Covered Species
The applicant has requested an ITP for one federally listed threatened species:
• Mojave desert tortoise (Gopherus agassizii).

No Action Alternative
Under the No-Action Alternative, the Service would not issue an ITP to the applicant, and the draft HCP would not be implemented. Under this alternative, the applicant may choose not to construct the facility or would do so in a manner presumed not to result in the take of ESA-listed species.

Public Comments
We request data, comments, new information, or suggestions from the public, other concerned governmental agencies, the scientific community, Tribes, industry, or any other interested party on this notice, the draft EA and the draft HCP. If you wish to comment on the permit application, plan, and associated documents, you may submit comments by any one of the methods in the Public Availability of Comments section.

Public Availability of Comments
Any comments we receive will become part of the decision record associated with this action. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can request in your comment that we withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so. All submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be made available for public disclosure in their entirety.

Next Steps
Issuance of an incidental take permit is a Federal proposed action subject to compliance with NEPA and section 7 of the ESA. We will evaluate the application, associated documents, and any public comments we receive as part of our NEPA compliance process to determine whether the application meets the requirements of section 10(a) of the ESA. If we determine that those requirements are met, we will conduct an intra-Service consultation under section 7 of the ESA for the Federal action for the potential issuance of an ITP. If the intra-Service consultation confirms that issuance of the ITP will not jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species, or destroy or adversely modify critical habitat, we will issue a permit to the applicant for the incidental take of the covered species.

Public Availability of Comments
All such comments received will become part of the decision record associated with this action. We may disclose your personal information from your comment, including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, unless you request in your comment that we withhold your personal identifying information from public review.

Notice of Availability
We have made the draft EA associated with this action available for public disclosure. It is available at https://www.regulations.gov. All such comments received will become part of the decision record associated with this action. We may disclose your personal information from your comment, including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, unless you request in your comment that we withhold your personal identifying information from public review.

SUMMARY
The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) of the Department of the Interior (Department) is preparing an Environmental Impact Statement (Draft EA) document to consider issuance of an incidental take permit (ITP) for an action that the applicant has requested for development of the North Las Vegas Regional Water Reclamation Facility (RLRF) and associated associated funerary objects. The RLRF is being designed and constructed to treat wastewater generated by the City of North Las Vegas and the airport. The RLRF will be constructed on a 95-acre site north of the Desert Broom (Panicum hallii) Sanctuary, approximately 1.8 miles north of the southern terminus ofon the South Las Vegas Boulevard. The RLRF is being developed as part of a larger project to provide comprehensive wastewater management for the City of North Las Vegas and the airport.

The RLRF project includes a 40 million gallon per day treatment facility, a 20 million gallon per day desalination facility, associated conveyance and conveyance structures, an effluent storage lagoon, and a reclaimed water system. The RLRF is being designed and constructed to treat wastewater generated by the City of North Las Vegas and the airport. The RLRF will be constructed on a 95-acre site north of the Desert Broom (Panicum hallii) Sanctuary, approximately 1.8 miles north of the southern terminus of on the South Las Vegas Boulevard. The RLRF is being developed as part of a larger project to provide comprehensive wastewater management for the City of North Las Vegas and the airport.

The RLRF project includes a 40 million gallon per day treatment facility, a 20 million gallon per day desalination facility, associated conveyance and conveyance structures, an effluent storage lagoon, and a reclaimed water system.

The notice for this Draft EA is being made available to the public as an electronic document beginning on the date of this notice, and will be available for a period of 90 days (approximately 60 days after the publication date). The EA includes a description of the proposed project and its potential environmental impacts, a summary of the alternatives considered and the reason for the preferred alternative, and a description of the public participation program.

The draft EA is being published on the Federal Register at https://www.regulations.gov. It is available for public review and comment, and will be the basis for the Service’s final decision. The draft EA is being made available for public review and comment, and will be the basis for the Service’s final decision.

The Service is soliciting information from the public and other interested parties to help us prepare a final EA. We will also consider information on the proposed project and its potential environmental impacts, a summary of the alternatives considered and the reason for the preferred alternative, and a description of the public participation program.

The notice for this Draft EA is being made available to the public as an electronic document beginning on the date of this notice, and will be available for a period of 90 days (approximately 60 days after the publication date). The EA includes a description of the proposed project and its potential environmental impacts, a summary of the alternatives considered and the reason for the preferred alternative, and a description of the public participation program.

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The Service is soliciting information from the public and other interested parties to help us prepare a final EA. We will also consider information on the proposed project and its potential environmental impacts, a summary of the alternatives considered and the reason for the preferred alternative, and a description of the public participation program.
2. On page 32182, in the third column, first paragraph, correct the fifth sentence to read:

   The 208 associated funerary objects are one obsidian biface, seven lots of non-human faunal bone, four lots of charcoal, 119 clamshell disc beads, two lots of debitage, seven lots of burned pine nut fragments, two firecracked groundstone fragments, 57 Olivella shell beads, seven tabular stones, and two lots of obsidian flakes. (104 clamshell disc beads are currently missing from the collection).

3. On page 32182, in the third column, correct the second paragraph to read:

   Based on burial context and site characteristics, the human remains described above from Lake County are determined to be Native American. The burials from the site are dated to approximately A.D. 1520–1770 (Phase 2 of the Late Period), based on the antiquity of the associated funerary objects. Historical, archeological, anthropological and linguistic evidence demonstrate a relationship of shared group identity between the human remains and associated funerary objects described here and the Patwin Tribes.

4. On page 32182, in the third column, third paragraph, correct the fifth sentence to read:

   The 353 associated funerary objects are 39 clam shell disc beads and bead fragments, 295 historic glass beads and bead fragments, one bone bead fragment, one Gunther barbed point, one historic copper ring, four unmodified pebbles, three shell fragments, three obsidian projectile points, one calcined bone (previously identified as a possible stone bead fragment), and five pieces of incised bird bone that may be from a whistle or ear tube.

In the Federal Register of July 7, 2009, in FR Doc. E9–16017, on page 32183, make the following correction:

1. On page 32183, in the first column, second paragraph, correct the first two sentences to read:

   Officials of the University of California, Davis have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (9–10), the human remains described above represent the physical remains of four individuals of Native American ancestry. Officials of the University of California, Davis also have determined that, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3) (A), the 561 objects described above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Megan Noble, NAGPRA Project Manager, University of California, Davis, 412 Mrak Hall, One Shields Avenue, Davis, CA 95616, telephone (530)752–8501 email mnoble@ucdavis.edu, by November 2, 2020. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Cachil DeHe Band of Wintun Indians of the Colusa Indian Community of the Colusa Rancheria, California; Kletes Dehe Band of Wintun Indians (previously listed as Cortina Indian Rancheria and the Cortina Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians of California); and the Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation, California (previously listed as Rumsey Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians of California, hereafter referred to as “The Tribes,” may proceed.

The University of California, Davis is responsible for notifying The Tribes that this notice has been published.


Melanie O’Brien,
Manager, National NAGPRA Program.
[FR Doc. 2020–21693 Filed 10–1–20; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
National Park Service
[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0030868; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.RS00000]

Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains and Associated Funerary Objects in the Control of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office, Santa Fe, NM; Correction

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office has corrected two Notices of Inventory Completion—a notice published in the Federal Register on March 20, 2001, and a notice correction published in the Federal Register on May 13, 2013. This notice corrects the minimum number of individuals and the number of associated funerary objects. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request to the Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office at the address in this notice by November 2, 2020.

ADDRESSES: Cynthia Herhahn, Deputy Preservation Officer and NAGPRA Coordinator, Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail, Santa Fe, NM 87508.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cynthia Herhahn, Deputy Preservation Officer and NAGPRA Coordinator, telephone (505) 761–8938, email cherhahn@blm.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the correction of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects under the control of the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, New Mexico State Office, Santa Fe, NM. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from Rio Arriba County, New Mexico.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice. This notice corrects the minimum number of individuals and the number of associated funerary objects published in the Notice of Inventory Completion in the Federal Register (66 FR 15743–15744, March 20, 2001) and a Notice of