SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title: Self-Certification Medical Statement.
OMB Control Number: 0579–0196.
Type of Request: Revision to and extension of approval of an information collection.
Abstract: The Marketing and Regulatory Programs (MRP) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture facilitate the domestic and international marketing of U.S. agricultural products and protect the health of domestic animal and plant resources. Resource management and administrative services, including human resources management, for MRP agencies are provided by the MRP Business Services (MRPBS) unit of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS).

MRP agencies are authorized by 5 CFR 339 and 29 CFR 1630 to obtain medical information from applicants and employees for positions that have approved medical standards due to duties that are arduous or hazardous, or require a certain level of health status or fitness. These agencies have positions with duties that extend beyond sedentary and require specific medical standards and/or physical requirements to be performed successfully and safely. The medical qualifications standards for appointment to the covered positions listed in the MRP Medical Examination Requirements Charts are justified on the basis that the duties are arduous or hazardous and require a certain level of health status and fitness, and the nature of the positions involves a high degree of responsibility toward the public.

This information collection is necessary for making a preliminary determination regarding a candidate’s physical fitness and ability to perform the duties of a covered position. MRP uses the Self-Certification Medical Statement for positions requiring verification of fitness and ability for duty. Applicants may also submit a request for waiver of standards and requirements. Inability to collect this information will adversely affect the MRP agencies’ ability to make employment decisions and determinations regarding an applicant’s physical fitness to safely and efficiently perform assigned duties.

We are asking the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to approve our use of these information collection activities, as described, for an additional 3 years.

The purpose of this notice is to solicit comments from the public (as well as affected agencies) concerning our information collection. These comments will help us:
1. Evaluate whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, through use, as appropriate, of automated, electronic, mechanical, and other collection technologies; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Estimate of burden: The public burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.167 hours per response.

Respondents: Private citizens.
Estimated annual number of respondents: 1,826.
Estimated annual number of responses per respondent: 1.
Estimated annual number of responses: 1,827.
Estimated total annual burden on respondents: 306 hours. (Due to averaging, the total annual burden hours may not equal the product of the annual number of responses multiplied by the reporting burden per response.)

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Done in Washington, DC, this 23rd day of October 2020.

Mark Davidson,
Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

Each panel presentation will run for approximately two-hours. At the conclusion of each panel presentation, interested members of the public will be invited to make brief statements during the Public Comment section of each meeting or to submit written comments. The comments must be received in the regional office approximately 30 days after each scheduled meeting via email to Ivy Davis at ero@uscrr.gov.

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing, as they become available, at www.facadatabase.gov. Persons interested in the work of this advisory committee may go to the Commission’s website, www.uscrr.gov, or to contact the Eastern Regional Office at the above email address.

Agenda for: Thursday, November 12 at 3:15 p.m. (ET); Tuesday, November 17 at 2:15 p.m. (ET); Wednesday, November 18 at 2:15 p.m. (ET); and Thursday, November 19, 2020 at 2:15 p.m. (ET)
I. Roll Call
II. Welcome
III. Briefing on Collateral Consequences that a Criminal Record has on either Asset Forfeiture or access to Employment-Occupational Licensing in New Jersey.
IV. Public Comments. Immediately following the conclusion of each meeting.
V. Adjourn

David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.
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BILLING CODE 6335–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

Order Denying Export Privileges; In the Matter of: Junior Joel Joseph, 5808 Turkey Lake Road, Orlando, FL 32819

On April 12, 2019, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida, Junior Joel Joseph (“Junior Joseph”) was convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act, 22 U.S.C.A. 2778 (2012) (“AECA”), the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C 1701, et seq. (2012) (“IEEPA”) and 18 U.S.C. 554(a). Specifically, Junior Joseph was convicted of conspiring to illegally export and send firearms and ammunition from the United States to Haiti without having obtained the required authorization, license, or approval, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 371; of knowingly and willfully exporting and causing to be exported from the United States to Haiti, defense articles, AR–15 Type Rifles, Glock semi-automatic pistols, and ammunition, without first having obtained the required authorization from the U.S. Department of State, in violation of Section 38 of the AECA; of knowingly and willfully exporting and causing to be exported from the United States to Haiti, Standard Manufacturing Model DP–12 shotguns and Rossi Model ST12 shotguns with a barrel length in excess of eighteen (18) inches, without first having obtained the required authorization from the U.S. Department of Commerce, in violation of IEEPA; and of fraudulently and knowingly exporting, sending, and attempting to export AR–15 Type Rifles, Glock semi-automatic pistols, and ammunition from the United States to Haiti, in violation 18 U.S.C. 554. Junior Joseph was sentenced to 16 months in prison, three years of supervised release, and a $500 assessment.

Pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”), the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, violations of 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the AECA, IEEPA and 18 U.S.C. 554(a), may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction may be revoked.

BIS received notice of Junior Joseph’s conviction for violating 18 U.S.C. 371, Section 38 of the AECA, IEEPA and 18 U.S.C. 554(a), and has provided notice and opportunity for Junior Joseph to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in Section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”). 15 CFR 766.25. BIS has not received a written submission from Junior Joseph.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS’s Office of Export Enforcement, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Junior Joseph’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of seven years from the date of Junior Joseph’s conviction. I have also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Junior Joseph had an interest at the time of his conviction. Accordingly, it is hereby ordered:

First, from the date of this Order until April 12, 2026, Junior Joseph, with a last known address of 5808 Turkey Lake Road, Orlando, FL 32819, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied


2 The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730–774 (2020). The Regulations originally issued under the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. 4801–4623 (Supp. III 2015) (“EAA”), which lapsed on August 21, 2001. The President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 CFR, 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which was extended by successive Presidential Notices, continued the Regulations in full force and effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701, et seq. (2012) (“IEEPA”). Section 1768 of ECRA, 50 U.S.C. 4826, provides in pertinent part that all rules and regulations that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to IEEPA, and were in effect as of ECRA’s date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA. See note 1, supra.