

§ 721.11489 Titanium (4+) hydroxyl-alkylcarboxylate salt complex (generic).

(a) *Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.*

(1) The chemical substance identified generically as titanium (4+) hydroxyl-alkylcarboxylate salt complex (PMN P-19-159) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section. The requirements of this section do not apply to quantities of the substance after they have been completely reacted (cured).

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) *Industrial, commercial, and consumer activities.* It is a significant new use to manufacture, process, or use the PMN substance in any manner or method that generates inhalation exposure.

(ii) *Release to water.* Requirements as specified in § 721.90(a)(4), (b)(4) and (c)(4) where N = 1.

(b) *Specific requirements.* The provision of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

(1) *Recordkeeping.* Recordkeeping requirements as specified in § 721.125(a) through (c), (i), and (k) are applicable to manufacturers and processors of this substance.

(2) *Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements.* The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

[FR Doc. 2020-18883 Filed 9-16-20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services****42 CFR Part 414**

[CMS-5533-N]

Medicare Program; Alternative Payment Model (APM) Incentive Payment Advisory for Clinicians—Request for Current Billing Information for Qualifying APM Participants

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Payment advisory.

SUMMARY: This advisory is to alert certain clinicians who are Qualifying APM participants (QPs) and eligible to receive an Alternative Payment Model (APM) Incentive Payment that CMS does not have the current billing information needed to disburse the

payment. This advisory provides information to these clinicians on how to update their billing information to receive this payment.

DATES: This advisory is effective on September 14, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tanya Dorm, (410) 786-2206.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**I. Background**

Under the Medicare Quality Payment Program, an eligible clinician who participates in an Advanced Alternative Payment Model (APM) and meets the applicable payment amount or patient count thresholds for a performance year is a Qualifying APM Participant (QP) for that year. An eligible clinician who is a QP for a year based on their performance in a QP Performance Period earns a 5 percent lump sum APM Incentive Payment that is paid in a payment year that occurs 2 years after the QP Performance Period. The amount of the APM Incentive Payment is equal to 5 percent of the estimated aggregate payments for covered professional services furnished by the QP during the calendar year immediately preceding the payment year.

II. Provisions of the Advisory

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has identified those eligible clinicians who earned an APM Incentive Payment in CY 2020 based on their CY 2018 QP status.

When CMS disbursed the CY 2020 APM Incentive Payments, CMS was unable to verify current Medicare billing information for some QPs and was therefore unable to issue payment. In order to successfully disburse the APM Incentive Payment, CMS is requesting assistance in identifying current Medicare billing information for these QPs.

CMS has compiled a list of QPs we have identified as having unverified billing information. These QPs, and any others who anticipated receiving an APM Incentive Payment but have not, should follow the instructions to provide CMS with updated billing information at the following web address: <https://qpp-cm-prod-content.s3.amazonaws.com/uploads/1112/2020%20APM%20Incentive%20Payment%20Notice.pdf>.

If you have any questions concerning submission of information through the website, please contact the QPP Help Desk at 1-866-288-8292.

All submissions must be received no later than November 13, 2020.

The Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS),

Seema Verma, having reviewed and approved this document, authorizes Vanessa Garcia, who is the **Federal Register Liaison**, to electronically sign this document for purposes of publication in the **Federal Register**.

Vanessa Garcia,

Federal Register Liaison, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

[FR Doc. 2020-20488 Filed 9-14-20; 11:15 am]

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**47 CFR Parts 1, 2, 25, 27 and 101**

[GN Docket No. 18-122; FCC 20-22; FRS 17048]

Expanding Flexible Use of the 3.7 to 4.2 GHz Band

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; corrections and announcement of compliance date.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Commission corrects a typographical error in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, FCC 20-22, published on April 23, 2020, and announces that the Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements associated with the rules adopted in the Federal Communications Commission's *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, requiring the Relocation Payment Clearinghouse and the Relocation Coordinator to each make real-time, public disclosures of the content and timing of and the parties to communications, if any, from or to applicants in the Commission's auction for overlay licenses in the 3.7 GHz Service, and that compliance with the new rules is now required. This document is consistent with the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, which states that the Commission will publish a document in the **Federal Register** announcing a compliance date for the new rule sections.

DATES: *Effective date:* The corrections are effective September 17, 2020.

Compliance date: Compliance with 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6) and 27.1414(b)(4)(i), published at 85 FR 22804 on April 23, 2020, is required on September 17, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Anna Gentry, Mobility Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, at (202) 418-7769 or Anna.Gentry@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document corrects a typographical error

in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, FCC 20–22, published at 85 FR 22804 on April 23, 2020, referencing 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(7) as the rule section for which OMB approval was required, rather than 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6).

In FR Doc. 2020–05164 appearing on page 22804 in the **Federal Register** of Thursday, April 23, 2020, the following corrections are made:

1. On page 22804, in the first column, in the **DATES** section, the reference “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (7)” is corrected to read “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (6).”

2. On page 22804, in the third column, in the first paragraph under the heading “Paperwork Reduction Act,” the reference “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (7)” is corrected to read “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (6).”

3. On page 22860, in the third column, under the section heading “Ordering Clauses,” the reference “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (7)” is corrected to read “27.1413(a)(2) and (3), (b), and (c)(3) and (6)” in both instances where it appears in paragraph 428.

This document also announces that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approved the information collection requirements in 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6) and 27.1414(b)(4)(i), on August 31, 2020. These rules were adopted in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, FCC 20–22, published at 85 FR 22804 on April 23, 2020. The Commission publishes this document as an announcement of the compliance date for these new rules. OMB approval for all other new or amended rules for which OMB approval is required will be requested, and compliance is not yet required for those rules. Compliance with all new or amended rules adopted in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order* that do not require OMB approval is required as of June 22, 2020, *see* 85 FR 22804 (Apr. 23, 2020).

If you have any comments on the burden estimates listed below, or how the Commission can improve the collections and reduce any burdens caused thereby, please contact Cathy Williams, Federal Communications Commission, Room 1–C823, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, regarding OMB Control Number 3060–1276. Please include the OMB Control Number in your correspondence. The Commission will also accept your comments via email at PRA@fcc.gov.

To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (Braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an email to [\[fcc.gov\]\(http://fcc.gov\) or call the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau at \(202\) 418–0530 \(voice\), \(202\) 418–0432 \(TTY\).](mailto:fcc504@</p>
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Synopsis

As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507), the Commission is notifying the public that it received final OMB approval on May 5, 2020, for the information collection requirements contained in 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6) and 27.1414(b)(4)(i). Under 5 CFR part 1320, an agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a current, valid OMB Control Number.

No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act that does not display a current, valid OMB Control Number. The OMB Control Number for the information collection requirements in 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6) and 27.1414(b)(4)(i), is 3060–1276.

The foregoing notice is required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13, October 1, 1995, and 44 U.S.C. 3507.

The total annual reporting burdens and costs for the respondents are as follows:

OMB Control Number: 3060–1276.

OMB Approval Date: August 31, 2020.

OMB Expiration Date: August 31, 2023.

Title: 3.7 GHz Band Relocation Coordinator and Relocation Payment Clearinghouse Real-Time Disclosure of Communications Required by Sections 27.1413(c)(6) and 27.1414(b)(4)(i).

Form Number: N/A.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities.

Number of Respondents and

Responses: 2 respondents; 12 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 1 hour.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits. Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in sections 1, 2, 4(i), 4(j), 5(c), 201, 302, 303, 304, 307(e), and 309 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 151, 152, 154(i), 154(j), 155(c), 201, 302, 303, 304, 307(e), 309.

Total Annual Burden: 12 hours.

Total Annual Cost: No cost.

Privacy Act Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: The information collected under this collection will be made publicly available.

Needs and Uses: On February 28, 2020, in furtherance of the goal of

releasing more mid-band spectrum into the market to support and enable next-generation wireless networks, the Commission adopted a Report and Order, FCC 20–22 (*3.7 GHz Report and Order*) in which it reformed the use of the 3.7–4.2 GHz band, also known as the C-Band. The 3.7–4.2 GHz band currently is allocated in the United States exclusively for non-Federal use on a primary basis for Fixed Satellite Service (FSS) and Fixed Service. Domestically, space station operators use the 3.7–4.2 GHz band to provide downlink signals of various bandwidths to licensed transmit-receive, registered receive-only, and unregistered receive-only earth stations throughout the United States. The *3.7 GHz Report and Order* calls for the relocation of existing FSS operations in the band into the upper 200 megahertz of the band (4.0–4.2 GHz) and making the lower 280 megahertz (3.7–3.98 GHz) available for flexible-use throughout the contiguous United States through a Commission-administered public auction of overlay licenses in the 3.7 GHz Service that is scheduled to occur later this year, with the 20 megahertz from 3.98–4.0 GHz reserved as a guard band. The Commission adopted a robust transition schedule to achieve an expeditious relocation of FSS operations and ensure that a significant amount of spectrum is made available quickly for next-generation wireless deployments, while also ensuring effective accommodation of relocated incumbent users. The *3.7 GHz Report and Order* establishes a deadline of December 5, 2025, for full relocation to ensure that all FSS operations are cleared in a timely manner, but provides an opportunity for accelerated clearing of the band by allowing incumbent space station operators, as defined in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*, to commit to voluntarily relocate on a two-phased accelerated schedule (with additional obligations and incentives for such operators), with a Phase I deadline of December 5, 2021, and a Phase II deadline of December 5, 2023.

The Commission concluded in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order* that a neutral, independent third-party Relocation Payment Clearinghouse (RPC) should be established to administer the cost-related aspects of the transition in a fair, transparent manner, mitigate financial disputes among stakeholders, and collect and distribute payments in a timely manner to transition incumbent space station operators out of the 3.7–3.98 GHz band. The Commission also concluded that a Relocation Coordinator (RC) should be appointed to ensure that all incumbent space station operators

are relocating in a timely manner, and to be responsible for receiving notice from earth station operators or other satellite customers of any disputes related to comparability of facilities, workmanship, or preservation of service during the transition and notify the Commission of disputes and recommendations for resolution.

To protect the fair and level playing field for applicants to participate in the Commission's auction for overlay licenses in the 3.7 GHz Service, the RPC and the RC are each required to make real-time, public disclosures of the content and timing of and the parties to communications, if any, from or to such applicants, as applicants are defined by the Commission's rule prohibiting certain auction-related communications, 47 CFR 1.2105(c)(5)(i), whenever the prohibition in 47 CFR 1.2105(c) applies to competitive bidding for licenses in the 3.7 GHz Service. See 47 CFR 27.1413(c)(6), 27.1414(b)(4)(i) (as adopted in the *3.7 GHz Report and Order*). Under this new information collection, the RPC and the RC will each make the required real-time, public disclosure of any such communications, as necessary.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-19687 Filed 9-16-20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 622

[Docket No. 200911-0240]

RIN 0648-BJ96

Temporarily Increasing the Commercial Trip Limit for South Atlantic Vermilion Snapper and Recreational Bag Limit for Atlantic King Mackerel

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Temporary rule; emergency action.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this temporary rule to revise the commercial trip limit for vermilion snapper in the South Atlantic Region and the recreational bag limit for the Atlantic migratory group of king mackerel (Atlantic king mackerel) in the Atlantic, as requested by the

South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (South Atlantic Council). The purpose of this temporary rule is to increase the vermilion snapper commercial trip limit and Atlantic king mackerel recreational bag limits to help address significant economic losses and opportunities for the commercial and recreational fishing sectors that have resulted from recent unforeseen events, including, but not limited to, closures of harbors and boat ramps and other disruptions to, and declines in, market demand for seafood and for-hire trips.

DATES: This temporary rule is effective September 17, 2020, through March 16, 2021.

ADDRESSES: Electronic copies of the documents in support of this emergency rule, which includes the South Atlantic Council's letters to NMFS that contain the rationale for the emergency action requests may be obtained from the Southeast Regional Office website at <https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/action/emergency-rule-vermilion-snapper-commercial-trip-limit-atlantic-king-mackerel-recreational>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nikhil Mehta, NMFS Southeast Regional Office, telephone: 727-551-5098, or email: nikhil.mehta@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The snapper-grouper fishery in the South Atlantic region is managed under the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic Region (Snapper-Grouper FMP) and includes vermilion snapper and other snapper-grouper species. The coastal migratory pelagics fishery is managed under the FMP for Coastal Migratory Pelagic Resources in the Gulf of Mexico and Atlantic Region (CMP FMP) and includes king mackerel and Spanish mackerel and, in the Gulf of Mexico, cobia. The Snapper-Grouper FMP was prepared by the South Atlantic Council and the CMP FMP was prepared by the South Atlantic Council and the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (Gulf Council). Both the Snapper-Grouper FMP and the CMP FMP are implemented by NMFS through regulations at 50 CFR part 622 under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). The Magnuson-Stevens Act provides the legal authority for the promulgation of emergency regulations under section 305(c) (16 U.S.C. 1855(c)).

Unless otherwise noted, all weights for vermilion snapper are described in gutted weight and all weights for king mackerel are described in both gutted and round weight.

Background

Vermilion Snapper

The South Atlantic Council manages vermilion snapper in Federal waters from the Virginia/North Carolina boundary, south through the Florida Keys in the Atlantic Ocean (as described in 50 CFR 600.105). As revised through Abbreviated Framework 2 to the Snapper-Grouper FMP, the commercial annual catch limit (ACL) for vermilion snapper is 905,442 lb (410,702 kg) for 2020, and 862,558 lb (391,250 kg) for 2021 (84 FR 14021; April 9, 2019). The commercial ACL is annually split equally into a separate commercial quota for two commercial fishing seasons; Season 1 is January–June, and Season 2 is July–December (50 CFR 622.190(a)(4)). The two seasonal quotas combined equal the commercial ACL. Any unused quota from Season 1 transfers during the fishing year to Season 2. There is no provision to allow the carryover of any unused quota at the end of Season 2 to the following fishing year. The current vermilion snapper commercial trip limit was established through Regulatory Amendment 27 to the Snapper-Grouper FMP at 1,000 lb (454 kg) during Seasons 1 and 2, until the respective seasonal quota is reached (85 FR 488, January 27, 2020) (50 CFR 622.191(a)(6)). The latest Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review (SEDAR) stock assessment (SEDAR 55) in 2018 indicated that South Atlantic vermilion snapper is neither overfished nor undergoing overfishing.

King Mackerel

The South Atlantic Council and the Gulf Council jointly manage the CMP FMP, which includes an Atlantic migratory group of king mackerel and a Gulf of Mexico migratory group of king mackerel. Under the CMP FMP, each Council has the authority to develop and approve certain measures for its respective migratory group that are specific to each region. Atlantic king mackerel are managed by the South Atlantic Council in Federal waters from the Connecticut/Rhode Island/New York boundary south to the Miami-Dade/Monroe County, Florida, boundary (as described in 50 CFR 622.369(a)). The recreational ACL for Atlantic king mackerel is 8 million lb (3,628,739 kg) (50 CFR 622.388(b)(2)(i)). As described at 50 CFR 622.382(a)(1)(i)(A) and (B), in Federal waters the recreational bag limit for Atlantic king mackerel is 3-fish per person from the Connecticut/Rhode Island/New York boundary south to the Georgia/Florida boundary and 2-fish per person off Florida. The most recent