTZ Board.

Production under FTZ procedures could exempt BMW MC from customs duty payments on the foreign-status component used in export production. On its domestic sales, for the foreign-status component noted below, BMW MC would be able to choose the duty rate during customs entry procedures that applies to passenger motor vehicles (duty rate 2.5%). BMW MC would be able to avoid duty on foreign-status components which become scrap/waste. Customs duties also could possibly be deferred or reduced on foreign-status production equipment.

The component sourced from abroad is electronic toll collection systems (duty-free). The request indicates that electronic toll collection systems are subject to Section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (Section 301), depending on the country of origin. The applicable Section 301 decisions require subject merchandise to be admitted to FTZs in privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41).

Public comment is invited from interested parties. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov. The closing period for their receipt is March 15, 2021.

A copy of the notification will be available for public inspection in the “Reading Room” section of the Board’s website, which is accessible via www.trade.gov/ftz.

For further information, contact Christopher Wedderburn at Chris.Wedderburn@trade.gov.

Dated: January 26, 2021.

Andrew McGilvray, Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–02040 Filed 1–29–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B–52–2020]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 38—Spartanburg County, South Carolina; Application for Production Authority; Teijin Carbon Fibers, Inc.; Extension of Rebuttal Comment Period

The FTZ Board (the Board) is currently reviewing an application for production authority within FTZ 38 on behalf of Teijin Carbon Fibers, Inc. (TCF) in Greenwood, South Carolina, submitted by the South Carolina State Ports Authority. On December 17, 2020, the Board published a notice inviting public comment on TCF’s submission dated November 10, 2020 (see 85 FR 81875, December 17, 2020). In that notice, the Board allowed for submission of comments until January 19, 2021, and for submission of rebuttal comments until February 1, 2021. In response to a request from TCF, the Board is now extending the current period for submission of rebuttal comments until February 16, 2021. Submissions shall be addressed to the Board’s Executive Secretary and sent to: ftz@trade.gov.

For further information, contact Diane Finver at Diane.Finver@trade.gov or (202) 482–1367.


Andrew McGilvray, Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–02086 Filed 1–29–21; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

In the Matter of: Irma Lizette Trevizo, Inmate Number: 20474–480, FCI Victorville Medium II, P.O. Box 3850, Adelanto, CA 92301; Order Denying ExportPrivileges

On April 30, 2019, in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Texas, Irma Lizette Trevizo (“Trevizo”), was convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. 371. Specifically, Trevizo was convicted of knowingly and willfully conspiring to smuggle firearms and ammunition from the United States to Mexico. Trevizo was sentenced to 24 months in prison, supervised release for two years and a $100 special assessment.

Pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”), the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. 371, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. Id.

BIS received notice of Trevizo’s conviction for violating 18 U.S.C. 371, and has provided notice and opportunity for Trevizo to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in Section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”). 15 CFR 766.25. BIS has not received a written submission from Trevizo.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS’s Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Trevizo’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Trevizo’s conviction. I have also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Trevizo had an interest at the time of her conviction.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered: First, from the date of this Order until April 30, 2029, Irma Lizette Trevizo, with a last known address of Inmate Number: 20474–480, FCI Victorville Medium II, P.O. Box 3850, Adelanto, CA 92301, and when acting for or on her behalf, her successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document; B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering,

2 The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR Parts 730–774 (2020). The Regulations originally issued under the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. 4601–4623 (Supp. III 2015) (“EAA”), which lapsed on August 21, 2001. The President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 CFR, 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which was extended by successive Presidential Notices, continued the Regulations in full force and effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701, et seq. (2012) (“IEEPA”). Section 1768 of ECA, 50 U.S.C. 4826, provides in pertinent part that all rules and regulations that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to IEEPA, and were in effect as of ECRA’s date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA. See note 1 above.

3 The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is now the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders, pursuant to recent amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).