(iv) Termination date. The eligibility established by paragraphs (b)(6)(i) and (ii) of this section terminates upon the date the state active duty for disaster response duty terminates, or any date prior, as determined by the State.

(v) In this paragraph, the term “disaster response duty” is defined in § 199.2(b).

(e) * * * * *  
(1) * * * * *  
(ii) A member of a Reserve Component who is separated from active duty served more than 30 consecutive days to which called or ordered either in support of a contingency operation under 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(13) or for a preplanned mission under 10 U.S.C. 10304b.

(3) * * * * *  
■ 4. Amend § 199.4 by revising paragraph (f)(2)(i)(H) to read as follows:

§ 199.4 Basic program benefits.

(f) * * * * *  
(2) * * * * *  
(i) * * * * *  
(H) The Director, Defense Health Agency, may waive the annual individual or family calendar year deductible for dependents of a Reserve Component member who is called or ordered to active duty for a period of more than 30 days, except for a Reserve Component member who is called or ordered to active Guard and Reserve duty for a period of more than 180 days as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101(d)(6).

(3) * * * * *  
■ 5. Amend § 199.14 by revising paragraph (j)(1)(i)(E) to read as follows:

§ 199.14 Provider reimbursement methods.

(j) * * * * *  
(1) * * * * *  
(i) * * * * *  
(E) Special rule for certain TRICARE Select enrollees. In the case of TRICARE Select enrolled-dependant spouse or child, as defined in § 199.3(b)(2)(iii)(A) through (F) and (b)(2)(ii)(H)(1), (2), and (4), of a Reserve Component member serving on active duty pursuant to a call or order to active duty for a period of more than 30 days, except for a RC member who is called or ordered to active Guard and Reserve duty for a period of more than 180 days under 10 U.S.C. 101(d)(6), the Director, Defense Health Agency, may authorize non participating providers the allowable charge to be the CMAC level as established in paragraph (j)(1)(i)(B) of this section plus any balance billing amount up to the balance billing limit as referred to in paragraph (j)(1)(i)(C) of this section.


Shelly E. Finke,  
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

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ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 751  
RIN 2070–AK34

Regulation of Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals Under TSCA Section 6(h); Extension of Comment Period

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: In the Federal Register of July 29, 2019, EPA proposed a rule concerning certain persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic chemicals identified pursuant to section 6(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). These five chemicals are: decabromodiphenyl ether; phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1), also known as tris(4-isopropylphenyl) phosphate; 2,4,6-tris(tert-butyl)phenol; hexachlorobutadiene; and pentachlorothiophenol. The proposed rule, if finalized, would restrict or prohibit manufacture (including import), processing, and distribution in commerce for many uses of these five chemical substances. EPA evaluated the uses of hexachlorobutadiene and proposed no regulatory action. For the other four, the proposal included recordkeeping requirements. Additional downstream notification requirements were proposed for phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1). More information on EPA’s proposal can be found in the July 29, 2019 Federal Register document (84 FR 36728) (FRL–9995–76).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document extends the public comment period established in the Federal Register document of July 29, 2019 (84 FR 36728) (FRL–9995–76). In that document, EPA proposed a rule concerning certain persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic chemicals identified pursuant to section 6(h) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). These five chemicals are: decabromodiphenyl ether; phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1), also known as tris(4-isopropylphenyl) phosphate; 2,4,6-tris(tert-butyl)phenol; hexachlorobutadiene; and pentachlorothiophenol. The proposed rule, if finalized, would restrict or prohibit manufacture (including import), processing, and distribution in commerce for many uses of these five chemical substances. EPA evaluated the uses of hexachlorobutadiene and proposed no regulatory action. For the other four, the proposal included recordkeeping requirements. Additional downstream notification requirements were proposed for phenol, isopropylated phosphate (3:1). More information on EPA’s proposal can be found in the July 29, 2019 Federal Register document (84 FR 36728) (FRL–9995–76).

This document extends the comment period for 31 days, from September 27, 2019, to October 28, 2019. A lengthier extension of the comment period was requested. EPA agrees that an extension of the comment period is warranted, given the fact that the proposal and the extensive supporting materials address five separate chemical substances. However, in view of the statutory deadline requiring final action 18 months after issuance of the proposal and the considerable outreach EPA
conducted prior to issuing the proposal, the Agency has concluded that a 31-day extension is sufficient.

To submit comments, or access the docket, please follow the detailed instructions provided under ADDRESSES in the Federal Register document of July 29, 2019 (84 FR 36728) (FRL–9995–76). If you have questions, consult the technical persons listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 751

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Export notification, Hazardous substances, Import certification, Reporting and recordkeeping.


Alexandra Dapolito Dunn,
Assistant Administrator, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Electronic Filers: Comments may be filed electronically using the internet by accessing the ECFS: http://apps.fcc.gov/ecfs/.

Paper Filers: Parties who choose to file by paper must file an original and one copy of each filing.

Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Service mail. All filings must be addressed to the Commission’s Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission.

All hand-delivered or messenger-delivered paper filings for the Commission’s Secretary must be delivered to FCC Headquarters at 445 12th Street SW, Room TW–A325, Washington, DC 20554. The filing hours are 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners. Any envelopes and boxes must be disposed of before entering the building.

Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9050 Junction Drive, Annapolis Junction, MD 20701.

U.S. Postal Service first-class, Express, and Priority mail must be addressed to 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554.

People with Disabilities. To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an email to fcc504@fcc.gov or call the Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau at 202–418–0530 (voice), 202–418–0432 (tty). For additional information, see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information on this proceeding, contact David Sieradzki, Senior Counsel, Competition and Infrastructure Policy Division, WTB at (202) 418–1368 or by email to David.Sieradzki@fcc.gov or Mike Ray, Attorney Advisor, Competition Policy Division, WCB, at (202) 418–0357 or michael.ray@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Public Notice released on September 13, 2019 (DA 19–913). The full text of the Public Notice is available for public inspection and copying during business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street SW, Room CY–A257, Washington, DC 20554. It also may be purchased from the Commission’s duplicating contractor at Portals II, 445 12th Street SW, Room CY–B402, Washington, DC 20554; the contractor’s website, http://www.bcpwire.com; or by calling (800) 378–3160, facsimile (202) 488–5363, or email FCC@BCPIWEB.com. Additionally, the complete item is available on the Federal Communications Commission’s website at http://www.fcc.gov.

On August 27, 2019, the WIA filed a Petition for Rulemaking and a Petition for Declaratory Ruling. On September 6, 2019, CTIA filed a Petition for Declaratory Ruling. The petition for rulemaking requests additional rules to implement Section 6409 of the Spectrum Act, 47 U.S.C. 1455. The petitions for declaratory ruling request that the Commission clarify its rules implementing Section 6409 and Sections 1455 and 224 of the Communications Act. 47 U.S.C. 1455. WIA’s Petition for Rulemaking asks the Commission to amend our rules to reflect that collocations requiring an expansion of the current site—within 30 feet of a tower site—qualify for relief under Section 6409(a) and to require that fees associated with eligible facilities requests under Section 6409 be cost-based. WIA’s Petition for Declaratory Ruling asks the Commission to clarify (1) that Section 6409(a) and our related rules apply to all state and local authorizations; (2) when the time to decide an application begins to run; (3) what constitutes a substantial change under Section 6409(a); (4) that “conditional” approvals by localities violate Section 6409(a); and (5) that localities may not establish processes or impose conditions that effectively defeat or reduce the protections afforded under Section 6409(a).

CTIA’s Petition for Declaratory Ruling asks the Commission to clarify the terms “concealed and protected,” “equipment cabinet,” and “base station” in our rules, and clarify that when an application is “deemed granted” under Section 6409, applicants may lawfully construct even if the siting authority has not issued construction permits. With respect to Section 224, CTIA asks the Commission to: (1) Determine that the definition of the term “pole” in Section 224 includes light poles; (2) conclude that utilities may not impose blanket prohibitions on access to certain parts of the pole; and (3) clarify that utilities may not ask attachers to accept terms and conditions that are inconsistent with the Commission’s rules.

Federal Communications Commission.

Amy Brett,
Associate Chief, Competition and Infrastructure Policy Division, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau.

[FR Doc. 2019–20635 Filed 9–25–19; 8:45 am]

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