

notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Tormach, Inc., Waunakee, WI, has withdrawn as a party to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open and RIC-Americas intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On April 30, 2014, RIC-Americas filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on June 9, 2014 (79 FR 32999).

The last notification was filed with the Department on February 6, 2020. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on February 27, 2020 (85 FR 11393).

Suzanne Morris,
Chief, Premerger and Division Statistics Unit,
Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2020-05791 Filed 3-19-20; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—UHD Alliance, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on March 10, 2020, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), UHD Alliance, Inc. ("UHD Alliance") filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Kaleidescape, Inc., Mountain View, CA have been added as a party to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open and UHD Alliance intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On June 17, 2015, UHD Alliance filed its original notification pursuant to

Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on July 17, 2015 (80 FR 42537).

The last notification was filed with the Department on January 2, 2020. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on January 27, 2020 (85 FR 4705).

Suzanne Morris,

Chief, Premerger and Division Statistics Unit,
Antitrust Division.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Labor Certification Process for the Temporary Employment of H-2A and H-2B Foreign Workers in the United States: Annual Update to Allowable Charges for Agricultural Workers' Meals and for Travel Subsistence Reimbursement, Including Lodging

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Labor's (DOL) Employment and Training Administration (ETA) is issuing this annual notice to announce the updated allowable charges employers of H-2A workers, in occupations other than herding or production of livestock on the range, may charge these workers when the employer provides three meals per day. This notice also announces the maximum travel subsistence meal reimbursement a worker with receipts may claim, under the H-2A and H-2B programs. In addition, this notice includes a reminder regarding employers' obligations with respect to overnight lodging costs as part of required subsistence.

APPLICABLE: This notice is effective on March 20, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian Pasternak, Acting Administrator, Office of Foreign Labor Certification, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, by telephone 202-513-7350 (this is not a toll-free number) or, for individuals with hearing or speech impairments, TTY 1-877-889-5627 (this is not a toll-free number), or by email at *ETA.OFLC.Forms@dol.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security will not approve an employer's

petition for the admission of H-2A or H-2B nonimmigrant temporary workers in the United States unless the petitioner has received from DOL an H-2A or H-2B labor certification. See 8 CFR 214.2(h)(5) and (h)(6). H-2A and H-2B labor certifications generally provide that: (1) There are not sufficient U.S. workers who are qualified and who will be available to perform the labor or services involved in the petition; and (2) the employment of the foreign worker(s) in such labor or services will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of workers in the U.S. similarly employed. See 20 CFR 655.1(a) and 655.100.

Allowable Meal Charge

H-2A agricultural employers of workers in occupations other than herding or production of livestock on the range must offer and provide each worker three meals per day or provide the workers free and convenient cooking facilities.¹ See § 655.122(g). Where the employer provides the meals, the job offer must state the charge, if any, to the worker for such meals. *Id.* The amount of meal charges is governed by § 655.173.

By regulation, DOL has established the methodology for determining the maximum amount that H-2A agricultural employers may charge workers for providing them with three meals per day. See § 655.173(a). This methodology allows for annual adjustments of the previous year's maximum allowable charge based on the updated Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for Food (CPI-U for Food), not seasonally adjusted. *Id.* The maximum amount employers may charge workers for providing meals is adjusted annually by the 12-month percentage change in the CPI-U for Food for the prior year (*i.e.*, between December of the year just concluded and December of the prior year). *Id.* The Office of Foreign Labor Certification (OFLC) Certifying Officer may also permit an employer to charge workers a higher amount for providing them with three meals a day if the higher amount is justified and sufficiently documented by the employer, as set forth in § 655.173(b).

The percentage change in the CPI-U for Food between December 2018 and December 2019 was 1.8 percent.² Thus,

¹ H-2A employers must provide workers engaged in herding or the production of livestock on the range meals or food to prepare meals without charge or deposit charge. See 20 CFR 655.210(e).

² Consumer Price Index—December 2019, published January 14, 2020 at <https://www.bls.gov/news.release/cpi.nr0.htm>.

the annual update to the H-2A allowable meal charge is calculated by multiplying the current allowable meal charge (\$12.46) by the 12-month percentage change in the CPI-U for Food between December 2018 and December 2019 ($\$12.46 \times 1.018 = \12.68). Accordingly, the updated maximum allowable charge under §§ 655.122(g) and 655.173 is \$12.68 per day, and an employer is not permitted to charge a worker more than \$12.68 per day unless the OFLC Certifying Officer approves a higher charge, as authorized under § 655.173(b).³

Reimbursement for Travel-Related Subsistence

H-2B and H-2A employers must pay reasonable travel and subsistence costs, including the costs of meals and lodging, incurred by workers during travel to the worksite from the place from which the worker has come to work for the employer and from the place of employment to the place from which the worker departed to work for the employer, as well as any such costs incurred by the worker incident to obtaining a visa authorizing entry to the United States for the purpose of H-2A or H-2B employment. See §§ 655.122(h)(1)–(2) and 655.20(j)(1)(i)–(ii).

Specifically, an H-2A employer is responsible for providing, paying in advance, or reimbursing a worker for the reasonable costs of daily travel-related subsistence between the employer's worksite and the place from which the worker has come to work for the employer, if the worker completes 50 percent of the work contract period, the employer must provide (or pay at the time of departure) the worker's return costs, upon the worker completing the contract or being dismissed without cause. See § 655.122(h)(1)–(2).

Similarly, an H-2B employer is responsible for providing, paying in advance, or reimbursing a worker for the reasonable costs of transportation and daily subsistence between the employer's worksite and the place from which the worker has come to work for the employer if the worker completes 50 percent of the job order period and upon the worker completing the job order period or being dismissed early (for any reason), return costs. See § 655.20(j)(1)(i)–(ii).

The minimum amount of daily travel subsistence expense for meals for which a worker is entitled to reimbursement must be at least as much as the

employer would charge for providing the worker with three meals per day during employment (if applicable). Under no circumstances may the employer reimburse workers less than the amount permitted under § 655.173(a) (i.e., the current year's daily meal charge amount of \$12.68). The maximum amount an employer is required to reimburse workers for daily travel-related subsistence, as evidenced with receipts, is equal to the standard Continental United States (CONUS) per diem rate, as established by the General Services Administration (GSA) at 41 CFR part 301, formerly published in Appendix A and now found at <https://www.gsa.gov/travel/plan-book/per-diem-rates>. See Annual Update to Allowable Charges for Agricultural Workers' Meals and for Travel Subsistence Reimbursement, Including Lodging, 84 FR 10838 (Mar. 22, 2019) (2019 Update). The standard CONUS meals and incidental expenses rate is \$55.00 per day for 2020.⁴ Workers who qualify for travel reimbursement are entitled to reimbursement for meals up to the standard CONUS meals and incidental expenses rate when they provide receipts. In determining the appropriate amount of reimbursement for meals for less than a full day, the employer may limit the meal expense reimbursement, with receipts, to 75 percent of the maximum reimbursement for meals, or \$41.25, based on the GSA per diem schedule. See, 2019 Update, 84 FR at 40413. If a worker does not provide receipts, the employer is not obligated to reimburse above the minimum stated at § 655.173, as specified above.

If transportation and lodging are not provided by the employer, the amount an employer must pay for transportation and, where required, lodging must be no less than (and is not required to be more than) the most economical and reasonable costs. The employer is responsible for those costs necessary for the worker to travel to the worksite if the worker completes 50 percent of the work contract period but is not responsible for unauthorized detours. The employer also is responsible for the costs of return transportation and subsistence, including lodging costs where necessary, as described above. These requirements apply equally to instances where the worker is traveling within the U.S. to the employer's

worksite. See §§ 655.122(h)(1)–(2) and 655.20(j)(1)(i)–(ii).

For further information on when the employer is responsible for lodging costs, please see DOL's H-2A Frequently Asked Questions on Travel and Daily Subsistence, on OFLC's website at <https://www.foreignlaborcert.dolleta.gov/>.

Signed:

John Pallasch,

Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training.

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of Workers' Compensation Programs

Advisory Board on Toxic Substances and Worker Health; Meeting

AGENCY: Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, Labor.

ACTION: Notice; meeting.

SUMMARY: Announcement of meeting of the Advisory Board on Toxic Substances and Worker Health (Advisory Board) for the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act (EEOICPA).

DATES: The Advisory Board will meet April 15–16, 2020, via teleconference, from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Eastern time both days.

ADDRESSES: Submission of comments, requests to speak, and materials for the record: You must submit comments, materials, and requests to speak at the Advisory Board meeting by April 8, 2020, identified by the Advisory Board name and the meeting date of April 15–16, 2020, by any of the following methods:

- **Electronically:** Send to: EnergyAdvisoryBoard@dol.gov (specify in the email subject line, for example "Request to Speak: Advisory Board on Toxic Substances and Worker Health").

- **Mail, express delivery, hand delivery, messenger, or courier service:** Submit one copy to the following address: U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs, Advisory Board on Toxic Substances and Worker Health, Room S-3522, 200 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20210.

Instructions: Your submissions must include the Agency name (OWCP), the committee name (the Advisory Board), and the meeting date (April 15–16, 2020). Due to security-related procedures, receipt of submissions by regular mail may experience significant

³In 2019, the maximum allowable charge under 20 CFR 655.122(g) and 655.173 was \$12.46 per day. 84 FR 10838 (Mar. 22, 2019).

⁴Maximum Per Diem Reimbursement Rates for the Continental United States (CONUS), 84 FR 40413 (August 14, 2019); see also <https://www.gsa.gov/travel/plan-book/per-diem-rates/mile-breakdown>.