

Dated: October 2, 2019.  
**David Mussatt**,  
*Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.*  
 [FR Doc. 2019-21799 Filed 10-4-19; 8:45 am]  
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**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**  
**Economic Development Administration**  
**Notice of Petitions by Firms for Determination of Eligibility To Apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance**

**AGENCY:** Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice and opportunity for public comment.

**SUMMARY:** The Economic Development Administration (EDA) has received

petitions for certification of eligibility to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance from the firms listed below. Accordingly, EDA has initiated investigations to determine whether increased imports into the United States of articles like or directly competitive with those produced by each of the firms contributed importantly to the total or partial separation of the firms' workers, or threat thereof, and to a decrease in sales or production of each petitioning firm.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

LIST OF PETITIONS RECEIVED BY EDA FOR CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY TO APPLY FOR TRADE ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE  
 [8/23/2019 through 9/30/2019]

Firm name	Firm address	Date accepted for investigation	Product(s)
Utilikilts Co., LLC .....	620 1st Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104.	9/18/2019	The firm manufactures kilts.
A.R.E. Manufacturing, Inc. ....	518 South Springbrook Road, Newberg, OR 97132.	9/24/2019	The firm manufactures metal parts.
Holte Manufacturing, Co., d/b/a Holte Drilling Manufacturing.	25310 Jeans Road, Veneta, OR 97487.	9/30/2019	The firm manufactures drilling equipment and related tools and parts.

Any party having a substantial interest in these proceedings may request a public hearing on the matter. A written request for a hearing must be submitted to the Trade Adjustment Assistance Division, Room 71030, Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, no later than ten (10) calendar days following publication of this notice. These petitions are received pursuant to section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.

Please follow the requirements set forth in EDA's regulations at 13 CFR 315.9 for procedures to request a public hearing. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance official number and title for the program under which these petitions are submitted is 11.313, Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms.

**Irette Patterson**  
*Program Analyst.*  
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**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**  
**Bureau of Industry and Security**  
**Order Denying Export Privileges**

*In the Matter of:* Benjamin James Cance, 215 E. Plainwell Street, Plainwell, MI 49080 and 6911 Childsdale Avenue NE, Rockford, MI 49341,

On January 15, 2016 in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Michigan, Benjamin James Cance ("Cance") was convicted of violating Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778 (2012)) ("AECA"). Cance was convicted of violating Section 38 of the AECA by knowingly and willfully exporting without the required U.S. Department of State licenses gun components designated as defense articles on the United States Munitions List. Cance was sentenced to forty-eight (48) months in prison, two years of supervised release, a fine of \$3,000 and an assessment of \$200. Cance was also placed on the U.S. Department of State's Debarred List.

The Export Administration Regulations ("EAR" or "Regulations") are administered and enforced by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Industry and Security ("BIS").<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR Parts 730-774 (2019). The Regulations originally issued under the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended, 50 U.S.C. 4601-4623 (Supp. III 2015) ("EAA"), which lapsed on August 21, 2001. The President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 CFR, 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which was extended by successive Presidential Notices, continued the Regulations in full force and effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701, *et seq.* (2012) ("IEEPA"). On August 13, 2018, the President signed into law the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019,

Section 766.25 of the Regulations provides, in pertinent part, that the "Director of [BIS's] Office of Exporter Services, in consultation with the Director of [BIS's] Office of Export Enforcement, may deny the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of a violation of . . . section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778)." 15 CFR 766.25(a). The denial of export privileges under this provision may be for a period of up to 10 years from the date of the conviction. 15 CFR 766.25(d).<sup>2</sup> In addition, pursuant to Section 750.8 of the Regulations, BIS's Office of Exporter Services may revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which the person had an interest at the time of his/her conviction.<sup>3</sup>

which includes the Export Control Reform Act of 2018, 50 U.S.C. 4801-4852 ("ECRA"). While Section 1766 of ECRA repeals the provisions of the EAA (except for three sections which are inapplicable here), Section 1768 of ECRA provides, in pertinent part, that all rules and regulations that were made or issued under the EAA, including as continued in effect pursuant to IEEPA, and were in effect as of ECRA's date of enactment (August 13, 2018), shall continue in effect according to their terms until modified, superseded, set aside, or revoked through action undertaken pursuant to the authority provided under ECRA.

<sup>2</sup> See also Section 11(h) of the EAA, 50 U.S.C. 4610(h) (Supp. III 2015); Sections 1760(e) and 1768 of ECRA, 50 U.S.C. 4819 and 4826; and note 1, *supra*.

<sup>3</sup> See notes 1 and 2, *supra*.