discussion by calling the following toll-free conference call number: 1–800–682–0995 and conference call ID: 7996743.

Please be advised that, before being placed into the conference call, the conference call operator will ask callers to provide their names, their organizational affiliations (if any), and email addresses (so that callers may be notified of future meetings). Callers can expect to incur charges for calls they initiate over wireless lines, and the Commission will not refund any incurred charges. Callers will incur no charge for calls they initiate over landline connections to the toll-free telephone number provided.

Persons with hearing impairments may also follow the discussion by first calling the Federal Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 and providing the operator with the toll-free conference call number: 1–800–682–0995 and conference call 7996743.

Members of the public are invited to make statements during the open comment period of the meeting or submit written comments. The comments must be received in the regional office approximately 30 days after each scheduled meeting. Written comments may be mailed to the Rocky Mountain Regional Office, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Persons interested in the work of the Board may also be inspected and reproduced at the Rocky Mountain Regional Office, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 1961 Stout Street, Suite 13–201, Denver, CO 80294, faxed to (303) 866–1040, or emailed to Evelyn Bohor at ebohor@usccr.gov. Persons who desire additional information may contact the Rocky Mountain Regional Office at (303) 866–1040.

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing as they become available at https://gsageo.force.com/FACA/FACA PublicViewCommitteeDetails?id=a10t0000001gzksAAA; click the “Meeting Details” and “Documents” links. Links generated from this meeting may also be inspected and reproduced at the Rocky Mountain Regional Office, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Persons interested in the work of this advisory committee are advised to go to the Commission’s website, www.usccr.gov, or to contact the Rocky Mountain Regional Office at the above phone number, email or street address.

Agenda: Friday, August 2, 2019; 2:00 p.m. (MDT)
I. Roll Call
II. Discuss and Vote on Report:
   Naturalization Backlog
III. Next Steps for the Report
IV. Community Forum Update
V. Other Business
VI. Open Comment
VII. Adjournment

Exceptional Circumstance: Pursuant to 41 CFR 102–3.150, the notice for this meeting is given less than 15 calendar days prior to the meeting because of the exceptional circumstances of the federal government shutdown.

Dated: July 16, 2019.

David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.
[FR Doc. 2019–15473 Filed 7–19–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[8–16–2019]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 151—Findlay, Ohio Authorization of Production Activity Whirlpool Corporation (Dishwashers) Findlay, Ohio

On March 18, 2019, Whirlpool Corporation submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within FTZ 151, in Findlay, Ohio. The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the Federal Register inviting public comment (84 FR 11282–11283, March 26, 2019). On July 16, 2019, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board’s decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board’s regulations, including Section 400.14.

Dated: July 16, 2019.

Andrew McGilvray, Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2019–15509 Filed 7–19–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C–570–968]

Aluminum Extrusions From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review and Rescission of Review, in Part; 2017

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that exporters and/or producers subject to this administrative review received countervailable subsidies during the period of review (POR) January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. DATES: Applicable July 22, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce published the Preliminary Results of this administrative review in the Federal Register on March 15, 2019.1 We invited parties to comment on the Preliminary Results. No interested party submitted comments or requested a hearing in this administrative review. Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Commerce exercised its discretion to toll all deadlines affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018 through the resumption of operations on January 29, 2019.2 If the new deadline falls on a non-business day, in accordance with Commerce’s practice, the deadline will become the next business day.

Accordingly, the revised deadline for the final results of this administrative review is now July 15, 2019.

Scope of the Order

The product covered by the Order is aluminum extrusions from the People’s Republic of China. The complete description of the scope is provided at Appendix I of this notice.

Methodology

For each of the subsidy programs we found to be countervailable, we determined that there is a subsidy, i.e., a government-provided financial contribution that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is


2 See Memorandum to the Record from Gary Taverner, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, “Deadlines affected by the Partial Shutdown of the Federal Government,” dated January 28, 2019. All deadlines in this segment of the proceeding have been extended by 40 days.
specific. For additional details, see the Preliminary Results and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

As no party submitted comments on the methodology used in calculating the adverse facts available subsidy rates assigned in the Preliminary Results, Commerce made no adjustments to that methodology in the final results of this review.

Recision of Review

In the Preliminary Results, we stated our intention to rescind the review with respect to companies named in the Initiation Notice for which all review requests were timely withdrawn in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1).

These companies are listed in the Appendix II to this notice. No interested party commented on our intent to rescind with respect to these companies. Therefore, we are rescinding the administrative review of the countervailing duty order on aluminum extrusions from China, in part, covering the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, for the companies listed in Appendix II. For these companies, Commerce will assess duties at rates equal to the rates of the cash deposits for estimated countervailing duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, during the POR, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(2).

Final Results of Administrative Review

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5), we determine the following final net subsidy rates for the 2017 administrative review:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Final ( ad ) valorem rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anshan Zhongda Industry Co., Ltd</td>
<td>216.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foshan Sanshui Fenglu Aluminum Co</td>
<td>216.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangho Curtain Wall Hong Kong Ltd</td>
<td>216.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sihui Shi Guoyao Aluminum Co., Ltd</td>
<td>216.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sincere Profit Ltd</td>
<td>216.61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assessment Rates

Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to Customs and Border Protection (CBP), 15 days after publication of these final results of review, to liquidate shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017, at the \( ad \) valorem rates listed above.

Cash Deposit Requirements

Commerce also intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amounts indicated above for each company listed on shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, during the POR, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(2).

Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777f(l)(1) of the Act.

Dated: July 15, 2019.

Jeffrey Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

The merchandise covered by the order is aluminum extrusions which are shapes and forms, produced by an extrusion process, made from aluminum alloys having metallic elements corresponding to the alloy series designations published by The Aluminum Association commencing with the numbers 1, 3, and 6 (or proprietary equivalents or other certifying body equivalents).

Specifically, the subject merchandise made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 1 contains not less than 99 percent aluminum by weight. The subject merchandise made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 3 contains manganese as the major alloying element, with manganese accounting for not more than 3.0 percent of total materials by weight. The subject merchandise is made from an aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 6 contains magnesium and silicon as the major alloying elements, with magnesium accounting for at least 0.1 percent but not more than 2.0 percent of total materials by weight, and silicon accounting for at least 0.1 percent but not more than 3.0 percent of total materials by weight. The subject aluminum extrusions are properly identified by a four-digit alloy series without either a decimal point or leading letter. Illustrative examples from among the approximately 160 registered alloys that may characterize the subject merchandise are as follows: 1350, 3003, and 6060.

Aluminum extrusions are produced and imported in a wide variety of shapes and forms, including, but not limited to, hollow profiles, other solid profiles, pipes, tubes, bars, and rods. Aluminum extrusions that are drawn subsequent to extrusion (drawn aluminum) are also included in the scope.

Aluminum extrusions are produced and imported with a variety of finishes (both coatings and surface treatments), and types of fabrication. The types of coatings and treatments applied to subject aluminum extrusions include, but are not limited to, extrusions that are mill finished (i.e., without any coating or further finishing), brushed, buffed, polished, anodized (including bright dip anodized), liquid painted, or powder coated. Aluminum extrusions may also be fabricated, i.e., prepared for assembly. Such operations would include, but are not limited to, extrusions that are cut-to-length, machined, drilled, punched, notched, bent, stretched, knurled, swedged, mitered, chamfered, threaded, and spun. The subject merchandise includes aluminum extrusions that are finished (coated, painted, etc.), fabricated, or any combination thereof.

Subject aluminum extrusions may be described at the time of importation as parts for final finished products that are assembled after importation, including, but not limited to, window frames, door frames, solar panels, curtain walls, or furniture. Such parts that otherwise meet the definition of aluminum extrusions are included in the scope. The scope includes the aluminum extrusion components that are attached (e.g., by welding or fasteners) to form subassemblies, i.e., partially assembled merchandise unless imported as part of the finished goods 'kit.'

The scope does not include the non-aluminum extrusion components of subassemblies or subject kits. Subject extrusions may be identified with reference to their end use, such as fences.
posts, electrical conduits, door thresholds, carpet trim, or heat sinks (that do not meet the finished heat sink exclusionary language below). Such goods are subject merchandise if they otherwise meet the scope definition, regardless of whether they are ready for use at the point of importation. The following aluminum extrusion products are excluded: Aluminum extrusions made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 2 and containing in excess of 1.5 percent copper; and aluminum extrusions made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 3 and containing in excess of 1.5 percent magnesium by weight; and aluminum extrusions made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 4 and containing in excess of 1.75 percent magnesium by weight; and aluminum extrusions made from aluminum alloy with an Aluminum Association series designation commencing with the number 7 and containing in excess of 2.0 percent zinc by weight.

The scope also excludes finished aluminum extrusion products as parts that are fully and permanently assembled and completed at the time of entry, such as finished windows with glass, doors with glass or vinyl, picture frames with glass pane and backing material, and solar panels. The scope also excludes finished goods containing aluminum extrusions that are entered unassembled in a “finished goods kit.” A finished goods kit is understood to mean a packaged combination of parts that contains, at the time of importation, all of the necessary parts to fully assemble a finished good and requires no further finishing or fabrication, such as cutting or punching, and is assembled “as is” into a finished product. An imported product will not be considered a “finished goods kit” and therefore excluded from the scope of the orders merely by including fasteners such as screws, bolts, etc. in the packaging with an aluminum extrusion product.

The scope also excludes aluminum alloy sheet or plates produced by other than the extrusion process, such as aluminum extrusion by a rolling method of casting. Cast aluminum products are properly manufactured by a specific series of digits for a given product and requires no further finishing or fabrication, such as cutting or punching, and is assembled “as is” into a finished product.

Appendix II

List of Companies for Which We Are Rescinding This Administrative Review

1. Acro Import and Export Co.
2. Activa International Inc.
3. Activa Leisure Inc.
4. Allied Maker Limited
5. Alman Aluminum Co., Ltd.
6. Alnan Aluminum Ltd.
7. Aluminicaste Fundicion de Mexico
8. AMC Ltd.
9. AMC Limited
10. Anji Chang Hong Chain Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
11. Aoda Aluminum (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.
12. AsiaAlum Group
14. Belton (Asia) Development Limited
15. Belton (Asia) Development Ltd.
16. Birchwoods (Lin’an) Leisure Products Co., Ltd.
17. Bolnar Hong Kong Ltd.
18. Bracalente Metal Products (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.
20. Changshu Changsheng Aluminum Products Co., Ltd.
21. Changshu Changsheng Aluminum Products Co., Ltd.
22. Changzhou Changzhen Evaporator Co., Ltd.
23. Changzhou Changzhen Evaporator Co., Ltd.
24. Changzhou Tenglong Auto Accessories Manufacturing Co. Ltd.
25. Changzhou Tenglong Auto Parts Co., Ltd.
26. Changzhou Tenglong Auto Parts Co Ltd.
27. China Square Industry Co.
28. China Square Industrial Co.
29. China Square Industrial Ltd.
30. China Zhongwang Holdings, Ltd.
31. Chiping One Stop Industrial & Trade Co., Ltd.
32. Classic & Contemporary Inc.
33. Clear Sky Ltd.
34. Cosco (J.M.) Aluminum Co., Ltd.
35. Cosco (J.M.) Aluminum Development Co., Ltd.
36. Dalian Huacheng Aquatic Products
37. Dalian Liwang Trade Co., Ltd.
38. Danfoss Micro Channel Heat Exchanger (Jia Xing) Co., Ltd.
39. Daya Hardware Co. Ltd.
40. Dongguan Dazhan Metal Co., Ltd.
41. Dongguang Aoda Aluminum Co., Ltd.
42. Dongguang Golden Tiger Hardware Industrial Co., Ltd.
43. Dragonluxe Limited
44. Dynabright International Group (HK) Ltd.
45. Dynamic Technologies China
46. ETLA Technology (Wuxi) Co. Ltd.
47. Ever Extend Ent. Ltd.
48. Fenghua Metal Product Factory
49. First Union Property Limited
50. FookShing Metal & Plastic Co. Ltd.
51. Foreign Trade Co. of Suzhou New & High-Tech Industrial Development Zone
52. Foshan City Nanhai HongJia Aluminum Alloy Co., Ltd.
53. Foshan Golden Source Aluminum Products Co., Ltd.
54. Foshan Guangcheng Aluminum Co., Ltd.
55. Foshan Jialan Aluminum Co., Ltd.
56. Foshan Jinlan Aluminum Co., Ltd.
57. Foshan JMA Aluminum Company Limited
58. Foshan Nanhai Niu Yuan Hardware Product Co., Ltd.
59. Foshan Shunde Aonej Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.
60. Foshan Yong Li Jian Aluminum Co., Ltd.
61. Fujian Sanchuan Aluminum Co., Ltd.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>86. Guangdong Xingfa Aluminum Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>177. Shanghai Automobile Air-Conditioner</td>
<td>178. Shanghai Automobile Air-Conditioner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87. Guangdong Xin Wei Aluminum Products</td>
<td>179. Shanghai Ganhai Aluminum Tube</td>
<td>Accessories Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88. Guangdong Nanhai Foodstuffs Imp. &amp;</td>
<td>180. Shanghai Dofierone Composites Co.</td>
<td>181. Shanghai Dongsheng Metal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89. Guangdong Weiyi Aluminum Factory</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
<td>182. Shanghai Shen Hang Imp &amp; Exp Co.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90. Guangdong Whirlpool Electrical</td>
<td>183. Shanghai Tongtai Precise Aluminum</td>
<td>184. Shanghai Top-Ranking Aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91. Guangdong zongyi Aluminum Company</td>
<td>Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Products Co., LTD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92. Hangzhou Xingyi Metal Products Co.,</td>
<td>185. Shanghai Top-Ranking New Materials</td>
<td>186. Shenyang Yuanda Aluminum Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95. Hanyung Alcosib Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Development Co.</td>
<td>189. Skyline Exhibit Systems [Shanghai]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96. Hanyung Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
<td>Co. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101. Henan Zhongduo Aluminum</td>
<td>Co. Ltd.</td>
<td>196. Taishan City Kam Kiu Aluminum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102. Hong Kong Gree Electric Appliances</td>
<td>Company Ltd.</td>
<td>197. Taihao Machinery Shanghai Co. Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103. Hong Kong Modern Non-Ferrous Metal</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
<td>198. Taizhou Lifeng Manufacturing Co.,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104. Honsense Development Company</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106. Hui Mei Gao Aluminum Foshan Co., Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
<td>200. Top-Wok Metal Co., Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109. IDEX Health</td>
<td>204. USA Worldwide Door Components</td>
<td>205. Tianjin Rixin Electric Heat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110. IDEX Technology Suzhou Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>(Pinghu) Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Transmission Technology Co., Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111. Innovative Aluminum (Hong Kong)</td>
<td>206. Wenzhou Shengbo Decoration &amp;</td>
<td>207. Whirlpool (Guangdong)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112. iSource Asia</td>
<td>Hardware</td>
<td>208. Whirlpool Canada L.P.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>113. Jackson Travel Products Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>113. Whirlpool Canada L.P.</td>
<td>209. Whirlpool Microwave Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114. Jiangmen Jianghai District Foreign</td>
<td>114. World Wide Door Components</td>
<td>Development Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>116. Jiangmen Qunxing Hardware</td>
<td>211. WTI Building Products, Ltd.</td>
<td>212. Wuchuan Lutong Fiberglass Doors Co., Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>119. Jiangying Trust International Co.</td>
<td>216. Xinyu Aluminium &amp; Stainless Steel</td>
<td>216. Xinyu Aluminium &amp; Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>122. Jiuyuan Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>Ltd.</td>
<td>220. Zahoqing China Square Industry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration


AGENCY: United States Section, NAFTA Secretariat, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: NAFTA Binational Panel Review is precluded in the matter of Large Diameter Welded Pipe from Canada.

SUMMARY: Notice of the Department of Commerce’s Large Diameter Welded Pipe from Canada: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value (Final Determination) was published in the Federal Register on February 27, 2019. On May 8, 2019, the NAFTA Secretariat received a Notice of Intent to Commence Judicial Review (Notice of Intent). No action is required by the Secretariat in response to the Notice of Intent. Accordingly, review by a panel is precluded.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul E. Morris, United States Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat, Room 2061, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, (202) 482–5438.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice of the Department of Commerce’s Final Determination was published in the Federal Register (84 FR 6378) on February 27, 2019. In the event a party wished to challenge the Final Determination, pursuant to NAFTA Article 1904(15)(c)(i)(iii), the deadline for the submission of a Notice of Intent to Commence Judicial Review was March 19, 2019 (10 days prior to the latest date on which a panel may be requested), and pursuant to NAFTA Article 1904(4), the deadline for the submission of a Request for Panel Review was March 29, 2019 (within 30 days of publication of the Final Determination in the Federal Register).

On May 8, 2019, the American Cast Iron Pipe Company, Berg Steel Pipe Corp., Berg Spiral Pipe Corp., Dura-Bond Industries, and Stupp Corporation, individually and as members of the American Line Pipe Producers Association (“ALPPA”); Greens Bayou Pipe Mill, LP; JSW Steel (USA) Inc.; Skyline Steel; Trinity Products LLC; and Welspan Tubular LLC filed a Notice of Intent with the NAFTA Secretariat, specifying an intention to seek judicial review at the United States Court of International Trade. The Notice of Intent was submitted 50 days after the deadline established by Article 1904(15). No further action is required by the Secretariat in response to the Notice of Intent.

On May 22, 2019, Evraz Inc. NA (“Evraz”) submitted a Conditional Request to the NAFTA Secretariat, “for the purpose of challenging Petitioners’ untimely attempt to appeal the underlying agency determination.” The Conditional Request for Panel Review was submitted 54 days after the deadline established by Article 1904(15). Accordingly, review by a panel is precluded.

NAFTA Article 1904(4) provides:

A request for a panel shall be made in writing to the other involved Party within 30 days following the date of publication of the final determination in question in the official journal of the importing Party. In the case of final determinations that are not published in the official journal of the importing Party, the importing Party shall immediately notify the other involved Party of such final determination where it involves goods from the other involved Party, and the other involved Party may request a panel within 30 days of receipt of such notice. Where the competent investigating authority of the importing Party has imposed provisional measures in an investigation, the other involved Party may provide notice of its intention to request a panel under this Article, and the Parties shall begin to establish a panel at that time. Failure to request a panel within the time specified in this paragraph shall preclude review by a panel.


Dated: July 16, 2019.

Paul E. Morris,
U.S. Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat.

[FR Doc. 2019–15510 Filed 7–19–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–GS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Takes of Marine Mammals Incidental to Specified Activities; Taking Marine Mammals Incidental to Marine Geophysical Surveys in the Northeast Pacific Ocean

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; issuance of an incidental harassment authorization.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the regulations implementing the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) as amended, notification is hereby given that NMFS has issued an incidental harassment authorization (IHA) to Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (L-DEO) to incidentally harass, by Level A and Level B harassment, marine mammals during seismic activities associated with a marine geophysical survey in the Northeast Pacific Ocean.

DATES: This Authorization is effective from July 10, 2019 through July 9, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amy Fowler, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, (301) 427–8401. Electronic copies of the application and supporting documents, as well as a list of the references cited in this document, may be obtained online at: https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/permit/incidental-take-authorizations-under-marine-mammal-protection-act. In case of problems accessing these documents, please call the contact listed above.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: