

Individual TB patients may also be respondents if critical clinical or contact information is missing from their referral and CureTB follows-up with them to fill-in gaps to complete the referral service. All 50 US states and territories may refer TB patients to the CureTB program. To date, CureTB has also received referrals from Mexico and Guatemala. Local health departments or ICE detention facilities will submit CureTB referral forms as they request referral services. The number of referrals varies widely between respondents.

To ensure adequate referral to treatment occurs, CDC CureTB may need to follow-up with an individual to complete missing data fields concerning clinical or contact information. This is done to ensure continuity of care. Therefore, individuals with TB are also respondents in this information

collection. CDC's CureTB program will also continue working with our public health partners in notifications and referrals for contacts of TB cases. This is a lesser used function of CureTB, but burden is included below. These respondents are health departments.

Finally, CDC staff in the CureTB program also contact the new treating physicians to determine patient outcomes using CureTB Clinician Public Health Department Follow-up Script. The physicians are generally contacted every two months over the course of standard six month TB treatment, for a total of three follow-up contacts per patient.

The revision for this information collection includes a small number of changes to the CureTB Transnational Notification information collection tool for ease of use by the respondents, and

adding two pieces of additional data important for clinical decision making and patient contact. Additionally, CDC is clarifying the specific burden attributable to individuals within ICE detention centers by noting this in the Estimated Annualized Burden Hours table. Finally, CDC is updating the number of respondents and associated burden based on program operations over the last 12 months. No other changes are proposed.

OMB approval is requested for three years. Participation in this data collection is voluntary. There are no costs to respondents other than the time required to complete the referral documents and respond to CDC requests for TB patient outcomes. The total estimated annualized burden is 1,081 hours.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Local Health Departments (LHD) in the United States.	CureTB Transnational Notification	70	4	30/60
TB patients referred by LHD	CureTB Transnational Notification	187	1	5/60
TB patients referred by ICE	CureTB Transnational Notification	587	1	45/60
TB treating physicians in new country	Clinician Public Health Department Follow-up Script.	870	3	10/60
LHD in the United States	CureTB Contact/Source Investigation (CI/SI) Notification.	20	5	30/60

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-20-1193]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled Assessment of Technical Assistance and Training Approaches to Accelerate Comprehensive Cancer Control Outcomes to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. CDC previously published a "Proposed Data Collection Submitted

for Public Comment and Recommendations" notice on December 6, 2019 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC received one comment related to the previous notice. This notice serves to allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project. The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

(a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies' estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

(d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the

use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and

(e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639-7570.

Comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395-5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

Proposed Project

Assessment of Technical Assistance and Training Approaches to Accelerate Comprehensive Cancer Control Outcomes (OMB Control No. 0920–1193, Exp. 7/31/2019)—Reinstatement with Change—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Cancer is the second leading cause of death in the United States, and health care costs for cancer care are expected to rise to \$158 billion by 2020. Addressing this public health problem requires primary prevention, early detection and treatment, support for cancer survivors, and a reduction in health disparities. Providing support to state, tribal, territorial and local organizations to implement evidence-based strategies has the potential to impact population-level cancer outcomes and reduce the burden of cancer.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) National Comprehensive Cancer Control Program (NCCCP) has been a primary funder for state and community-based cancer control interventions since its inception in the late 1990s. The program supports states and communities in developing a comprehensive approach to cancer prevention and control that includes supporting an infrastructure for state, local, and population-based interventions and multi-sectoral partnerships and coalitions. Currently, NCCCP supports 66 cancer control program grantees including programs in

all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and in a number of tribes, tribal organizations, and U.S. Associated Pacific Islands/territories.

In striving to build capacity and maximize the impact of CDC’s funded programs, CDC has focused on developing and implementing innovative programs to enhance training and technical assistance (TTA) delivered to NCCCP awardees. CDC funds two awardees under a cooperative agreement—Provision of Technical Assistance and Training to Assure Comprehensive Cancer Control Outcomes (DP18–1805). DP18–1805 awardees are charged with developing and delivering high-quality TTA for NCCCP funded programs, coalition members, and partners focused on improving implementation of evidence-based strategies for cancer prevention and control. The TTA activities DP18–1805 awardees implement include (1) conduct of needs assessment, (2) develop framework for building CCC capacity, (3) coordinate and collaborate with existing partners, (4) develop a TTA plan, (5) implement a TTA plan and conduct performance monitoring and continuous quality improvement; and (6) conduct a comprehensive evaluation of TTA.

CDC proposes to conduct an assessment of DP18–1805 awardees to: (1) Document the nature of the TTA provided by DP18–1805 awardees and the extent to which the cooperative agreement was able to achieve planned short-term outcomes; and (2) identify the extent to which DP18–1805 TTA efforts contributed to NCCCP funded programs’ achievement in program

outcomes. There are no other data collection efforts currently underway to assess implementation or perceived effectiveness of TTA under DP18–1805.

This information collection request will involve two complementary data collection efforts: (1) Case studies of DP18–1805 awardees (consisting of interviews with DP18–1805 TTA provider program managers/directors, DP18–1805 TTA provider evaluators, and DP18–1805 TTA provider partners) and (2) a cross-sectional web-based survey administered to NCCCP program directors and staff, NCCCP coalition members, and NCCCP partners. The case studies will be used to explore how DP18–1805 awardees are implementing their respective cooperative agreements and administering TTA to NCCCP awardees; the factors that affect the implementation of specific TTA components; and the extent to which they were able to achieve planned short-term outcomes. The web-based survey will inform CDC’s understanding of the reach of DP18–1805 TTA efforts; elicit information from NCCCP programs and coalitions about the TTA received, including type, dosage, frequency and format; and assess the perceptions of the effectiveness of the TTA.

CDC will use findings from the assessment to inform development of future TTA efforts to more effectively and efficiently support NCCCP’s partner organizations. OMB approval is requested for three years. Participation is voluntary and respondents will not receive incentives for participation. There are no costs to respondents other than their time. The total estimated annualized burden is 51 hours.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
NCCCP Awardee Program Directors and Staff.	Web-based survey	88	1	15/60
NCCCP Coalition Members, and NCCCP Partners.	Web-based survey	88	1	15/60
TTA Provider Organizations	Worksheet for Identifying Case Study Interviewees.	1	1	1
TTA Provider Directors or Managers	Case Study Interview Guide for TTA Provider Program Directors or Managers.	1	1	90/60
TTA Provider Evaluators	Case Study Interview Guide for TTA Provider Evaluators.	1	1	1
TTA Provider Partners	Case Study Interview Guide for TTA Provider Partners.	3	1	1

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-20-0909; Docket No. CDC-2020-0070]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies the opportunity to comment on a continuing information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This notice invites comment on CDC Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program (DPRP). This collection allows CDC to administer the Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program (DPRP) and collects information needed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) to support the Medicare Expanded Model (Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program [MDPP]).

DATES: CDC must receive written comments on or before August 14, 2020.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. CDC-2020-0070 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov). Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- *Mail:* Jeffrey Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket Number. CDC will post, without change, all relevant comments to [Regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov).

Please note: Submit all comments through the Federal eRulemaking portal ([regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov)) or by U.S. mail to the address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the

proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, contact Jeffrey Zirger, Information Collection Review Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone: 404-639-7570; Email: omb@cdc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each new proposed collection, each proposed extension of existing collection of information, and each reinstatement of previously approved information collection before submitting the collection to the OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, we are publishing this notice of a proposed data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

CDC Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program (DPRP)—Revision—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

CDC's Division of Diabetes Translation (DDT) established and administers the National DPP's Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program (DPRP), which recognizes organizations

that deliver diabetes prevention programs according to evidence-based requirements set forth in the "Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Diabetes Prevention Recognition Program Standards and Operating Procedures" (DPRP Standards). Additionally, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) expansion of CDC's National DPP was announced in early 2016, when the Secretary of Health and Human Services determined that the Diabetes Prevention Program met the statutory criteria for inclusion in Medicare's expanded list of healthcare services for beneficiaries (<https://innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/medicare-diabetes-prevention-program/>). This is the first time a preventive service model from the CMS Innovation (CMMI) Center has been expanded. After extensive testing of the DPP model in 17 sites across the U.S. in 2014-2016, CMS proposed the MDPP in Sections 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh § 424.59), authorizing CDC-recognized organizations to prepare for enrollment as MDPP suppliers beginning in January 2018 in order to bill CMS for these services. Only organizations in good standing with the CDC DPRP are eligible as MDPP suppliers. CDC continues to work with CMS to support the MDPP.

CDC requests an additional three years of OMB approval to continue collecting the information needed to administer the DPRP and information needed by CMS to support the MDPP benefit. Based on experience with the DPRP from 2011-2020, including data analysis, and feedback from applicant organizations and internal and external partners, CDC plans to revise the DPRP Standards and the associated information collection.

Key changes are a direct result of DPRP data analyses and discussion with National DPP stakeholders, including those serving vulnerable populations. Key changes allow for the optional collection of Hemoglobin A1C levels, and for weight/physical activity minutes to be combined (a new method), to determine Full recognition; the required collection of Application Delivery Mode questions; revised organizational type information; program enrollment motivation/enrollment source information; adding Gender; and the removal of Session ID.

Three data elements have been minimally revised and no other data elements have been added to the one-time application form; and, three elements have been revised, one has been deleted, and four have been added