8. Revise § 704.14(a)(2) to read as follows:

§ 704.14 Representation.
   * * * * *
   (a) * * *
   (2) Only an individual who currently holds a senior staff position (e.g., position of chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, chief information officer, chief risk officer, treasurer/manager, etc.) at a corporate credit union and will hold that position at the time he or she is seated on the corporate credit union board if elected, may seek election or re-election to the corporate credit union board;

§ 704.19 [Amended]

9. In § 704.19(a), remove the word “corporate” before the word “CUSO”.

10. In § 704.21, revise paragraph (c) and remove paragraphs (d) and (e) to read as follows:

§ 704.21 Enterprise risk management.
   * * * * *
   (c) The ERMC must include at least one risk management expert who may report either directly to the board of directors or to the ERMC. The risk management expert’s experience must be commensurate with the size of the corporate credit union and the complexity of its operations.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bert Ulrich, 202–358–1713, bert.ulrich@nasa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Direct Final Rule and Significant Adverse Comments

NASA has determined this rulemaking meets the criteria for a direct final rule because it makes nonsubstantive changes to add the NASA Graphics Standards Manual and makes other administrative updates. No opposition to the changes and no significant adverse comments are expected. However, if NASA receives significant adverse comments, it will withdraw this direct final rule by publishing a notice in the Federal Register. A significant adverse comment is one that explains: (1) Why the direct final rule is inappropriate, including challenges to the rule’s underlying premise or approach; or (2) why the direct final rule will be ineffective or unacceptable without a change. In determining whether a comment necessitates withdrawal of this direct final rule, NASA will consider whether it warrants a substantive response in a notice and comment process.

Background

Subpart 1 of part 1221, last amended November 5, 1993 [58 FR 58944], sets forth the policy governing the use of the NASA Seal, the NASA Insignia, NASA Logotype, NASA Program Identifiers, and the NASA Flags. This subpart also establishes and sets forth the concept and scope of the NASA Unified Visual Communications System and prescribes the policy and guidelines for implementation of the system. It is amended to add the NASA Graphics Standards Manual and make other administrative updates.

Statutory Authority

The National Aeronautics and Space Act (the Space Act), 51 U.S.C. 20113 (a), authorizes the Administrator of NASA to make, promulgate, issue, rescind, and amend rules and regulations governing the manner of its operations and the exercise of the powers vested in it by law.
Executive Order 13771—Reducing Regulations and Controlling Regulatory Costs

This rule is not an E.O. 13771 regulatory action because this rule is not significant under E.O. 12866.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

This rule will not result in the expenditure by State, local, and Tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of $100,000,000 or more in any one year, and it will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 1221

Decorations, Medals, Awards, Flags, Seals, Insignia, Unified visual communication system.

For reasons set forth in the preamble, NASA is amending 14 CFR part 1221, subpart 1221.1 to read as follows:

PART 1221—THE NASA SEAL AND OTHER DEVICES, AND THE CONGRESSIONAL SPACE MEDAL OF HONOR

Subpart 1221.1—NASA Seal, NASA Insignia, NASA Logotype, NASA Program Identifiers, NASA Flags, and the Agency’s Unified Visual Communications System

1. The authority for subpart 1221.1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2472(a) and 2473(c)(1).

2. Revise § 1221.100 to read as follows:

§ 1221.100 Scope.


3. Revise § 1221.103 to read as follows:

§ 1221.103 Establishment of the NASA Insignia.

The NASA Insignia was designed by the Army Institute of Heraldry and approved by the Commission of Fine Arts and the NASA Administrator. It symbolizes NASA’s role in aeronautics and space and is established by the NASA Administrator as the signature and design element for visual communications formerly reserved for the NASA Logotype. The NASA Insignia shall be used as set forth in §§ 1221.108, the NASA Graphics Standards Manual, and any accompanying style guides or related NASA directive or specification approved by the NASA Administrator and published subsequent hereto.
4. Revised §1221.104 to read as follows:

§1221.104 Establishment of the NASA Logotype.

The NASA Logotype (also called “the Worm”) was approved by the Commission of Fine Arts and the NASA Administrator. It symbolizes NASA’s role in aeronautics and space from 1975 to 1992 and was retired between 1992–2020. The NASA Logotype shall be used as set forth in §1221.111.
5. Revise § 1221.107 to read as follows:

§ 1221.107 Establishment of the NASA Administrator’s, Deputy Administrator’s, and Associate Administrator’s Flags.

(a) Concurrently with the establishment of the NASA Flag in January 1960, the NASA Administrator also established NASA Flags to represent the NASA Administrator, Deputy Administrator, and Associate Administrator. Each of these flags conforms to the basic design of the NASA Flag except for the following:

(1) The size of the flag is 3 feet x 4 feet;
(2) The Administrator’s Flag has four stars;
(3) The Deputy Administrator’s Flag has three stars; and
(4) The Associate Administrator’s Flag has two stars.

(b) Flags representing these senior officials shall be used as set forth in § 1221.113.

6. Revise § 1221.108 to read as follows:


(a) The NASA Administrator directed the establishment of a NASA Unified Visual Communications System. The system, which is comprised of the NASA Graphics Standards Manual and any accompanying style guides or related NASA directive or specification, was developed under the Federal Design Improvement Program initiated by the President in May 1972. This system is the Agency-wide program by which NASA projects a contemporary, business-like, progressive, and forward-looking image through the use of effective design for improved communications. The system provides a professional and cohesive NASA identity by imparting continuity of graphics design in all layout, reproduction art, stationery, forms, publications, signs, films, video productions, vehicles, aircraft, and spacecraft markings and other items. It creates a unified image which is representative and symbolic of NASA’s progressive attitudes and programs.

(b) The Associate Administrator for Communications is responsible for the development and implementation of the NASA Graphics Standards Manual and any accompanying style guides for the Agency or related NASA directive or specification.

(c) The Associate Administrator for Communications has designated staff to implement and monitor Agency-wide design improvements in consonance with the NASA Graphics Standards Manual. Designated staff will develop and issue changes and additions to the Manual as required and as new design standards and specifications are developed and approved. The NASA Graphics Standards Manual can be downloaded at https://communications.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/files/NASA_Graphics_Standards_v3-TAGGED-v3.pdf.

(d) NASA Centers and Headquarters have designated staff to implement NASA’s graphics standards and ensure compliance of the NASA Graphics Standards Manual and any accompanying Style Guides or related NASA directive or specification.

7. Revise § 1221.109 to read as follows:

§ 1221.109 Use of the NASA Seal.

(a) The Associate Administrator for Communications shall be responsible for custody of the NASA Impression Seal and custody of NASA replica (plaques) seals. The NASA Seal is restricted to the following:

(1) NASA award certificates and medals.
(2) NASA awards for career service.
(3) Security credentials and employee identification cards.
§ 1221.111 Use of the NASA Logotype.

The NASA Logotype which was retired from 1992–2020 can be used only in an authentic historical context, on merchandise in accordance with § 1221.110, paragraph (c), in the NASA graphics standards/style guide or with prior written approval of the NASA Administrator.

10. Revise § 1221.112(a) to read as follows:

§ 1221.112 Use of the NASA Program Identifiers.

(a) Official NASA Program Identifiers will be restricted to the uses set forth in this section and to such other uses as the Associate Administrator for Communications may specifically approve.

11. Revise § 1221.113(b), to read as follows:

§ 1221.113 Use of the NASA Flags.

(b) The NASA Administrator’s, Deputy Administrator’s and Associate Administrator’s Flags shall be displayed with the United States Flag in the respective offices of these officials but may be temporarily removed for use at the discretion of the officials concerned.

12. Revise § 1221.114(a) to read as follows:

§ 1221.114 Approval of new or change proposals.

(a) Except for NASA Astronaut Mission Crew Badges/Patches, any proposal to change or modify the emblematic devices set forth in this subpart or to introduce a new emblematic device other than as prescribed in this subpart requires the written approval of the NASA Administrator with prior approval and recommendation of the NASA Associate Administrator for Communications.

- Nanette Smith,
  Team Lead, NASA Directives and Style Guide.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

24 CFR Parts 3282 and 3284

[Docket No. FR–5848–F–02]

RIN 2502–AJ37

Manufactured Housing Program: Minimum Payments to the States

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner, HUD.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule revises the minimum payments that HUD distributes to states that participate in the Manufactured Housing Program as State Administrative Agencies (SAAs) in order to provide for a more equitable guarantee of minimum funding and to reduce administrative burden. This rule changes the minimum payments to SAAs so that payments are based on SAAs’ participation in the production or siting of new manufactured homes, regardless of whether the state was fully or conditionally approved to participate in the program as of December 27, 2000. This rule also changes the formula for minimum payments to SAAs by increasing the amount paid to SAAs for each transportable section of new manufactured housing that is produced in that state, and by ensuring that each state participating in the program will receive an annual payment no less than the amount of cumulative payments resulting from production and shipments due to that State for the Fiscal Year 2014 period.

DATES: Effective date: December 14, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Teresa B. Payne, Administrator, Office of Manufactured Housing Programs, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW, Room 9164, Washington, DC 20410; telephone number 202–402–5365. (This is not a toll-free number.) Individuals with speech or hearing impairments may access this number through TTY by calling the toll free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8389.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

In accordance with section 620(e)(3) of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, (42 U.S.C. 5401–5426) (the Act), as amended, HUD regulations provide for minimum payments to the states participating in the Manufactured Housing Program as an SAA. Since August 13, 2002, HUD regulations at 24 CFR 3284.10 provide that each SAA would receive an amount not less than the amount paid to that SAA for the 12 months ending on December 26, 2000, if that state had a fully approved state plan on December 27, 2000. As HUD explained in a proposed rule published on March 1, 2004 (69 FR 9740), the fact that § 3284.10 only applied to states that had a fully approved state plan as of December 27, 2000, resulted in inequitable payments between states and resulted in some states receiving more funding than other states for each

...