The FEDERAL REGISTER (ISSN 0097–6326) is published daily, Monday through Friday, except official holidays, by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, under the Federal Register Act (44 U.S.C. Ch. 15) and the regulations of the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register (1 CFR Ch. I). The Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Publishing Office, is the exclusive distributor of the official edition. Periodicals postage is paid at Washington, DC.

The FEDERAL REGISTER provides a uniform system for making available to the public regulations and legal notices issued by Federal agencies. These include Presidential proclamations and Executive Orders, Federal agency documents having general applicability and legal effect, documents required to be published by act of Congress, and other Federal agency documents of public interest.

Documents are on file for public inspection in the Office of the Federal Register the day before they are published, unless the issuing agency requests earlier filing. For a list of documents currently on file for public inspection, see www.federalregister.gov.

The seal of the National Archives and Records Administration authenticates the Federal Register as the official serial publication established under the Federal Register Act. Under 44 U.S.C. 1507, the contents of the Federal Register shall be judicially noticed.

The Federal Register is published in paper and on 24x microfiche. It is also available online at no charge at www.govinfo.gov, a service of the U.S. Government Publishing Office.

The online edition of the Federal Register is issued under the authority of the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register as the official legal equivalent of the paper and microfiche editions (44 U.S.C. 4101 and 1 CFR 5.10). It is updated by 6:00 a.m. each day the Federal Register is published and includes both text and graphics from Volume 1, 1 (March 14, 1936) forward. For more information, contact the GPO Customer Contact Center, U.S. Government Publishing Office. Phone 202-512-1800 or 866-512-1800 (toll free). E-mail, gpocusthelp.com.

The annual subscription price for the Federal Register paper edition is $866 plus postage, or $929, for a combined Federal Register, Federal Register Index and List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA) subscription; the microfiche edition of the Federal Register including the Federal Register Index and LSA is $330, plus postage. Six month subscriptions are available for one-half the annual rate. The prevailing postal rates will be applied to orders according to the delivery method requested. The price of a single copy of the daily Federal Register, including postage, is based on the number of pages: $11 for an issue containing less than 200 pages; $22 for an issue containing 200 to 400 pages; and $33 for an issue containing more than 400 pages. Single issues of the microfiche edition may be purchased for $3 per copy, including postage. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or charge to your GPO Deposit Account, VISA, MasterCard, American Express, or Discover. Mail to: U.S. Government Publishing Office—New Orders, P.O. Box 979050, St. Louis, MO 63197-9000; or call toll free 1-866-512-1800, DC area 202-512-1800; or go to the U.S. Government Online Bookstore site, see bookstore.gpo.gov.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the Federal Register.

How To Cite This Publication: Use the volume number and the page number. Example: 84 FR 12345.

Postmaster: Send address changes to the Superintendent of Documents, Federal Register, U.S. Government Publishing Office, Washington, DC 20402, along with the entire mailing label from the last issue received.
Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality  
NOTICES  
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27121–27126

Agriculture Department  
See Food Safety and Inspection Service

Army Department  
NOTICES  
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27097

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services  
PROPOSED RULES  
Medicare and Medicaid Programs:  
Hospital and Critical Access Hospital Changes to Promote Innovation, Flexibility, and Improvement in Patient Care; Extension of Timeline, 27069–27070  
Request for Information:  
Reducing Administrative Burden to Put Patients over Paperwork, 27070–27072

Civil Rights Commission  
NOTICES  
Meetings:  
Idaho Advisory Committee, 27078–27079  
New Mexico Advisory Committee, 27079  
Tennessee Advisory Committee, 27079–27080

Coast Guard  
RULES  
2015 Quarterly Listings:  
Safety Zones, Security Zones, Special Local Regulations, Drawbridge Operation Regulations and Regulated Navigation Areas, 27036–27039  
Safety Zones:  
Annual Events in the Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone, 27039

NOTICES  
Certificate of Alternative Compliance:  
towing vessel CAPE HATTERAS, 27147–27148

Commerce Department  
See Economic Analysis Bureau  
See International Trade Administration  
See National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Corporation for National and Community Service  
NOTICES  
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:  
Application Package for National Service Trust Americorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form, 27095–27097  
Application Package for National Service Trust Americorps Interest Payment Form/AmeriCorps—Manual Interest Payment Request Form, 27095

Defense Department  
See Army Department  
See Navy Department

Delaware River Basin Commission  
RULES  
Regulatory Program Fees and Water Charges Rates, 27035–27036

Economic Analysis Bureau  
NOTICES  
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:  
Direct Investment Surveys: BE–13, Survey of New Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 27080

Education Department  
NOTICES  
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:  
2019–20 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study, 27102–27103  
Applications for New Awards:  
Promoting Postbaccalaureate Opportunities for Hispanic Americans Program, 27098–27102

Energy Department  
See Federal Energy Regulatory Commission  
NOTICES  
Request for Information:  
Marine Sciences Laboratory, 27103–27104

Environmental Protection Agency  
RULES  
Air Quality State Implementation Plans; Approvals and Promulgations:  
Utah; Revisions to the Utah Division of Administrative Rules, 27039–27041  
PROPOSED RULES  
Air Quality State Implementation Plans; Approvals and Promulgations:  
AK: Adoption Updates and Permitting Rule Revisions, 27049–27053  
Maine: Reasonably Available Control Technology for the 2008 Ozone Standard, 27046–27049  
Missouri: Revision to Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information Rule, 27055–27057  
Missouri: Revision to Reference Methods Rule, 27053–27055  
Authorization of State Hazardous Waste Management Program Revisions:  
Ohio, 27057–27061  
Significant New Use Rules on Certain Chemical Substances, 27061–27069

NOTICES  
Privacy Act; Systems of Records, 27109–27112  
Request for Nominations:  
National Environmental Justice Advisory Council, 27112–27113  
Settlement:  
Chemform, Inc., Superfund Site; Pompano Beach, FL, 27112
Federal Aviation Administration

PROPOSED RULES
Airworthiness Directives:
 Bombardier, Inc., Airplanes, 27042–27044
Amendment of Class E Airspace:
 Wray, CO, 27044–27045

NOTICES
Noise Exposure Map:
 Newark Liberty International Airport, Newark, NJ, 27183–27184
Petition for Exemption; Summary of Petition Received:
 Textron Aviation Inc., 27184–27185

Federal Bureau of Investigation

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27161–27162

Federal Communications Commission

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27113–27115
Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records, 27115–27117

Federal Emergency Management Agency

NOTICES
Proposed Flood Hazard Determinations, 27150–27152
Proposed Flood Hazard Determinations: Correction, 27148–27150

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

NOTICES
Application:
 Oregon State University, 27104
UP Hydro, LLC, Cataract Hydro, LLC; Transfer of License and Soliciting Comments, Motions to Intervene, and Protests, 27108–27109
Combined Filings, 27104–27108
Environmental Impact Statements; Availability, etc.; Jordan Cove Energy Project LP, Pacific Connector Gas Pipeline LP; Jordan Cove Energy Project, 27106–27107
Meetings:
 Jordan Cove Energy Project, LP; Pacific Connector Gas Pipeline, LP, 27106–27109
Petition for Declaratory Order:
 Sunoco Pipeline, LP, 27107

Federal Railroad Administration

NOTICES
Application for Approval of Discontinuance or Modification of a Railroad Signal System, 27185
Petition for Waiver of Compliance, 27185–27186

Federal Reserve System

RULES
Rules Regarding Equal Opportunity, 27027–27035

NOTICES
Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies, 27117–27118

Federal Trade Commission

NOTICES
Analysis to Aid Public Comment:
 Shore to Please Vacations, LLC, 27118–27119
Staffordshire Property Management, LLC, 27119–27121

Fish and Wildlife Service

NOTICES
Endangered and Threatened Species:
 Initiation of 5-Year Status Reviews for 91 Species in Oregon, Washington, Hawaii, and American Samoa, 27152–27154

Food and Drug Administration

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27131
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:
 Investigational Device Exemptions Reports and Records, 27139–27141
Mitigation Strategies to Protect Food Against Intentional Adulteration, 27131–27133
Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension:
 ALUNBRIG, 27137–27138
 BAXDELA IV INJECTION—NDA 208611, 27126–27128
 BAXDELA TABLETS—NDA 208610, 27133–27135
 KISQALLI, 27128–27130
Determinations that Products Were Not Withdrawn from Sale for Reasons of Safety or Effectiveness:
 NIZORAL (Ketoconazole) Topical Cream, 2 Percent, 27135–27136
Guidance:
 Quality Considerations for Continuous Manufacturing, 27130–27131
Meetings:
New Drug Applications:
 Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp., et al.; Withdrawal of Approval, 27128

Food Safety and Inspection Service

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:
 Accredited Laboratory Contact Update Form, 27077–27078
Egg Products, 27075–27076
Permit to Obtain Specimens of Condemned or Other Inedible Materials from Official Establishments, 27076–27077

Foreign Assets Control Office

NOTICES
Blocking or Unblocking of Persons and Properties, 27190

General Services Administration

NOTICES
Cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–30, Vehicle Allocation Methodology for Agency Fleets, 27121
Cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–32, Motor Vehicle Policy, 27121

Geological Survey

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:
 Economic Contribution of Federal Investments in Restoration of Degraded, Damaged, or Destroyed Ecosystems, 27154–27155
Health and Human Services Department
See Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
See Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
See Food and Drug Administration
See National Institutes of Health
See Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

NOTICES
Opportunity to Collaborate on National Youth Sports Initiative to Increase Youth Sports Participation; Correction, 27141

Homeland Security Department
See Coast Guard
See Federal Emergency Management Agency

Interior Department
See Fish and Wildlife Service
See Geological Survey
See Land Management Bureau
See National Park Service

Internal Revenue Service
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27190–27191

International Trade Administration
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27081
Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Investigations, Orders, or Reviews:
Certain Hardwood Plywood Products from the People’s Republic of China, 27081–27084
Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 27085–27086
Laminated Woven Sacks from the People’s Republic of China, 27089–27091
Non-Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings from the People’s Republic of China, 27088–27089
Persulfates from the People’s Republic of China, 27087–27088
Sodium Nitrite from Germany and the People’s Republic of China, 27086–27087
Sodium Nitrite from the People’s Republic of China, 27084–27085
Steel Wire Garment Hangers from the People’s Republic of China, 27091–27092
Meetings:
Trade Finance Advisory Council, 27092–27093

International Trade Commission
NOTICES
Investigations; Determinations, Modifications, and Rulings, etc.:
Generalized System of Preferences: Possible Modifications, 2018 Review, 27159–27161

Justice Department
See Federal Bureau of Investigation
See United States Marshals Service
NOTICES
Proposed Consent Decrees:
CERCLA, 27162

Land Management Bureau
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals:
Forest Management Decision Protest Process and Log Export and Substitution, 27156–27157
Vegetative and Minerals Materials, 27155–27156

Maritime Administration
NOTICES
Requests for Administrative Waivers of the Coastwise Trade Laws:
Vessel ALCHEMY, 27187–27188
Vessel NORTH SEA, 27188–27189
Vessel REEL DIVE, 27189–27190
Vessel TRANQUILO, 27186–27187

Morris K. and Stewart L. Udall Foundation
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 27163

National Institutes of Health
NOTICES
Meetings:
Center for Scientific Review, 27142–27144
National Institute of Mental Health, 27141

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
PROPOSED RULES
Fisheries Off West Coast States:
Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan; Amendment 28, 27072–27074

NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27094
Application for Exempted Fishing Permits, 27093–27094

National Park Service
NOTICES
National Register of Historic Places:
Pending Nominations and Related Actions, 27157–27158
Request for Nominations:
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee, 27158–27159

National Science Foundation
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals, 27163–27166

Navy Department
NOTICES
Government-Owned Inventions; Available for Licensing, 27098

Postal Regulatory Commission
NOTICES
New Postal Products, 27166

Postal Service
NOTICES
Product Change:
Priority Mail Express and Priority Mail Negotiated Service Agreement, 27167
Priority Mail Negotiated Service Agreement, 27166–27167
Securities and Exchange Commission
NOTICES
Self-Regulatory Organizations; Proposed Rule Changes:
BOX Exchange, LLC, 27173–27176
Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc., 27169–27172, 27178–27181
ICE Clear Credit, LLC, 27167–27169, 27176–27178
The Depository Trust Co., 27172–27173

State Department
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals,
Submissions, and Approvals:
Statement of Exigent/Special Family Circumstances for
Issuance of a U.S. Passport to a Minor under Age 16, 27181

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
Administration
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals,
Submissions, and Approvals, 27144–27147

Surface Transportation Board
NOTICES
Review of the General Purpose Costing System, 27181–27182

Tennessee Valley Authority
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals,
Submissions, and Approvals, 27183

Meetings:
Regional Energy Resource Council, 27182–27183

Transportation Department
See Federal Aviation Administration
See Federal Railroad Administration
See Maritime Administration

Treasury Department
See Foreign Assets Control Office
See Internal Revenue Service

United States Marshals Service
NOTICES
Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals,
Submissions, and Approvals:
Promotional Vendor Registration Website, 27162–27163

Reader Aids
Consult the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue for
phone numbers, online resources, finding aids, and notice
of recently enacted public laws.

To subscribe to the Federal Register Table of Contents
electronic mailing list, go to https://public.govdelivery.com/
accounts/USGPOOFR/subscriber/new, enter your e-mail
address, then follow the instructions to join, leave, or
manage your subscription.
CFR PARTS AFFECTED IN THIS ISSUE

A cumulative list of the parts affected this month can be found in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

12 CFR
268...............................27027

14 CFR
Proposed Rules:
39.................................27042
71.................................27044

18 CFR
401...............................27035
420...............................27035

33 CFR
100...............................27036
117...............................27036
147...............................27036
165 (2 documents)........27036,
                               27039

40 CFR
52.................................27039
Proposed Rules:
52 (4 documents)........27046,
                                  27049, 27053, 27055
70...............................27055
271...............................27057
721...............................27061

42 CFR
Proposed Rules:
Ch. IV............................27070
482...............................27069
485...............................27069

50 CFR
Proposed Rules:
660...............................27072
Rules and Regulations

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

12 CFR Part 268

[Docket No. R–1630]

RIN 7100–AF 23

Rules Regarding Equal Opportunity

AGENCY: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the Board) is issuing its final rule to revise and expand its equal employment opportunity regulation to adopt recent changes the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission’s (EEOC) rules made to its rules. The Board’s rule is intended to provide Board employees, applicants for employment, and others with the same substantive and procedural rights generally guaranteed to others under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, and the Rehabilitation Act and thus to comply with the spirit of those laws. The Board’s rule also clarifies provisions related to Board employees’ rights to bring a claim before the Merit System Protection Board and the Federal Labor Relations Board.

DATES: Effective date: July 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sheila Clark, Program Director, Office of Diversity and Inclusion, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, (202) 452–2883.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The terms of Board employment are established by the Federal Reserve Act and rules established by the Board. 12 U.S.C. 244 (providing that the “employment, compensation, leave, and expenses” of Board employees “shall be governed solely by the provisions of this chapter and rules and regulations of the Board not inconsistent therewith.”).

Although the Board has broad discretion to establish the terms of Board employment and can establish terms that deviate from the rights afforded to other government employees, the Board, as a matter of policy, has long aligned its employment practices with Federal laws that provide for equal employment opportunity. Pursuant to this policy, part 268 was issued by the Board to provide equal opportunity in employment in compliance with the spirit of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VII), the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, and the Rehabilitation Act.

Overview of Proposal and Comments

On November 15, 2018, the Board issued a notice of proposed rulemaking with opportunity for public comment (NPR) in which it proposed amending part 268 in order to better align Board practices with those of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission’s (EEOC) rules (83 FR 57343). The comment period for the proposed rule has now closed and a total of six public comments were received.

None of the commenters suggested substantive revisions to the proposed rule. Four commenters expressed general support for the proposed rule. One commenter did not express support or opposition to the proposal, but rather, commented on the difficulty of forming a bank and finding payment processors for the bank.

The final commenter opposed the proposed rule because the commenter believes the rule would further “affirmative action” which the commenter opposes. The commenter did not specifically state which portions of the proposal the commenter opposed nor did the commenter suggest specific changes to the rule. However, the comment was interpreted as opposing the portion of the proposed rule which commits the Board to the goal of ensuring that twelve percent of its employees are individuals with disabilities and two percent of its employees are individuals with targeted disabilities. Because the provisions regarding disabled employees reflect the EEOC’s approach to employing disabled employees at other Federal agencies, the Board has decided to include these provisions in its final rule to ensure greater consistency between the Board’s Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) practices and those of other Federal agencies.

The Board has considered all comments received. Because the majority of the commenters supported the proposed rule and because the changes are necessary to conform the Board’s EEO Regulation more closely to EEOC rules and to clarify Board employees’ rights to bring claims before the Merit System Protection Board and the Federal Labor Relations Board, the Board has adopted amendments to its Rules Regarding Equal Opportunity as proposed without substantive change. As noted in the NPR, the revisions to part 268 are described below:

1. Amend § 268.101 to prohibit discrimination on the basis of genetic information to ensure compliance with the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) and to make conforming changes throughout to reflect this change.
2. Amend § 268.102(b)(3) to clarify that the Board follows EEOC guidance and management directives relating to advice for ensuring compliance with Title VII, the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, GINA, and the Rehabilitation Act.
3. Amend § 268.1 to remove references to hiring and granting information access since those rules will be incorporated into internal Board policies.
4. Amend § 268.106(a)(5) to adopt the EEOC’s rule requiring dismissal of complaints that allege discrimination on the basis of proposed personnel actions or other preliminary steps unless the complainant has alleged that the proposal or preliminary step is retaliatory.
5. Amend § 268.107(e) to require Board staff, EEO investigators, and complainants to comply with the Board’s program for the security of Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) information when investigating and processing complaints that require access to FOMC information.
6. Amend § 268.107(g) to adopt the EEOC’s rule on investigating complaints which requires agencies that have not completed an investigation within EEOC’s time limits to send a notice to the complainant indicating the investigation is not complete, providing the date by which it will be completed, and explaining that the complainant has the right to request a hearing or file a lawsuit.
7. Amend § 268.201 to reflect updated address information for the EEOC.
8. Amend § 268.203 to more closely reflect the EEOC’s approach to designing an affirmative action plan for individuals with disabilities.
9. Amend §§ 268.204 and 268.401 to reflect the EEOC’s rules for processing class complaints.
10. Remove § 268.205 since its subject is not related to equal employment opportunity.
rules and since rules for hiring and granting access to information will be incorporated into the Board’s internal policies;

11. Remove § 268.302 to eliminate procedures for handling mixed case complaints since mixed case complaints cannot be brought against the Board;

12. Amend § 268.403 to update address information and to incorporate the EEOC’s rule that agencies submit appellate records and complaint files to the EEOC in a digital format that is acceptable to the EEOC;

13. Add a new § 268.405(b) to adopt the EEOC’s procedures for class complaints which provide that an administrative judge’s decision on the merits of a class complaint is a final decision which the Board can fully implement or appeal in its final action and to provide for expedited processing of appeals of decisions to accept or dismiss class complaints;

14. Amend § 268.502(c) to adopt the EEOC’s rule which permits agencies up to 120 days to provide the particular relief the EEOC ordered; and

15. Amend § 268.710 to make changes to headings and titles to conform to the EEOC’s rules and to the Board’s functional titles.

Changes To Align With EEOC Rules

Except as described below, the above changes are necessary to align the Board’s employment practices and complaint processing with the EEOC’s rules. The revisions to part 268 align the Board’s practices with changes the EEOC has made to its rules on Federal Sector Equal Employment Opportunity found at 29 CFR part 1614. In addition, the amendment to § 268.102(b)(3) clarifies that the Board follows Commission guidance and management directives relating to advice for ensuring compliance with Title VII, the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, GINA, and the Rehabilitation Act.

Complying With FOMC Security Requirements

Currently part 268 requires Board staff, EEO investigators, and complainants to protect confidential information of the Board but does not expressly address confidential FOMC information. Because it is conceivable that a complainant could require access to FOMC information, and because FOMC information is not solely Board information, the Board is amending § 268.107(e)(2) to expressly require those seeking access to FOMC information to agree to abide by the Program for Security of FOMC Information before being granted access to such information. This will ensure that FOMC information is protected in the same manner as other confidential Board information.

Remove Rules Related to Hiring and Granting Information Access

The revisions also eliminate § 268.205, which discusses the Board’s rules for hiring non-citizens and for allowing access to confidential supervisory information (CSI) and FOMC information. The subject matter of this section is not relevant to the Board’s equal employment opportunity rules. Thus, the revisions remove this section from the Board’s equal employment opportunity regulation. Going forward, rules relating to the hiring of non-citizens and governing access to CSI and FOMC information will be incorporated in the Board’s internal management policies.

Eliminate References to Mixed Case Complaints

The revisions eliminate § 268.302, which addressed procedures that apply to “mixed case complaints.” A mixed case complaint is an employment complaint which raises violations of both EEO laws (over which the EEOC retains jurisdiction) and merit system principles, created by certain civil service laws over which the Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB) retains jurisdiction. The Board is not subject to the MSPB’s jurisdiction in light of its employment authorities under the Federal Reserve Act. Thus, the revisions remove this provision of the regulation.

Update Titles To Reflect the Board’s Organizational Structure

The revisions to subpart H reflect changes to the Board’s organizational structure since the last time the Board updated its EEO Regulation. Subpart H prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in programs or activities conducted by the Board and describes how to file complaints alleging such discrimination. The complaint process described in subpart H incorporates references to position titles that are no longer in use at the Board. For example, subpart H refers to the Equal Employment Opportunity Office, which has since been replaced by the Office of Diversity and Inclusion; to an EEO Program Director, which has since been replaced by the Office of Diversity and Inclusion Program Director; and to a Staff Director for Management, which has been replaced by the Chief Operating Officer. The amendments to subpart H replace the out-of-date titles with up-to-date information each place the rule refers to such titles.

I. Regulatory Analysis

A. Paperwork Reduction Act

Certain provisions of the rule contain “collection of information” requirements within the meaning of the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3521). In accordance with the requirements of the PRA, the Board may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Board will address the information collection requirements associated with this rule under a separate Federal Register notice.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq., requires a regulatory flexibility analysis only for rules that will have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Because this rulemaking applies exclusively to Board employees and applicants for employment, the Regulatory Flexibility Act does not apply.

C. Plain Language

Section 722 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act requires each Federal banking agency to use plain language in all rules published after January 1, 2000. In light of this requirement, the Board believes this rule is presented in a simple and straightforward manner and is consistent with this “plain language” directive.

List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 268

Administrative practice and procedure, Aged, Civil rights, Equal employment opportunity, Federal buildings and facilities, Genetic information, Government employees, Individuals with disabilities, Religious discrimination, Sex discrimination, Wages.

Authority and Issuance

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Board is amending 12 CFR part 268 as set forth below:

PART 268—RULES REGARDING EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

1. The authority citation for part 268 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 12 U.S.C. 244 and 248(l), (k) and (l).

2. In § 268.1, revise paragraph (b) to read as follows:
§ 268.1 Authority, purpose and scope.
   * * * * *
   (b) Purpose and scope. This part sets forth the Board’s policy, program and procedures for providing equal opportunity to Board employees and applicants for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or genetic information. It also sets forth the Board’s policy, program and procedures for prohibiting discrimination on the basis of disability in programs and activities conducted by the Board.
   ■ 3. Revise § 268.101 to read as follows:

§ 268.101 General policy for equal opportunity.
   (a) It is the policy of the Board to provide equal opportunity in employment for all persons, to prohibit discrimination in employment because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or genetic information and to promote the full realization of equal opportunity in employment through a continuing affirmative program.
   (b) No person shall be subject to retaliation for opposing any practice made unlawful by Title VII of the Civil Rights Act (title VII) (42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.), the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA) (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), the Equal Pay Act (29 U.S.C. 206(d)), the Rehabilitation Act (29 U.S.C. 791 et seq.), or the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA) (42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.) or for participating in any stage of administrative or judicial proceedings under those statutes.
   ■ 4. Amend § 268.102 by:
   a. Revising paragraph (a)(4);
   ■ b. Removing the semicolon at the end of paragraph (b)(1) and adding a period in its place;
   ■ c. Revising paragraphs (b)(3) and (4); and
   ■ d. Removing the semicolons at the ends of paragraphs (b)(5) and (6) and adding periods in their place.

The revisions read as follows:

§ 268.102 Board program for equal employment opportunity.
   (a) * * * *
   (4) Communicate the Board’s equal employment opportunity policy and program and its employment needs to all sources of job candidates without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age disability, or genetic information, and solicit their recruitment assistance on a continuing basis;
   * * * * * *
   (b) * * * *

(3) Appraise its personnel operations at regular intervals to assure their conformity with the Board’s program, this part and the instructions contained in the Commission’s management directives relating to advice for ensuring compliance with the provisions of title VII, the Equal Pay Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, GINA, and the Rehabilitation Act.
   (4) Designate a Director for Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO Programs Director), EEO Officer(s), and such Special Emphasis Program Managers/Coordinators (e.g., People with Disabilities Program, Federal Women’s Program and Hispanic Employment Program), clerical and administrative support as may be necessary to carry out the functions described in this part in all organizational units of the Board and at all Board installations. The EEO Programs Director shall be the immediate supervision of the Chair. The EEO Programs Director may also serve as the Director of the Office of Diversity and Inclusion.
   * * * * *

5. In § 268.103, revise paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 268.103 Complaints of discrimination covered by this part.
   (a) Individual and class complaints of employment discrimination and retaliation prohibited by title VII (discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex and national origin), the ADEA (discrimination on the basis of age when the aggrieved person is at least 40 years of age), the Rehabilitation Act (discrimination on the basis of disability), the Equal Pay Act (sex-based wage discrimination), or GINA (discrimination on the basis of genetic information) shall be processed in accordance with this part. Complaints alleging retaliation prohibited by the statutes listed in this paragraph (a) are considered to be complaints of discrimination for purposes of this part.
   * * * * *

6. In § 268.104, revise paragraphs (a) introductory text and (d) to read as follows:

§ 268.104 Pre-complaint processing.
   (a) Aggrieved persons who believe they have been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or genetic information must consult a Counselor prior to filing a complaint in order to try to informally resolve the matter.
   * * * * *
   (d) Unless the aggrieved person agrees to a longer counseling period under paragraph (e) of this section, or the aggrieved person chooses an alternative dispute resolution procedure in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the Counselor shall conduct the final interview with the aggrieved person within 30 days of the date the aggrieved person contacted the Board’s Office of Diversity and Inclusion to request counseling. If the matter has not been resolved, the aggrieved person shall be informed in writing by the Counselor, not later than the thirtieth day after contacting the Counselor, of the right to file a discrimination complaint with the Board. This notice shall inform the complainant of the right to file a discrimination complaint within 15 days of receipt of the notice, of the appropriate official with whom to file a complaint and of the complainant’s duty to assure that the Programs Director is informed immediately if the complainant retains counsel or a representative.
   * * * * *

7. In § 268.106, remove and reserve paragraph (a)(4) and revise paragraph (a)(5) to read as follows:

§ 268.106 Dismissals of complaints.
   (a) * * *
   (5) That is moot or alleges that a proposal to take a personnel action, or other preliminary step to taking a personnel action, is discriminatory, unless the complaint alleges that the proposal or preliminary step is retaliatory;
   * * * * *

8. Amend § 268.107 by:
   ■ a. Adding a sentence at the end of paragraph (e)(2); and
   ■ b. Redesignating paragraph (g) as paragraph (h) and adding new paragraph (g).

The additions read as follows:

§ 268.107 Investigation of complaints.
   * * * * *
   (e) * * *
   (2) * * * Confidential supervisory information, as defined in 12 CFR 261.2(c), and other confidential information of the Board may be included in the investigative file by the investigator, the EEO Programs Director, or another appropriate officer of the Board, where such information is relevant to the complaint. Neither the complainant nor the complainant’s personal representative may make further disclosure of such information, however, except in compliance with the Board’s Rules Regarding Availability of Information, 12 CFR part 261, and
where applicable, the Board’s Rules Regarding Access to Personal Information under the Privacy Act of 1974, 12 CFR part 261a. Any party or individual, including an investigator, who requires access to FOMC information must agree to abide by the Program for Security of FOMC Information before being granted access to such information.

11. Revise § 268.203 to read as follows:

§268.203 Rehabilitation Act. (a) Definitions. The following definitions apply for purposes of this section:


(2) The term disability means disability as defined under 29 CFR 1630.2(g) through (l).

(3) The term hiring authority that takes disability into account means a hiring authority established under written Board policy that permits the Board to consider disability status during the hiring process.

(4) The term personal assistance service provider means an employee or independent contractor whose primary job function is provision of personal assistance services.

(5) The term personal assistance services means assistance with performing activities of daily living that an individual would typically perform if he or she did not have a disability, and that is not otherwise required as a reasonable accommodation, including, for example, assistance with removing and putting on clothing, eating, and using the restroom.

(6) The term Plan means an affirmative action plan for the hiring, placement, and advancement of individuals with disabilities.

(7) [Reserved]


(c) Model employer. The Board shall be a model employer of individuals with disabilities. The Board shall:

(1) [Reserved]

(2) Affirmative action plan. The Board shall adopt and implement a Plan that provides sufficient assurances, procedures, and commitments to provide adequate hiring, placement, and advancement opportunities for individuals with disabilities at all levels of Board employment. The Plan shall meet the following criteria:

(A) Use of programs and resources that identify job applicants with disabilities, including individuals with targeted disabilities, who are eligible to apply for job vacancies when eligible. Such steps shall include, at a minimum—

(A) Use of programs and resources that identify job applicants with disabilities, including individuals with targeted disabilities, who are eligible to apply for job vacancies when eligible. Such steps shall include, at a minimum—

(B) Establishment and maintenance of contacts (which may include formal
agreements) with organizations that specialize in providing assistance to individuals with disabilities, including individuals with targeted disabilities, in securing and maintaining employment, such as American Job Centers, State Vocational Rehabilitation Agencies, the Veterans’ Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Program, Centers for Independent Living, and Employment Network service providers.

(ii) Application process. The Plan shall ensure that the Board has designated sufficient staff to handle any disability-related issues that arise during the application and selection processes, and shall require the Board to provide such individuals with sufficient training, support, and other resources to carry out their responsibilities under this section. Such responsibilities shall include, at a minimum—

(A) Ensuring that disability-related questions from members of the public regarding the agency’s application and selection processes are answered promptly and correctly, including questions about reasonable accommodations needed by job applicants during the application and selection processes and questions about how individuals may apply for appointment under hiring authorities that take disability into account;

(B) Processing requests for reasonable accommodations needed by job applicants during the application and placement processes, and ensuring that the Board provides such accommodations when required to do so under the standards set forth in 29 CFR part 1630;

(C) Accepting applications for appointment under hiring authorities that take disability into account, if permitted under written Board policy;

(D) If an individual has applied for appointment to a particular position under a hiring authority that takes disability into account, determining whether the individual is eligible for appointment under such authority, and, if so, forwarding the individual’s application to the relevant hiring official with explanation of how and when the individual may be appointed, consistent with all applicable laws; and

(E) Overseeing any other Board programs designed to increase hiring of individuals with disabilities.

(iii) Advancement program. The Plan shall require the Board to take specific steps to ensure that current employees with disabilities have sufficient opportunities for advancement. Such steps may include, for example—

(A) Efforts to ensure that employees with disabilities are informed of and have opportunities to enroll in relevant training, including management training when eligible;

(B) Development or maintenance of a mentoring program for employees with disabilities; and

(C) Administration of exit interviews that include questions on how the Board could improve the recruitment, hiring, inclusion, and advancement of individuals with disabilities.

(2) Disability anti-harassment policy. The Plan shall require the Board to state specifically in its anti-harassment policy that harassment based on disability is prohibited, and to include in its training materials examples of the types of conduct that would constitute disability-based harassment.

(3) Reasonable accommodation—(i) Procedures. The Plan shall require the Board to adopt, post on its public website, and make available to all job applicants and employees in written and accessible formats, reasonable accommodation procedures that are easy to understand and that, at a minimum—

(A) Explain relevant terms such as “reasonable accommodation,” “disability,” “interactive process,” “qualified,” and “undue hardship,” consistent with applicable statutory and regulatory definitions, using examples where appropriate;

(B) Explain that reassignment to a vacant position for which an employee is qualified, and not just permission to compete for such position, is a reasonable accommodation, and that the Board must consider providing reassignment to a vacant position as a reasonable accommodation when it determines that no other reasonable accommodation will permit an employee with a disability to perform the essential functions of his or her current position;

(C) Notify supervisors and other relevant Board employees how and where they are to conduct searches for available vacancies when considering reassignment as a reasonable accommodation;

(D) Explain that an individual may request a reasonable accommodation orally or in writing at any time, need not fill out any specific form in order for the interactive process to begin, and need not have a particular accommodation in mind before making a request, and that the request may be made to a supervisor or manager in the individual’s chain of command, the office designated by the Board to oversee the reasonable accommodation process, any Board employee connected with the applicant in any way, or any other individual designated by the Board to accept such requests;

(E) Include any forms the Board uses in connection with a reasonable accommodation request as attachments, and indicate that such forms are available in alternative formats that are accessible to people with disabilities;

(F) Describe the Board’s process for determining whether to provide a reasonable accommodation, including the interactive process, and provide contact information for the individual or program office from whom requesters will receive a final decision;

(G) Provide guidance to supervisors on how to recognize requests for reasonable accommodation;

(H) Require that decision makers communicate, early in the interactive process and periodically throughout the process, with individuals who have requested a reasonable accommodation;

(I) Explain when the Board may require an individual who requests a reasonable accommodation to provide medical information that is sufficient to explain the nature of the individual’s disability, his or her need for reasonable accommodation, and how the requested accommodation, if any, will assist the individual to apply for a job, perform the essential functions of a job, or enjoy the benefits and privileges of the workplace;

(J) Explain the Board’s right to request relevant supplemental medical information if the information submitted by the requester is insufficient for the purposes specified in paragraph (d)(3)(i)(I) of this section;

(K) Explain the Board’s right to have medical information reviewed by a medical expert of the Board’s choosing at the Board’s expense;

(L) Explain the Board’s obligation to keep medical information confidential, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and the limited circumstances under which such information may be disclosed;

(M) Designate the maximum amount of time the Board has, absent extenuating circumstances, to either provide a requested accommodation or deny the request, and explain that the time limit begins to run when the accommodation is first requested;

(N) Explain that the Board will not be expected to adhere to its usual timetables if an individual’s health professional fails to provide needed documentation in a timely manner;

(O) Explain that, where a particular reasonable accommodation can be provided in less than the maximum amount of time permitted under paragraph (d)(3)(i)(M) of this section, failure to provide such accommodation in a prompt manner may result in a violation of the Rehabilitation Act;
(P) Provide for expedited processing of requests for reasonable accommodations that are needed sooner than the maximum allowable time frame permitted under paragraph (d)(3)(i)(M) of this section;

(Q) Explain that, when all the facts and circumstances known to the Board make it reasonably likely that an individual will be entitled to a reasonable accommodation, but the accommodation cannot be provided immediately, the Board shall provide an interim accommodation that allows the individual to perform some or all of the essential functions of his or her job, if it is possible to do so without imposing undue hardship on the Board;

(R) Inform applicants and employees how they may track the processing of requests for reasonable accommodation;

(S) Explain that, where there is a delay in either processing a request for or providing a reasonable accommodation, the Board must notify the individual of the reason for the delay, including any extenuating circumstances that justify the delay;

(T) Explain that individuals who have been denied reasonable accommodations have the right to file complaints pursuant to 12 CFR 268.105;

(U) Encourage the use of voluntary informal dispute resolution processes that individuals may use to obtain prompt reconsideration of denied requests for reasonable accommodation;

(V) Provide that the Board shall give the requester a notice consistent with the requirements of paragraph (d)(3)(iii) of this section at the time a request for reasonable accommodation is denied; and

(W) Provide information on how to access additional information regarding reasonable accommodation, including, at a minimum, Commission guidance and technical assistance documents.

(ii) Cost of accommodations. The Plan shall require the Board to take specific steps to ensure that requests for reasonable accommodation are not denied for reasons of cost, and that individuals with disabilities are not excluded from employment due to the anticipated cost of a reasonable accommodation, if the resources available to the Board as a whole, excluding those designated by statute for a specific purpose that does not include reasonable accommodation, would enable it to provide an effective reasonable accommodation without undue hardship. Such steps shall be reasonably designed to, at a minimum—

(A) Ensure that anyone who is authorized to deny requests for reasonable accommodation or to make hiring decisions is aware that, pursuant to the regulations implementing the undue hardship defense at 29 CFR part 1630, all resources available to the agency as a whole, excluding those designated by statute for a specific purpose that does not include reasonable accommodation, are considered when determining whether a denial of reasonable accommodation based on cost is lawful; and

(B) Ensure that anyone authorized to grant or deny requests for reasonable accommodation or to make hiring decisions is aware of, and knows how to arrange for the use of, Board resources available to provide the accommodation, including any centralized fund the Board may have for that purpose.

(iii) Notification of basis for denial. The Plan shall require the Board to provide a job applicant or employee who is denied a reasonable accommodation with a written notice at the time of the denial, in an accessible format when requested, that—

(A) Explains the reasons for the denial and notifies the job applicant or employee of any available internal appeal or informal dispute resolution processes;

(B) Informs the job applicant or employee of the right to challenge the denial by filing a complaint of discrimination under this part;

(C) Provides instructions on how to file such a complaint; and

(D) Explains that, pursuant to 12 CFR 268.105, the right to file a complaint will be lost unless the job applicant or employee initiates contact with an EEO Counselor within 45 days of the denial, regardless of whether the applicant or employee participates in an informal dispute resolution process.

(4) Accessibility of facilities and technology—(i) Notice of rights. The Plan shall require the Board to adopt, post on its public website, and make available to all employees in written and accessible formats, a notice that—


(B) Provides contact information for a Board employee who is responsible for ensuring the physical accessibility of the Board’s facilities under the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, and a Board employee who is responsible for ensuring that the electronic and associated technology purchased, maintained, or used by the agency is readily accessible to, and usable by, individuals with disabilities, as required by Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; and

(C) Provides instructions on how to file complaints alleging violations of the accessibility requirements of the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 and Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

(ii) Assistance with filing complaints at other agencies. If the Board’s investigation of a complaint filed under Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 shows that a different entity is responsible for the alleged violation, the Plan shall require the Board to inform the individual who filed the complaint where he or she may file a complaint against the other entity, if possible.

(5) Personal assistance services allowing employees to participate in the workplace—(i) Obligation to provide personal assistance services. The Plan shall require the Board to provide an employee with, in addition to professional services required as a reasonable accommodation under the standards set forth in 29 CFR part 1630, personal assistance services during work hours and job-related travel if—

(A) The employee requires such services because of a targeted disability;

(B) Provision of such services would, together with any reasonable accommodations required under the standards set forth in 29 CFR part 1630, enable the employee to perform the essential functions of his or her position; and

(C) Provision of such services would not impose undue hardship on the Board.

(ii) Service providers. The Plan shall state that personal assistance services required under paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section must be performed by a personal assistance service provider. The Plan may permit the Board to require personal assistance service providers to provide personal assistance services to more than one individual.

The Plan may also permit the Board to require personal assistance service providers to perform tasks unrelated to personal assistance services, but only to the extent that doing so does not result in failure to provide personal assistance services required under paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section in a timely manner.

(iii) No adverse action. The Plan shall prohibit the Board from taking adverse actions against job applicants or employees based on their need for, or perceived need for, personal assistance services.

(iv) Selection of personal assistance service providers. The Plan shall require
the Board, when selecting someone who will provide personal assistance services to a single individual, to give primary consideration to the individual’s preferences to the extent permitted by law.

(v) Written procedures. The Plan shall require the Board to adopt, post on its public website, and make available to all job applicants and employees in written and accessible formats, procedures for processing requests for personal assistance services. The Board may satisfy the requirement in this paragraph (d)(5)(v) by stating, in the procedures required under paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this section, that the process for requesting personal assistance services, the process for determining whether such services are required, and the Board’s right to deny such requests when provision of the services would pose an undue hardship, are the same as for reasonable accommodations.

(6) Utilization analysis—(i) Current utilization. The Plan shall require the Board to perform a workforce analysis annually to determine the percentage of its employees at each grade and salary level who have disabilities, and the percentage of its employees at each grade and salary level who have targeted disabilities.

(ii) Source of data. For purposes of the analysis required under paragraph (d)(6)(i) of this section an employee may be classified as an individual with a disability or an individual with a targeted disability on the basis of—

(A) The individual’s self-identification as an individual with a disability or an individual with a targeted disability on a form, including but not limited to the Office of Personnel Management’s Standard Form 256, which states that the information collected will be kept confidential and used only for statistical purposes, and that completion of the form is voluntary;

(B) Records relating to the individual’s appointment under a hiring authority that takes disability into account to hire or promote individuals with disabilities or targeted disabilities, as applicable;

(C) Records relating to the individual’s requests for reasonable accommodation, if any;

(iii) Data accuracy. The Plan shall require the Board to take steps to ensure that data collected pursuant to paragraph (d)(6)(i) of this section are accurate.

(7) Goals—(i) Adoption. The Plan shall commit the Board to the goal of ensuring that—

(A) No less than 12% of employees who have salaries equal to or greater than employees at the GS–11, step 1 level in the Washington, DC locality, are individuals with disabilities;

(B) No less than 12% of employees who have salaries less than employees at the GS–11, step 1 level in the Washington, DC locality, are individuals with disabilities;

(C) No less than 2% of employees who have salaries equal to or greater than employees at the GS–11, step 1 level in the Washington, DC locality, are individuals with targeted disabilities; and

(D) No less than 2% of employees who have salaries less than employees at the GS–11, step 1 level in the Washington, DC locality, are individuals with targeted disabilities.

(ii) Progression toward goals. The Plan shall require the Board to take specific steps that are reasonably designed to gradually increase the number of persons with disabilities or targeted disabilities employed at the Board until it meets the goals established pursuant to paragraph (d)(7)(i) of this section. Examples of such steps include, but are not limited to—

(A) Increased use of hiring authorities that take disability into account to hire or promote individuals with disabilities or targeted disabilities, as applicable;

(B) To the extent permitted by applicable laws, consideration of disability or targeted disability status as a positive factor in hiring, promotion, or assignment decisions;

(C) Disability-related training and education campaigns for all employees in the Board;

(D) Additional outreach or recruitment efforts;

(E) Increased efforts to hire and retain individuals who require supported employment because of a disability, who have retained the services of a job coach at their own expense or at the expense of a third party, and who may be given permission to use the job coach during work hours as a reasonable accommodation without imposing undue hardship on the Board; and

(F) Adoption of training, mentoring, or internship programs for individuals with disabilities.

(8) Recordkeeping. The Plan shall require the Board to keep records that it may use to determine whether it is complying with the nondiscrimination and affirmative action requirements imposed under Section 501, and to make such records available to the Commission upon the Commission’s request, including, at a minimum, records of—

(I) The number of job applications received from individuals with disabilities and the number of individuals with disabilities who were hired by the Board;

(ii) The number of job applications received from individuals with targeted disabilities, and the number of individuals with targeted disabilities who were hired by the Board;

(iii) All rescissions of conditional job offers, demotions, and terminations taken against applicants or employees as a result of medical examinations or inquiries;

(iv) All Board employees hired under special hiring authority for person with certain disabilities, and each such employee’s date of hire, entering grade level, probationary status, and current grade level;

(v) The number of employees appointed under special hiring authority for persons with certain disabilities who successfully completed the Board’s Provisional Employment period and the number of such employees who were terminate prior to the end of their Provisional Employment period; and

(vi) Details about each request for reasonable accommodation including, at a minimum—

(A) The specific reasonable accommodation requested, if any;

(B) The job sought by the requesting applicant or held by the requesting employee;

(C) Whether the accommodation was needed to apply for a job, perform the essential functions of a job, or enjoy the benefits and privileges of employment;

(D) Whether the request was granted (which may include an accommodation different from the one requested) or denied;

(E) The identity of the deciding official;

(F) If denied, the basis for such denial; and

(G) The number of days taken to process the request.

(e) Reporting—(1) Submission to the Commission. On an annual basis the Board shall submit to the Commission at such time and in such manner as the Commission deems appropriate—

(i) A copy of its current Plan;

(ii) The results of the two most recent workforce analyses performed pursuant to paragraph (d)(6) of this section showing the percentage of employees with disabilities and employees with targeted disabilities in each of the designated pay groups;

(iii) The number of individuals appointed to positions within the Board under special hiring authority for persons with certain disabilities during the previous year, and the total number of employees whose employment at the Board began by appointment under special hiring authority for persons with certain disabilities; and
§ 268.204 Class complaints.

(i) Decisions. The administrative judge shall transmit to the agency and class agent a decision on the complaint, including findings, systemic relief for the class and any individual relief, where appropriate, with regard to the personnel action or matter that gave rise to the complaint. If the administrative judge finds no class relief appropriate, he or she shall determine if a finding of individual discrimination is warranted and if so, shall order appropriate relief.

(j) Board final action. (1) Within 60 days of receipt of the administrative judge’s decision on the complaint, the Board shall take final action by issuing a final order. The final order shall notify the class agent whether or not the Board will fully implement the decision of the administrative judge and shall contain notice of the class agent’s right to appeal to the Commission, the right to file a civil action in Federal district court, the name of the proper defendant in any such lawsuit, and the applicable time limits for appeals and lawsuits. If the final order does not fully implement the decision of the administrative judge, then the Board shall simultaneously file an appeal in accordance with § 268.403 and append a copy of the appeal to the final order. A copy of EEOC Form 573 shall be attached to the final order.

(2) If the Board does not issue a final order within 60 days of receipt of the administrative judge’s decision, then the decision of the administrative judge shall become the final action of the Board.

(3) A final order on a class complaint shall, subject to subpart E of this part, be binding on all members of the class and the Board.

(k) Notification of final action. The Board shall notify class members of the final action and the relief awarded, if any, through the media employed to give notice of the existence of the class complaint. The notice, where appropriate, shall include information concerning the rights of class members to seek individual relief, and of the procedures to be followed. Notice shall be given by the Board within 10 days of the transmittal of the final action to the agent.

(l) * * *

(3) * * * The claim must include a specific detailed showing that the claimant is a class member who was affected by the discriminatory policy or practice, and that this discriminatory action took place within the period of time for which class-wide discrimination was found in the final order. * * *

§ 268.205 [Removed and Reserved]

§ 268.302 [Removed and Reserved]

§ 268.304 [Removed and Reserved]

§ 268.401 Appeals to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

(c) A class agent or the Board may appeal an administrative judge’s decision accepting or dismissing all or part of a class complaint; a class agent may appeal the Board’s final action or the Board may appeal an administrative judge’s decision on a class complaint; a class member may appeal a final decision on a claim for individual relief under a class complaint; and a class member, a class agent or the Board may appeal a final decision on a petition pursuant to § 268.204(g)(4).

* * * * *

§ 268.403 How to appeal.

(a) The complainant, the Board, agent or individual class claimant (hereinafter appellant) must file an appeal with the Director, Office of Federal Operations, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, at P.O. Box 77960, Washington, DC 20013, or electronically, or by personal delivery or facsimile. The appellant should use EEOC Form 573, Notice of Appeal/ Petition, and should indicate what is being appealed.

* * * * *

(g) The Board will submit appeals, complaint files, and other filings to the Commission’s Office of Federal Operations in a digital format acceptable to the Commission, absent a showing of good cause why the Board cannot submit digital records. Appellants are encouraged, but not required, to submit digital appeals and supporting documentation to the Commission’s Office of Federal Operations in a format acceptable to the Commission.

17. Revise § 268.405 to read as follows:

§ 268.405 Decisions on appeals.

(a) The Office of Federal Operations, on behalf of the Commission, shall issue a written decision setting forth its reasons for the decision. The Commission shall dismiss appeals in accordance with §§ 268.108(i) and 268.408. The decision shall be based on the preponderance of the evidence. The decision on an appeal from the Board’s final action shall be based on a de novo review, except that the review of the factual findings in a decision by an administrative judge issued pursuant to § 268.108(i) shall be based on a substantial evidence standard of review. If the decision contains a finding of discrimination, appropriate remedy(ies) shall be included and, where appropriate, the entitlement to interest, attorney’s fees or costs shall be indicated. The decision shall reflect the date of its issuance, inform the complainant of his or her civil action rights, and be transmitted to the complainant and the Board by first class mail.

(b) The Office of Federal Operations, on behalf of the Commission, shall issue decisions on appeals of decisions to accept or dismiss a class complaint issued pursuant to § 268.204(d)(7) within 90 days of receipt of the appeal.

(c) A decision issued under paragraph (a) of this section is final within the meaning of § 268.406 unless the Board issues a final decision under paragraph (d) of this section or unless a timely request for reconsideration is filed by a party to the case. A party may request reconsideration within 30 days of receipt of a decision of the Commission, which the Commission in its discretion may grant, if the party demonstrates that:

(1) The appellate decision involved a clearly erroneous interpretation of material fact or law; or

(2) The decision will have a substantial impact on the policies, practices, or operations of the Board.

(d) The Board, within 30 days of receiving a decision of the Commission, may issue a final decision based upon that decision, which shall be final within the meaning of § 268.406.

§ 268.502 Compliance with final Commission decisions.

* * * * *
(b) * * *
(2) When the Board requests reconsideration, it may delay the payment of any amounts ordered to be paid to the complainant until after the request for reconsideration is resolved. If the Board delays payment of any amount pending the outcome of the request to reconsider and the resolution of the request (including under § 268.405(d)) requires the Board to make the payment, then the Board shall pay interest from the date of the original appellate decision until payment is made.

(c) When no request for reconsideration or final decision under § 268.405(d) is filed or when a request for reconsideration is denied, the Board shall provide the relief ordered and there is no further right to delay implementation of the ordered relief. The relief shall be provided in full not later than 120 days after receipt of the final decision unless otherwise ordered in the decision.

19. In § 268.504, revise paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 268.504 Compliance with settlement agreements and final actions.

(c) Prior to rendering its determination, the Commission may request that the parties submit whatever additional information or documentation it deems necessary or may direct that an investigation or hearing on the matter be conducted. If the Commission determines that the Board is not in compliance with a decision or a settlement agreement, and the noncompliance is not attributable to acts or conduct of the complainant, it may order such compliance with the decision or settlement agreement, or, alternatively, for a settlement agreement, it may order that the complaint be reinstated for further processing from the point processing ceased. Allegations that subsequent acts of discrimination violate a settlement agreement shall be processed as separate complaints under § 268.105 or § 268.204, as appropriate, rather than under this section.

20. Amend § 268.710 by:

(a) Removing the acronym “EEO” each place it appears;

(b) Removing the words “Staff Director for Management” each place they appear and add in their place the words “Chief Operating Officer”; and

(c) Revising paragraphs (c) and (d)(4).

The revisions read as follows:

§ 268.710 Compliance procedures.

(c) Responsible official. The Office of Diversity and Inclusion Programs Director (“Programs Director”) shall be responsible for coordinating implementation of this section.

(d) * * *

(4) How to file. Complaints may be delivered or mailed to the Administrative Governor, the Chief Operating Officer, the Programs Director, the Federal Women’s Program Manager, the Hispanic Employment Program Coordinator, or the People with Disabilities Program Coordinator.

Complaints should be sent to the Programs Director, Office of Diversity and Inclusion, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 20th and C Street NW, Washington, DC 20551. If any Board official other than the Programs Director receives a complaint, he or she shall forward the complaint to the Programs Director.

* * * * *


Ann Misback,
Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2019–11569 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLY CODE 6210–01–P

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

18 CFR Parts 401 and 420

Regulatory Program Fees and Water Charges Rates

AGENCY: Delaware River Basin Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: On July 1 of every year beginning July 1, 2017, the Commission’s regulatory program fees are subject to an annual adjustment. This document provides notice of the Commission’s regulatory program fees and schedule of water charges for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019.

DATES: This final rule is effective July 1, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elba L. Dock, CPA, Director of Administration and Finance, 609–883–9500, ext. 201.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Delaware River Basin Commission (“DRBC” or “Commission”) is a Federal-interstate compact agency charged with managing the water resources of the Delaware River Basin on a regional basis without regard to political boundaries. Its members are the governors of the four basin states—Delaware, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania—and on behalf of the federal government, the North Atlantic Division Commander of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

In accordance with 18 CFR 401.43(c), on July 1 of every year beginning July 1, 2017, the Commission’s regulatory program fees as set forth in Tables 1, 2 and 3 of that section are subject to an annual adjustment, commensurate with any increase in the annual April 12-month Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Philadelphia published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics during that year. Pursuant to 18 CFR 420.43(c), the same indexed adjustment applies to the Commission’s schedule of water charges for consumptive and non-consumptive withdrawals of surface water within the basin. The referenced April 12-month CPI for 2019 showed an increase of 1.86%. Commensurate adjustments are thus required.

This document is made in accordance with 18 CFR 401.42(c) and 18 CFR 420.42(c), which provide that a revised fee schedule will be published in the Federal Register by July 1. The revised fees also may be obtained by contacting the Commission during business hours or by checking the Commission’s website.

List of Subjects

18 CFR Parts 401

Administrative practice and procedure, Project review, Water pollution control, Water resources.

18 CFR Parts 420

Water supply.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Delaware River Basin Commission amends parts 401 and 420 of title 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations as set forth below:

PART 401—RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

1. The authority citation for part 401 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Delaware River Basin Compact (75 Stat. 688), unless otherwise noted.

Subpart C—Project Review Under Section 3.8 of the Compact

2. In § 401.43, revise tables 1, 2, and 3 to read as follows:

§ 401.43 Regulatory program fees.

* * * * *
TABLE 1 TO §401.43—DOCKET APPLICATION FILING FEE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project type</th>
<th>Docket application fee</th>
<th>Fee maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water Allocation</td>
<td>$418 per million gallons/month of allocation,¹ not to exceed $15,687¹. Fee is doubled for any portion to be exported from the basin.</td>
<td>Greater of: $15,687¹ or Alternative Review Fee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0.4% of project cost up to $10,000,000 plus 0.12% of project cost above $10,000,000 (if applicable), not to exceed $78,433¹.</td>
<td>Greater of: $78,433¹ or Alternative Review Fee.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Subject to annual adjustment in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

TABLE 2 TO §401.43—ANNUAL MONITORING AND COORDINATION FEE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual fee</th>
<th>Allocation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water Allocation</td>
<td>$314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1,046</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wastewater Discharge</td>
<td>$314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$638</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1,046</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Subject to annual adjustment in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

TABLE 3 TO §401.43—ADDITIONAL FEES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposed action</th>
<th>Fee</th>
<th>Fee maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Approval Under 18 CFR 401.40</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>Alternative Review Fee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late Filed Renewal Surcharge</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
<td>Alternative Review Fee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modification of a DRBC Approval</td>
<td>At Executive Director’s discretion, Docket Application Fee for the appropriate project type.</td>
<td>Alternative Review Fee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name change</td>
<td>$1,046¹</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change of Ownership</td>
<td>$1,569¹</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Subject to annual adjustment in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

PART 420—BASIN REGULATIONS—WATER SUPPLY CHARGES

3. The authority citation for part 420 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Delaware River Basin Compact, 75 Stat. 688.

4. In §420.41, revise paragraphs (a) and (b) to read as follows:

§420.41 Schedule of water charges.

(a) $84 per million gallons for consumptive use, subject to paragraph (c) of this section; and
(b) $0.84 per million gallons for non-consumptive use, subject to paragraph (c) of this section.


Pamela M. Bush,
Commission Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–11975 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6360–01–P
and security needs within their jurisdiction; therefore, District Commanders and COTPs have been delegated the authority to issue certain local regulations. Safety zones may be established for safety or environmental purposes. A safety zone may be stationary and described by fixed limits or it may be described as a zone around a vessel in motion. Security zones limit access to prevent injury or damage to vessels, ports, or waterfront facilities. Special local regulations are issued to enhance the safety of participants and spectators at regattas and other marine events. Drawbridge operation regulations authorize changes to drawbridge schedules to accommodate bridge repairs, seasonal vessel traffic, and local public events. Regulated Navigation Areas are water areas within a defined boundary for which regulations for vessels navigating within the area have been established by the regional Coast Guard District Commander.

Timely publication of these rules in the Federal Register may be precluded when a rule responds to an emergency, or when an event occurs without sufficient advance notice. The affected public is, however, often informed of these rules through Local Notices to Mariners, press releases, and other means. Moreover, actual notification is provided by Coast Guard patrol vessels enforcing the restrictions imposed by the rule. Because Federal Register publication was not possible before the end of the effective period, mariners were personally notified of the contents of these safety zones, security zones, special local regulations, regulated navigation areas or drawbridge operation regulations by Coast Guard officials on-scene prior to any enforcement action. However, the Coast Guard, by law, must publish in the Federal Register notice of substantive rules adopted. To meet this obligation without imposing undue expense on the public, the Coast Guard periodically publishes a list of these temporary safety zones, security zones, special local regulations, regulated navigation areas and drawbridge operation regulations. Permanent rules are not included in this list because they are published in their entirety in the Federal Register. Temporary rules are also published in their entirety if sufficient time is available to do so before they are placed in effect or terminated.

The following unpublished rules were placed in effect temporarily during the period between March 2015 and June 2015 unless otherwise indicated. To view copies of these rules, visit https://www.regulations.gov and search by the docket number indicated in the list below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Docket No.</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Effective date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2012–0668</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>7/23/2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2012–0668</td>
<td>Adjacent Waters, Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>9/15/2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2012–0926</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>10/24/2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2012–0943</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>11/17/2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2012–1046</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>1/9/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–0258</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>5/1/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–0303</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>5/15/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–0422</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>6/19/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–0524</td>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>7/2/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–0744</td>
<td>Chattanooga, TN</td>
<td>Special Local Regulations (Part 100)</td>
<td>10/12/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2013–1058</td>
<td>Lower Mississippi River</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/14/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0182</td>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>Special Local Regulations (Part 100)</td>
<td>4/5/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0284</td>
<td>Harahan Railroad Bridge</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>4/14/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0185</td>
<td>Louisville, KY</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>4/30/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0120</td>
<td>Milwaukee, Wisconsin</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Part 100)</td>
<td>5/18/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0694</td>
<td>Lower Mississippi River</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>8/7/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–1057</td>
<td>Cincinnati, OH</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>8/19/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0738</td>
<td>Lower Mississippi River</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>8/25/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0794</td>
<td>Marietta, OH</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>8/25/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0816</td>
<td>Brownsville, TX</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>9/12/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0846</td>
<td>Pier Wisconsin</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>9/13/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0825</td>
<td>Lower Mississippi River</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>10/12/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–1005</td>
<td>Sabine, TX</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>11/18/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–1015</td>
<td>Sabine, TX</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>11/21/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0057</td>
<td>Mt. Carbon, WV</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>2/16/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0111</td>
<td>Delaware River, Baker Range</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>2/19/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0162</td>
<td>Pittsburgh, PA</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/6/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0177</td>
<td>Houston, TX</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/8/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2014–0878</td>
<td>Thebes, IL</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/9/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0114</td>
<td>Salem, NJ</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/13/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0176</td>
<td>Poca, WV</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/13/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0183</td>
<td>Pataluma, CA</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/25/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0165</td>
<td>Petersburg, FL</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>3/28/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USCG–2015–0217</td>
<td>Naples, FL</td>
<td>Safety Zones (Parts 147 and 165)</td>
<td>4/1/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket No. USCG–2019–0426]

Safety Zones; Annual Events in the Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce certain safety zones located in the federal regulations for Annual Events in the Captain of the Port Buffalo. This action is necessary and intended to protect the safety of life and property on navigable waters prior to, during, and immediately after these events. During each enforcement period, no person or vessel may enter the respective safety zone without the permission of the Captain of the Port Buffalo.

DATES: The regulations in 33 CFR 165.939 as listed in Table 165.939 will be enforced for the events and times as stated in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this notice of enforcement, call or email LT Sean Dolan, Chief of Waterways Management, U.S. Coast Guard Sector Buffalo telephone 716–843–9322, email D09-SMB-SECBuffalo-WWM@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce the Safety Zones; Annual Events in the Captain of the Port Buffalo Zone listed in 33 CFR 165.939 for the following events:

1. Boldt Castle 4th of July Fireworks, Heart Island, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(13) will be enforced from 9 p.m. through 10:15 p.m. on July 3, 2019.

2. Clayton Chamber of Commerce Fireworks, Calumet Island, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(14) will be enforced from 9:30 p.m. through 10:30 p.m. on July 4, 2019.

3. French Festival Fireworks, Cape Vincent, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(15) will be enforced from 9:15 p.m. to 10:45 p.m. on July 13, 2019.

4. Lyme Community Days, Chaumont, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(16) will be enforced from 9:15 p.m. through 10:15 p.m. on July 27, 2019.

5. Brewerton Fireworks, Brewerton, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(19) will be enforced from 9:30 p.m. through 10:15 p.m. on July 3, 2019 with a rain date of July 6, 2019.

6. Village Fireworks, Sodus Point, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(22) will be enforced within a 560-foot radius of position 43°1’53”N, 76°57’27”W, from 9:30 p.m. until 10:30 p.m. on July 3, 2019 with a rain date of July 5, 2019.

7. A Salute to our Heroes, Hamlin Beach State Park, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(23) will be enforced from 10 p.m. until 11 p.m. on June 29, 2019.

8. Olcott Fireworks, Olcott, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(24) will be enforced from 9:45 p.m. through 10:45 p.m. on July 3, 2019 with a rain date of July 6, 2019.

9. North Tonawanda Fireworks, North Tonawanda, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(25) will be enforced within a 700-foot radius of position 43°01’47.3”N, 78°53’14.7”W from 9:15 p.m. through 10:15 p.m. on July 4, 2019 with a rain date of July 5, 2019.

10. Tonawanda’s Canal Fest Fireworks, Tonawanda, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(26) will be enforced from 9:15 p.m. until 10:15 p.m. on July 21, 2019.

11. Tom Graves Memorial Fireworks, Port Bay, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(27) will be enforced within a 420-foot radius of position 43°17’54.2”N, 076°49’50.9”W from 9:45 p.m. through 10:45 p.m. on July 3, 2019.

12. Oswego Independence Day Celebration Fireworks, Oswego, NY; The safety zone listed in Table 165.939 as (b)(28) will be enforced within 9 p.m. through 9:45 p.m. on July 7, 2019 with a rain date of July 14, 2019.

Pursuant to 33 CFR 165.23, entry into, transiting, or anchoring within the safety zones during an enforcement period is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Buffalo or a designated representative. Those seeking permission to enter the safety zones may request permission from the Captain of Port Buffalo via channel 16, VHF–FM. Vessels and persons granted permission to enter the safety zones shall obey the directions of the Captain of the Port Buffalo or a designated representative. While within a safety zone, all vessels shall operate at the minimum speed necessary to maintain a safe course.

This notice of enforcement is issued under authority of 33 CFR 165.939 and 5 U.S.C. 552 (a). In addition to this notice of enforcement in the Federal Register, the Coast Guard will provide the maritime community with advance notification of this enforcement period via Broadcast Notice to Mariners or Local Notice to Mariners. If the Captain of the Port Buffalo determines that the safety zone need not be enforced for the full duration stated in this notice he or she may use a Broadcast Notice to Mariners to grant general permission to enter the respective safety zone.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

M.W. Mumbach,
Acting Chief, Office of Regulations and Administrative Law, U.S. Coast Guard.

[FR Doc. 2019–12259 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52


Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; State of Utah; Revisions to the Utah Division of Administrative Rules; R307–101–3

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is finalizing approval of revisions to the Utah Administrative Code (UAC), specifically R307–101–3 submitted by the State of Utah on October 13, 2016. This submittal requests a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision to change the date of the referenced Code of Federal Register (CFR) from July 1, 2014, to July 1, 2015. This action is being taken under section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act).

DATES: This rule is effective on July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA–R08–OAR–2018–0735. All documents in the docket are listed on the http://www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through http://www.regulations.gov, or please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section for additional availability information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amrita Singh, Air and Radiation Division, EPA, Region 8, Mailcode 8ARD–QP, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, Colorado 80202–1129, (303) 312–6103, singh.amrita@epa.gov

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Throughout this document “we,” “us,” and “our” means the EPA.
I. Background

On April 9, 2019 (84 FR 14073), the EPA proposed to approve the SIP revision to R307–101–3, General Requirements; Version of Code of Federal Regulations Incorporated by Reference, where the version of the 40 CFR is being changed from July 1, 2014, to July 1, 2015. The submittal was signed by the Governor on August 17, 2016, and officially submitted by the State on October 13, 2016.

Additionally, within the October 13, 2016 submittal, the Utah Division of Air Quality (UDAQ) submitted revisions to R307–210, Stationary Sources, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and R307–214, National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants. On April 9, 2019 (84 FR 14073), the EPA did not propose any action on these revisions since these rules have already been automatically delegated to the State of Utah.1

II. Response to Comments

The EPA did not receive any comments on the proposed action.

III. Final Action

The EPA is finalizing approval of the SIP revision to R307–101–3, General Requirements; Version of Code of Federal Regulations Incorporated by Reference, where the date was changed from 2014 to 2015, signed by the Governor on August 17, 2016, and officially submitted by the State on October 13, 2016. Additionally, the EPA is finalizing its position to take no action on the revisions made to R307–210, Stationary Sources, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources and R307–214, National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants; since these rules have already been automatically delegated to the State of Utah.

IV. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, the EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference of R307–101–3 into the SIP submitted by the State of Utah as discussed in the proposed rule. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 8 Office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section of this preamble for more information).

Therefore, these materials have been approved by the EPA for inclusion in the SIP, have been incorporated by reference by the EPA into that plan, are fully federally enforceable under sections 110 and 113 of the CAA as of the effective date of the final rulemaking of the EPA’s approval, and will be incorporated by reference in the next update to the SIP compilation.2

V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, the EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

• Is not a “significant regulatory action” subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
• Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866;
• Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
• Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
• Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4); and
• Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
• Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
• Is not subject to requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and
• Does not provide the EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where the EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. The EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by August 12, 2019. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Greenhouse gases, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping

---


2 62 FR 27968 (May 22, 1997).
Dated: June 4, 2019.

Debra Thomas, Acting Regional Administrator, EPA Region 8.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart TT—Utah

2. In §52.2320, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry for “R307–101–3” to read as follows:

§ 52.2320 Identification of plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule No.</th>
<th>Rule title</th>
<th>State effective date</th>
<th>Final rule citation, date</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 2019–12157 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P
This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39


RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier, Inc., Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: We propose to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) for certain Bombardier, Inc., Model CL–600–2B19 (Regional Jet Series 100 & 440); Model CL–600–2C10 (Regional Jet Series 700, 701 & 702); Model CL–600–2D15 (Regional Jet Series 705); Model CL–600–2D24 (Regional Jet Series 900); and Model CL–600–2E25 (Regional Jet Series 1000) airplanes. This proposed AD was prompted by reports of incorrect deployment of forward and aft flight attendant oxygen masks. This proposed AD would require repacking the flight attendant and lavatory oxygen box assemblies as applicable, replacing the placards, and re-identifying the assemblies. We are proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: We must receive comments on this proposed AD by July 26, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• Fax: 202–493–2251.


• Hand Delivery: Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

For service information identified in this NPRM, contact Bombardier, Inc., 400 Côte-Vertu Road West, Dorval, Québec H4S 1Y9, Canada; Widebody Customer Response Center North America toll-free telephone 1–866–538–1247 or direct-dial telephone 1–514–855–2999; fax 514–855–7401; email ac.yui@aero.bombardier.com; internet http://www.bombardier.com. You may view this service information at the FAA, Transport Standards Branch, 2200 South 216th St., Des Moines, WA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 206–231–3195.

Examining the AD Docket

You may examine the AD docket on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA–2019–0327; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this NPRM, the regulatory evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations (phone: 800–647–5527) is listed above. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Darren Gassetto, Aerospace Engineer, Mechanical Systems and Administrative Services Section, FAA, New York ACO Branch, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone 516–228–7323; fax 516–794–5531; email 9-avs-nyaco-cos@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

We invite you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments to an address listed under the ADDRESSES section. Include “Docket No. FAA–2019–0327; Product Identifier 2019–NM–021–AD” at the beginning of your comments. We specifically invite comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of this NPRM. We will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend this NPRM because of those comments.

We will post all comments we receive, without change, to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide. We will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact we receive about this NPRM.

Discussion

Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA), which is the aviation authority for Canada, has issued Canadian AD CF–2018–03, dated January 19, 2018 (referred to after this as the Mandatory Continuing Airworthiness Information, or “the MCAI”), to correct an unsafe condition for certain Model CL–600–2B19 (Regional Jet Series 100 & 440); Model CL–600–2C10 (Regional Jet Series 700, 701 & 702); Model CL–600–2D15 (Regional Jet Series 705); Model CL–600–2D24 (Regional Jet Series 900); and Model CL–600–2E25 (Regional Jet Series 1000) airplanes. The MCAI states:

After an in-service cabin oxygen masks deployment on a CL–600–2D24 aeroplane, the crew noted that the forward and aft flight attendant oxygen masks did not deploy correctly. The oxygen hoses were tangled with the pull lanyard and cordage from the oxygen box assemblies. Investigation found the same condition on other aeroplanes. The similarly designed lavatory oxygen box assembly is also affected. It was determined that packing instructions for these oxygen box assemblies were incorrect. If not corrected, inappropriately packed oxygen box assemblies resulting in incorrectly deployed oxygen masks can cause occupant distress and delayed access to oxygen supply during a high altitude emergency.

This (Canadian) AD mandates the repacking of the forward flight attendant, aft flight attendant, and lavatory oxygen box assemblies [as applicable] and the installation of a revised packaging placard.


Related Service Information Under 1 CFR Part 51

Bombardier has issued the following service information:

• Service Bulletin 601R–35–021, dated October 30, 2017, which describes procedures for repacking the lavatory oxygen box assembly, replacing the placards, and re-identifying the assembly.

• Service Bulletin 670BA–35–015, dated October 30, 2017, which describes procedures for repacking the flight attendant and lavatory oxygen box assemblies, replacing the placards, and re-identifying the assemblies.
These documents are distinct since they apply to different airplane models. This service information is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the ADDRESSES section.

FAA’s Determination

This product has been approved by the aviation authority of another country, and is approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to our bilateral agreement with the State of Design Authority, we have been notified of the unsafe condition described in the MCAI and service information referenced above. We are proposing this AD because we evaluated all the relevant information and determined the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ESTIMATED COSTS FOR REQUIRED ACTIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Labor cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 work-hours × $85 per hour = $425</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

According to the manufacturer, some or all of the costs of this proposed AD may be covered under warranty, thereby reducing the cost impact on affected individuals. We do not control warranty coverage for affected individuals. As a result, we have included all known costs in our cost estimate.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA’s authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency’s authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: “General requirements.” Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

This proposed AD is issued in accordance with authority delegated by the Executive Director, Aircraft Certification Service, as authorized by FAA Order 8000.51C. In accordance with that order, issuance of ADs is normally a function of the Compliance and Airworthiness Division, but during this transition period, the Executive Director has delegated the authority to issue ADs applicable to transport category airplanes and associated appliances to the Director of the System Oversight Division.

Regulatory Findings

We determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify this proposed regulation:
1. Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866;
2. Is not a “significant rule” under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (49 FR 11034, February 26, 1979);
3. Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska; and
4. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends §39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):


(a) Comments Due Date

We must receive comments by July 26, 2019.

(b) Affected ADs

None.

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Bombardier, Inc., airplanes, certificated in any category, identified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(4) of this AD.

(1) Model CL–600–2B19 (Regional Jet Series 100 & 440), serial numbers (S/N) 7003 and subsequent.

(2) Model CL–600–2C10 (Regional Jet Series 700, 701 & 702), S/N 10003 and subsequent.

(3) Model CL–600–2D15 (Regional Jet Series 705) and Model CL–600–2D24 (Regional Jet Series 900), S/N 15001 and subsequent.

(4) Model CL–600–2E25 (Regional Jet Series 1000), S/N 19001 and subsequent.

(d) Subject

Air Transport Association (ATA) of America Code 35, Oxygen.

(e) Reason

This AD was prompted by reports of incorrect deployment of the forward and aft flight attendant oxygen masks. We are issuing this AD to address incorrect packing of the flight attendant and lavatory oxygen box assemblies, which could result in incorrectly deployed oxygen masks, and cause occupant distress and delayed access to oxygen supply during a high altitude emergency.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Repacking and Modification of Oxygen Box Assemblies

(1) For Model CL–600–2B19 airplanes equipped with oxygen box assembly part number (P/N) 3668301 or 3668302 with C&D
Zodiac Aerospace Service Bulletin 3868303–25–A–01 installed, or P/N 3868303: Within 8,800 flight hours or 48 months, whichever is first, after the effective date of this AD, repack the assembly, replace the packaging placard, and re-identify the assembly, in accordance with paragraphs 2.A and 2.B of the Accomplishment Instructions of Bombardier Service Bulletin 601R–35–021, dated October 30, 2017.

(2) For airplane Model CL–600–2C10, S/N 10003 through 10546 inclusive; Models CL–600–2D15 and CL–600–2D24, S/N 15001 through 15436 inclusive; and Model CL–600–2E25, S/N 19001 through 19055 inclusive, equipped with oxygen box assembly P/N 9324601 [505/507/509/511, 9324614] [505/509, D114601] [503/503/505/507/509, D114602] [503/507/511, or D114603] [501 (where [ ] indicates the décor finish code letters): Within 8,800 flight hours or 48 months, whichever is first, after the effective date of this AD, repack the assembly, replace the packaging placard, and re-identify the assembly in accordance with paragraphs 2.A and 2.B of the Accomplishment Instructions of Bombardier Service Bulletin 670BA–35–015, dated October 30, 2017.

(h) Operational Limitation

For Model CL–600–2C10, CL–600–2D15, CL–600–2D24, and CL–600–2E25 airplanes: After accomplishment of the actions required by paragraph (g)(2) of this AD, if applicable, or within 30 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever is later, no one may operate any airplane with oxygen box assemblies packed using Bombardier Aircraft Maintenance Manual (AMM) task 35–21–13–860–802, “Repack and Stowage of the Flight Attendant Oxygen Mask,” or 35–21–17–860–802, “Repack of the Passenger Mask in the Lavatory.”

Note 1 to paragraph (h): The AMM tasks identified in paragraph (h) of this AD have been superseded by AMM tasks 35–21–13–860–802, “Repack and Stowage of the Flight Attendant Oxygen Mask,” or 35–21–13–860–806, “Repack and Stowage of the Third Flight Attendant Oxygen Mask,” and 35–21–17–860–803, “Repack of the Passenger Mask in the Lavatory.”

(i) Other FAA AD Provisions

The following provisions also apply to this AD:

(1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, New York ACO Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the certification office, send it to ATTN: Program Manager, Continuing Operational Safety, FAA, New York ACO Branch. AMA Director, FAA, New York Facility, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone 516–228–7300; fax 516–794–5531. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(2) Contacting the Manufacturer: For any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer, the action must be accomplished using a method approved by the Manager, New York ACO Branch, FAA; or Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA); or Bombardier, Inc.’s TCCA Design Approval Organization (DAO). If approved by the DAO, the approval must include the DAO-authorized signature.

(j) Related Information


(2) For more information about this AD, contact Darren Gassetto, Aerospace Engineer, Mechanical Systems and Administrative Services Section, FAA, New York ACO Branch, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; telephone 516–228–7323; fax 516–794–5531; email b-avs-yaucoo@faa.gov.

(3) For service information identified in this AD, contact Bombardier, Inc., 400 Côte-Vertu Road West, Dorval, Québec H4S 1Y9, Canada; Widebody Customer Response Center North America toll-free telephone 1–866–538–1247 or direct-dial telephone 1–514–855–2999; fax 514–855–7401; email ac.yui@avaeiro.bombardier.com; internet http://www.bombardier.com. You may view this service information at the FAA, Transport Standards Branch, 216th St., Des Moines, IA. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call 206–231–3195.

Issued in Des Moines, Washington, on May 29, 2019.

Michael Kaszycki,
Acting Director, System Oversight Division,
Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. 2019–11831 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71


RIN 2120–AA66

Proposed Amendment of Class E Airspace; Wray, CO

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This action proposes to amend Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface at Wray Municipal Airport, Wray, CO, to accommodate new area navigation (RNAV) procedures at the airport. This action would ensure the safety and management of instrument flight rules (IFR) operations within the National Airspace System. Additionally, this action proposes to remove Class E airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface at Wray Municipal Airport, Wray, CO. This airspace is wholly contained within the Denver en route airspace area and duplication is not necessary.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 26, 2019.


FAA Order 7400.11C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, and subsequent amendments can be viewed online at http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/publications/. For further information, you can contact the Airspace Policy Group, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783. The Order is also available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of FAA Order 7400.11C at NARA, call (202) 741–6030, or go to https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations.html.

FAA Order 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew Van Der Wal, Federal Aviation Administration, Western Service Center, Operations Support Group, 2200 S 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198; telephone (206) 231–3695.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA’s authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency’s authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A,
Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it would amend Class E airspace to support new RNAV procedures at Wray Municipal Airport, Wray, CO.

Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments, as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal.

Communications should identify both docket numbers and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Persons wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this notice must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: “Comments to Docket No. FAA–2019–0371; Airspace Docket No. 17–ANM–6”. The postcard will be date/time stamped and returned to the commenter.

All communications received before the specified closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

Availability of NPRMs

An electronic copy of this document may be downloaded through the internet at http://www.regulations.gov. Recently published rulemaking documents can also be accessed through the FAA’s web page at http://www.faa.gov/air_traffic/publications/airspace_amendments/. You may review the public docket containing the proposal, any comments received, and any final disposition in person in the Dockets Office (see the ADDRESSES section for the address and phone number) between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except federal holidays. An informal docket is available for examination during normal business hours at the Northwest Mountain Regional Office of the Federal Aviation Administration, Air Traffic Organization, Western Service Center, Operations Support Group, 2200 S 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198.

Availability and Summary of Documents for Incorporation by Reference

This document proposes to amend FAA Order 7400.11C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 13, 2018, and effective September 13, 2018, FAAN Order 7400.11C is publicly available as listed in the ADDRESSES section of this document. FAA Order 7400.11C lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

The Proposal

The FAA is proposing an amendment to this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) to amend Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface at Wray Municipal Airport, Wray, CO, within 1 mile each side of the north-south bearing extending from the 6.5 mile radius to 11 miles south of the airport. Additionally, this action proposes to remove Class E airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface at Wray Municipal Airport, Wray, CO. This airspace is wholly contained within the Denver en route airspace area and duplication is not necessary.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:


§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order 7400.11C, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 13, 2018, and effective September 15, 2018, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

ANM CO E5 Wray, CO

Wray Municipal Airport
(Lat. 40°06’01”N, long. 102°14’28”W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5 mile radius of the airport, and within 1 mile each side of the north-south bearing extending from the 6.5 mile radius to 11 miles south of the airport, and within 2 miles each side of the 360° bearing extending from the 6.5 mile radius to 10.8 miles north of the Wray Municipal Airport.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on June 4, 2019.

Shawn M. Kozica,
Group Manager, Operations Support Group, Western Service Center.

[FR Doc. 2019–12185 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52


Air Plan Approval; Maine; Reasonably Available Control Technology for the 2008 Ozone Standard

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to approve State Implementation Plan (SIP) revisions submitted by the State of Maine for purposes of implementing the 2008 Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The revisions consist of a demonstration that Maine meets the requirements of reasonably available control technology (RACT) for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), set forth by the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act), with respect to the 2008 Ozone standards. Additionally, we are proposing to approve a related regulation that limits air emissions of VOCs from certain industrial sources that use organic solvents in cleaning activities, and to withdraw several previously approved source-specific RACT requirements for sources that have ceased operation. This action is being taken under the Clean Air Act.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–R01–OAR–2019–0218 at https://www.regulations.gov, or via email to mackintosh.david@epa.gov. For comments submitted at Regulations.gov, follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or removed from Regulations.gov. For either manner of submission, the EPA may publish any comment received to its public docket. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. The EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (i.e., on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For all additional submission methods, please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section. For the full EPA public comment policy, information about CBI or multimedia submissions, and general guidance on making effective comments, please visit http://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets. Publicly available docket materials are available at https://www.regulations.gov or at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA Region 1 Regional Office, Air and Radiation Division, Air Quality Branch, 5 Post Office Square—Suite 100, Boston, MA. EPA requests that if at all possible, you contact the contact listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section to schedule your inspection. The Regional Office’s official hours of business are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding legal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David L. Mackintosh, Air Quality Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA Region 1, 5 Post Office Square—Suite 100, Boston, MA 02109–3912, tel. 617–918–1584, email Mackintosh.David@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean EPA.

Table of Contents

I. Background
II. Summary of Maine’s SIP Revisions
III. EPA’s Evaluation of the Submittal
   A. CTG VOC RACT Regulations
   B. Chapter 166: Industrial Cleaning Solvents
   C. Non-CTG VOC Major Sources
   D. Withdrawal of Defunct Source-Specific Requirements
   IV. Proposed Action
   V. Incorporation by Reference
   VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews
I. Background

Maine is part of the Ozone Transport Region (OTR) under Section 184(a) of the CAA. Sections 182(b)(2) and 184 of the CAA require states with Ozone nonattainment areas that are classified as moderate or above, as well as areas in the OTR, to submit a SIP revision requiring the implementation of reasonably available control technology (RACT) for sources covered by a control techniques guideline (CTG) and for all major sources. A CTG is a document issued by EPA which establishes a “presumptive norm” for RACT for a specific VOC source category. RACT is defined as the lowest emission limitation that a particular source is capable of meeting by the application of control technology that is reasonably available considering technological and economic feasibility.¹ The CTGs usually identify a particular control level which EPA recommends as being RACT. States are required to address RACT for the source categories covered by CTGs through adoption of rules as part of the SIP.

On October 5, 2006 (71 FR 58745), EPA issued four new CTGs, which applicable areas were required to address by October 5, 2007: Industrial Cleaning Solvents; Offset Lithographic Printing and Letterpress Printing; Flexible Package Printing; and Flat Wood Paneling Coatings. On October 9, 2007 (72 FR 57215), EPA issued three more CTGs, which applicable areas were required to address by October 9, 2008: Paper, Film, and Foil Coatings; Large Appliance Coatings; and Metal Furniture Coatings. On October 7, 2008 (73 FR 58841), EPA issued an additional four CTGs, which applicable areas were required to address by October 7, 2009: Miscellaneous Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings; Fiberglass Boat Manufacturing Materials; Miscellaneous Industrial Adhesives; and Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings. Lastly, on Oct 27, 2016 (81 FR 74798), EPA issued a new CTG for the Oil and Natural Gas Industry, which applicable areas were required to address by October 27, 2018.

On March 27, 2008 (73 FR 16436), EPA revised the health-based NAAQS for Ozone to 0.075 parts per million (ppm), averaged over an 8-hour timeframe. EPA determined that the revised 8-hour standard would be more protective of human health, especially with regard to children and adults who are active outdoors and individuals with a pre-existing respiratory disease such as asthma.

On July 29, 2014 (79 FR 43945), EPA published a final rule approving a request from Maine for an exemption from the requirements for the control of nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions contained in section 182(f) of the CAA in relation to the 2008 8-hour Ozone NAAQS, providing an exemption from nonattainment new source review (NNSR) and RACT for major new sources of NOx emissions in Maine.

On March 6, 2015 (80 FR 12264), EPA published a final rule outlining RACT requirements and requiring states in the OTR to certify RACT requirements by July 20, 2014. This rule, referred to as the “2008 Ozone implementation rule,”

contains a description of EPA’s expectations for states with RACT obligations. The 2008 Ozone implementation rule gives states several options for meeting RACT requirements for the 2008 Ozone standard. States may (1) establish new or more stringent rules that meet RACT control levels for the 2008 standard; (2) certify, where appropriate, that previously adopted RACT rules approved by EPA under a prior Ozone standard represent adequate RACT control levels for the 2008 Ozone NAAQS; or (3) submit a negative declaration in instances where there are no sources in the state covered by a specific CTG source category. States may use these options alone or in combination to demonstrate compliance with RACT requirements.

On October 26, 2015 (80 FR 65291), EPA revised the health-based NAAQS for Ozone, setting it at 0.070 ppm averaged over an 8-hour time frame. On December 6, 2018 (83 FR 62998), EPA published a final rule that outlines the obligations for areas in nonattainment with the 2015 Ozone standard, as well as obligations for areas in the OTR. This rule, referred to as the “2015 Ozone implementation rule,” requires states in the OTR to certify RACT requirements by August 3, 2020.

On February 3, 2017 (82 FR 9158), EPA published a final rule finding that Maine, as well as 14 other states and the District of Columbia, had failed to submit SIP revisions in a timely manner to satisfy certain requirements for the 2008 Ozone NAAQS. With respect to Maine, EPA found that the state failed to submit two required SIP elements: Non-CTG VOC RACT for Major Sources and CTG VOC RACT. Id. at 9162. This finding became effective March 6, 2017, and started a SIP sanctions clock, which required the missing SIP elements to be submitted and deemed complete before September 6, 2018. Id. at 9160–61.

II. Summary of Maine’s SIP Revisions

On August 31, 2018, Maine submitted a SIP revision to address its outstanding RACT requirements for the 2008 Ozone NAAQS (i.e., a RACT Certification). The approval of Maine’s section 182(f) NOx waiver for the 2008 8-hour Ozone standard eliminated the need for Maine to address NOx RACT in its 2018 Certification (79 FR 43945). Therefore, the RACT Certification addresses non-CTG VOC RACT for Major Sources and CTG VOC RACT. The submittal is based on (1) certification that previously adopted RACT controls, which were approved by EPA for the 1997 8-hour Ozone NAAQS, are based on currently available technically and economically feasible controls and continue to represent RACT for implementation of the 2008 Ozone NAAQS; (2) adoption of more recent regulations that represent RACT controls; and (3) negative declarations that there are no sources in the state covered by specific CTG source categories (see section III below).

Maine’s submittal includes a request for EPA approval of 06–096 Code of Maine Rules (CMR) Chapter 166 “Industrial Cleaning Solvents” to address EPA’s 2006 CTG for Industrial Cleaning Solvents. Maine’s submittal also requests that EPA remove from the SIP several previously approved source-specific RACT requirements for facilities that no longer exist or, in one case, for a facility that no longer operates the process controlled by the source-specific requirements.

On September 4, 2018, EPA determined that Maine’s SIP submittal was administratively and technically complete. This determination stopped the 18-month sanctions clock for Maine’s two outstanding RACT SIP submittal elements. Because the sanctions clock stopped before September 6, 2018, sanctions did not become applicable in the state of Maine from the February 2017 finding of failure to submit (82 FR 9158).

On May 13, 2019, Maine modified its August 2018 SIP revision by letter in which it withdrew an item in the submitted SIP Revision. Specifically, on Table 3, “Previously-Approved RACT Determinations for Major Sources of VOC in Maine Now Permanently Closed or No Longer Subject to RACT,” Maine withdrew (i.e., removed) the row entitled “United Technologies Corporation, Pratt and Whitney, North Berwick.” As a result of this withdrawal, the United Technology, Pratt and Whitney, North Berwick source-specific requirements approved by EPA will remain in the Maine SIP.

Maine’s August 2018 SIP submittal does not address RACT requirements for the 2015 Ozone standard, or the 2016 CTG for the Oil and Natural Gas Industry and, therefore, these are not addressed in today’s notice.

III. EPA’s Evaluation of the Submittal

A. CTG VOC RACT Regulations

In Maine’s August 2018 SIP revision, Table 1 lists each of the state’s VOC RACT regulations, the RACT basis for the regulation (e.g., CTG, ACT), the citation of EPA’s approval of all but one of the regulations (i.e., 06–096 CMR Chapter 166 “Industrial Cleaning Solvents”), which we propose to approve in today’s action, and certifies that the state’s current VOC RACT rules represent RACT under the 2008 Ozone NAAQS. On May 22, 2012 (77 FR 30216), EPA approved Maine’s RACT Certification with respect to the 1997 Ozone NAAQS. In this 2012 approval, EPA also approved regulations that address four CTGs issued since the 1997 Ozone standard (i.e., Flat Wood Paneling Coatings; Paper, Film, and Foil Coatings; Offset Lithographic Printing and Letterpress Printing; and Metal Furniture Coatings). On November 5, 2014, (79 FR 65588), EPA approved Maine’s regulations that address two CTGs:Miscellaneous Industrial Adhesives and Flexible Package Printing. On May 26, 2016 (81 FR 33394), EPA approved Maine regulations that address two more CTGs: Metal and Plastic Parts Coatings; and Fiberglass Boat Manufacturing Materials. This 2016 action also approved negative declarations for two CTGs: Large Appliance Coatings; and Automobile and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings. In today’s action, EPA is proposing to approve 06–096 CMR Chapter 166, which Maine included in its August 2018 SIP submission to address the Industrial Cleaning Solvent CTG. This is the last CTG that Maine is required to address for RACT Certification with respect to the 2008 Ozone NAAQS. EPA has evaluated Maine’s CTG VOC regulations, which the state certifies as meeting RACT for the 2008 Ozone standard and finds that they are sufficiently consistent with recommendations in the respective EPA CTGs and are based on currently available technologically and economically feasible controls. Therefore, EPA proposes that they continue to represent RACT in Maine for the 2008 Ozone standard.

Maine’s August 2018 submittal also included negative declarations for the following CTG source categories: Auto and Light-Duty Truck Assembly Coatings; Equipment Leaks from Natural Gas/Gasoline Processing Plants; Fugitive Emissions from Synthetic Organic Chemical Polymer and Resin Manufacturing Equipment; Large Petroleum Dry Cleaners; Leaks from Petroleum Refinery Equipment; Manufacturing of High-Density Polyethylene, Polypropylene, and Polystyrene Resins; Manufacture of Pneumatic Rubber Tires; Manufacture of Synthetic Ethyl Alcohol Products; Manufacturing of Vegetable Oil; Petroleum Liquid Storage in External Floating Roof Tanks; Refinery Vacuum Firewater Protection Systems, Waste Tower Separators, and Process Unit Turnarounds; SOCM I Pressurized Oxidation
Processes; SOCMI Distillation and Reactor Processes; Surface Coating for Insulation of Magnet Wire; Surface Coating of Automobiles and Light-Duty Trucks; Surface Coating of Coils; Surface Coating of Large Appliances; and Wood Furniture Manufacturing. These negative declarations mean that Maine has no applicable stationary sources of VOC that are covered by these CTGs.

B. Chapter 166: Industrial Cleaning Solvents

Maine’s new regulation 06–096 CMR Chapter 166, “Industrial Cleaning Solvents,” expands the types of VOC emissions controlled for industrial cleaning solvents to address the 2006 Industrial Cleaning Solvents CTG. The regulation generally applies to an owner or operator of a source that uses industrial cleaning solvents in cleaning activities and, before controls, creates actual emissions of 3 tons or more of VOC from cleaning activities during any calendar year. As described in the regulation, exemptions can apply to cleaning activities regulated by another source category. The emission limits are achieved by (1) using solvents with a maximum VOC content limit of 50 grams VOC per liter (0.42 lb/gal), (2) using cleaning solvents with a composite vapor pressure of 8.0 millimeters or less of mercury (mm Hg) at 20 degrees Celsius, or (3) using an emission control system with an overall control efficiency of at least 85 percent. Recordkeeping and general work practices are also required for applicable sources. These provisions are consistent with EPA’s recommendations for such sources in the 2006 Industrial Cleaning Solvents CTG. Thus, EPA proposes to approve Chapter 166 into the Maine SIP. Adding this regulation to the SIP satisfies the anti-backsliding requirements of Section 110(l) of the CAA because the new regulation will achieve an equal or greater amount of VOC reductions as compared to existing EPA-approved Maine regulations applicable to cleaning activities.

C. Non-CTG VOC Major Sources

Section 184(b)(2) of the CAA requires RACT to be applied to any major existing stationary source with the potential to emit 50 tons or greater per year of VOC. Maine’s Chapter 134, “RACT for Facilities that Emit VOCs,” rule generally applies to Maine sources with potential VOC emissions of 40 tons per year or greater that are not regulated by a specific regulation. In 2012 (77 FR 30212), EPA approved Chapter 134 meeting RACT requirements for the 1997 Ozone NAAQS. EPA proposes that Chapter 134 continues to represent RACT for applicable major stationary sources of VOCs in Maine for the 2008 Ozone standard.

Maine’s EPA-approved Chapter 134 establishes several RACT options, two of which set presumptive standards for VOC emissions reductions and a third that allows a source to submit a variety of strategies as an alternative compliance plan to reduce VOC emissions. Because the third option describes a process by which RACT can be defined but does not define RACT as required by the CAA, Maine must submit source-specific requirements to EPA for all applicable sources that do not conform to the presumptive RACT options outlined in the rule. EPA has approved many such source-specific RACT determinations into the SIP. See 40 CFR 52.1020(d). A fourth option specifically addresses VOC RACT requirements for pulp and paper processes, requiring that emissions from the digester system, multiple effect evaporator systems, condensate stripper systems, and lime kilns be controlled through incineration or wet scrubber systems in accordance with Maine’s Chapter 124 “Total Reduced Sulfur Control from Kraft Pulp Mills.”

Chapter 134 also includes provisions that exempt certain sources from additional control requirements, such as for equipment or processes that have met best available control technology (BACT), have met lowest achievable emission rate (LAER), or are subject to a separate RACT rule adopted by Maine and approved by EPA. Chapter 134 also exempts indirect contact wood kilns and wood yards (but not groundwater operations) from requirements for additional controls because it would not be technologically or economically practical to attempt to enclose these areas and capture VOCs and route them to a control device.

Table 2 of Maine’s SIP revision lists the major VOC sources in Maine, along with their licensed (potential to emit) VOC emissions, and notes which sources are subject to applicable RACT requirements and which facilities have VOC-emitting equipment or processes that are exempt from the total VOC emission determination in Chapter 134. After reviewing existing stationary sources in Maine, the state determined that all major sources of VOC are currently meeting RACT requirements. EPA proposes that Chapter 134 and the previously-approved source-specific determinations continue to represent RACT for these VOC sources in Maine for the 2008 Ozone standard because no new control technologies are known to be reasonably available considering technological and economic feasibility for these sources since our last approval.

D. Withdrawal of Defunct Source-Specific Requirements

As explained above, Chapter 134 includes a process whereby a major VOC source in Maine may seek a source-specific RACT determination rather than be held to the specific emission limits or technology standards that are set forth in the rule. Because of the generic nature of this provision, RACT determinations established thereunder are submitted to EPA as revisions to Maine’s SIP. Over the years, EPA has approved a number of such source-specific RACT determinations into the Maine SIP. Several of the sources that have received such RACT determinations are now either permanently closed or have ceased operations of the regulated activity. In its August 2018 submittal, Maine requested withdrawal of these previously SIP-approved source-specific requirements. Six facilities have permanently closed: (1) Prime Tanning Company, York County, Berwick, Maine; (2) J.J. Nissen Baking Company, Cumberland County, Portland, Maine; (3) Georgia Pacific Corporation, Washington County, Baileyville (Woodland), Maine; (4) Moosehead Manufacturing Company, Piscataquis County, Dover-Foxcroft, Maine; (5) Moosehead Manufacturing Company, Piscataquis County, Monson, Maine; and (6) Dexter Shoe Company, Penobscot County, Dexter, Maine. A seventh facility—the McCain Foods USA, Inc., Tatermeal Facility in Presque Isle—surrendered its license to operate its dryers used to dehydrate primarily potato wastes to produce a material used as a binder and nutritional supplement in animal feed. EPA proposes to remove from the Maine SIP the source-specific RACT requirements associated with these sources because the sources are permanently closed or have ceased operations of the regulated activity and are, therefore, no longer sources of emissions subject to non-CTG VOC RACT. Withdrawing these requirements from the Maine SIP satisfies the anti-backsliding requirements in Section 110(l) of the CAA because the sources controlled no longer emit VOCs.

IV. Proposed Action

EPA is proposing to approve 06–096 CMR Chapter 166, “Industrial Cleaning Solvents,” into the Maine SIP at 40 CFR 52.1020(e). EPA approved these regulations on August 20, 2018, as a supplement in animal feed. EPA is proposing to approve Maine’s SIP revision on the basis that Maine has met the RACT...
requirements for the 2008 8-hour Ozone NAAQS as set forth by sections 182(b) and 184(b)(2) of the CAA. In addition, EPA is proposing to approve “Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) State Implementation Plan (SIP) Revision Under the 2008 8-hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS),” as having satisfied the 2008 8-hour NAAQS RACT requirements, and as an addition to the Maine SIP at 40 CFR 52.1020(e) “Nonregulatory”.

EPA is proposing to withdraw the following previously-approved source-specific RACT requirements for “Prime Tanning Company, York County, Berwick, Maine” (two approvals); “JJ Nissen Baking Company, Cumberland County, Portland Maine”; “Georgia Pacific Corporation, Washington County, Woodland, Maine”; “Moosehead Manufacturing Company, Piscataquis County, Dover-Foxcroft, Maine”; “Moosehead Manufacturing Company, Piscataquis County, Monson, Maine”; “Dexter Shoe Company, Penobscot County, Dexter, Maine” (two approvals); and “McCain Foods USA, Inc., Tatermeal Facility”, and to remove all entries for these facilities which are currently listed in 40 CFR 52.1020(d) “EPA-approved State Source specific requirements.”

EPA is not proposing action with respect to the 2015 Ozone NAAQS or with respect to the 2016 CTG for Oil and Natural Gas Industry. EPA is soliciting public comments on the issues discussed in this notice or on other relevant matters. These comments will be considered before taking final action. Interested parties may participate in the Federal rulemaking procedure by submitting written comments to this proposed rule by following the instructions listed in the ADDRESSES section of this Federal Register.

V. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, the EPA is proposing to include in a final EPA rule regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA is proposing to incorporate by reference “Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) State Implementation Plan (SIP) Revision Under the 2008 8-Hour Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS),” and 06–096 CMR Chapter 166, “Industrial Cleaning Solvents.” The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these documents generally available through https://www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 1 Office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section of this preamble for more information).

VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations, 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. Accordingly, this proposed action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this proposed action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- This action is not expected to be an Executive Order 13771 regulatory action because this action is not significant under Executive Order 12866;
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandates or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (65 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the Clean Air Act; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practical and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Deborah A. Szaro,
Acting Regional Administrator, EPA Region 1.

[FR Doc. 2019–12269 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52


Air Plan Approval; AK: Adoption Updates and Permitting Rule Revisions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposes to approve revisions to the Alaska State Implementation Plan (SIP) submitted on October 25, 2018. The revisions adopt changes to federal emissions factors and modeling guidelines, update pre-construction permitting of stationary sources, and fix typographical and grammatical errors. Upon final approval, the Alaska SIP will include provisions for electronic permit applications, online notice of draft permits, revised modeling guidelines, and updated fine particulate matter requirements in nonattainment areas. The EPA also proposes to approve the submitted revisions as meeting major source pre-construction permitting requirements for the Fairbanks North Star Borough fine particulate matter nonattainment area.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

I. Background

Section 110 of the Clean Air Act (CAA) governs the process by which a state submits air quality protection requirements to the EPA for approval into the State Implementation Plan (SIP). The SIP is the state’s plan to implement, maintain, and enforce the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) set by the EPA. To ensure consistency with federal requirements, Alaska generally submits an annual rule update to the EPA for approval. On October 25, 2018, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) submitted such an update. The submission includes revisions to Alaska Administrative Code, Title 18, Environmental Conservation, Chapter 50, Air Quality Control (18 AAC 50), state effective September 15, 2018. Specifically, the submission updates the dates by which certain EPA regulations are adopted by reference, brings the major stationary source pre-construction permitting program up-to-date with current fine particulate matter (PM2.5) requirements, and fixes typographical and grammatical errors. We note that the submission also addresses infrastructure and interstate transport requirements. We intend to take action on those elements in separate rulemakings.

II. Evaluation of Submission

A. Adoption Updates

1. Air Pollutant Emissions Factors

Alaska updated the adoption by reference of federal Air Pollutant Emissions Factors (AP–42), as of February 1, 2018. This update captures a recent change to emissions factors for industrial flares in Section 13.5 of AP–42, 5th Edition. Emissions estimates, informed by AP–42, are used to determine the applicability of permitting programs and to develop control strategies. This submitted revision keeps reference materials in the Alaska SIP current.

2. Air Quality Models

Alaska updated the adoption by reference of the federal Guidelines on Air Quality Models, codified at 40 CFR part 51, Appendix W (Appendix W), as of July 1, 2017. Appendix W models are used in preconstruction permitting, attainment planning, and other air pollution control efforts. Alaska’s submission incorporates the most recent version of Appendix W, promulgated on January 17, 2017 (82 FR 5182). Among other things, the 2017 update to Appendix W addressed the use of screening models, including AERSCREEN. Therefore, Alaska repealed separate, redundant references to AERSCREEN and the AERSCREEN User’s Guide in state regulations. Alaska also updated a cross-reference to alternative model recommendations and clarified that the ADEC Commissioner may delegate their part in the alternative model approval process to a designee. Alaska’s regulations allows for the use of alternative models to those described in Appendix W when properly approved by the EPA and ADEC. These changes are consistent with the EPA’s implementing regulations in 40 CFR part 51, subpart I for air quality modeling.

B. Permitting Revisions

1. Electronic Notice and Submission

Alaska’s major new source review (major NSR) program implements pre-construction permitting for new and modified major stationary sources. The major NSR program is established in Article 3 of 18 AAC 50, and references supporting rules throughout the Alaska SIP. To make it easier to keep the program up-to-date, Alaska’s major NSR program incorporates or references certain federal NSR regulations as of a specific date, and the state routinely updates this citation date. In the October 25, 2018 submission, Alaska updated the adoption by reference of portions of federal regulations that apply in areas designated attainment and unclassifiable (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) and in areas designated nonattainment (NNSR). More specifically, Alaska adopted by reference portions of PSD regulations in 40 CFR 51.166 and 40 CFR 52.21 and portions of NNSR regulations in 40 CFR 51.165 as of July 1, 2017. We note the state also updated the definition of “fugitive emissions” to equate to the federal definition in 40 CFR 51.166(b)(20), adopted by reference as of July 1, 2017. The definition of “Volatile Organic Compound” or “VOC” was similarly updated to reference the federal definition in 40 CFR 51.100(s), revised as of July 1, 2017. Please see Section B in this document for more discussion of the regulatory effect of these NSR adoption updates.


Alaska’s major new source review program is governed by 18 AAC 50.306 and refers to 18 AAC 50.040(h), which adopts certain provisions of 40 CFR 51.166 and 40 CFR 52.21 by reference. The NNSR program is governed by 18 AAC 50.311 and refers to 18 AAC 50.040(i), which adopts certain provisions of 40 CFR 51.165 by reference. Alaska adopted the NNSR program by reference as of July 1, 2017.


Alaska’s major new source review (major NSR) program implements pre-construction permitting for new and modified major stationary sources. The major NSR program is established in Article 3 of 18 AAC 50, and references supporting rules throughout the Alaska SIP. To make it easier to keep the program up-to-date, Alaska’s major NSR program incorporates or references certain federal NSR regulations as of a specific date, and the state routinely updates this citation date. In the October 25, 2018 submission, Alaska updated the adoption by reference of portions of federal regulations that apply in areas designated attainment and unclassifiable (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) and in areas designated nonattainment (NNSR). More specifically, Alaska adopted by reference portions of PSD regulations in 40 CFR 51.166 and 40 CFR 52.21 and portions of NNSR regulations in 40 CFR 51.165 as of July 1, 2017. We note the state also updated the definition of “fugitive emissions” to equate to the federal definition in 40 CFR 51.166(b)(20), adopted by reference as of July 1, 2017. The definition of “Volatile Organic Compound” or “VOC” was similarly updated to reference the federal definition in 40 CFR 51.100(s), revised as of July 1, 2017. Please see Section B in this document for more discussion of the regulatory effect of these NSR adoption updates.

See also 40 CFR 52.90.

1 18 AAC 50.035(a)(1).
2 18 AAC 50.040(h).
3 18 AAC 50.040(i).
4 18 AAC 50.040(h) and 18 AAC 50.035(a)(7).
5 18 AAC 50.990(40).
6 18 AAC 50.990(121).
7 18 AAC 50.990(40).
8 18 AAC 50.990(121).
9 See also 40 CFR 52.90.
The update captures the EPA’s removal of the requirement to publish notice of draft major NSR permits in the local newspaper and provides the option to publish notice on a publicly-accessible website, along with the draft permit (October 18, 2016, 81 FR 71613). As a result, Alaska’s major NSR program no longer requires newspaper notice.

Alaska also requested approval of a provision allowing ADEC to require owners and operators of certain minor stationary sources to apply for their permits online, through Alaska’s Online System/Permittee Portal. This electronic system was approved by the EPA on August 13, 2015 as meeting the Cross-Media Electronic Reporting Rule (CROMERR) (80 FR 48531). The approval included the SIP-approved stationary source permitting programs, among other programs. Therefore, we propose to approve the minor source electronic permit application provision into the Alaska SIP.

2. Fine Particulate Matter

Alaska has a SIP-approved major NNSR program applicable in designated PM2.5 nonattainment areas. On January 7, 2015, the EPA approved revisions to that program as meeting Moderate area attainment planning requirements for the only designated PM2.5 nonattainment area in the state, the Fairbanks North Star Borough (FNSB) area (January 7, 2015, 80 FR 832). Subsequently, on August 24, 2016, the EPA promulgated changes to NNSR requirements for PM2.5 nonattainment areas (81 FR 58010). The EPA’s changes were made in response to a D.C. Circuit court decision remanding specific EPA PM2.5 rulemakings promulgated in 2007 and 2008. After the FNSB PM2.5 nonattainment area was reclassified from Moderate to Serious by the EPA, Alaska was required to update the SIP-approved PM2.5 NNSR program applicable in the FNSB area, in accordance with the August 24, 2016 regulatory changes (May 9, 2017, 82 FR 21711). Alaska made updates in response and submitted the changes for approval as part of the October 25, 2018 submission.

Alaska adopted key requirements that the EPA revised in accordance with the D.C. Circuit court’s decision, including the definitions for “major source,” “regulated NSR pollutant,” and “significant,” as these definitions apply in PM2.5 nonattainment areas. In areas classified as Serious, “major source” is now defined in Alaska regulations as a stationary source that emits or has the potential to emit 70 tons per year of direct PM2.5 emissions, or 70 tons per year of any one of four regulated precursors: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulfur dioxide (SO2), VOC, and ammonia. For areas classified as Moderate, the major source threshold for direct PM2.5 emissions and regulated precursors remains at 100 tons per year. Alaska also defined the term “regulated NSR pollutant” in designated PM2.5 nonattainment areas as direct PM2.5 emissions and NOX, SO2, VOC, and ammonia as precursors to PM2.5. The effect of this change is that the Alaska NNSR program, which previously regulated NOx and SO2 as precursors to PM2.5, now regulates all four precursors to PM2.5 established by the EPA on August 24, 2016 (81 FR 58010).

Alaska also revised the definition of “significant.” This term is used to evaluate the extent to which construction at an existing major stationary source becomes subject to NNSR as a major modification with respect to the nonattainment pollutant. A major modification, defined in 40 CFR 51.165(a)(1)(v)(A), is any physical change in or change in the method of operation of a major stationary source that would result in: (1) A significant emissions increase of a regulated NSR pollutant, and (2) a significant net emissions increase of that pollutant.

“Significant” is separately defined in 40 CFR 51.165(a)(1)(x)(A) to mean a rate of emissions specified for each pollutant or precursor to that pollutant. Alaska defined “significant” in PM2.5 nonattainment areas in the state to be 10 tons per year of direct PM2.5 emissions and 40 tons per year of any one of the four regulated precursors to PM2.5: NOx, SO2, VOC, and ammonia. The rates established by Alaska for NOx, SO2, and VOC are those set by the EPA and adopted by reference. We note however, the EPA’s August 24, 2016 rulemaking did not establish a significant emissions rate for ammonia as a precursor to PM2.5 (61 FR 58010). Rather, if a state’s plan for a specific nonattainment area requires regulation of ammonia as a precursors to PM2.5, the EPA directed the state to define “significant” for ammonia for that nonattainment area. The EPA declined to set a minimum significant emissions rate for ammonia on a nationwide basis in part because, as stated in the preamble to the August 24, 2016, rulemaking, “[w]e anticipate that very few states will actually need to control source modifications of ammonia under their NNSR programs for PM2.5 since (1) stationary sources of ammonia generally are not one of the primary causes of ambient PM2.5 concentrations in most PM2.5 nonattainment areas, and (2) according to information in the EPA’s National Emissions Inventory database, most existing PM2.5 nonattainment areas do not have an existing major stationary source of ammonia to which the ammonia significant emission rate would be applied to determine whether a proposed modification of such major source would be ‘major’ for ammonia.”

Alaska’s only designated PM2.5 nonattainment area is the FNSB area. Alaska has undertaken planning efforts to reduce PM2.5 levels in the area, resulting in the FNSB PM2.5 Moderate plan, approved by the EPA on September 8, 2017 (82 FR 42457). In that plan, Alaska evaluated total PM2.5 and speciated PM2.5 monitoring data to help identify the appropriate emissions control strategy for the area. We summarized Alaska’s evaluation in the preamble to our proposed action on the FNSB PM2.5 Moderate plan stating, “Alaska concludes that throughout the winter months, residential wood heating is the major source of PM2.5 and accounts for 60 to 80 percent of the observed PM2.5.”

Emissions inventories developed by Alaska and approved by the EPA as part of the FNSB PM2.5 Moderate plan demonstrate there are no existing major stationary sources of ammonia in the area and that the estimated total annual ammonia emissions for existing major stationary sources of direct PM2.5 emissions or other precursors for PM2.5 is less than 0.001 tons per day on days in which exceedances of the PM2.5 NAAQS typically occur. Based on the analysis in the FNSB PM2.5 Moderate Plan, it is unlikely that there will be any major modifications to major stationary sources of ammonia in the area. However, the EPA has reclassified the FNSB PM2.5 nonattainment area to Serious, triggering the requirement for

10 18 AA 50.040(h) and (i).
11 18 AAC 50.542(b).
12 See also 40 CFR 81.302.
13 18 AAC 50.040(h) and (i).
14 NRDC v. EPA, 706 F.3d 428 (D.C. Cir. 2013).
15 40 CFR 51.165(a)(1).
16 40 CFR 51.165(a)(1)(iv). See also CAA section 189(b)(3).
18 Ibid.
19 Ibid.
additional planning, including revisions to NNSR requirements applicable in the area. In those revisions, Alaska included regulation of ammonia under NNSR in PM2.5 nonattainment areas.25

In the October 25, 2018 revisions, Alaska set significant emissions rates for all four regulated precursors to PM2.5, including ammonia, and submitted the changes to the EPA for approval. Specifically, Alaska adopted by reference the 40 tons per year significant emissions rates for NOx, SO2, and VOC set by the EPA, and also established a significant emissions rate of 40 tons per year for ammonia as a precursor for PM2.5, consistent with the thresholds of the other PM2.5 precursors.26 The EPA addressed the evaluation of potential construction scenarios that would allow the source to avoid preconstruction review, the limit remains in effect until a minor permit, as well as a construction permit, is issued for the source.27

3. Pre-Approved Emissions Limits

The submission clarified requirements for pre-approved stationary source emissions limits. Specifically, the state revised rule language to make clear that if a source terminates a pre-approved limit that had allowed the source to avoid preconstruction review, the limit that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA proposes to incorporate by reference the provisions described in Section III. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these documents generally available electronically through www.Regulations.gov and in hard copy at the appropriate EPA Region 10 Office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section of this preamble for more information).

25 May 10, 2017, 82 FR 21711. See also 40 CFR part 81.
26 18 AAC 50.311(e).
27 August 24, 2016, 81 FR 58010 at page 58114.
28 40 CFR 51.165(a)(1)(iv). See also CAA section 189(b)(3).
29 Again, the likelihood of there being a major modification of a major stationary source of ammonia is extremely low. The most likely potential construction scenario would be the addition of controls to an existing combustion

We propose to approve the submitted revisions to the Alaska PM2.5 NNSR program into the SIP. Upon final action, the added NNSR requirements established in the EPA’s 2016 PM2.5 implementation rule that were triggered upon recategorization of the FNSB PM2.5 nonattainment area to Serious will be met.29

3. Pre-Approved Emissions Limits

The submission clarified requirements for pre-approved stationary source emissions limits. Specifically, the state revised rule language to make clear that if a source terminates a pre-approved limit that had allowed the source to avoid preconstruction review, the limit remains in effect until a minor permit, as well as a construction permit, is issued for the source.31

C. Corrections

Alaska submitted several corrections to typographical, grammatical, and cross-reference errors. First, Alaska corrected the geographical name of Mt. McKinley to Denali.32 Second, Alaska updated a provision to fix an obsolete cross reference and to use the term “coal-fired” (vs. “coal burning”).33 Third, Alaska made changes throughout 18 AAC 50 to consistently use and spell the term “emissions unit.”34

III. Proposed Action

The EPA proposes to approve, and incorporate by reference, the revisions to the Alaska SIP submitted on October 25, 2018 and described above. Upon final approval, the Alaska SIP will contain the following rule sections, state effective September 15, 2018:

• 18 AAC 50.025 Visibility and Other Special Protection Areas;
• 18 AAC 50.035 Documents, Procedures, and Methods Adopted by Reference, except (a)(6), (a)(9), and (b)(4);
• 18 AAC 50.040 Federal Standards Adopted by Reference, except (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (j), (k);
• 18 AAC 50.055 Industrial Processes and Fuel-Burning Equipment, except (d)(2)(B);
• 18 AAC 50.215 Ambient Air Quality Analysis Methods, except (a)(4);
• 18 AAC 50.220 Enforceable Test Methods, except (c)(1)(A), (B), (C), and (c)(2);
• 18 AAC 50.225 Owner-Requested Limits;
• 18 AAC 50.230 Preapproved Emission Limits, except (d);
• 18 AAC 50.260 Guidelines for Best Available Retrofit Technology under the Regional Haze Rule;
• 18 AAC 50.311 Nonattainment Area Major Stationary Source Permits;
• 18 AAC 50.345 Construction, Minor and Operating Permits: Standard Permit Conditions, except (b), (c)(3), and (l).
• 18 AAC 50.502 Minor Permits for Air Quality Protection;
• 18 AAC 50.540 Minor Permit: Application;
• 18 AAC 50.542 Minor Permit: Review and Issuance;
• 18 AAC 50.560 General Minor Permits; and
• 18 AAC 50.990 Definitions.

The listed exceptions were not submitted in the October 25, 2018 submission and are not part of the current federal-approves Alaska SIP.35 For more information, please see our prior actions on September 19, 2014 (79 FR 56268) and August 14, 2007 (72 FR 45378).

30 May 10, 2017, 82 FR 21711. See also 40 CFR part 81.
31 18 AAC 50.025(a)(2).
32 18 AAC 50.025(b)(6) and (a)(9).
33 The October 25, 2018 submission requested approval of spelling changes in 18 AAC 50.045 Documents, Procedures, and Methods Adopted by Reference, except (a)(6), (a)(9), and (b)(4);
34 The October 25, 2018 submission requested approval of spelling changes in 18 AAC 50.045 Documents, Procedures, and Methods Adopted by Reference, except (a)(6), (a)(9), and (b)(4).
35 The excepted provisions implement New Source Performance Standards (NSPS), National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs), and title V of the CAA and are not relied on by the state to attain or maintain the NAAQS under CAA section 110 and the SIP; or are inconsistent with CAA requirements.
V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the CAA and applicable federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, the EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this proposed action merely approves state law as meeting federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this proposed action:

- Is not a “significant regulatory action” subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because it does not involve technical standards; and
- Does not provide the EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where the EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will it impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and record keeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.


Chris Hladick,
Regional Administrator, Region 10.
[FR Doc. 2019–12178 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52


Air Plan Approval; Missouri; Revision to Reference Methods Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing approval of a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the State of Missouri on January 14, 2019. The revision submitted by the state is an amendment to a rule relating to reference methods for determining ambient air/atmosphere data and information necessary for the enforcement of air pollution control regulations throughout Missouri. The revision is administrative in nature and either incorporates by reference or updates state rules to match Federal regulations. This revision does not have an adverse effect on air quality. The EPA’s proposed approval of this rule revision is being done in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.


Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket ID No. for this rulemaking. Comments received will be posted without change to https://www.regulations.gov/, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on sending comments and additional information on the rulemaking process, see the “Written Comments” heading of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jonathan Meyer, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 Office, Air Quality Planning Branch, 11201 Ronner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219; telephone number (913) 551–7140; email address meyer.jonathan@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Throughout this document “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to the EPA.

Table of Contents

I. Written Comments
II. What is being addressed in this document?
III. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision been met?
IV. What action is EPA taking?
V. Incorporation by Reference
VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

I. Written Comments

Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–R07–OAR–2019–0293, at https://www.regulations.gov. Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or removed from Regulations.gov. The EPA may publish any comment received to its public docket. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. The EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (i.e. on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For additional submission methods, the full EPA public comment policy, information about CBI or multimedia submissions, and general guidance on making effective comments, please visit https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets.

II. What is being addressed in this document?

The EPA is proposing to approve a revision to Missouri’s SIP by approving the state’s request to revise 10 CSR 10–6.040, Reference Methods, received January 14, 2019. The revision submitted by the state is an amendment to a rule relating to reference methods for determining ambient air/atmosphere data and information necessary for the
enforcement of air pollution control regulations throughout Missouri. Specifically, the revision updates the state’s incorporation by reference of all reference methods found in 40 CFR part 50 appendices A through R, as well as equivalent methods as specified in 40 CFR part 53. The 40 CFR part 50 appendices describe the methods for measuring ambient concentrations of various pollutants for which NAAQS have been established. In addition, the revision updates American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards and includes numerous ASTM standards that are referenced in separate state rules. For more information on specific revisions the rule and EPA’s review of the revisions, see the Technical Support Document (TSD) that is a part of this docket.

III. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision been met?

The state submission has met the public notice requirements for SIP submissions in accordance with 40 CFR 51.102. The submission also satisfied the completeness criteria of 40 CFR part 51, appendix V. The state provided public notice on this SIP revision from June 25, 2018 to August 2, 2018 and received zero comments. In addition, the revision meets the substantive SIP requirements of the CAA, including section 110 and implementing regulations.

IV. What action is the EPA taking?

We are proposing to approve the revisions to 10 CSR 6.040 Reference Methods. We are processing this as a proposed action because we are soliciting comments on this proposed action. Final rulemaking will occur after consideration of any comments.

V. Incorporation by Reference

In this document, the EPA is proposing to include regulatory text in an EPA final rule that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA is proposing to incorporate by reference the Missouri Regulations described in the proposed amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 7 Office (please contact the person identified in the “For Further Information Contact” section of this preamble for more information).

VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, the EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866.
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: June 4, 2019.

James Gulliford,
Regional Administrator, Region 7.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA proposes to amend 40 CFR part 52 as set forth below:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart AA—MISSOURI

2. In §52.1320, the table in paragraph (c) is amended by revising the entry “10–6.040” to read as follows:

§52.1320 Identification of plan.

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**EPA-APPROVED MISSOURI REGULATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Missouri citation</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>State effective date</th>
<th>EPA approval date</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10–6.040 ..........</td>
<td>Reference Methods</td>
<td>1/30/2019</td>
<td>[Date of publication of the final rule in the Federal Register], [Federal Register citation of the final rule].</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chapter 6—Air Quality Standards, Definitions, Sampling and Reference Methods, and Air Pollution Control Regulations for the State of Missouri

**ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**

**40 CFR Parts 52 and 70**


Air Plan Approval; Missouri; Revision to Emission Data, Emission Fees and Process Information Rule

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing approval of a State Implementation Plan (SIP) and Operating Permits Program revision submitted by the State of Missouri on January 15, 2019. The revisions add definitions, removes language referring to outdated emission fees, and updates incorporations by reference in the rule. The revision is administrative in nature and does not have an adverse effect on air quality. The EPA’s proposed approval of this rule revision is being done in accordance with the requirements of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

**ADDRESSES:** You may send comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–R07–OAR–2019–0300 to https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

**Instructions:** All submissions received must include the Docket ID No. for this rulemaking. Comments received will be posted without change to https://www.regulations.gov/, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on sending comments and additional information on the rulemaking process, see the “Written Comments” heading of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jonathan Meyer, Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7 Office, Air Quality Planning Branch, 11201 Renner Boulevard, Lenexa, Kansas 66219; telephone number (913) 551–7140; email address meyer.jonathan@epa.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Throughout this document “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to the EPA.

**Table of Contents**

I. Written Comments
II. What is being addressed in this document?
III. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision and Operating Permits Program been met?
IV. What action is the EPA taking?
V. Incorporation by Reference
VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

I. Written Comments

Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–R07–OAR–2019–0300, at https://www.regulations.gov. Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or removed from Regulations.gov. The EPA may publish any comment received to its public docket. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. The EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (i.e., on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For additional submission methods, the full EPA public comment policy, information about CBI or multimedia submissions, and general guidance on making effective comments, please visit https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets.

II. What is being addressed in this document?

The EPA is proposing to approve a revision to Missouri’s SIP by approving the state’s request to revise 10 CSR 10–6.110, Reporting Emission Data, Emission Fees, and Process Information, received January 15, 2019. Missouri revised 10 CSR 10–6.110 to correct minor typographical errors. In addition, section (2) of this rule is revised to include definitions for:

- Missouri Emissions Inventory System (MoEIS)—the online interface of the state of Missouri’s air emissions inventory database.
- Point source—a large, stationary (nonmobile), identifiable source of emissions that releases pollutants into the atmosphere, that is either a major source under 40 CFR part 70 for the pollutants for which reporting is required; or a holder of an intermediate operating permit.
- Reporting year—Twelve (12) month calendar year ending December 31. The reporting requirement for installations with three (3)-year reporting cycles begins with the 2011 reporting year. The subsequent reporting years will be every three (3) years following 2011 (i.e., 2014, 2017, 2020, etc.).
- Small source—An installation subject to this rule but not a point
source as defined in this section of the rule.

The addition of the above definitions to 10 CSR 10–6.110 provides additional context to requirements of the rule that were not previously defined but do not impact the applicability of the requirements of the rule.

Section (3)(A)1. revised the emission fees section, which is approved under the Operating Permits Program only, and removes language that applied to emissions fees prior to January 1, 2016. No changes were made to the emission fees in the rule.

Section (3)(B) is revised to update incorporation by reference of AP–42 (Environmental Protection Agency Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors) as published by the EPA in August 2018 and FIRE (Factor Information Retrieval System) as published by EPA August 2017.

Section (3)(C)4.B. was revised to update incorporation by reference of 40 CFR 52.21 as promulgated by EPA as of July 1, 2018.

Section (4)(C)2. was revised to clarify that an installation that does not submit a full emissions report is required to submit a reduced reporting form. The revised language does not alter the requirements of the rule.

Section (4)(C)7. was removed from the rule and no longer requires revised Emissions Inventory Questionnaires to be presented to the regulated community for a forty-five-day comment period.

The above revisions to 10 CSR 10–6.110 are administrative in nature, update incorporation by reference, or provide additional context to regulatory language without altering applicability of the rule and does not impact air quality. Therefore, the EPA proposes to approve the above revisions to 10 CSR 10–6.110.

III. Have the requirements for approval of a SIP revision and Operating Permits Program been met?

IV. What action is the EPA taking?

We are proposing to approve the revisions to Missouri’s SIP and Missouri’s Operating Permits Program by approving the state’s request to revise 10 CSR 10–6.110, Reporting Emission Data, Emission Fees, and Process Information.

V. Incorporation by Reference

In this document, the EPA is proposing to include regulatory text in an EPA final rule that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, the EPA is proposing to incorporate by reference the Missouri Regulations described in the proposed amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below. The EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 7 Office (please contact the person identified in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section of this preamble for more information).

VI. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a).

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a).

Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, the EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011).

• Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866.

• Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

• Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

• Does not contain any unfunded mandate that significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);

• Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

• Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);

• Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);

• Is not subject to requirements of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTA) because this rulemaking does not involve technical standards; and

• Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

List of Subjects

40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

40 CFR Part 70

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Operating permits, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

James Gulliford,
Regional Administrator, Region 7.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the EPA proposes to amend 40 CFR parts 52 and 70 as set forth below:

PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.
PART 70—STATE OPERATING PERMIT PROGRAMS

3. The authority citation for part 70 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq.

Appendix A to Part 70—Approval Status of State and Local Operating Permits Programs

4. Appendix A to part 70 is amended by adding new paragraph (hh) under “Missouri” to read as follows: Missouri

(hh) The Missouri Department of Natural Resources submitted revisions to Missouri rule 10 CSR 10–6.110, “Reporting Emission Data, Emission Fees, and Process Information” on January 15, 2019. The state effective date is January 30, 2019. Approval of Section 3(A) of 10 CSR 10–6.110 is effective [date 30 days after date of publication of the final rule in the Federal Register].

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: Ohio has applied to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for final authorization of changes to its hazardous waste program under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), as amended. EPA has reviewed Ohio’s application and has determined that these changes satisfy all requirements needed to qualify for final authorization. Therefore, we are proposing to authorize the State’s changes. EPA seeks public comment prior to taking final action.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments by one of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the on-line instructions for submitting comments.
  • Email: gromnicki.jean@epa.gov.
  • Fax: (prior to faxing, please notify the EPA contact listed below).
  • Hand Delivery or Courier: Deliver your comments to Jean Gromnicki, LR–17J, U.S. EPA, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Regional Office’s normal hours of operation.
  • Instructions: EPA must receive your comments by July 11, 2019. Direct your comments to Docket ID Number EPA–R05–RCRA–2018–0375. EPA’s policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change and may be made available online at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI), or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit information that you consider to be CBI or otherwise protected through www.regulations.gov, or email. The federal www.regulations.gov website is an “anonymous access” system, which means EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. If you send an email comment directly to EPA without going through www.regulations.gov, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. If you submit an electronic comment, EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information unless you for clarification, EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification. EPA may not be able to consider your comment.

Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses. (For additional information about EPA’s public docket, visit the EPA Docket Center homepage at www.epa.gov/epahome/dockets.htm).

Docket: All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov.
index. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, will be publicly available only in hard copy. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically in www.regulations.gov, or in hard copy.

You can view and copy Ohio’s application and associated publicly available materials from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. at the following locations: U.S. EPA Region 5, LR−17J, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, contact: Jean Gromnicki (312) 886−6162; or Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, Lazarus Government Center, 50 West Town Street, Suite 700, Columbus, Ohio, contact: Katherine (Kit) Arthur (614) 644−2932.

Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA−R05−RCRA−2018−0375 at https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Once submitted, comments cannot be edited or removed from www.regulations.gov. EPA may publish any comment received to its public docket. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be CBI or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Multimedia submissions (audio, video, etc.) must be accompanied by a written comment. The written comment is considered the official comment and should include discussion of all points you wish to make. EPA will generally not consider comments or comment contents located outside of the primary submission (i.e., on the web, cloud, or other file sharing system). For additional submission methods, the full EPA public comment policy, information about CBI or multimedia submissions, and general guidance on making effective comments, please visit http://www2.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Why are revisions to State programs necessary?

States that have received final authorization from EPA under RCRA section 3006(b), 42 U.S.C. 6926(b), must maintain a hazardous waste program that is equivalent to, consistent with, and no less stringent than the Federal program. As the Federal program changes, states must change their programs and ask EPA to authorize the changes. Changes to state programs may be necessary when Federal or state statutory or regulatory authority is modified or when certain other changes occur. Most commonly, states must change their programs because of changes to EPA’s regulations in 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) parts 124, 260 through 268, 270, 273, and 279.

New Federal requirements and prohibitions imposed by Federal regulations that EPA promulgates pursuant to the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (HSWA) take effect in authorized states at the same time that they take effect in unauthorized states. Thus, EPA will implement those requirements and prohibitions in Ohio, including the issuance of new permits implementing those requirements, until the State is granted authorization to do so.

B. What decisions has EPA made in this rule?

On February 19, 2019, Ohio submitted a complete program revision application seeking authorization of changes to its hazardous waste program that correspond to certain Federal rules promulgated between July 1, 1987 and June 30, 2015 (including RCRA Clusters II and XXI through XXIV). EPA concludes that Ohio’s application to revise its authorized program meets all of the statutory and regulatory requirements established under RCRA, as set forth in RCRA section 3006(b), 42 U.S.C. 6926(b), and 40 CFR part 271. Therefore, EPA proposes to grant Ohio final authorization to operate its hazardous waste program with the changes described in the authorization application, and as outlined below in Section F of this document.

Ohio has responsibility for permitting treatment, storage, and disposal facilities within its borders (except in Indian country) and for carrying out the aspects of the RCRA program described in its revised program application, subject to the limitations of HSWA, as discussed above.

C. What is the effect of this proposed authorization decision?

If Ohio is authorized for the changes described in Ohio’s authorization application, these changes will become part of the authorized State hazardous waste program, and will therefore be federally enforceable. Ohio will continue to have primary enforcement responsibility for its State hazardous waste program. EPA would maintain its authorities under RCRA sections 3007, 3008, 3013, and 7003, including its authority to:
• Conduct inspections, and require monitoring, tests, analyses and reports;
• Enforce RCRA requirements, including authorized State program requirements, and suspend or revoke permits; and
• Take enforcement actions regardless of whether the State has taken its own actions.

This action will not impose additional requirements on the regulated community because the regulations which EPA is proposing to authorize Ohio are already effective under state law, and are not changed by today’s proposed action.

D. What happens if EPA receives comments that oppose this action?

If EPA receives comments on this proposed action, we will address all such comments in a later final rule. You may not have another opportunity to comment. If you want to comment on this authorization, you should do so at this time.

E. What has Ohio previously been authorized for?


F. What changes are we proposing with today’s action?

On February 19, 2019, Ohio submitted a final complete program revision application, seeking authorization of changes to its hazardous waste management program in accordance with 40 CFR 271.21. EPA proposes to determine, subject to receipt of written comments that oppose this action, that Ohio’s hazardous waste program revisions are equivalent to, consistent with, and no less stringent than the federal program, and therefore satisfy all of the requirements necessary to qualify
for final authorization. Therefore, EPA is proposing to authorize Ohio for the following program changes:

### Table 1—Ohio's Analog to the Federal Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of Federal Requirement</th>
<th>Federal Register date and page</th>
<th>Analogous state authority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Table 2—Equivalent State Initiated Changes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of Federal Requirement</th>
<th>Federal Register date and page</th>
<th>Analogous state authority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

VerDate Sep<11>2014 16:27 Jun 10, 2019 Jkt 247001 PO 00000 Frm 00018 Fmt 4702 Sfmt 4702 E:\FR\FM\11JNP1.SGM 11JNP1
G. Where are the revised State rules different from the Federal rules?

Ohio has excluded the non-delegable federal requirements at 40 CFR 268.5, 268.6, 268.42(b), 268.44, and 270.3. EPA will continue to implement those requirements. Only recently receiving the statutory authority, Ohio has not adopted the rules for Subparts AA, BB and CC of 40 CFR part 264. Until Ohio is authorized for such rules, the federal rules at 40 CFR part 264 subpart AA, BB and CC, and Part 265 subpart AA, BB and CC, which are promulgated under HSWA, still apply in Ohio.

Broader in Scope Rules

Ohio has added three new types of Universal Waste (UW) to their existing UW Rule. They are Paint and Paint-Related Waste, Antifreeze and Non-Empty Aerosol Containers that are not already regulated as hazardous waste. Since Ohio is adding universal wastes EPA does not regulate under RCRA subtitle C, these additions are considered broader in scope and, as noted above, Ohio is not seeking authorization for them.

H. Who handles permits after the final authorization takes effect?

When the Final Authorization takes effect, Ohio will issue permits for all the provisions for which it is authorized and administer the permits it issues. EPA will continue to administer any RCRA hazardous waste permits or portions of permits which EPA issues prior to the effective date of the proposed authorization until they expire or are terminated. EPA will not issue any new permits or new portions of permits for the provisions listed in the Table above after the effective date of the authorization. EPA will continue to...
implement and issue permits for HSWA requirements for which Ohio is not yet authorized. EPA has the authority to enforce state-issued permits after the State is authorized.

I. How does today’s action affect Indian country (18 U.S.C. 1151) in Ohio?

Ohio is not authorized to carry out its hazardous waste program in Indian country within the State, which includes:

- All lands within the exterior boundaries of Indian reservations within or abutting the State of Ohio;
- Any land held in trust by the U.S. for an Indian tribe; and
- Any other land, whether on or off an Indian reservation, that qualifies as Indian country.

Therefore, this action has no effect on Indian country. EPA retains jurisdiction over Indian country and will continue to implement and administer the RCRA program on these lands.

J. What is codification and will EPA codify Ohio’s hazardous waste program as proposed in this rule?

Codification is the process of placing citations and references to the State’s statutes and regulations that comprise the State’s authorized hazardous waste program into the Code of Federal Regulations. EPA does this by adding those citations and references to the authorized State rules in 40 CFR part 272. EPA is not proposing to codify the authorization of Ohio’s changes at this time. However, EPA reserves the ability to amend 40 CFR part 272, subpart KK for the authorization of Ohio’s program changes at a later date.

K. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted this action from the requirements of Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011). This action proposes to authorize State requirements for the purpose of RCRA section 3006 and imposes no additional requirements beyond those imposed by State law. Therefore, this action is not subject to review by OMB. This action is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, March 2, 2017) regulatory action because actions such as today’s proposed authorization of Ohio’s revised hazardous waste program under RCRA are exempted under Executive Order 12866. Accordingly, I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.). Because this action proposes to authorize pre-existing requirements under State law and does not impose any additional enforceable duty beyond that required by State law, it does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538). For the same reason, this action also does not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of tribal governments, as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, September 11, 2000). This action will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999), because it merely proposes to authorize State requirements as part of the State RCRA hazardous waste program without altering the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established by RCRA. This action also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because it is not economically significant and it does not make decisions based on environmental health or safety risks. This action is not subject to Executive Order 13211, “Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use” (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001) because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

Under RCRA section 3006(b), EPA grants a state’s application for authorization as long as the state meets the criteria required by RCRA. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a state authorization application, to require the use of any particular voluntary consensus standard in place of another standard that otherwise satisfies the requirements of RCRA. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. As required by section 3 of Executive Order 12988 (61 FR 4729, February 7, 1996), in proposing this rule, EPA has taken the necessary steps to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguity, minimize potential litigation, and provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct. EPA has compiled with Executive Order 12630 (53 FR 8859, March 15, 1988) by examining the takings implications of this action in accordance with the “Attorney General’s Supplemental Guidelines for the Evaluation of Risk and Avoidance of Unanticipated Takings” issued under the executive order. This action does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). “Burden” is defined at 5 CFR 1320.3(b). Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994) establishes federal executive policy on environmental justice. Its main provision directs federal agencies, to the greatest extent practicable and permitted by law, to make environmental justice part of their mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of their programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations in the United States. Because this action proposes authorization of pre-existing State rules which are at least equivalent to, and no less stringent than existing federal requirements, and imposes no additional requirements beyond those imposed by State law, and there are no anticipated significant adverse human health or environmental effects, this proposed rule is not subject to Executive Order 12898.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 271

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Hazardous waste, Hazardous waste transportation, Indian lands, Intergovernmental relations, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: This action is issued under the authority of sections 2002(a) and 7004(b) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6912(a), 6926, and 6974(b).

Dated: May 21, 2019.

Cheryl L. Newton,
Acting Regional Administrator, Region 5.

[FR Doc. 2019–12180 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 721


RIN 2070–AB27

Significant New Use Rules on Certain Chemical Substances (19–2.B)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
SUMMARY: EPA is proposing significant new use rules (SNURs) under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) for 8 chemical substances which are the subject of premanufacture notices (PMNs). This action would require persons to notify EPA at least 90 days before commencing manufacture (defined by statute to include import) or processing of any of these 8 chemical substances for an activity that is designated as a significant new use by this proposed rule. If this proposed rule is made final, persons may not commence manufacture or processing for the significant new use until they have submitted a Significant New Use Notice, and EPA has conducted a review of the notice, made an appropriate determination on the notice, and has taken any actions as are required as a result of that determination.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2019–0263, by one of the following methods:
- Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.
- Hand Delivery: To make special arrangements for hand delivery or delivery of boxed information, please follow the instructions at http://www.epa.gov/dockets/contacts.html. Additional instructions on commenting or visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at http://www.epa.gov/dockets.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For technical information contact: Kenneth Moss, Chemical Control Division (7405M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–9232; email address: moss.kenneth@epa.gov.

For general information contact: The TSCA-Hotline, ABVI-Goodwill, 422 South Clinton Ave., Rochester, NY 14620; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; email address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information
A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you manufacture, process, or use the chemical substances contained in this proposed rule. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:
- Manufacturers or processors of one or more subject chemical substances (NAICS codes 325 and 324110), e.g., chemical manufacturing and petroleum refineries.

This action may also affect certain entities through pre-existing import certification and export notification rules under TSCA. Chemical importers are subject to the TSCA section 13 (15 U.S.C. 2612) import certification requirements promulgated at 19 CFR 12.118 through 12.127 and 19 CFR 127.28. Chemical importers must certify that the shipment of the chemical substance complies with all applicable rules and orders under TSCA. Importers of chemicals subject to these proposed SNURs would need to certify their compliance with the SNUR requirements should these proposed rules be finalized. The EPA policy in support of import certification appears at 40 CFR part 707, subpart B. In addition, pursuant to 40 CFR 721.20, any persons who export or intend to export a chemical substance that is the subject of this proposed rule on or after July 11, 2019 are subject to the export notification provisions of TSCA section 12(b) (15 U.S.C. 2611(b)) and must comply with the export notification requirements in 40 CFR part 707, subpart D.

B. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?

1. Submitting CBI. Do not submit CBI to EPA through regulations.gov or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD–ROM that you mail to EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD–ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD–ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket.

II. Background
A. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is proposing these SNURs under TSCA section 5(a)(2) for 8 chemical substances which were the subjects of PMNs P–16–425, P–18–125, P–18–228, P–18–234, P–18–270, P–18–322, P–19–4, and P–19–34. These proposed SNURs would require persons who intend to manufacture or process any of these chemical substances for an activity that is designated as a significant new use to notify EPA at least 90 days before commencing that activity.

The record for the proposed SNURs on these chemicals was established as docket EPA–H–OPPT–2019–0263. That record includes information considered by the Agency in developing these proposed SNURs.

B. What is the Agency’s authority for taking this action?

Section 5(a)(2) of TSCA (15 U.S.C. 2604(a)(2)) authorizes EPA to determine that a use of a chemical substance is a “significant new use.” EPA must make this determination by rule after considering all relevant factors, including the four bulleted TSCA section 5(a)(2) factors listed in Unit III. Once EPA determines that a use of a chemical substance is a significant new use, TSCA section 5(a)(1)(B)(i) (15 U.S.C. 2604(a)(1)(B)(i)) requires persons to submit a significant new use notice (SNUN) to EPA at least 90 days before they manufacture or process the chemical substance for that use. TSCA prohibits such manufacturing or processing from commencing until EPA has conducted a review of the SNUN, made an appropriate determination on the SNUN, and taken such actions as are required in association with that determination (15 U.S.C. 2604(a)(1)(B)(ii)). As described in Unit V., the general SNUR provisions are found at 40 CFR part 721, subpart A.

C. Applicability of General Provisions

General provisions for SNURs appear in 40 CFR part 721, subpart A. These provisions describe persons subject to the rule, recordkeeping requirements, exemptions to reporting requirements, and applicability of the rule to uses occurring before the effective date of the rule. Provisions relating to user fees
appear at 40 CFR part 700. Pursuant to § 721.1(c), persons subject to these SNURs must comply with the same SNUN requirements and EPA regulatory procedures as submitters of PMNs under TSCA section 5(a)(1)(A) (15 U.S.C. 2604(a)(1)(A)). In particular, these requirements include the information submission requirements of TSCA sections 5(b) and 5(d)(1) (15 U.S.C. 2604(b) and 2604(d)(1)), the exemptions authorized by TSCA sections 5(h)(1), 5(h)(2), 5(h)(3), and 5(h)(5) and the regulations at 40 CFR part 720. Once EPA receives a SNUN, EPA must either determine that the significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk of injury or take such regulatory action as is associated with an alternative determination before the manufacture or processing for the significant new use can commence. If EPA determines that the significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk, EPA is required under TSCA section 5(g) to make public, and submit for publication in the Federal Register, a statement of EPA’s findings.

III. Significant New Use Determination

Section 5(a)(2) of TSCA states that EPA’s determination that a use of a chemical substance is a significant new use must be made after consideration of all relevant factors, including:

- The projected volume of manufacturing and processing of a chemical substance.
- The extent to which a use changes the type or form of exposure of human beings or the environment to a chemical substance.
- The extent to which a use increases the magnitude and duration of exposure of human beings or the environment to a chemical substance.
- The reasonably anticipated manner and methods of manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and disposal of a chemical substance.

In addition to these factors enumerated in TSCA section 5(a)(2), the statute authorizes EPA to consider any other relevant factors.

To determine what would constitute significant new uses for the chemical substances that are the subject of these SNURs, EPA considered relevant information about the toxicity of the chemical substances, and potential human exposures and environmental releases that may be associated with the conditions of use of the substances, in the context of the four bulleted TSCA section 5(a)(2) factors listed in this unit.

IV. Substances Subject to This Proposed Rule

EPA is proposing significant new use and recordkeeping requirements for 8 chemical substances in 40 CFR part 721, subpart E. In this unit, EPA provides the following information for each chemical substance:

- **PMN number.**
- **Chemical name (generic name, if the specific name is claimed as CBI).**
- **Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry number (if assigned for non-confidential chemical identities).**
- **Basis for the SNUR.**
- **Additional information identified by EPA that would help characterize the potential health and/or environmental effects of the chemical substances if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use designated by the SNUR.**

This information may include testing not required to be conducted but which would help characterize the potential health and/or environmental effects of the SNUR.

- **Basis for action:** The SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of this protective measure.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of this protective measure.

**Potentially useful information:** EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUR for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of specific target organ toxicity or pulmonary effects, reproductive/developmental toxicity, neurotoxicity and skin sensitization testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.

**CFR citation:** 40 CFR 721.11258.

**PMN Number:** P–18–125

**Chemical name:** Oxoalkylcarboxylic acid, sodium salt (generic).

**CAS number:** Not available.

**Basis for action:** The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a chemical reactant used in manufacturing a polymer. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for irritation, lung effects, developmental effects, neurotoxicity, liver effects and skin sensitization if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:

1. Use other than as a chemical intermediate.

   The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a reagent in coating material. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for irritation, lung effects, developmental effects, neurotoxicity and skin sensitization if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:

   **PMN Number:** P–16–425

   **Chemical name:** Amino-silane (generic).

   **CAS number:** Not available.

   **Basis for action:** The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a chemical reactant used in manufacturing a polymer. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for irritation, lung effects, developmental effects, neurotoxicity, liver effects and skin sensitization if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:

   **PMN Number:** P–16–425

   **Chemical name:** Oxoalkylcarboxylic acid, sodium salt (generic).

   **CAS number:** Not available.

   **Basis for action:** The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a chemical reactant used in manufacturing a polymer. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for irritation, lung effects, developmental effects, neurotoxicity, liver effects and skin sensitization if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:
substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measures:

1. No manufacture of the PMN substance in the United States (i.e., import only); and
2. No use other than the confidential use described in the PMN.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of these protective measures.

Potentially useful information: EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of irritation and sensitization testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.


PMN Number: P–18–228

Chemical name: Branched alkenyl acid, alkyl ester, homopolymer (generic).
CAS number: Not available.
Basis for action: The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a tackifier. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for eye irritation, neurotoxicity, systemic, blood, respiratory and cardiovascular effects and developmental toxicity if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measures:

1. No use other than the confidential use identified in the PMN; and
2. No manufacture, processing or use of the PMN substance in any manner that results in inhalation exposures.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of these protective measures.

Potentially useful information: EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of specific target organ toxicity, pulmonary effects, developmental toxicity, and neurotoxicity testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.


PMN Number: P–18–234

Chemical name: Alkenoic acid, reaction products with bis substituted alkane and ether polyol (generic).
CAS number: Not available.
Basis for action: The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a coating component. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for skin and eye irritation and sensitization if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:

1. No use of the PMN substance involving spray application that results in inhalation exposures.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of this protective measure.

Potentially useful information: EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of toxicokinetics, specific target organ toxicity, skin irritation, and reproductive toxicity testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.


PMN Number: P–18–322

Chemical name: Heteromonomocyclo, 4,6-dimethyl-2-(1-phenylethyl)- (generic).
CAS number: Not available.
Basis for action: The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as a fragrance ingredient in consumer products. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and test data on the PMN substance, EPA has identified concerns for skin irritation and sensitization and gastrointestinal tract effects, liver and thyroid toxicity and blood effects if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measures:

1. No manufacture of the PMN substance in the United States (i.e., import only); and
2. No processing (formulation) to a concentration of greater than 5% of the PMN substance by weight.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of these protective measures.

Potentially useful information: EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR.
SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of specific target organ toxicity testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.

**CFR citation:** 40 CFR 721.11264.

**PMN Number:** P–19–4

**Chemical name:** Aromatic dianhydride, polymer with aromatic diamine and heteroatom bridged aromatic diamine, reaction products with aromatic anhydride (generic).

**CAS number:** Not available.

**Basis for action:** The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as molded parts and components. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for lung overload if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measure:

1. No manufacture, processing or use of the PMN substance in any manner that results in inhalation exposures.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of this protective measure.

**Potentially useful information:** EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of pulmonary effects testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.

**CFR citation:** 40 CFR 721.11265.

**PMN Number:** P–19–34

**Chemical name:** Metal, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-kO2,kO4)- (T-4)-diamine and heteroatom bridged dianhydride, polymer with aromatic anhydride (generic).

**CAS number:** Not available.

**Basis for action:** The PMN states that the generic (non-confidential) use of the substance will be as molded parts and components. Based on the physical/chemical properties of the PMN substance and Structure Activity Relationships (SAR) analysis of test data on analogous substances, EPA has identified concerns for eye irritation, neurotoxicity, immunotoxicity, and reproductive/developmental effects, blood, liver, kidney, GI and respiratory effects if the chemical substance is not used following the limitations noted. The conditions of use of the PMN substance as described in the PMN include the following protective measures:

1. No manufacture of the PMN substance in the United States (i.e., import only); and
2. No use other than the confidential use described in the PMN including the engineering controls for processing and use as described in the PMN.

The proposed SNUR would designate as a “significant new use” the absence of these protective measures.

**Potentially useful information:** EPA has determined that certain information about the human health toxicity of the PMN substance may be potentially useful to characterize the health effects of the PMN substance if a manufacturer or processor is considering submitting a SNUN for a significant new use that would be designated by this proposed SNUR. EPA has determined that the results of specific target organ toxicity, reproductive/developmental toxicity, and neurotoxicity testing would help characterize the potential health effects of the PMN substance.

**CFR citation:** 40 CFR 721.11266.

V. Rationale and Objectives of the Proposed Rule

A. Rationale

During review of the PMNs submitted for the chemical substances that are the subject of these proposed SNURs and as further discussed in Unit IV, EPA identified certain reasonably foreseen changes from the conditions of use identified in the PMNs and determined that those changes could result in changes in the type or form of exposure to the chemical substances and/or increased exposures to the chemical substances and/or changes in the reasonably anticipated manner and methods of manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, and disposal of the chemical substances.

B. Objectives

EPA is proposing SNURs for 8 specific chemical substances which are undergoing premanufacture review because the Agency wants to achieve the following objectives with regard to the significant new uses that would be designated in this proposed rule:

- EPA would have an opportunity to review and evaluate data submitted in a SNUN before the notice submitter begins manufacturing or processing a listed chemical substance for the described significant new use.
- EPA would be obligated to make a determination under TSCA section 5(a)(3) regarding the use described in the SNUN, under the conditions of use.

The Agency will either determine under section 5(a)(3)(C) that the significant new use is not likely to present an unreasonable risk, including an unreasonable risk to a potentially exposed or susceptible subpopulation identified as relevant by the Administrator under the conditions of use, or make a determination under section 5(a)(3)(A) or (B) and take the required regulatory action associated with the determination, before manufacture or processing for the significant new use of the chemical substance can occur.

Issuance of a proposed SNUR for a chemical substance does not signify that the chemical substance is listed on the TSCA Inventory. Guidance on how to determine if a chemical substance is on the TSCA Inventory is available on the internet at http://www.epa.gov/opptintr/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/index.html.

VI. Applicability of the Proposed Rules to Uses Occurring Before the Effective Date of the Final Rule

To establish a significant new use, EPA must determine that the use is not ongoing. The chemical substances subject to this proposed rule were undergoing premanufacture review at the time of signature of this proposed rule and were not on the TSCA Inventory. In cases where EPA has not received a notice of commencement (NOC) and the chemical substance has not been added to the TSCA Inventory, no person may commence such activities without first submitting a PMN. Therefore, for the chemical substances subject to these proposed SNURs, EPA concludes that the proposed significant new uses are not ongoing.

EPA designates June 6, 2019 as the cutoff date for determining whether the new use is ongoing. The objective of EPA’s approach is to ensure that a person cannot defeat a SNUR by initiating a significant new use before the effective date of the final rule.

Persons who begin commercial manufacture or processing of the chemical substances for a significant new use identified on or after that date would have to cease any such activity upon the effective date of the final rule. To resume their activities, these persons would have to first comply with all applicable SNUR notification requirements and EPA would have to take action under section 5 allowing manufacture or processing to proceed.
VII. Development and Submission of Information

EPA recognizes that TSCA section 5 does not require development of any particular new information (e.g., generating test data) before submission of a SNUN. There is an exception: If a person is required to submit information for a chemical substance pursuant to a rule, order or consent agreement under TSCA section 4 (15 U.S.C. 2603), then TSCA section 5(b)(1)(A) (15 U.S.C. 2604(b)(1)(A)) requires such information to be submitted to EPA at the time of submission of the SNUN. In the absence of a rule, order, or consent agreement under TSCA section 4 covering the chemical substance, persons are required only to submit information in their possession or control and to describe any other information known to or reasonably ascertainable by them (see 40 CFR 720.50). However, upon review of PMNs and SNUNs, the Agency has the authority to require appropriate testing. Unit IV, lists potentially useful information for all SNURs listed here. Descriptions are provided for informational purposes. The potentially useful information identified in Unit IV, will be useful to EPA’s evaluation in the event that someone submits a SNUN for the significant new use. Companies who are considering submitting a SNUN are encouraged, but not required, to develop the information on the substance, which may assist with EPA’s analysis of the SNUN.

EPA strongly encourages persons, before performing any testing, to consult with the Agency pertaining to protocol selection. Furthermore, pursuant to TSCA section 4(h), which pertains to reduction of testing in vertebrate animals, EPA encourages consultation with the Agency on the use of alternative test methods and strategies (also called New Approach Methodologies, or NAMs), if available, to generate the recommended test data. EPA encourages dialog with Agency representatives to help determine how best the submitter can meet both the data needs and the objective of TSCA section 4(h).

The potentially useful information described in Unit IV, may not be the only means of providing information to evaluate the chemical substance associated with the significant new uses. However, submitting a SNUN without any test data may increase the likelihood that EPA will take action under TSCA section 5(e) or 5(f). EPA recommends that potential SNUN submitters contact EPA early enough so that they will be able to conduct the appropriate tests. SNUN submitters should be aware that EPA will be better able to evaluate SNUNs which provide detailed information on the following:

- Human exposure and environmental release that may result from the significant new use of the chemical substances.
- Information on risks posed by the chemical substances compared to risks posed by potential substitutes.

VIII. SNUN Submissions

According to 40 CFR 721.1(c), persons submitting a SNUN must comply with the same notification requirements and EPA regulatory procedures as persons submitting a PMN, including submission of test data on health and environmental effects as described in 40 CFR 720.50. SNUNs must be submitted on EPA Form No. 7710–25, generated using e-PMN software, and submitted to the Agency in accordance with the procedures set forth in 40 CFR 720.40 and 721.25. E-PMN software is available electronically at https://www.epa.gov/reviewing-new-chemicals-under-toxic-substances-control-act-tsc.

IX. Economic Analysis

EPA has evaluated the potential costs of establishing SNUN requirements for potential manufacturers and processors of the chemical substances subject to this proposed rule. EPA’s complete economic analysis is available in the docket under docket ID number EPA–HQ–OPPT–2019–0263.

X. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Additional information about these statutes and Executive Orders can be found at https://www.epa.gov/laws-regulations-and-executive-orders.

A. Executive Order 12866: Regulatory Planning and Review and Executive Order 13563: Improving Regulations and Regulatory Review

This proposed rule would establish SNURs for 8 new chemical substances that were the subject of PMNs. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has exempted these types of actions from review under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011).

B. Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)

According to the PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq., an Agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information that requires OMB approval under PRA, unless it has been approved by OMB and displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control numbers for EPA’s regulations in title 40 of the CFR, after appearing in the Federal Register, are listed in 40 CFR part 9, and included on the related collection instrument or form, if applicable. The information collection requirements related to this action have already been approved by OMB pursuant to PRA under OMB control number 2070–0012 (EPA ICR No. 574). This action does not impose any burden requiring additional OMB approval. If an entity were to submit a SNUN to the Agency, the annual burden is estimated to average between 30 and 170 hours per response. This burden estimate includes the time needed to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed, and complete, review, and submit the required SNUN.

send any comments about the accuracy of the burden estimate, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including through the use of automated collection techniques, to the Director, Regulatory Support Division, Office of Mission Support (2822T), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001. Please remember to include the OMB control number in any correspondence, but do not submit any completed forms to this address.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA)

Pursuant to section 605(b) of the RFA, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq., the Agency hereby certifies that promulgation of this proposed SNUR would not have a significant adverse economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The requirement to submit a SNUN applies to any person (including small or large entities) who intends to engage in any activity described in the final rule as a “significant new use.” Because these uses are “new,” based on all information currently available to EPA, it appears that no small or large entities presently engage in such activities. A SNUR requires that any person who intends to engage in such activity in the future must first notify EPA by submitting a SNUN. Although some small entities may decide to pursue a significant new use in the future, EPA cannot presently determine how many, if any, there may be. However, EPA’s experience to date is that, in response to the promulgation of SNURs covering over 1,000 chemicals, the Agency receives only a small number of notices per year. For example, the number of
SNUNs received was seven in Federal fiscal year (FY) 2013, 13 in FY2014, six in FY2015, 12 in FY2016, 13 in FY2017, and 11 in FY2018, only a fraction of these were from small businesses. In addition, the Agency currently offers relief to qualifying small businesses by reducing the SNUN submission fee from $16,000 to $2,800. This lower fee reduces the total reporting and recordkeeping of cost of submitting a SNUN to about $10,116 for qualifying small firms. Therefore, the potential economic impacts of complying with this proposed SNUR are not expected to be significant or adversely impact a substantial number of small entities. In a SNUR that published in the Federal Register of June 2, 1997 (62 FR 29684) (FRL-5597-1), the Agency presented its general determination that final SNURs are not expected to have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, which was provided to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

D. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA)

Based on EPA’s experience with proposing and finalizing SNURs, State, local, and Tribal governments have not been impacted by these rulemakings, and EPA does not have any reasons to believe that any State, local, or Tribal government will be impacted by this proposed rule. As such, EPA has determined that this proposed rule does not impose any enforceable duty, contain any unfunded mandate, or otherwise have any effect on small governments subject to the requirements of UMRA sections 202, 203, 204, or 205 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538 et seq.).

E. Executive Order 13132: Federalism

This action would not have a substantial direct effect on States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999).

F. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments

This proposed rule would not have Tribal implications because it is not expected to have substantial direct effects on Indian Tribes. This proposed rule would not significantly nor uniquely affect the communities of Indian Tribal governments, nor does it involve or impose any requirements that affect Indian Tribes. Accordingly, the requirements of Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), do not apply to this proposed rule.

G. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children From Environmental Health and Safety Risks

This action is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because this is not an economically significant regulatory action as defined by Executive Order 12866, and this action does not address environmental health or safety risks disproportionately affecting children.

H. Executive Order 13211: Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use

This proposed rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001), because this action is not expected to affect energy supply, distribution, or use and because this action is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

I. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA)

In addition, since this action does not involve any technical standards, NTTAA section 12(d), 15 U.S.C. 272 notes, does not apply to this action.

J. Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations

This action does not entail special considerations of environmental justice related issues as delineated by Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 721

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Hazardous substances, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.


Tala Henry,
Deputy Director, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

Therefore, it is proposed that 40 CFR part 721 be amended as follows:

PART 721—[AMENDED]

§ 721.12258 Amino-silane (generic).

§ 721.1260 Oxoalkylicarboxylic acid, sodium salt (generic).

§ 721.1261 Branched alkyl ester, homopolymer (generic).

§ 721.1262 Alkenoic acid, reaction products with bis substituted alkane and ether polyol (generic).

§ 721.1263 Ethanol, 2-butoxy-1,1'-ester (generic).

§ 721.1264 Heteromonomer, 4,6-dimethyl-2-(4-phenyl)ethyl) (generic).

§ 721.1265 Aromatic dianhydride, polymer with aromatic diamine and heteroatom bridged aromatic diamine, reaction products with aromatic anhydride (generic).

§ 721.1266 Metal, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-kO2,kO4)- (74) (generic).

Subpart E—Significant New Uses for Specific Chemical Substances

§ 721.1258 Amino-silane (generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

(1) The chemical substance identified generically as amino-silane (PMN P–16–425) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(g).

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

(1) Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in § 721.125(a) though (c) and (i), are applicable to manufacturers and processors of this substance.

(2) Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

§ 721.1260 Oxoalkylicarboxylic acid, sodium salt (generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

(1) The chemical substance generically identified as oxoalkylicarboxylic acid, sodium salt (P–16–125) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, Commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(f) and (j).

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

(1) Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in
§ 721.125(a) through (c), and (i) are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

2 Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

(3) Determining whether a specific use is subject to this section. The provisions of § 721.1725(b)(1) apply to paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section.

§ 721.11261 Branched alkenyl acid, alkyl ester, homopolymer (generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

1 The chemical substance generically identified as branched alkenyl acid, alkyl ester, homopolymer (P–18–228) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, Commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(f). It is a significant new use to process (formulate) the substance to a concentration of greater than 5% by weight.

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

1 Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in § 721.125(a) through (c), (i), (j) and (k) are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

2 Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

§ 721.11263 Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1,1′-ester (generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

1 The chemical substance generically identified as ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1,1′-ester (P–18–270) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, Commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(f). It is a significant new use to use the substance for other than an active co-solvent for solvent-based coatings; a coalescent for industrial water-based coatings; a coupling agent and solvent for industrial cleaners, rust removers, hard surface cleaners and disinfectants; and a primary solvent in solvent-based silk screen printing inks.

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

1 Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in § 721.125(a) through (c), and (i) are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

2 Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

§ 721.11264 Heteromonomer, 4,6-dimethyl-2-(1-phenylethyl)-(generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

1 The chemical substance generically identified as heteromonomer, 4,6-dimethyl-2-(1-phenylethyl)-(P–18–322) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, Commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(f). It is a significant new use to process (formulate) the substance to a concentration of greater than 5% by weight.

(ii) [Reserved]

(b) Specific requirements. The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph (b).

1 Recordkeeping. Recordkeeping requirements as specified in § 721.125(a) through (c), (i), and (k) are applicable to manufacturers, importers, and processors of this substance.

2 Limitations or revocation of certain notification requirements. The provisions of § 721.185 apply to this section.

§ 721.11266 Metal, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-ko2,ko4)-(T-4)-(generic).

(a) Chemical substance and significant new uses subject to reporting.

1 The chemical substance generically identified as metal, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-ko2,ko4)-(T-4)-(P–19–34) is subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) The significant new uses are:

(i) Industrial, Commercial, and consumer activities. Requirements as specified in § 721.80(f) and (j). It is a significant new use to process or use the substance without the engineering controls described in the premanufacture notice.
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

42 CFR Parts 482 and 485

[CMS–3295–RCN]

RIN 0938–AS21

Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Hospital and Critical Access Hospital (CAH) Changes To Promote Innovation, Flexibility, and Improvement in Patient Care; Extension of Timeline for Publication of the Final Rule

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

ACTION: Extension of timeline for publication of a final rule.

SUMMARY: This document announces the extension of the timeline for publication of the “Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Hospital and Critical Access Hospital (CAH) Changes to Promote Innovation, Flexibility, and Improvement in Patient Care” final rule.

We are issuing this document in accordance with section 1871(a)(3)(B) of the Act, which requires notice to be provided in the Federal Register if there are exceptional circumstances that cause us to publish a final rule more than 3 years after the publication date of the proposed rule. In this case, the complexity of the rule, its substantive nature, and the scope of comments received all warrant the extension of the timeline for publication.

DATES: As of June 7, 2019, the timeline for publication of the final rule to finalize the provisions of the June 16, 2016 proposed rule (81 FR 39447) is extended until June 16, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: CAPT Scott Cooper, USPHS, (410) 786–9465.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Section 1871(a)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (the Secretary), in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), to establish a regular timeline for the publication of a final rule based on the previous publication of a proposed rule or an interim final rule.

Section 1871(a)(3)(B) of the Act allows the timeline for publishing Medicare final regulations to vary based on the complexity of the regulation, the number and scope of comments received, and other related factors. The timeline for publishing the final rule, however, cannot exceed 3 years from the date of publishing the proposed regulation unless there are exceptional circumstances. The Secretary may extend the initial targeted publication date of the final rule if the Secretary provides public notice thereof, including a brief explanation of the justification for the variation, no later than the rule’s previously established proposed publication date.

After consultation with the Director of OMB, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), through the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), published a notice in the December 30, 2004 Federal Register (69 FR 78442) establishing a general 3-year timeline for publishing Medicare final rules after the publication of a proposed or interim final rule.

II. Notice of Continuation

Sections 1861(e)(1) through (8) of the Act provide that a hospital participating in the Medicare program must meet certain specified requirements. Section 1861(e)(9) of the Act specifies that a hospital also must meet such other requirements as the Secretary finds necessary in the interest of the health and safety of individuals furnished services in the institution. Under this authority, the Secretary has established regulatory requirements that a CAH must meet to participate in Medicare at 42 CFR part 482, Conditions of Participation (CoPs) for Hospitals. Section 1905(a) of the Act provides that Medicare payments from States may be applied to hospital services. Under regulations at 42 CFR 440.10(a)(3)(iii) and § 440.20(a)(3)(ii), hospitals are required to meet the Medicare CoPs in order to participate in Medicaid.

On May 26, 1993, CMS published a final rule in the Federal Register entitled “Medicare Program: Essential Access Community Hospitals (EACHs) and Rural Primary Care Hospitals (RPCHs)” (58 FR 30630) that implemented sections 6003(g) and 6116 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1989 and section 4008(d) of OBRA 1990. That rule established requirements for the EACH and RPCH providers that participated in the seven-state demonstration program that was designed to improve access to hospital and other health services for rural residents.

Sections 1820 and 1861(mm) of the Act, as amended by section 4201 of the Balanced Budget Act (BBA) of 1997, replaced the EACH/RPCH program with the Medicare Rural Hospital Flexibility Program (MRHFP), under which a qualifying facility can be designated and certified as a Critical Access Hospital (CAH). CAHs participating in the MRHFP must meet the conditions for designation specified in the statute under section 1820(c)(2)(B) of the Act, and to be certified must also meet other criteria the Secretary may require, under section 1820(e)(3) of the Act. Under this authority, the Secretary has established regulatory requirements that a CAH must meet to participate in Medicare at 42 CFR part 485, subpart F. In the June 16, 2016 Federal Register (81 FR 39447), we published a proposed rule entitled, “Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Hospital and Critical Access Hospital (CAH) Changes to Promote Innovation, Flexibility, and Improvement in Patient Care,” which would update the requirements that hospitals and CAHs must meet to participate in the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Consistent with section 1871(a)(3)(B) of the Act, the final rule for the June 16, 2016 proposed rule was to be published by June 14, 2019.

The revisions contained in the June 16, 2016 proposed rule were intended to conform the requirements to current standards of practice and support improvements in quality of care, reduce barriers to care, and reduce some issues that may exacerbate workforce shortage concerns. In response to the proposed rule, we received 200 public comments. Commenters included individuals, healthcare professionals and corporations, national associations and coalitions, state health departments, patient advocacy organizations, and individual facilities that would be impacted by the regulation. Generally, most comments centered on expressing
support for the regulatory changes, especially those concerning use of the term “licensed independent practitioner,” aspects of those aimed at infection control and antibiotic stewardship, and those focused on reducing burden and costs for CAHs in the provision of dietary and nutritional services while increasing the effectiveness and benefits of those vital services for patients. However, some commenters expressed concern that we underestimated the time and effort required for compliance with the antibiotic stewardship and Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement (QAPI) requirements, especially for smaller hospitals, including CAHs. Commenters requested a delayed implementation for these particular requirements.

This document announces an extension of the timeline for publication of the final rule due to exceptional circumstances. We were not able to meet the 3-year timeline for the publication of the final rule due to the complexity and substantive nature of the provisions proposed in the June 16, 2016 proposed rule. Additional time is needed to fully consider all the comments and provisions, and to ensure that we most appropriately modernize and revise the requirements of the CoPs for hospitals and CAHs. Some of these proposed changes include provisions to address—(1) use of the term “Licensed Independent Practitioners”; (2) requirements that do not fully conform to current standards for infection control; (3) requirements for antibiotic stewardship programs to help reduce inappropriate antibiotic use and antimicrobial resistance; (4) the use of quality reporting program data by hospital QAPI programs; (5) a new requirement for CAHs that mirrors the existing QAPI requirements for hospitals; and (6) a new provision that would allow CAHs to grant qualified dietitians and nutrition professionals ordering privileges for dietary services, mirroring an existing provision in the hospital CoPs.

As stated in the Fall 2018 Unified Agenda of Regulatory and Deregulatory Actions (https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/eAgendaViewRule?pubId=201810&RIN=0938–AS21), we may finalize the June 16, 2016 proposed rule by merging some of the provisions into other related rulemaking documents. Currently, we are reviewing comments to determine whether to finalize at least one of the provisions from the June 16, 2016 proposed rule regarding patient rights in hospitals. We plan to address the remaining provisions of the June 16, 2016 proposed rule in future rulemaking.

We stress that our decision in this matter to extend the timeline for issuing a final rule should not be viewed as a diminution of the Department’s commitment to timely and effective rulemaking. Our goal remains to publish, as expeditiously as feasible, a final rule that supports improvements in the quality of patient care through adoption of current standards of practice, while also minimizing the burden on providers to the maximum possible extent. At this time, we believe we can best achieve this balance by issuing this continuation document. Therefore, this document extends the timeline to finalize the provisions in the June 16, 2016 proposed rule for 1 year, until June 16, 2020.

III. Collection of Information

This document does not impose information collection requirements, that is, reporting, recordkeeping or third-party disclosure requirements. Consequently, there is no need for review by the OMB under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

Dated: May 6, 2019.

Ann C. Agnew,
Executive Secretary to the Department, Department of Health and Human Services.

[FR Doc. 2019–12216 Filed 6–7–19; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE 4120–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

42 CFR Ch. IV

[CMS–6082–NC]

RIN 0938–ZBS4

Request for Information; Reducing Administrative Burden To Put Patients Over Paperwork

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS; Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Request for information.

SUMMARY: CMS is committed to transforming the health care delivery system—and the Medicare and Medicaid programs—by putting additional focus on patient-centered care, innovation, and outcomes. As part of our continuing Patients Over Paperwork initiative, we have actively solicited feedback from the medical community through Requests for Information (RFIs), listening sessions, and clinical onsite engagements with front-line clinicians and staff to learn how our administrative requirements and processes affect their daily work and ability to innovate in care delivery. This RFI solicits additional public comment on ideas for regulatory, subregulatory, policy, practice, and procedural changes that reduce unnecessary administrative burdens for clinicians, providers, patients and their families. Through these efforts, we aim to increase quality of care, lower costs, improve program integrity, and make the health care system more effective, simple, and accessible.

DATES: To be assured consideration, comments must be received at one of the addresses provided below, no later than 5 p.m. on August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: In commenting, refer to file code CMS–6082–NC. Because of staff and resource limitations, we cannot accept comments by facsimile (FAX) transmission.

Comments, including mass comment submissions, must be submitted in one of the following three ways (please choose only one of the ways listed):

1. Electronically. You may submit electronic comments on this regulation to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the “Submit a comment” instructions.

2. By regular mail. You may mail written comments to the following address ONLY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of Health and Human Services, Attention: CMS–6082–NC, P.O. Box 8016, Baltimore, MD 21244–8016.

Please allow sufficient time for mailed comments to be received before the close of the comment period.

3. By express or overnight mail. You may send written comments to the following address ONLY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of Health and Human Services, Attention: CMS–6082–NC, Mail Stop C4–26–05, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244–1850.

For information on viewing public comments, see the beginning of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Morgan Taylor, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of Health and Human Services, at (410) 786–3458.

Mary G. Greene, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Department of Health and Human Services, at (410) 786–1244.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Inspection of Public Comments: All comments received before the close of the comment period are available for
viewing by the public, including any personally identifiable or confidential business information that is included in a comment. We post all comments received before the close of the comment period on the following website as soon as possible after they have been received: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the search instructions on that website to view public comments.

I. Background

CMS is committed to transforming the health care delivery system—and the Medicare and Medicaid programs—by putting additional focus on patient-centered care, innovation, and outcomes. Our top priority is putting patients first and empowering them to make the best decisions for themselves and their families. Our continued goal is to eliminate overly burdensome and unnecessary regulations and subregulatory guidance in order to allow clinicians and providers to spend less time on paperwork and more time on their primary mission—improving patients’ health. We are also modernizing or eliminating outdated regulations to remove barriers to innovation. By reducing unnecessary paperwork, we are unleashing the most powerful force in our healthcare system for improving health outcomes: The clinician-patient relationship.

We launched our Patients over Paperwork initiative in 2017 to focus all of CMS on finding opportunities to modernize or eliminate rules and requirements that are outdated, duplicative, or getting in the way of good patient care. Public input has been critical to CMS achieving more flexibilities and efficiencies. As part of the Patients over Paperwork initiative, we actively solicited feedback from the medical community through requests for information (RFI), listening sessions, and clinical onsite engagements with front-line clinicians and staff to learn how our administrative requirements and processes affect their daily work and ability to innovate in care delivery. Through the RFI process alone, we received over 3,000 responses that outlined current burden and recommendations, which resulted in 1,146 distinct burden topics to address. Topics included, but were not limited to: Audits and Claims; Documentation Requirements; Health Information Technology; Interoperability; Provider Participation Requirements; Quality Measures and Reporting; Payment Policy and Coverage Determinations; the Physician Self-Referral Law; and Telehealth.

Over 2,000 clinicians, administrative staff and leaders, and beneficiaries have participated in our listening sessions and onsite engagements and we continue to send teams out into the field to learn more. This fieldwork helped elucidate how our rules affect workflow and decision-making, and potentially impede innovation. As of February 8, 2019, after reviewing and adjudicating all 1,146 burden topics with executive leadership across the agency, we have resolved or are actively addressing over 80 percent of the actionable RFI burden topics through changes to our regulations, subregulatory guidance, operations, or direct education and outreach to providers and beneficiaries. Please see the Appendix for a sample of what we have accomplished so far.

As we continue to work to maintain flexibility and efficiency throughout the Medicare and Medicaid programs, we would like to continue our national conversation about improvements that can be made to the health care delivery system that reduce unnecessary burdens for clinicians, providers, and patients and their families. Through these efforts, we aim to increase quality of care, lower costs, improve program integrity, and make the health care system more effective, simple, and accessible. For these reasons, we are seeking comments on additional opportunities for improvement through this RFI.

II. Solicitation of Public Comments

We invite the public to submit ideas for regulatory, subregulatory, policy, practice, and procedural changes to better accomplish these goals. Specifically, we are soliciting new ideas not conveyed during our first RFI on this matter and innovative ideas that may help broaden perspectives about potential solutions. Ideas may include, but are not limited to:

- Modification or streamlining of reporting requirements, documentation requirements, or processes to monitor compliance to CMS rules and regulations;
- Aligning of Medicare, Medicaid and other payer coding, payment and documentation requirements, and processes;
- Enabling of operational flexibility, feedback mechanisms, and data sharing that would enhance patient care, support the clinician-patient relationship, and facilitate individual preferences; and
- New recommendations regarding when and how CMS issues regulations and policies and how CMS can simplify rules and policies for beneficiaries, clinicians, and providers.

We are particularly interested in recommendations on how CMS could:
- Improve the accessibility and presentation of CMS requirements for quality reporting, coverage, documentation, or prior-authorization;
- Address specific policies or requirements that are overly burdensome, not achievable, or cause unintended consequences in a rural setting;
- Clarify or simplify regulations or operations that pose challenges for beneficiaries dually enrolled in both Medicare and Medicaid and those who care for such beneficiaries; and
- Simplify beneficiary enrollment and eligibility determination across programs.

We are requesting respondents provide complete, clear, and concise comments that include, where practicable, data and specific examples.

III. Collection of Information Requirements

Please note, this is a request for information (RFI) only. In accordance with the implementing regulations of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), specifically 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(4), this general solicitation is exempt from the PRA. Facts or opinions submitted in response to general solicitations of comments from the public, published in the Federal Register or other publications, regardless of the form or format thereof, provided that no person is required to supply specific information pertaining to the commenter, other than that necessary for self-identification, as a condition of eligibility determination across programs.

We note that this is a RFI only. This RFI is issued solely for information and planning purposes; it does not constitute a Request for Proposal (RFP), applications, proposal abstracts, or quotations. This RFI does not commit the U.S. Government to contract for any supplies or services or make a grant award. Further, we are not seeking proposals through this RFI and will not accept unsolicited proposals. Responders are advised that the U.S. Government will not pay for any information or administrative costs incurred in response to this RFI; all costs associated with responding to this RFI will be solely at the interested party’s expense. We note that not responding to this RFI does not preclude participation in any future procurement, if conducted. It is the responsibility of the potential responders to monitor this RFI.
Reducing Regulatory Burden
- Removed data elements from the Outcomes and Assessment Information Set (OASIS) assessment instrument.
- Removed the inpatient admission order documentation requirement in an effort to reduce duplicative documentation requirements at the time of admission.
- Removed the requirement that certification/recertification statements detail where in the medical record the required information can be found.
- Established the innovative new classification system, the Patient Driven Payment Model (PDDM), that ties skilled nursing facility payments to patients’ conditions and care needs rather than volume of services provided, and simplifies complicated paperwork requirements for performing patient assessments by significantly reducing reporting burden.
- Eliminated the requirement that certifying physicians estimate how much longer skilled services are required when recertifying the need for continued home health care.
- Proposed giving facilities the flexibility to review their emergency program every 2 years, or more often at their own discretion, in order to best address their individual needs.
- Proposed allowing multi-hospital systems to have unified and integrated Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement (QAPI) and unified infection control programs for all of its member hospitals.
- Published a proposed rule to streamline Medicaid & CHIP managed care regulation.
- Issued Medicare Advantage (MA) and the prescription drug benefit program (Part D) final rule that promotes innovation, empowers patients and providers to make healthcare decisions, and includes burden-reducing provisions.

Simplifying Documentation Requirements
- Changed policy to allow a teaching physician to rely on medical student documentation and verify it rather than re-documenting the evaluation and management (E&M) service, and explained that the physician’s signature and date is acceptable verification of the medical student’s documentation.
- Provided an exception so that physicians acting as suppliers do not need to write orders to themselves.
- Simplified the requirements for preliminary/verbal Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) orders: Suppliers may dispense most items of DMEPOS based on a verbal order or preliminary written order from the treating physician.
- Clarified DMEPOS written order prior to delivery date requirements: If the written order is dated the day of or prior to delivery, there is no need for affirmative documentation of it being “received”.
- Clarified that a supplier can use the discharge date as the date of service if mailing 1 or 2 days before discharge.
- Released a newly revised Skilled Nursing Facility Advanced Beneficiary Notice (SNFABN) with concise instructions and no longer using the 5 denial letters and Notice of Exclusion from Medicare Benefits—SNF.

Focusing on Meaningful Measures
- Our Meaningful Measures initiative is centered on holding providers accountable for patient health outcomes, safe and efficient care, and making sure the measure sets providers are asked to report on are meaningful to patients and clinicians alike.
- Reduced the burden of reporting quality measures in MIPS with a focus on reporting through electronic means and incentivizing the use of clinical registries.

Improving Operational Efficiencies and Interoperability
- In implementing the Quality Payment Program (QPP), established a consolidated data submission experience for the different performance categories of the Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) so that clinicians no longer need to submit data in multiple systems as under the legacy programs (the Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS) and the Medicare Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Program).
- Relocused the Medicare EHR Incentive Program (now called the Promoting Interoperability Program) on interoperability, emphasizing exchange of health information between patients and providers.
- Implemented changes resulting in faster processing of state requests to make program or benefit changes to their Medicaid program through the state plan amendment (SPA) and section 1915 waiver review process.

Enhancing Transparency and Consistency
Made significant changes to the Medicare Program Integrity Manual Chapter 13 to improve transparency in the Local Coverage Determination process. The manual includes instructions, policies and procedures for Medicare Administrative Contractors (MAC) that administer the Medicare program in different regions of the country, as well as guidance for stakeholder engagement in the process.

Offering Burden-Reducing Flexibilities in Payment Model Demonstrations
- In the Bundled Payments for Care Improvement Advanced (BPCI Advanced) model, CMS issued the Post-Discharge Home Visit Payment Policy waiver which allows for certain services to be delivered in the eligible model beneficiary’s home by auxiliary personnel under the general supervision of a participating practitioner.
- In the Next Generation Accountable Care Organization (Next Gen ACO) model, CMS issued the Telehealth Expansion waiver which allows for eligible model beneficiaries to receive Telehealth services in their home.

Appendix: Patients over Paperwork Sample Accomplishments
The following is a sample of CMS accomplishments reducing unnecessary administrative burden in response to input from clinicians, providers, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders. For more Patients over Paperwork highlights, visit https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/story-page/patients-over-paperwork.html.

Reducing Regulatory Burden
- Removed data elements from the Outcomes and Assessment Information Set (OASIS) assessment instrument.
- Removed the inpatient admission order documentation requirement in an effort to reduce duplicative documentation requirements at the time of admission.
- Removed the requirement that certification/recertification statements detail where in the medical record the required information can be found.
- Established the innovative new classification system, the Patient Driven Payment Model (PDDM), that ties skilled nursing facility payments to patients’ conditions and care needs rather than volume of services provided, and simplifies complicated paperwork requirements for performing patient assessments by significantly reducing reporting burden.
- Eliminated the requirement that certifying physicians estimate how much longer skilled services are required when recertifying the need for continued home health care.
- Proposed giving facilities the flexibility to review their emergency program every 2 years, or more often at their own discretion, in order to best address their individual needs.
- Proposed allowing multi-hospital systems to have unified and integrated Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement (QAPI) and unified infection control programs for all of its member hospitals.
- Published a proposed rule to streamline Medicaid & CHIP managed care regulation.
- Issued Medicare Advantage (MA) and the prescription drug benefit program (Part D) final rule that promotes innovation, empowers patients and providers to make healthcare decisions, and includes burden-reducing provisions.

Simplifying Documentation Requirements
- Changed policy to allow a teaching physician to rely on medical student documentation and verify it rather than re-documenting the evaluation and management (E&M) service, and explained that the physician’s signature and date is acceptable verification of the medical student’s documentation.
- Provided an exception so that physicians acting as suppliers do not need to write orders to themselves.
- Simplified the requirements for preliminary/verbal Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) orders: Suppliers may dispense most items of DMEPOS based on a verbal order or preliminary written order from the treating physician.
- Clarified DMEPOS written order prior to delivery date requirements: If the written order is dated the day of or prior to delivery, there is no need for affirmative documentation of it being “received”.
- Clarified that a supplier can use the discharge date as the date of service if mailing 1 or 2 days before discharge.
- Released a newly revised Skilled Nursing Facility Advanced Beneficiary Notice (SNFABN) with concise instructions and no longer using the 5 denial letters and Notice of Exclusion from Medicare Benefits—SNF.

Focusing on Meaningful Measures
- Our Meaningful Measures initiative is centered on holding providers accountable for patient health outcomes, safe and efficient care, and making sure the measure sets providers are asked to report on are meaningful to patients and clinicians alike.
- Reduced the burden of reporting quality measures in MIPS with a focus on reporting through electronic means and incentivizing the use of clinical registries.

Improving Operational Efficiencies and Interoperability
- In implementing the Quality Payment Program (QPP), established a consolidated data submission experience for the different performance categories of the Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) so that clinicians no longer need to submit data in multiple systems as under the legacy programs (the Physician Quality Reporting System (PQRS) and the Medicare Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Program).
- Relocused the Medicare EHR Incentive Program (now called the Promoting Interoperability Program) on interoperability, emphasizing exchange of health information between patients and providers.
- Implemented changes resulting in faster processing of state requests to make program or benefit changes to their Medicaid program through the state plan amendment (SPA) and section 1915 waiver review process.

Enhancing Transparency and Consistency
Made significant changes to the Medicare Program Integrity Manual Chapter 13 to improve transparency in the Local Coverage Determination process. The manual includes instructions, policies and procedures for Medicare Administrative Contractors (MAC) that administer the Medicare program in different regions of the country, as well as guidance for stakeholder engagement in the process.

Offering Burden-Reducing Flexibilities in Payment Model Demonstrations
- In the Bundled Payments for Care Improvement Advanced (BPCI Advanced) model, CMS issued the Post-Discharge Home Visit Payment Policy waiver which allows for certain services to be delivered in the eligible model beneficiary’s home by auxiliary personnel under the general supervision of a participating practitioner.
- In the Next Generation Accountable Care Organization (Next Gen ACO) model, CMS issued the Telehealth Expansion waiver which allows for eligible model beneficiaries to receive Telehealth services in their home.
ACTION: Notice of availability of proposed FMP Amendment; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the Pacific Fishery Management Council submitted Amendment 28 to the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan to the Secretary of Commerce for review. If approved, Amendment 28 would establish new and revised areas closed to bottom trawling to conserve and protect Pacific coast groundfish essential fish habitat, and would re-open areas that were closed to bottom trawling to rebuild previously-overfished groundfish stocks. Combined, these two changes are anticipated to increase protections for groundfish essential fish habitat and provide additional flexibility to participants fishing with bottom trawl gear in the groundfish trawl rationalization program. Amendment 28 would also close deep-water areas off the coast of California to bottom contacting gear to protect deep-water habitats, including deep-sea corals using discretionary fishery management plan provisions in the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act.

DATES: Comments on Amendment 28 must be received on or before August 10, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments on this document, identified by NOAA-NMFS–2019–0039, by any of the following methods:

• Electronic Submission: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to regulations.gov, #DocketDetail?D=NOAA-NMFS-2019-0039, click the “Comment Now!” icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

• Mail: Submit written comments to Barry A. Thom., Regional Administrator, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Seattle, WA 98115.

Instructions: Comments sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered by NMFS. All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted for public viewing on regulations.gov without change. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address, etc.), confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive information submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter “N/A” in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous).

FMP Amendment 28, background information and documents are available at the Council’s website at http://www.pacouncil.org/groundfish/fishery-management-plan/groundfish-amendments-in-development/. Information relevant to Amendment 28, which includes a draft Environmental Impact Statement, a regulatory impact review, and a Regulatory Flexibility Act certification are available for public review during business hours at the NMFS West Coast Regional Office at 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Seattle, WA 98115, or by requesting them via phone or the email address listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section. Additional background documents are available at the NMFS West Coast Region website at http://www.westcoast.fisheries.noaa.gov/fisheries/groundfish/index.html.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gretchen Hanshew, phone: 206–526–6147, or email: Gretchen.Hanshew@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NMFS manages the groundfish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone of Washington, Oregon, and California under the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP). The Council prepared and NMFS implemented the FMP under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act), 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq. and by regulations at 50 CFR parts 600 and 660. The Magnuson-Stevens Act requires that each regional fishery management council submit any FMP or plan amendment it prepares to NMFS for review and approval, disapproval, or partial approval by the Secretary of Commerce. The Magnuson-Stevens Act also requires that NMFS, upon receiving an FMP or amendment, immediately publish a notice that the FMP or amendment is available for public review and comment. This notice announces that proposed Amendment 28 to the FMP is available for public review and comment. NMFS will consider the public comments received during the comment period described above in determining whether to approve, partially approve, or disapprove Amendment 28 to the FMP.

Amendment 28 would: (1) Revise, or create new area closures to conserve and protect essential fish habitat (EFH) from the adverse effects of bottom trawl fishing activities; (2) re-open historically important fishing grounds to bottom trawl gear to provide additional flexibility in harvest strategies in the Trawl Rationalization Program; (3) close to fishing with bottom contact gear the area of the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) seaward of 3,500 meters under the Magnuson-Stevens Act discretionary authority to protect deep-water habitats, including deep-sea corals; and (4) update information in the FMP regarding designated EFH and the EFH review process.

Using the best scientific information available from the periodic review of groundfish EFH, the Council recommended changes to spatial management measures for vessels fishing with bottom trawl gear or bottom contact gear; primarily changes to EFH conservation area (EFHCA) boundaries. The Council recommended revising boundaries of some existing EFHCAs and establishing new EFHCAs in some areas. The new suite of EFHCAs are anticipated to minimize the adverse effects of fishing to groundfish EFH. The Council also recommended reopening the trawl rockfish conservation area (trawl RCA) off Oregon and California. These historically important fishing areas have been closed since 2002 to rebuild overfished groundfish species during a period when the fishery was primarily managed using trip limits. In recent years, NMFS has declared as rebuilt the overfished groundfish stocks most commonly found at depths within the trawl RCA. In addition, the trawl rationalization program has increased incentives for fishermen to use precaution in areas where they may encounter rebuilding stocks and to generally reduce discards. Reopening the trawl RCA off Oregon and California is anticipated to increase the opportunity to vessels fishing with bottom trawl gear so they can harvest a higher proportion of their groundfish quotas. The combination of new and revised EFHCAs and the reopening of the trawl RCA is anticipated to minimize adverse impacts to groundfish EFH from the effects of fishing, while providing participants in the trawl rationalization program additional flexibility for efficient and sustainable harvest of groundfish species with bottom trawl gear.

The Council also considered new information regarding the deep-water habitats, including the presence of deep-sea corals in waters greater than 3,500 meters. While little to no fishing occurs with gears that are designed to make contact with the bottom in this area, permanent damage to these habitats could occur from future prospective fishing with bottom contact gear. These depths are deeper than designated groundfish EFH. Therefore, Amendment 28 would use the discretionary authority provisions in the Magnuson-Stevens Act to close the EEZ seaward of...
3,500 meters to bottom contact gear to protect deep-water habitats, including deep-sea corals that occur there. The Council also recommended changes to the FMP that do not have corresponding regulation changes or on the water effects. The Council recommended revising the FMP by updating the description of fishing effects on designated EFH from fisheries that are not managed under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, the purpose of the periodic EFH review and the summaries for research and data needs. The Council also recommended revising the FMP by updating the groundfish life history and the text description of designated EFH, the effects of fishing and non-fishing activities on designated EFH, and latitude and longitude coordinates and maps of EFHCAs. The Council also recommended archiving portions of EFH-related appendices that no longer reflected the best scientific information available.

NMFS welcomes comments on the proposed FMP amendment through the end of the comment period. A proposed rule to implement Amendment 28 has been submitted for Secretarial review and approval. NMFS expects to publish and request public review and comment on proposed regulations to implement Amendment 28 in the near future. For public comments on the proposed rule to be considered in the approval or disapproval decision on Amendment 28, those comments must be received by the end of the comment period on the amendment. All comments received by the end of the comment period for the amendment, whether specifically directed to the amendment or the proposed rule, will be considered in the approval/disapproval decision.

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

**Dated:** June 5, 2019.

**Jennifer M. Wallace,**

*Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 2019–12237 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–22–P**
This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Food Safety and Inspection Service

[DOCKET NO. FSIS–2019–0016]
Notice of Request for a New Information Collection: Egg Products
AGENCY: Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA.
ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) is announcing its intention to collect information on the FSIS Form PY–200 “Egg Products Inspection Certificate.” FSIS is seeking approval for the FSIS Form PY–200, so that industry personnel can assist FSIS with its completion. This is a new information collection with an estimated annual burden of 96,360 hours.

DATES: Submit comments on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: FSIS invites interested persons to submit comments on this Federal Register notice. Comments may be submitted by one of the following methods:
• Federal eRulemaking Portal: This website provides commenters the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or to attach a file for lengthier comments. Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the on-line instructions at that site for submitting comments.
• Mail, including CD–ROMs, etc.: Send to Docket Clerk, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Mailstop 3756, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.
• Hand- or courier-delivered submittals: Deliver to 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.

Instructions: All items submitted by mail or electronic mail must include the Agency name and docket number FSIS–2019–0016. Comments received in response to this docket will be made available for public inspection and posted without change, including any personal information, to http://www.regulations.gov.

Docket: For access to background documents or comments received, call (202) 720–5627 to schedule a time to visit the FSIS Docket Room at 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title: Egg Products.
Type of Request: New information collection.

Abstract: FSIS has been delegated the authority to exercise the functions of the Secretary (7 CFR 2.18, 2.53) as specified in the Egg Products Inspection Act (EPIA) (21 U.S.C. 1031, et seq.). This statute mandates that FSIS protect the public by verifying that egg products are safe, wholesome, unadulterated, and properly labeled and packaged.

FSIS intends to collect information on the FSIS Form PY–200 “Egg Products Inspection Certificate.” FSIS is seeking approval for the FSIS Form PY–200 so that industry personnel can assist FSIS with its completion. This is a new information collection with an estimated burden of 96,360 hours.

The FSIS Form PY–200 “Egg Products Inspection Certificate” is a USDA–FSIS serially numbered official form that has multiple uses within the egg products inspection program. IPP assigned to an official egg products plant issue the FSIS Form PY–200 for various reasons. The form is used to record inspection results, such as information indicating that IPP have examined the type (i.e., frozen whole eggs, liquid egg yolks, dried egg whites) and the condition of egg products to be shipped. The form is also used to record that the egg product meets the requirements of 9 CFR part 590 and any applicable voluntary specification requirements. IPP are to issue a completed FSIS Form PY–200 to meet FSIS regulatory requirements and at the request of an applicant (e.g., egg products plant manager) to accompany any domestic shipment of egg products. FSIS has made the following estimates on the basis of an information collection assessment.

Estimate of Burden: FSIS estimates that it takes respondents an average of 15 minutes to complete the form.

Respondents: Egg products plant personnel.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 66.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 5,840.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 96,360 hours.

Copies of this information collection assessment can be obtained from Gina Kouba, Office of Policy and Program Development, Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–3700; (202) 720–5627.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FSIS’s functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of FSIS’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the method and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques, or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to both FSIS, at the addresses provided above, and the Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC 20253.

Responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Additional Public Notification

Public awareness of all segments of rulemaking and policy development is important. Consequently, FSIS will announce this Federal Register publication on-line through the FSIS
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Food Safety and Inspection Service

[DOcket No. FSIS–2019–0015]

Notice of Request for a New Information Collection: Permit To Obtain Specimens of Condemned or Other Inedible Materials From Official Establishments

AGENCY: Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) is announcing its intention to collect information from applicants that want to obtain specimens of condemned or other inedible materials from official establishments. This is a new information collection with an estimated burden of 274 hours.

DATES: Submit comments on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: FSIS invites interested persons to submit comments on this Federal Register notice. Comments may be submitted by one of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: This website provides commenters the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or to attach a file for lengthier comments. Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the on-line instructions at that site for submitting comments.
- Mail, including CD–ROMs, etc.: Send to Docket Clerk, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Mailstop 3758, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.

In accordance with the Federal Register (FR) rule of July 2, 2008 (73 FR 41236), FSIS has been required to provide the following estimates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated Number of Annual Respondents</th>
<th>Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,642</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For access to background documents or comments received, call (202) 720–5827 to schedule a time to visit the FSIS Docket Room at 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.

For further information contact: Gina Kouba, Office of Policy and Program Development, Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–3700; (202) 720–5627.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Permit to Obtain Specimens of Condemned or Other Inedible Materials from Official Establishments.

Type of Request: New information collection.

Abstract: FSIS has been delegated the authority to exercise the functions of the Secretary (7 CFR 2.18, 2.53) as specified in the Federal Meat Inspection Act (FMIA) (21 U.S.C. 601, et seq.), the Poultry Products Inspection Act (PPIA) (21 U.S.C. 451, et seq.), and the Egg Products Inspection Act (EPIA) (21 U.S.C. 1031, et seq.). These statutes mandate that FSIS protect the public by verifying that meat, poultry, and egg products are safe, wholesome, unadulterated, and properly labeled and packaged.

FSIS requires any person desiring specimens of condemned or other inedible materials, including embryos and specimens of animal parasites, to file a written application on the FSIS Form 6700–2, “Application and Permit to Obtain Specimens from Official Establishments,” as provided in 9 CFR 314.9(a). The applicant must indicate the purpose for the specimens and arrange with and receive permission from the official establishment to obtain the specimens.

Under the regulations, official establishments may release specimens for educational, research or other nonfood purposes under the permit issued by the inspector in charge. The applicant agrees that the collection and handling of the specimens will be at such time and place and in such a manner as not to interfere with inspection or to cause any objectionable condition.

FSIS has made the following estimates on the basis of an information collection assessment.

Estimate of Burden: FSIS estimates that it takes respondents an average of 10 minutes to complete the form.

Respondents: Researchers.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 1,642.

Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent: 1.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.), should contact USDA’s TARGET Center at (202) 720–2600 (voice and TDD).

Done in Washington, DC.

Carmen M. Rottenberg,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2019–12258 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 274 hours.
Copies of this information collection assessment can be obtained from Gina Kouba, Office of Policy and Program Development, Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA, 1400 independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–3700; (202) 720–5627.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FSIS’s functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of FSIS’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the method and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information, including through the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection, or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to both FSIS, at the addresses provided above, and the Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC 20253.

Responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Additional Public Notification
Public awareness of all segments of rulemaking and policy development is important. Consequently, FSIS will announce this Federal Register publication online through the FSIS web page located at: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/federal-register. FSIS will also announce and provide a link to this Federal Register publication through the FSIS Constituent Update, which is used to provide information regarding FSIS policies, procedures, regulations, Federal Register notices, FSIS public meetings, and other types of information that could affect or would be of interest to our constituents and stakeholders. The Constituent Update is available on the FSIS web page. Through the web page, FSIS can provide information to a much broader, more diverse audience. In addition, FSIS offers an email subscription service which provides automatic and customized access to selected food safety news and information. This service is available at: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/subscribe. Options range from recalls to export information, regulations, directives, and notices. Customers can add or delete subscriptions themselves and have the option to password protect their accounts.

USDA Non-Discrimination Statement
No agency, officer, or employee of the USDA shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, or political beliefs, exclude from participation in, deny the benefits of, or subject to discrimination any person in the United States under any program or activity conducted by the USDA.

How To File a Complaint of Discrimination
To file a complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, which may be accessed online at http://www.ocio.usda.gov/sites/default/files/docs/2012/combined_8_12.pdf, or write a letter signed by you or your authorized representative.
Send your completed complaint form or letter to USDA by mail, fax, or email:
Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20250–9410; Fax: (202) 690–7442; Email: program.intake@usda.gov.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.), should contact USDA’s TARGET Center at (202) 720–2600 (voice and TDD).

Done in Washington, DC.
Carmen M. Rottenberg,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2019–12260 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3410–OM–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Food Safety and Inspection Service
[Docket No. FSIS–2019–0014]
Notice of Request To Renew an Approved Information Collection: Accredited Laboratory Contact Update Form

AGENCY: Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) is announcing its intention to renew the approved information collection regarding the accredited laboratory contact update form. The approval for this information collection will expire on November 30, 2019. FSIS is making no changes to the existing information collection.

DATES: Submit comments on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: FSIS invites interested persons to submit comments on this Federal Register notice. Comments may be submitted by one of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: This website provides commenters the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or to attach a file for longer comments. Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the on-line instructions at that site for submitting comments.

• Mail, including CD–ROMs, etc.: Send to Docket Clerk, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Mailstop 3758, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.

• Hand–or courier–delivered submittals: Deliver to 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, Washington, DC 20250–3700.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title: Accredited Laboratory Contact Update Form.
OMB Control Number: 0583–0163.
Expiration Date: 11/30/2019.

Type of Request: Renewal of an approved information collection.

Abstract: FSIS has been delegated the authority to exercise the functions of the Secretary (7 CFR 2.18, 2.53) as specified in the Federal Meat Inspection Act (FMIA) [21 U.S.C. 601, et seq.] and the Poultry Products Inspection Act (PPIA) [21 U.S.C. 451, et seq.]. FSIS protects the public by verifying that
meat and poultry products are safe, wholesome, not adulterated, and correctly labeled.

In addition, the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990, as amended, (7 U.S.C. 138–138i) provides authority for the accreditation of non-Federal laboratories. Under these provisions, FSIS accredits non-Federal laboratories as eligible to perform analysis on official regulatory meat and poultry samples.

Non-Federal laboratories that are part of the FSIS Accredited Laboratory Program complete the FSIS Accredited Laboratory Program Annual Contact Update Form annually. FSIS the form to maintain corporate information concerning the laboratories and necessary contact information for responsibly connected personnel at the laboratories (see 9 CFR 439.20(e) and 9 CFR 439.1(w)). The completed FSIS Accredited Laboratory Program Annual Contact Update Form also informs the Agency if a laboratory, or responsibly connected person or entity, has been charged, indicted, or convicted of any crime listed in 9 CFR 439.52. If a laboratory or a responsibly connected person or entity has been charged or indicted of such a crime, FSIS will suspend the laboratory from the Accredited Laboratory Program (9 CFR 439.52). If a laboratory or a responsibly connected person or entity has been convicted of such a crime, FSIS will revoke the laboratory’s accreditation (9 CFR 439.53).

The approval for this information collection will expire on November 30, 2019. FSIS is making no changes to the existing information collection. FSIS has made the following estimates on the basis of an information collection assessment.

**Estimate of Burden:** FSIS estimates that it takes respondents an average of 15 hours per year to complete the forms.

**Respondents:** Accredited Laboratories.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 60.

**Estimated Number of Annual Responses per Respondent:** 1.

**Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents:** 15 hours.

Copies of this information collection assessment can be obtained from Gina Kouba, Office of Policy and Program Development, Food Safety and Inspection Service, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Room 6065, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–3700; (202) 720–5627.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FSIS’s functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of FSIS’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the method and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques, or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to both FSIS, at the addresses provided above, and the Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC 20253.

Responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

**Additional Public Notification**

Public awareness of all segments of rulemaking and policy development is important. Consequently, FSIS will announce this Federal Register publication on-line through the FSIS web page located at: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/federal-register.

FSIS will also announce and provide a link to this Federal Register publication through the FSIS Constituent Update, which is used to provide information regarding FSIS policies, procedures, regulations, Federal Register notices, FSIS public meetings, and other types of information that could affect or would be of interest to our constituents and stakeholders. The Constituent Update is available on the FSIS web page. Through the web page, FSIS can provide information to a much broader, more diverse audience. In addition, FSIS offers an email subscription service which provides automatic and customized access to selected food safety news and information. This service is available at: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/subscribe. Options range from recalls to export information, regulations, directives, and notices. Customers can add or delete subscriptions themselves and have the option to password protect their accounts.

**USDA Non-Discrimination Statement**

No agency, officer, or employee of the USDA shall, on the grounds of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/ parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, or political beliefs, exclude from participation in, deny the benefits of, or subject to discrimination any person in the United States under any program or activity conducted by the USDA.

**How To File a Complaint of Discrimination**

To file a complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, which may be accessed online at http://wwwocio.usda.gov/sites/default/files/docs/2012/Complain_combined_6_8_12.pdf, or write a letter signed by you or your authorized representative.

Send your completed complaint form or letter to USDA by mail, fax, or email:


Fax: (202) 690–7442.

Email: program.intake@usda.gov.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA’s TARGET Center at (202) 720–2600 (voice and TDD).

Done in Washington, DC.

Carmen M. Rottenberg,
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2019–12257 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3410–DM–P**

---

**COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS**

**Notice of Public Meeting of the Idaho Advisory Committee**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Commission on Civil Rights.

**ACTION:** Announcement of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights (Commission) and the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) that a meeting of the Idaho Advisory Committee (Committee) to the Commission will be held at 12 p.m. (Mountain Time) on Tuesday, June 25, 2019. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the Committee’s ongoing project on Native American voting rights in Idaho.

**DATES:** The meeting will be held on Tuesday, June 25, 2019, at 12 p.m. Mountain Time.

**Public Call Information:** Public Call Information: 855–710–4184; Conference ID: 9122430.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Alejandro Ventura at aventure@uscrr.gov or (213) 894–3437.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This meeting is available to the public.
through the telephone number listed above. Callers can expect to incur charges for calls they initiate over wireless lines, and the Commission will not refund any incurred charges. Callers will incur no charge for calls they initiate over land-line connections to the toll-free telephone number. Persons with hearing impairments may also follow the proceedings by first calling the Federal Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 and providing the Service with the conference call number and conference ID number.

Members of the public are entitled to make comments during the open period at the end of the meeting. Members of the public may also submit written comments; the comments must be received in the Regional Programs Unit within 30 days following the meeting. Written comments may be mailed to the Western Regional Office, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 300 North Los Angeles Street, Suite 2010, Los Angeles, CA 90012. They may be faxed to the Commission at (213) 894–0508, or emailed Alejandro Ventura at aventura@usccr.gov. Persons who desire additional information may contact the Regional Programs Unit at (213) 894–3437.

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing prior to and after the meeting at https://www.facadatabase.gov/FACA/FACAPublicViewCommitteeDetails?id=a100000001gzkZAAQ.

Please click on “Committee Details” tab. Records generated from this meeting may also be inspected and reproduced at the Regional Programs Unit, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission’s website, http://www.usccr.gov, or may contact the Regional Programs Unit at the above email or street address.

**Agenda**

I. Call to Order and Roll Call
II. Approval of Minutes From May 10, 2019 Meeting
III. Discussion of Community Forum on Voting Rights on the Nez Perce Reservation
IV. Next Steps
V. Public Comments
VI. Adjournment

Dated: June 6, 2019.

David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.

**COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS**

**Notice of Public Meeting of the New Mexico Advisory Committee**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Commission on Civil Rights.

**ACTION:** Announcement of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights (Commission) and the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) that a meeting of the New Mexico Advisory Committee (Committee) to the Commission will be held at 1:00 p.m. (Mountain Time) Tuesday, June 18, 2019. The purpose of the meeting is for the Committee to discuss its study of wage issues in the state.

**DATES:** The meeting will be held on Tuesday, June 18, 2019, at 1:00 p.m. Mountain Time.

Public Call Information:
Conference ID: 1983705.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Alejandro Ventura at aventura@usccr.gov or (213) 894–3437.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This meeting is available to the public through the following toll-free call-in number: 877–260–1479, conference ID number: 1983705. Any interested member of the public may call this number and listen to the meeting. Callers can expect to incur charges for calls they initiate over wireless lines, and the Commission will not refund any incurred charges. Callers will incur no charge for calls they initiate over land-line connections to the toll-free telephone number. Persons with hearing impairments may also follow the proceedings by first calling the Federal Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 and providing the Service with the conference call number and conference ID number.

Members of the public are entitled to make comments during the open period at the end of the meeting. Members of the public may also submit written comments; the comments must be received in the Regional Programs Unit within 30 days following the meeting. Written comments may be mailed to the Western Regional Office, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 300 North Los Angeles Street, Suite 2010, Los Angeles, CA 90012. They may be faxed to the Commission at (213) 894–0508, or emailed Alejandro Ventura at aventura@usccr.gov. Persons who desire additional information may contact the Regional Programs Unit at (213) 894–3437.

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing prior to and after the meeting at https://www.facadatabase.gov/FACA/FACAPublicViewCommitteeDetails?id=a100000001gzlGAAQ.

Please click on “Committee Meetings” tab. Records generated from this meeting may also be inspected and reproduced at the Regional Programs Unit, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission’s website, http://www.usccr.gov, or may contact the Regional Programs Unit at the above email or street address.

**Agenda**

I. Welcome and Roll Call
II. Approval of Minutes From April 24, 2019 Meeting
III. Discussion of Study of Wage Issues
IV. Next Steps
V. Public Comment
VI. Adjournment

Exceptional Circumstance: Pursuant to 41 CFR 102–3.150, the notice for this meeting is given less than 15 calendar days prior to the meeting because of the exceptional circumstances of the federal government shutdown.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.

**COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS**

**Notice of Public Meeting of the Tennessee Advisory Committee**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Commission on Civil Rights.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights (Commission) and the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) that a meeting of the Tennessee Advisory Committee will be held on Tuesday, June 18, 2019; 1:30 p.m. to continue the meeting at 2:00 p.m. (Mountain Time). The purpose of the meeting is for the Tennessee Advisory Committee to discuss its study of wage issues in the state.

**DATES:** The meeting will be held on Tuesday, June 18, 2019; 1:30 p.m. Mountain Time.

Public Call Information:
Conference ID: 1983705.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Jeff Hinton, DFO, at 312–353–8311 or jhinton@usccr.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Teleconference 877–260–1479, Conference ID: 5777519.

Members of the public are invited to come in and listen to the discussion.
Written comments will be accepted until June 22, 2019 and may be mailed to the Regional Program Unit Office, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 230 S Dearborn, Suite 2120, Chicago, IL 60604. They may also be faxed to the Commission at (312) 353–8324 or may be emailed to the Regional Director, Jeff Hinton at jhinton@usccr.gov. Records of the meeting will be available via www.facadatabase.gov under the Commission on Civil Rights, Tennessee Advisory Committee link. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission’s website, http://www.usccr.gov, or may contact the Southern Regional Office at the above email or street address.

Agenda

- Opening Remarks
- New Business: Continue discussion of Legal Financial Obligation (LFO) report
- Public Comments/Participation
- Adjournment

Dated: June 5, 2019.

David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.

[FR Doc. 2019–12271 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Economic Analysis

Proposed Information Collection; Comment Request; Direct Investment Surveys: BE–13, Survey of New Foreign Direct Investment in the United States

AGENCY: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Jennifer Jessup, Departmental Paperwork Clearance Officer, Department of Commerce, Room 6616, 14th and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, or via email at docpra@doc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection instrument and instructions should be directed to Jessica Hanson, Chief, Direct Transactions and Positions Branch (BE–49Q), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Rd., Washington, DC 20233; or via email at Jessica.Hanson@bea.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

The Survey of New Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (BE–13) collects information on the acquisition and establishment of U.S. business enterprises by foreign investors and on expansions by existing U.S. affiliates of foreign companies. Foreign direct investment is defined as the ownership or control by one foreign person (foreign parent) of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise, or an equivalent interest of an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, including a branch. The data collected through the survey are used to measure the amount of new foreign direct investment in the United States, assess the impact on the U.S. economy, and ensure complete coverage of BEA’s other foreign direct investment statistics.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) does not propose any changes to the survey.

II. Method of Collection

Notifications will be mailed to respondents as BEA becomes aware of a potentially reportable investment or when annual cost updates are needed. A business enterprise that meets the reporting requirements of the survey is required to report whether or not it is contacted by BEA. A business enterprise that is contacted by BEA and does not meet the reporting requirements is required to respond to indicate that it does not meet the requirements. The survey is due 45 days after (1) an acquisition is completed, (2) a new U.S. business enterprise is established, (3) an expansion is begun, (4) a cost update is requested by BEA, or (5) a U.S. business enterprise that does not meet the filing requirements for the survey receives a notification letter from BEA.

BEA offers electronic filing through its eFile system for use in reporting on the BE–13 survey forms. In addition, BEA posts all its survey forms and reporting instructions on its website (www.bea.gov/fdi). These may be downloaded, completed, printed, and submitted via fax or mail.

III. Data

OMB Control Number: 0608–0035.

Form Number: BE–13.

Type of Review: Regular submission.

Affected Public: Business or other for-profit organizations.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 2,400 annually, of which approximately 600 file A forms, 180 file B forms, 80 file D forms, 340 file E forms, and 1,200 file Claim for Exemption forms.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 2,547 hours. Total annual burden is calculated by multiplying the estimated number of submissions of each form by the average hourly burden per form, which is 2.5 hours for the A form, 2.2 hours for the B form, 1.2 hours for the D form, 0.75 hours for the E form, and 0.25 hours for the Claim for Exemption form.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 1.1 hours per respondent (2,547 hours/2,400 respondents) is the average but may vary among respondents because of differences in company size and complexity.

Estimated Total Annual Cost to Public: $0.

Respondent’s Obligation: Mandatory.


IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Agency’s estimate of the burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection; they also will become a matter of public record.

Sheleen Dumas,
Departmental Lead PRA Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2019–12271 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.

Form Number(s): N/A.
OMB Control Number: 0625–0265.
Type of Request: Regular submission.
Number of Respondents: 16 (10 for Requests; 3 for Responses; 3 for Rebuttals).

Average Hours per Response: 8 hours per Request; 2 hours per Response; and 1 hour per Rebuttal.
Burden Hours: 89.

Needs and Uses: The United States and Peru negotiated the U.S.-Peru Trade Promotion Agreement (the Agreement), which entered into force on February 1, 2009. Subject to the rules of origin in Annex 4.1 of the Agreement, pursuant to the textile provisions of the Agreement, a fabric, yarn, or fiber produced in Peru or the United States and traded between the two countries is entitled to duty-free tariff treatment. Annex 3–B of the Agreement also lists specific fabrics, yarns, and fibers that the two countries agreed are not available in commercial quantities in a timely manner from producers in Peru or the United States. The items listed in Annex 3–B are commercially unavailable fabrics, yarns, and fibers. Articles containing these items are entitled to duty-free or preferential treatment despite containing inputs not produced in Peru or the United States.

The list of commercially unavailable fabrics, yarns, and fibers may be changed pursuant to the commercial availability provision in Chapter 3, Article 3.3, Paragraphs 5–7 of the Agreement. Section 203(o) of the Act implements the commercial availability provision of the Agreement. Under this provision, interested entities from Peru or the United States have the right to request that a specific fabric, yarn, or fiber be added to, or removed from, the list of commercially unavailable fabrics, yarns, and fibers in Annex 3–B.

Section 203(o) of the Act provides that the President may modify the list of fabrics, yarns, and fibers in Annex 3–B by determining whether additional fabrics, yarns, or fibers are not available in commercial quantities in a timely manner in the United States or Peru, and that the President will issue procedures governing the submission of requests and providing an opportunity for interested entities to submit comments. The President delegated the responsibility for publishing the procedures and administering commercial availability requests to CITA, which issues procedures and acts on requests through the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Textiles and Apparel (OTEXA) (See Proclamation No. 8341, 74 FR 4105, Jan. 22, 2009). Interim procedures to implement these responsibilities were published in the Federal Register on August 14, 2009. (See Interim Procedures for Considering Requests Under the Commercial Availability Provision of the United States-Peru Trade Promotion Agreement Implementation Act and Estimate of Burden for Collection of Information, 74 FR 41111, Aug. 14, 2009) (Commercial Availability Procedures).

The intent of the Commercial Availability Procedures is to foster the use of U.S. and regional products by implementing procedures that allow products to be placed on or removed from a product list, on a timely basis, and in a manner that is consistent with normal business practice. The procedures are intended to facilitate the transmission of requests; allow the market to indicate the availability of the supply of products that are the subject of requests; make available promptly, to interested entities and the public, information regarding the requests for products and offers received for those products; ensure wide participation by interested entities and parties; allow for careful review and consideration of information provided to substantiate requests and responses; and provide timely public dissemination of information used by CITA in making commercial availability determinations.

CITA must collect certain information about fabric, yarn, or fiber technical specifications and the production capabilities of Peruvian and U.S. textile producers to determine whether certain fabrics, yarns, or fibers are available in commercial quantities in a timely manner in the United States or Peru, subject to Section 203(o) of the Act. Affected Public: Business or other for-profit.

Frequency: Varies.
Respondent’s Obligation: Voluntary.
This information collection request may be viewed at reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395–5806.

Sheleen Dumas, Departmental Lead PRA Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.[FR Doc. 2019–12242 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–051, C–570–052]


AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that certain hardwood plywood with face and back veneers of radiata and/or agathis pine that: (1) Has a Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) or California Air Resources Board (CARB) label certifying that it is compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements; and (2) is made with a resin, the majority of which is comprised of one or more of three product types—urea formaldehyde, polyvinyl acetate, and/or soy—(inquiry merchandise), exported from the People’s Republic of China (China), is circumventing the antidumping (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on certain hardwood plywood products from China.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rachel Greenberg, or Hannah Falvey AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0632, or (202) 482–4880 respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On September 21, 2018, Commerce published in the Federal Register the notice of initiation of this anti-
circumvention inquiry. For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this inquiry, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum. A list of topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included at Appendix I to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov, and to all parties in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed and the electronic versions of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Scope of the Orders

The products covered by the Orders are certain hardwood plywood products. For a complete description of the scope of the Orders, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Scope of the Anti-Circumvention Inquiry

This anti-circumvention inquiry covers certain plywood products with face and back veneers of radiata and/or agathis pine: (1) TSCA or CARB label certifying that it is compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements; and (2) is made with a resin, the majority of which is comprised of urea formaldehyde, polyvinyl acetate, and/or soy; and (3) have a TSCA or CARB label certifying that they are compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements, as provided for in the certifications in the appendices to this Federal Register notice.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this anti-circumvention inquiry in accordance with section 781(d) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce’s preliminary determination, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Preliminary Finding

As detailed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, we preliminarily determine that the inquiry merchandise exported from China is circumventing the Orders. As such, we preliminarily determine that it is appropriate to include this merchandise within the Orders and to instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend any entries of inquiry merchandise from China that entered the United States on or after the date of initiation of this inquiry.

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(i)(2), Commerce will direct CBP to suspend liquidation and to require a cash deposit of estimated duties on unliquidated entries of inquiry merchandise that were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after September 18, 2018, the date of initiation of the anti-circumvention inquiry.

The suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice. Commerce will instruct CBP to require AD cash deposits equal to the China-wide rate of 182.90 percent and CVD cash deposits equal to the rate established for the China all-others rate of 22.98 percent, unless the importer/exporter can certify to CBP that the Chinese-origin inquiry merchandise was supplied by a Chinese manufacturer with a company-specific separate rate. In that instance, the cash deposit rate will be the rate of the Chinese inquiry merchandise manufacturer that has its own rate.

Public Comment

Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance no later than seven days after the date on which the last final verification report is issued in this anti-circumvention inquiry, unless the Secretary alters the time limit. Rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in case briefs, may be submitted no later than five days after the deadline date for case briefs. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2), parties who submit case briefs or rebuttal briefs in this anti-circumvention inquiry are encouraged to submit with each argument: (1) A statement of the issue; (2) a brief summary of the argument; and (3) a table of authorities.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing, limited to issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain the party’s name, address, and telephone number, the number of participants, whether any participant is a foreign national, and a list of the issues to be discussed. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, at a time and date to be determined.

International Trade Commission Notification

Commerce, consistent with section 781(e) of the Act, has notified the International Trade Commission (ITC) of this preliminary determination to include the merchandise subject to this anti-circumvention inquiry within the Orders. Pursuant to section 781(e) of the Act, the ITC may request consultations concerning Commerce’s proposed inclusion of the inquiry merchandise. If, after consultations, the ITC believes that a significant injury issue is presented by the proposed inclusion, it will have 60 days from the date of notification by Commerce to provide written advice.

---

2 See Memorandum, “Preliminary Decision Memorandum for the Anti-Circumvention Inquiry on the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders on Certain Hardwood Plywood Products from the People’s Republic of China,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).
4 See Preliminary Decision Memorandum.
5 See, e.g., Glycine from the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Partial Affirmative

---

6 See 19 CFR 351.309; see also 19 CFR 351.303 (for general filing requirements).
Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with section 781(d) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.225(j).

Dated: June 4, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler, Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix I

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. Scope of the Anti-Circumvention Inquiry
V. Analytical Framework for Later-Developed Merchandise Anti-Circumvention Inquiry
VI. Analysis
VII. Additional Analysis
VIII. Anti-Circumvention Determination
IX. Certification Program
X. Recommendation

Appendix II

If an importer imports plywood from China with outer veneers both made of softwood plywood, and claims that its softwood plywood products produced in China do not meet all three of the following criteria: (1) Have both outer veneers of radiata and/or agathis pine; (2) are made with a resin, the majority of which is comprised of urea formaldehyde, polyvinyl acetate, and/or soy; and (3) have a Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) or California Air Resources Board (CARB) label certifying that they are compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements, then the importer is required to complete and maintain the importer certification attached hereto as Appendix III.

The importer and exporter are required to maintain the exporter certification attached hereto as Appendix IV. The importer certification must be completed, signed, and dated at the time of the entry of the plywood product. The exporter certification must be completed, signed, and dated at the time of shipment of the relevant entries. For shipments and/or entries on or after June 4, 2019, but before the publication of this notice in the Federal Register, for which certifications are required, importers and exporters should complete the required certification within 30 days of the publication of this notice in the Federal Register. The importer and Chinese exporter are also required to maintain sufficient documentation supporting their certifications. The importer will not be required to submit the certifications or supporting documentation to CBP as part of the entry process. However, the importer and the exporter will be required to present the certifications and supporting documentation to the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and/or U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), as applicable, upon request by the respective agency. Additionally, the claims made in the certifications and any supporting documentation are subject to verification by Commerce and/or CBP. The importer and exporter are required to maintain the certifications and supporting documentation for the later of (1) a period of five years from the date of entry or (2) a period of three years after the conclusion of any litigation in the United States courts regarding such entries. If it is determined that the certification and/or documentation requirements in a certification have not been met, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to suspend, under the China Plywood orders (A–570–051, C–570–052), all unliquidated entries for which these requirements were not met and require the importer to post applicable antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) cash deposits equal to the rates as determined by Commerce. Entries suspended under A–570–051 and C–570–052 will be liquidated pursuant to applicable administrative reviews of the China orders or through the automatic liquidation process.

Appendix II

Importer Certification

I hereby certify that:

- My name is [INSERT IMPORTING COMPANY OFFICIAL’S NAME] and I am an official of [IMPORTING COMPANY];
- This certification pertains to [INSERT ENTRY NUMBER(S), ENTRY LINE NUMBER(S), AND PRODUCT CODE(S) REFERENCED ON ENTRY SUMMARY];
- I have direct personal knowledge of the facts regarding the importation into the Customs territory of the United States of the plywood with both outer veneers made of a softwood species of wood (softwood plywood products) produced in the People’s Republic of China (China) that entered under entry number(s) [INSERT ENTRY NUMBER(S)] and are covered by this certification. “Direct personal knowledge” for purposes of this certification refers to facts in records maintained by the importing company in the normal course of its business. The importer should have “direct personal knowledge” of the importer of the product (e.g., the name of the exporter) in its records;
- I have personal knowledge of the facts regarding the production of the imported softwood plywood products covered by this certification. “Personal knowledge” for purposes of this certification includes facts obtained from another party (e.g., correspondence received by the importer (or exporter) from the producer regarding the materials used to produce the imported softwood plywood products);
- The softwood plywood products produced in China that are covered by this certification are not subject to the orders on certain hardwood plywood products from China because they do not meet all three of the following criteria: (1) Have both outer veneers of radiata and/or agathis pine; (2) are made with a resin, the majority of which is comprised of urea formaldehyde, polyvinyl acetate, and/or soy; and (3) have a Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) or California Air Resources Board (CARB) label certifying that they are compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements;
- I understand that [INSERT IMPORTING COMPANY NAME] is required to maintain a copy of the Exporter’s Certification for the later of (1) a period of five years from the date of entry or (2) a period of three years after the conclusion of any litigation in the United States courts regarding such entries;
- I understand that [INSERT IMPORTING COMPANY NAME] is required to maintain a copy of the Exporter’s Certification and supporting records, upon request, to CBP and/or Commerce;
- I understand that the claims made herein, and the substantiating documentation, are subject to verification by CBP and/or Commerce;
- I understand that failure to maintain the required certification and/or failure to substantiate the claims made herein will result in:
  - Suspension of liquidation of all unliquidated entries (and entries for which liquidation has not become final) for which these requirements were not met, and
  - the requirement that the importer post applicable antidumping duty (AD) and/or countervailing duty (CVD) cash deposits (as appropriate) equal to the rates determined by Commerce;
- I understand that agents of the importer, such as brokers, are not permitted to make this certification;
- This certification was completed at the time of filing the entry summary for the relevant importation; and
- I am aware that U.S. law (including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. 1001) imposes criminal sanctions on individuals who knowingly and willfully make material false statements to the U.S. government.

NAME OF COMPANY OFFICIAL

SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

Appendix IV

Exporter Certification

I hereby certify that:

- My name is [INSERT COMPANY OFFICIAL’S NAME HERE] and I am an official of [INSERT NAME OF EXPORTING COMPANY];
- I have direct personal knowledge of the facts regarding the production and exportation of the plywood with both outer veneers made of a softwood species of wood (softwood plywood products) identified below;
The softwood plywood products produced in China that are covered by this certification are not subject to the orders on certain hardwood plywood products from China because they do not meet all three of the following criteria: (1) Have both outer veneers of radiata and/or agathis pine; (2) are made with a resin, the majority of which is comprised of urea formaldehyde, polyvinyl acetate, and/or soy; and (3) have a Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) or California Air Resources Board (CARB) label certifying that they are compliant with TSCA/CARB requirements;

I understand that [INSERT NAME OF EXPORTING COMPANY] is required to maintain a copy of this certification and sufficient documentation supporting this certification for the later of (1) a period of five years from the date of entry or (2) a period of three years after the conclusion of any litigation in the United States courts regarding such entries;

I understand that [INSERT NAME OF EXPORTING COMPANY] must provide this Exporter Certification to the U.S. importer at the time of shipment;

I understand that [INSERT NAME OF EXPORTING COMPANY] is required to provide a copy of this certification and supporting records, upon request, to U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and/or the Department of Commerce (Commerce);

I understand that the claims made herein, and the substantiating documentation are subject to verification by CBP and/or Commerce;

I understand that failure to maintain the required certification and/or failure to substantiate the claims made herein will result in:

- Suspension of all unliquidated entries (and entries for which liquidation has not become final) for which these requirements were not met and

- the requirement that the importer post applicable antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) cash deposits equal to the rates as determined by Commerce;

This certification was completed at or prior to the time of shipment; and

I am aware that U.S. law (including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. 1001) imposes criminal sanctions on individuals who knowingly and willfully make material false statements to the U.S. government.

NAME OF COMPANY OFFICIAL

SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

[FR Doc. 2019–12285 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
Final Results of Sunset Review

Pursuant to sections 752(b)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the CVD Order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of countervailable subsidies at the rates listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer/exporter</th>
<th>Net countervailable subsidy rate (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shangxi Jiaocheng Hongxing Chemical Co., Ltd. (Shangxi Jiaocheng)</td>
<td>169.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tianjin Soda Plant Tianjin Port Free Trade Zone Pan Bohai International Trading Co., Ltd. (Tianjin Soda Plant)</td>
<td>169.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Others</td>
<td>169.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective orders is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Commerce is issuing and publishing these final results and this notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(b), and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2).

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. Discussion of the Issues
V. Discussion of the Issues
(1) Likelihood of Continuation of a Countervailable Subsidy
(2) Net Countervailable Subsidy Likely to Prevail
(3) Nature of the Subsidy

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration
[C-549–818]

Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products From Thailand: Final Results of the Third Expedited Five Year (Sunset) Review of the Countervailing Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty (CVD) order certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products from Thailand would be likely to lead to the continuation or recurrence of net countervailable subsidies at the rates in the “Final Results of Review” section of this notice.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On December 3, 2001, Commerce published the CVD Order on certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products from Thailand.1 On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation for the third sunset review of the CVD Order, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).2 Subsequently, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate from the domestic interested parties, which consist of Arcelor Mittal LLC, AK Steel Corporation (AK Steel), California Steel Industries, Nucor Corporation (Nucor), SSAB Enterprises, LLC, Steel Dynamics, Inc. (Steel Dynamics) and United States Steel Corporation (U.S. Steel), (the domestic interested parties), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).3

Commerce received a complete substantive response to the notice of initiation from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).4 Commerce received no substantive responses from the Government of Thailand (GOT) or any Thai producers or exporters. As a result, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce is conducting an expedited (120-day) sunset review of the CVD Order.

Scope of the Order

The merchandise subject to this CVD Order is hot-rolled steel of a rectangular shape, of a width of 0.5 inch or greater, neither clad, plated, nor coated with metal and whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances, in coils (whether or not in successively superimposed layers), regardless of thickness, and in straight lengths, of a thickness of less than 4.75 mm and of a width measuring at least 10 times the thickness. Universal mill plate (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm, but not exceeding 1,250 mm, and of a thickness of not less than 4 mm, not in coils and without patterns in relief) of a thickness not less than 4.0 mm is not included within the scope of the CVD Order. A full description of the scope of the CVD Order is contained in the Issues and

1 See Notice of Countervailing Duty Order: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 66 FR 60197 (December 3, 2001) (CVD Order).
3 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
4 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
5 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
6 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
7 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
8 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
9 See Notice of Intent to Participate, CVD Sunset Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand, 84 FR 8212 (February 5, 2019).
Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice.5

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in this sunset review are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The issues discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum include the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of a countervailable subsidy and the net countervailable subsidy likely to prevail if the CVD Order were revoked. A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://trade.gov/enforcement/ and in the Central Records Unit, Room B–8024, in the Herbert C. Hoover Building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and electronic versions of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Review

Pursuant to sections 752(b)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the CVD Order on certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products from Thailand would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of countervailable subsidies at the following net countervailable subsidy rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturers/exporters/producers</th>
<th>Net countervailable subsidy (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Co. Ltd</td>
<td>2.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All others</td>
<td>*2.38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* ad valorem.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective orders is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Commerce is issuing and publishing these final results and this notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(b), and 777(i)(1) of the Act.2

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Decision Memorandum
I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. History of the Order
V. Discussion of the Issues
1. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of a Countervailable Subsidy
2. Net Countervailable Subsidy Likely to Prevail
3. Nature of the Subsidy
VI. Final Results of Review
VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2019–12276 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration

[A–428–841, A–570–925]

Sodium Nitrite From Germany and the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Second Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of these expedited sunset reviews, Commerce finds that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping at the levels indicated in the “Final Results of Review” section of this notice.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the second sunset review of the antidumping duty orders on sodium nitrite from Germany and the People’s Republic of China (China)1 pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act.2 On February 21, 2019, Commerce received notices of intent to participate from Chemtrade Chemicals US LLC (Chemtrade), a domestic interested party, within the 15-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).3 Chemtrade claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act as a producer of sodium nitrite in the United States. On March 7, 2019, Commerce received adequate substantive responses to the notice of initiation from

2 See Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews, 84 FR 1705 (February 5, 2019). The initiation of these reviews was originally scheduled for January 2019 (see Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation: Advance Notification of Sunset Review, 83 FR 62292 [December 3, 2018]), however, the initiation was affected by the partial federal government closure from December 22, 2018, through the resumption of operations on January 28, 2019. Due to the partial federal government closure, Commerce initiated these reviews in February 2019.
Chemtrade within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). We received no substantive responses from respondent interested parties with respect to either of the order covered by these sunset reviews.

On March 20, 2019, Commerce notified the U.S. International Trade Commission that it did not receive an adequate substantive response from respondent interested parties. As a result, pursuant to 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce conducted expedited (120-day) sunset reviews of the antidumping duty orders on sodium nitrite from Germany and China.

Scope of the Orders
The merchandise subject to these orders is sodium nitrite in any form, at any purity level. In addition, the sodium nitrite covered by these orders may or may not contain an anti-caking agent. Examples of names commonly used to reference sodium nitrite are nitrous acid, sodium salt, anti-rust, diazotizing salts, erinitrit, and filmerine. The chemical composition of sodium nitrite is NaNO₂ and it is generally classified under subheading 2834.10.0000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). The American Chemical Society Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) has assigned the name “sodium nitrite” to sodium nitrite. The CAS registry number is 7632–00–0.

While the HTSUS subheading, CAS registry number, and CAS name are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of these orders is dispositive.

Analysis of Comments Received
All issues raised in these sunset reviews are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice. The issues discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum are the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping and the magnitude of the dumping margin likely to prevail if the orders were revoked. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://access.trade.gov, and to all in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is included as an Appendix to this notice. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Reviews
Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on sodium nitrite from Germany and China would be likely to lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping at weighted-average dumping margins up to 237.00 percent for Germany and 190.74 percent for China.

Notification to Interested Parties
This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective orders is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing the final results and this notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix
List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum
I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Orders
IV. History of the Orders
V. Legal Framework
VI. Discussion of the Issues
A. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of Dumping

VI. Discussion of the Issues
A. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of Dumping

B. Magnitude of the Dumping Margins

Likely to Prevail

VII. Final Results of Sunset Review

VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2019–12281 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[̂A–570–847]

Persulfates From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the antidumping duty order on persulfates from the People’s Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, at the level indicated in the “Final Results of Sunset Review” section of this notice, infra.


Background
On July 7, 1997, Commerce published in the Federal Register the antidumping duty order on persulfates from China. On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation of this sunset review of the antidumping duty order on persulfates from China pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). On February 19, 2019, Commerce received a timely and complete notice of intent to participate in the sunset review from a domestic interested party, PeroxyChem LLC (PeroxyChem), in which the domestic interested party claimed interested party status, as a domestic producer of persulfates, under


section 771(9)(C) of the Act. This notice was filed within the time period specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).

On March 6, 2019, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i), the domestic interested party filed a timely and adequate substantive response. Commerce did not receive a substantive response from any respondent interested party. As a result, pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce conducted an expedited (120-day) sunset review of the Order.

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order are persulfates, including ammonium, potassium, and sodium persulfates. The chemical formulas for these persulfates are, respectively, (NH₄)₂S₂O₈, K₂S₂O₈, and Na₂S₂O₈. Potassium persulfates are currently classifiable under subheading 2833.40.10 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Sodium persulfates are classifiable under HTSUS subheading 2833.40.20. Ammonium and other persulfates are classifiable under HTSUS subheadings 2833.40.50 and 2833.40.60. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.

Analysis of Comments Received

A complete discussion of all issues raised in this sunset review, specifically the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping and the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail if the Order were to be revoked, is provided in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice. A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://access.trade.gov and to all parties in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Sunset Review

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1), 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the Order would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, and that the magnitude of the dumping margins likely to prevail would be weighted-average dumping margins up to 119.02 percent.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Orders

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective orders is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing the results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. History of the Proceeding
   a. Order
   b. Administrative, Changed Circumstances, and Sunset Reviews
   c. Scope Inquiries, New Shipper Reviews, and Duty Absorption
V. Discussion of the Issues
   a. Legal Framework
   b. Likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping
   c. Magnitude of the Margin of Dumping Likely to Prevail

[FR Doc. 2019–12275 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–875]


AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of this sunset review, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the antidumping duty order on non-malleable cast iron pipe fittings (NMPF) from the People’s Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the level identified in the “Final Results of Review” section of this notice.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ariela Garvett or Maliha Khan, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3609 or (202) 482–0895, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 7, 2003, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the notice of the antidumping duty order on NMPF from China. On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the initiation of the third sunset review of the Order, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). On February 20, 2019, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate in this review from Anvil International, LLC and Ward Manufacturing LLC (collectively, the petitioners), a domestic interested party, within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i). The petitioners claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act as U.S. manufacturers or producers of a domestic like product. On March 7, 2019, Commerce received a complete and adequate substantive response from the petitioners within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).
the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping in the event of revocation of the Order and the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail if the Order was revoked, is provided in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice.6 A list of the topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://access.trade.gov and to all parties in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Sunset Reviews

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, Commerce determines that revocation of the Order would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, and that the magnitude of the dumping margins likely to prevail would be weighted-average margins up to 75.50 percent.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing these results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(c), and 777(i)(1) of the Act, 19 CFR 351.218, and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(5)(i).

Analysis of Comments Received

A complete discussion of all issues raised in this review, including the

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

A–570–916

Laminated Woven Sacks From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of this expedited sunset review, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the antidumping duty order on certain laminated woven sacks from the People’s Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the level indicated in the “Final Results of Sunset Review” section of this notice.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 7, 2008, Commerce published the Order on laminated woven sacks from China.1 On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the second sunset review of the antidumping duty Order on

1 See Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Laminated Woven Sacks From the People’s Republic of China, 73 FR 45941 (August 7, 2008) (Order).
laminated woven sacks from China, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). On February 19, 2019, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate from the Laminated Woven Sacks Fair Trade Coalition and its individual members, Polytex Fibers Corporation and ProAmpac Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the domestic interested parties), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i). The domestic interested parties claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act, as a manufacturer of a domestic-like product in the United States, and under section 771(9)(E) and (F) of the Act as a trade association whose members are producers of a domestic-like product in the United States.

On March 7, 2019, we received a complete substantive response from domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). We received no substantive responses from respondent interested parties with respect to the Order covered by this sunset review, nor was a hearing requested. Commerce received no comments on the adequacy of responses in this sunset review.

Pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce is conducting an expedited (120-day) sunset review of this order.

Scope of the Order

The merchandise subject to the Order is laminated woven sacks. For a complete description of the scope of the Order, see the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in this review, including the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping in the event of revocation and the magnitude of the margins of dumping likely to prevail if the Order were revoked, are listed in the Appendix to this notice, and addressed in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://access.trade.gov, and to all parties in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at http://enforcement.trade.gov/fim/. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Sunset Reviews

Pursuant to sections 751(c)(1) and 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, we determine that revocation of the antidumping duty Order on laminated woven sacks from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, and that the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail would be weighted-average dumping margins up to 91.73 percent.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 7, 2008, Commerce published the CVD Order on laminated woven sacks from China. On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation for the second sunset review of the CVD Order, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Subsequently, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate from the Laminated Woven Sacks Fair Trade Coalition and its individual members, Polytex Fibers Corporation and ProAmpac Holdings, Inc. (collectively, the domestic interested parties), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Laminated Woven Sacks From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Second Expedited Five-Year (Sunset) Review of the Countervailing Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty (CVD) order on laminated woven sacks from the People’s Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to the continuation or recurrence of net countervailable subsidies at the rates in the “Final Results of Review” section of this notice.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas Dunne or Jacqueline Arrowsmith, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–2328 or (202) 482–5235, respectively.

1 See Initiation of Five-Year (“Sunset”) Reviews, 84 FR 1704 (February 5, 2019).


4 See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order on Laminated Woven Sacks from the People’s Republic of China” (Issues and Decision Memorandum), dated concurrently with these results and hereby adopted by this notice.


6 See Initiation of Five-Year (“Sunset”) Reviews, 84 FR 1704 (February 5, 2019).


27090 Federal Register / Vol. 84, No. 112 / Tuesday, June 11, 2019 / Notices
Commerce received a complete substantive response to the notice of initiation from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i). Commerce received no substantive responses from the Government of China or any respondent interested party. As a result, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(o)(1)(iii)(C)(2), Commerce is conducting an expedited (120-day) sunset review of the CVD Order.

Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by the CVD Order is laminated woven sacks. A full description of the scope of the CVD Order is contained in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, which is hereby adopted by this notice.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in this sunset review are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The issues discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum include the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of a countervailable subsidy and the net countervailable subsidy likely to prevail if the CVD Order were revoked. A list of topics discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as an Appendix. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://trade.gov/.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective orders is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Commerce is issuing and publishing these final results and this notice in accordance with sections 751(c), 752(b), and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: June 5, 2019.
Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. Discussion of the Issues
V. Discussion of the Issues
(1) Likelihood of Continuation of a Countervailable Subsidy
(2) Net Countervailable Subsidy Likely to Prevail
(3) Nature of the Subsidy

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[Appendices]

Steel Wire Garment Hangers From the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of the Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of this expedited sunset review, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the antidumping duty order on steel wire garment hangers (hangers) from the People’s Republic of China (China) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the level indicated in the “Final Results of Sunset Review” section of this notice.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Genevieve Coen, AD/CVD Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance.

4 See LWSPTC’s Letter, “Five Year (“Sunset”)
Review of Countervailing Duty Order on Laminated Woven Sacks from the People’s Republic of China:

5 See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Expedited Countervailing Duty Order on Laminated Woven Sacks from the People’s Republic of China,” dated concurrently with and adopted by this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On October 6, 2008, Commerce published the Order on hangers from China.1 On February 5, 2019, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the second sunset review of the antidumping duty Order on hangers from China, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).2 On February 13, 2019, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate from M&B Metal Products Company, Inc. (the domestic interested party), within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).3 The domestic interested party claimed interested party status under section 771(9)(C) of the Act, as a manufacturer of a domestic like product in the United States. On February 28, 2019, we received a complete substantive response from the domestic interested party within the 30-day deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(3)(i).4 We received no substantive responses from respondent interested parties with respect to the Order covered by this sunset review, nor was a hearing requested. Commerce received no comments on the adequacy of the domestic interested party’s substantive response in this sunset review. Pursuant to sections 751(c)(3)(B) and 752(c)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(C)(2), Commerce is conducting an expedited (120-day) sunset review of this order.

Scope of the Order

The merchandise subject to the Order is steel wire garment hangers. For a complete description of the scope of the Order, see the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum.5

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in this review, including the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping in the event of revocation and the magnitude of the margins of dumping likely to prevail if the Order were revoked, are addressed in the accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at http://access.trade.gov, and to all parties in the Central Records Unit, Room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed Issues and Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Final Results of Sunset Review

Pursuant to section 751(c)(1) and 752(c)(1) and (3) of the Act, we determine that revocation of the antidumping duty Order on hangers from China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping, and that the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail would be weighted-average dumping margins up to 187.25 percent.

Notifications to Interested Parties

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing these results and notice in accordance with sections 751(c) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

I. Summary
II. Background
III. Scope of the Order
IV. History of the Order
V. Legal Framework
VI. Discussion of the Issues
1. Likelihood of Continuation or Recurrence of Dumping
2. Magnitude of the Margins of Dumping Likely to Prevail

VII. Final Results of Sunset Review
VIII. Recommendation

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

U.S. Department of Commerce Trade Finance Advisory Council

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of an open meeting.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce Trade Finance Advisory Council (TFAC or Council) will hold a meeting via teleconference on Thursday, June 20, 2019. The meeting is open to the public with registration instructions provided below.

DATES: Thursday, June 20, 2019, from approximately 1:00 p.m. to 3:00 p.m. Eastern Time (ET). The deadline for members of the public to register, including requests to make comments during the meeting and for auxiliary aids, or to submit written comments for dissemination prior to the meeting, is 5:00 p.m. ET on Monday, June 17, 2019. Registration, comments, and any auxiliary aid requests should be submitted via email to TFAC@trade.gov.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held by conference call. The call-in number and passcode will be provided by email to registrants. Requests to register (including for auxiliary aids) and any written comments should be submitted via email to TFAC@trade.gov, or by mail to Ericka Ukrow, Office of Finance and Insurance Industries, U.S. Department of Commerce Trade Finance Advisory Council, Room 18002, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ericka Ukrow, Designated Federal Officer, Office of Finance and Insurance Industries (OFII), International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce at (202) 482–0405; email: Ericka.Ukrow@trade.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The TFAC was established on August 11, 2016, pursuant to discretionary authority and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, 5 U.S.C. App., and re-
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648–XW002]

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; General Provisions for Domestic Fisheries; Application for Exempted Fishing Permits

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments

SUMMARY: The Regional Administrator, West Coast Region, NMFS, has made a preliminary determination that an application for an Exempted Fishing Permit warrants further consideration. The application, submitted by the West Coast Pelagic Conservation Group (a non-profit industry group), requests an exemption from the expected prohibition of directed fishing for Pacific sardine for the 2019–2020 fishing year to collect Pacific sardine as part of an industry-based scientific survey. NMFS requests public comment on the application.

DATES: Comments must be received by June 26, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments on this document, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2019–0055, by any of the following methods:

Electronic Submissions: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal e-Rulemaking Portal. Go to www.regulations.gov/#!docketDetail;D=NOAA-NMFS-2019-0055, click the “Comment Now!” icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments. The EFP application will be available under Relevant Documents through the same link.

Mail: Submit written comments to Lynn Massey, Sustainable Fisheries Division, West Coast Region, NMFS, 501 W Ocean Blvd., Ste. 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802–4230.

Instructions: Comments must be submitted by one of the above methods to ensure that the comments are received, documented, and considered by NMFS. Comments sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered. All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted for public viewing on www.regulations.gov without change. All personal identifying information (e.g., name, address, etc.) submitted voluntarily by the sender will be publicly accessible. Do not submit confidential business information, or otherwise sensitive or protected information. NMFS will accept anonymous comments (enter “N/A” in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lynn Massey, West Coast Region, NMFS, (562) 436–2462, lynn.massey@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 28, 2019, NMFS published a proposed rule (84 FR 24459) to implement Pacific sardine harvest specifications for the 2019–2020 fishing year off the U.S. West Coast. This proposed rule included a 4,000 metric ton (mt) annual catch target (ACT) and a prohibition on directed commercial fishing for Pacific sardine off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California (except for small directed catch and catch of live bait). At the April 2019 Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) meeting, the Council voted in support of the West Coast Pelagic Conservation Group’s (WCPCG) EFP application and one other application that is being processed on a separate track. The WCPCG’s application requests an exemption from the prohibition to directly harvest Pacific sardine. The proposed 2019–2020 Pacific sardine harvest specifications take into account the potential for up to 405 mt (the combined total of the two EFP proposals the Council reviewed) of the ACT to be harvested under EFPs.

The WCPCG EFP application requests a permit to directly harvest 10 mt of CPS, of which the applicant estimates no more than 5 mt will be Pacific sardine. The purpose of the EFP is to collect biological samples in areas inshore of the 2019 NMFS Southwest Fisheries Science Center acoustic trawl survey to better assess species composition and CPS distribution and abundance. An EFP is necessary to conduct this collection because the proposed 2019–2020 harvest specifications would prohibit most directed fishing for Pacific sardine. The collections under the EFP would take place between approximately June 25, 2019, and August 31, 2019. If NMFS
does not issue this EFP, then this 5-mt portion of the ACT would be available for harvest by other permissible fishing activities.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jennifer M. Wallace,
Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2019–12245 Filed 6–6–19; 4:15 pm]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).


Title: North Pacific Observer Program

Safety and Security Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0648–0759.

Form Number(s): None.

Type of Request: Regular (Revision request).

Number of Respondents: 300.

Average Hours per Response: .17 (10 minutes per respondent).

Burden Hours: 50.

Needs and Uses: NMFS certified observers are a vital part of fisheries management. Observers are deployed to collect fisheries data in the field; observers often deploy to vessels and work alongside fishermen for weeks and months at a time. The work environment in which observers find themselves can be challenging, especially if the observer finds themselves a target for victim type violations such as sexual harassment, intimidation, or even assault. NOAA Fisheries’ Office of Law Enforcement prioritizes investigations into allegations of sexual harassment, hostile work environment, assault, and other complaints that may affect observers individually. However, it is difficult for a person to disclose if they have been a victim of a crime, and law enforcement cannot respond if no complaint is submitted. The true number of observers who have experienced victim type crimes is unknown, and the reasons why they do not report is also unclear. More information is needed to understand how many observers per year experience victim type crimes, and why they chose not to report to law enforcement.

The survey will also investigate the reasons that prevented observers from reporting these violations. The results of the survey will provide the Office of Law Enforcement a better understanding of how often observers are victimized, which will enable them to reallocate resources as needed, conduct more training for observers to ensure they know how to report, conduct training to ensure people understand what constitutes a victim crime, and to increase awareness of potential victimizations. Additionally, the survey results will help law enforcement understand the barriers to disclosure, so enforcement may begin to address these impediments so they no longer prevent observers from disclosure.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Frequency: Annually.

Respondent’s Obligation: Voluntary.

This information collection request may be viewed at reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395–5806.

Sheleen Dumas,
Departmental Lead PRA Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2019–12196 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).


Title: Alaska Groundfish Tagging Program.

OMB Control Number: 0648–0276.

Form Number(s): None.

Type of Request: Regular.

Number of Respondents: 440.

Average Hours per Response: 5 minutes for returning a regular tag, and 20 minutes for returning an internal archival tag.

Burden Hours: 89

Needs and Uses: NOAA Fisheries is mandated to assess the health of the populations of commercially important species with the best information possible. Groundfish tagging programs in the northeastern Pacific Ocean and Alaska waters provide essential research data on groundfish life histories and migration patterns that are necessary for successful management. Collecting tag recovery data from the public is essential for the success of this program. Each year, thousands of fish are caught during NOAA Fisheries stock assessment surveys. These fish are weighed and measured, and their sex is determined. Fish that appear healthy and uninjured are tagged before being released back into the wild. Fishermen and seafood processors subsequently find the tagged fish. By returning the tag to NOAA Fisheries, along with information on when and where the fish was caught and the size and weight of the fish, these fishermen and processors provide extremely valuable information to fishery scientists and managers. Tagging groundfish for subsequent tracking and recovery is an important tool for managing fishery resources and the information gathered has resulted in numerous scientific and management publications by NOAA Fisheries personnel.

Affected Public: Not-for-profit institutions; State, local, or tribal government; business or other for-profit organizations.

Frequency: Once per year.

Respondent’s Obligation: Voluntary.

This information collection request may be viewed at reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to OIRA Submission@omb.eop.gov or fax to (202) 395–5806.

Sheleen Dumas,
Departmental Lead PRA Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2019–12198 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Application Package for National Service Trust AmeriCorps Interest Payment Form/AmeriCorps—Manual Interest Payment Request Form

AGENCY: Corporation for National and Community Service (CNCS).

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, CNCS is proposing to renew an information collection.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the individual and office listed in the ADDRESSES section by August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by the title of the information collection activity, by any of the following methods:

(1) By mail sent to: Corporation for National and Community Service, Attention: Nahid Jarrett, 250 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20525.

(2) By hand delivery or by courier to the CNCS mailroom at the mail address given in paragraph (1) above, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

(3) Electronically through www.regulations.gov.

Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY–TDD) may use our web chat for alternative communication www.NationalService.gov/contact-us.

Comments submitted in response to this notice may be made available to the public through regulations.gov. For this reason, please do not include in your comments information of a confidential nature, such as sensitive personal information or proprietary information.

If you send an email comment, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. Please note that responses to this public comment request containing any routine notice about the confidentiality of the communication will be treated as public comment that may be made available to the public, notwithstanding the inclusion of the routine notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nahid Jarrett, 202–606–6753, or by email at njarrett@cns.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title of Collection: National Service Trust AmeriCorps Interest Payment Form/AmeriCorps—Manual Interest Payment Request Form.

OMB Control Number: 3045–0014.

Type of Review: Renewal.

Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals and Households OR Businesses and Organizations OR State, Local or Tribal Governments.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 4,000.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 667.

Abstract: CNCS seeks to renew the current information collection request. The National Service Trust AmeriCorps Interest Payment Form/AmeriCorps—Manual Interest Payment Request Form is used to pay all or a portion of the interest that accrued during their service period, if their loans were in forbearance and if they successfully completed their term of service. This payment is in addition to the education award. The intention is to keep the qualified student loan debt of members from increasing as a result of their national service. The percentage of accrued interest CNCS pays is determined by a formula based on the member’s term of service. This information collection is not required to be considered for obtaining grant funding support. The currently approved information collection is due to expire on August 31, 2019.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and to be able to respond to a collection of information, to search data sources, to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information. All written comments will be available for public inspection on regulations.gov.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jerry Prentice, Director of the National Service Trust.

[FR Doc. 2019–12210 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6050–28–P

CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Application Package for National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form

AGENCY: Corporation for National and Community Service (CNCS).

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, CNCS is proposing to renew an information collection.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the individual and office listed in the ADDRESSES section by August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by the title of the information collection activity, by any of the following methods:

(1) By mail sent to: Corporation for National and Community Service, Attention: Nahid Jarrett, 250 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20525.

(2) By hand delivery or by courier to the CNCS mailroom at the mail address given in paragraph (1) above, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.

(3) Electronically through www.regulations.gov.

Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY–TDD) may use our web chat for alternative communication www.NationalService.gov/contact-us.

Comments submitted in response to this notice may be made available to the public through regulations.gov. For this reason, please do not include in your comments information of a confidential nature, such as sensitive personal information or proprietary information.

If you send an email comment, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. Please note that responses to this public comment request containing any routine notice about the confidentiality of the communication will be treated as public comment that may be made available to the public, notwithstanding the inclusion of the routine notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nahid Jarrett, 202–606–6753, or by email at njarrett@cns.gov.
nature, such as sensitive personal information or proprietary information. If you send an email comment, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. Please note that responses to this public comment request containing any routine notice about the confidentiality of the communication will be treated as public comment that may be made available to the public, notwithstanding the inclusion of the routine notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Nahid Jarrett, 202–606–6753, or by email at njarrett@cns.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title of Collection: National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form.
OMB Control Number: 0345–0030.
Type of Review: Renewal.
Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals and Households OR Businesses and Organizations OR State, Local or Tribal Governments.
Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 11,000.
Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 1,833.
Abstract: CNCS seeks to renew the current information collection request. The National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form or its electronic versions, is used to certify that AmeriCorps members are eligible for forbearance based on their enrollment in a national service position. AmeriCorps members use the form, or its electronic equivalents, to request forbearance. This information collection is not required to be considered for obtaining grant funding support. The currently approved information collection is due to expire on August 31, 2019.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation.

CISPR FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE
Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Application Package for National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form
AGENCY: Corporation for National and Community Service (CNCS).
ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, CNCS is proposing to renew an information collection.

DATES: Written comments must be submitted to the individual and office listed in the ADDRESSES section by August 12, 2019.
ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by the title of the information collection activity, by any of the following methods:
(1) By mail sent to: Corporation for National and Community Service, Attention: Nahid Jarrett, 250 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20525.
(2) By hand delivery or by courier to the CNCS mailroom at the mail address given in paragraph (1) above, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday through Friday, except federal holidays.
(3) Electronically through www.regulations.gov.

Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY–TDD) may use our web chat for alternative communication www.NationalService.gov/contact-us.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be made available to the public through regulations.gov. For this reason, please do not include in your comments information of a confidential nature, such as sensitive personal information or proprietary information. If you send an email comment, your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. Please note that responses to this public comment request containing any routine notice about the confidentiality of the communication will be treated as public comment that may be made available to the public, notwithstanding the inclusion of the routine notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Nahid Jarrett, 202–606–6753, or by email at njarrett@cns.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title of Collection: National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form.
OMB Control Number: 0345–0053.
Type of Review: Renewal.
Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals and Households OR Businesses and Organizations OR State, Local or Tribal Governments.
Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 11,000.
Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 1,833.
Abstract: CNCS seeks to renew the current information collection request. The National Service Trust AmeriCorps Forbearance Request for National Service Form or its electronic versions, is used to certify that AmeriCorps members are eligible for forbearance based on their enrollment in a national service position. AmeriCorps members use the form, or its electronic equivalents, to request forbearance. This information collection is not required to be considered for obtaining grant funding support. The currently approved information collection is due to expire on August 31, 2019.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the
collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and to be able to respond to a collection of information, to search data sources, to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information. All written comments will be available for public inspection on regulations.gov.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Jerry Prentice,
Director of the National Service Trust.
[FR Doc. 2019–12206 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6050–28–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army
[Docket ID: USA–2019–HQ–0019]

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: United States Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Information collection notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the United States Army Corps of Engineers announces a proposed public information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. Comments are invited on: Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all comments received by August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by docket number and title, by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• Mail: Department of Defense, Office of the Chief Management Officer, Directorate for Oversight and Compliance, 4800 Mark Center Drive, Mailbox #24, Suite 08D09, Alexandria, VA 22350–1700.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name, docket number, and title for this Federal Register document. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing on the internet at http://www.regulations.gov as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

Any associated form(s) for this collection may be located within this same electronic docket and downloaded for review/testing. Follow the instructions at http://www.regulations.gov for submitting comments. Please submit comments on any given form identified by docket number, form number, and title.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments, please write to the Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, P.O. Box 60267, New Orleans, Louisiana 70160, John Dubberley or call the Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center at (504) 862–1404.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Associated Forms and OMB Number; Vessel Operation Reporting: ENG Form 3926, ENG Form 3925, ENG Form 3925B, ENG Form 3925C, ENG Form 3925P; OMB Control Number 0710–0006.

Needs and Uses: The information collection requirement is necessary to determine usage on the nation’s waterway network. The WCSC and the LPMS databases are the sole government sources for information in the United States on domestic waterborne commerce and lock or canal operation. The Army Corps of Engineers is the agency charged with the collection of this data due to its responsibility for the planning, design, construction, rehabilitation, operation, and maintenance of the inland waterway systems, the Great Lakes, and the channels of the coastal ports.

The aggregate data collected under these programs are published in the annual publications. Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Parts 1–5, Lock Performance Monitoring System Quarterly Reports, and Waterborne Transportation Lines of the United States. Each data base and publication provide essential information for an understanding of the utilization of our Nation’s navigation systems and the fleet using these systems. The data bases provide essential information to those with the responsibilities over the physical system or to those involved in shipping or moving commodities on the Nation’s waterways. ” [River and Harbor Act of September 22, 1922 (42 Stat. 1043)].

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Annual Burden Hours: 10,800.

Number of Respondents: 840.

Responses per Respondent: 12.

Annual Responses: 10,080.

Average Burden per Response: 1 hour.

Frequency: Monthly.

The end result of using both the 3925 series and ENG Form 3926, despite collecting very similar data, is to ensure WCSC is able to paint a complete picture of vessel movements and cargo carried on U.S. waterways. Each set of data produced from the forms allows WCSC to ensure accuracy and completeness. The data are used to annually publish Waterborne Commerce of the United States (WCUS) Ports and Waterways which presents detailed data on the movements of vessels and commodities at the ports and harbors and on the waterways and canals of the United States and its territories. It also provides statistics on the foreign and domestic waterborne commerce moved through the U.S. waters. Congress receives this annual report, and the data contained therein are used in cost-benefit analyses for new projects, rehabilitation projects, and operations and maintenance of existing projects. It is also used by other Federal agencies involved in transportation and security. Researchers and private organizations also use the data regularly to help decide on which locales are best models for their studies/needs.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Aaron T. Siegel,
Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.
[FR Doc. 2019–12124 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 5001–06–P
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
Department of the Navy
Notice of Availability of Government-Owned Inventions; Available for Licensing

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DoD.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Navy (DoN) announces the availability of the inventions listed below, assigned to the United States Government, as represented by the Secretary of the Navy, for domestic and foreign licensing by the Department of the Navy.

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the patents cited should be directed to Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Div, Code OOL, Bldg 2, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Christopher Monsey, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Div, Code OOL, Bldg 2, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001, Email Christopher.Monsey@navy.mil, 812–854–2777.


Dated: June 6, 2019.
M.S. Werner,
Commander, Judge Advocate General’s Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.
[FR Doc. 2019–12265 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
Applications for New Awards; Promoting Postbaccalaureate Opportunities for Hispanic Americans Program

AGENCY: Office of Postsecondary Education, Department of Education.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Education (Department) is issuing a notice inviting applications for new individual development awards for fiscal year (FY) 2019 for the Promoting Postbaccalaureate Opportunities for Hispanic Americans (PPOHA) Program, Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number 84.031M. This notice relates to the approved information collection under OMB control number 1894–0006.

Deadline for Transmittal of Applications: July 26, 2019.

ADDRESSES: For the addresses for obtaining and submitting an application, please refer to our Common Instructions for Applicants to Department of Education Discretionary Grant Programs, published in the Federal Register on February 13, 2019 (83 FR 3768) and available at: www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2019-02-13/pdf/2019-02206.pdf.

If you use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) or a text telephone (TTY), call the Federal Relay Service (FRS), toll free, at 1–800–877–8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Full Text of Announcement
I. Funding Opportunity Description

Purposes of Program: The purposes of the PPOHA Program are to: (1) Expand postbaccalaureate educational opportunities for, and improve the academic attainment of, Hispanic students; and (2) expand the postbaccalaureate academic offerings, as well as enhance the program quality, in the institutions of higher education (IHEs) that are educating the majority of Hispanic college students and helping large numbers of Hispanic and low-income students complete postsecondary degrees.

Background: While more Hispanics are pursuing a postsecondary education than ever before, college attainment rates among Hispanics still lag behind those for other groups. As of 2017, among Hispanics ages 25 to 29, just 19 percent had obtained a bachelor’s degree or higher. By comparison, among the same age group, about 23 percent of blacks, 42 percent of whites, and 61 percent of Asian/Pacific Islanders had a bachelor’s degree or higher.1 For many students that do receive a bachelor’s degree, enrolling and persisting through a graduate program can be daunting, especially for first-generation students. The PPOHA program supports institutions that seek to develop, enhance, and promote postbaccalaureate opportunities for Hispanic students.

Priorities: This notice contains two competitive priorities and one invitational priority. The first competitive preference priority is from the authorized activities for the PPOHA Program in section 513(7) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA). The second competitive preference priority is from the Secretary’s Final Supplemental Priorities and Definitions for Discretionary Grant Programs (83 FR 9096) (Supplemental Priorities), which was published in the Federal Register on March 2, 2018.

Competitive Preference Priorities: For FY 2019 and any subsequent year in which we make awards from the list of unfunded applications from this competition, these priorities are competitive preference priorities. Under 34 CFR 75.105(c)(2)(i), we award an application up to five additional points for each priority. Applicants may respond to one or both of the competitive preference priorities, for a total of up to 10 additional points.
These priorities are:
Competitive Preference Priority 1 (Up to 5 additional points).
Projects that propose collaboration with other institutions of higher education to expand postbaccalaureate certificate and postbaccalaureate degree offerings.
Competitive Preference Priority 2 (Up to 5 additional points).
Projects that are designed to support instruction in personal financial literacy, knowledge of markets and economics, knowledge of higher education financing and repayment (e.g., college savings and student loans), or other skills aimed at building

project component is designed to improve, consistent with the specific goals of the program.

Program Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1102–1102c; 1161a–a.


II. Award Information
Type of Award: Discretionary grants.
Estimated Available Funds: $11,051,370.

Contingent upon the availability of funds and the quality of applications, we may make additional awards in subsequent fiscal years from the list of unfunded applications from this competition.

Estimated Range of Awards: $350,000–$600,000.
Estimated Average Size of Awards: $500,000.

Maximum Awards: We will not make an award for a PPOHA Program individual development grant exceeding $600,000 for a single budget period of 12 months.

Estimated Number of Awards: 21.
Note: The Department is not bound by any estimates in this notice.

Note: During the competition timeframe, applicants should periodically check the PPOHA Program website for announcements regarding technical assistance sessions for potential applicants, as well as any other competition program updates. The address is: www2.ed.gov/programs/Ppha/index.html
Project Period: Up to 60 months.

III. Eligibility Information
1. Eligible Applicants: HEIs that offer a postbaccalaureate certificate or postbaccalaureate degree program and qualify as eligible Hispanic-Serving Institutions (HSIs) under section 502 of the HEA.

Applications also must meet the following criteria from the Final Requirements:

Eligibility Criteria (Use of 34 CFR 606.2(a) and (b), 606.3 through 606.5):
To qualify as an eligible HSI for the PPOHA Program under sections 502 and 512(b) of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1101a and 1102a), an HEA—
(a) Have an enrollment of needy students, as defined in section 502(b) of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1101a(b)) (cross-referenced in section 502(a)(2)(A)(i) of the HEA; 20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(2)(A)(i));
(b) Have, except as provided in section 522(b) of the HEA (20 U.S.C. 1103(a)(b)), average educational and general expenditures that are low, per full-time equivalent (FTE) undergraduate student, in comparison with the average educational and general expenditures per FTE undergraduate student of institutions that offer similar instruction (section 502(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the HEA; 20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(2)(A)(ii));
(c) Be accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association that the Secretary has determined to be a reliable authority as to the quality of education or training offered, or making reasonable progress toward accreditation, according to such an agency or association (section 502(a)(2)(A)(iv) of the HEA; 20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(2)(A)(iv));
(d) Be legally authorized to provide, and provide within the State, an educational program for which the institution awards a bachelor’s degree (section 502(a)(2)(A)(iii) of the HEA; 20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(2)(A)(iii)); and
(e) Have an enrollment of undergraduate FTE students that is at least 25 percent Hispanic students at the end of the award year immediately preceding the date of application (section 502(a)(5)(B) of the HEA; 20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(5)(B)).

Note: Funds for the PPOHA Program will be awarded each fiscal year; thus, for this program, the “end of the award year immediately preceding the date of application” refers to the end of the fiscal year prior to the application due date. The end of the fiscal year occurs on September 30 for any given year.

Note: In considering applications for grants under this program, the Department will compare the data and documentation the institution relied on
in its application with data reported to the Department’s Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), the IHE’s State-reported enrollment data, and the institutional annual report. If different percentages or data are reported in these various sources, the institution must, as part of the 25 percent assurance verification, explain the reason for the differences. If the IPEDS data show that less than 25 percent of the institution’s undergraduate FTE students are Hispanic, the burden is on the institution to show that the IPEDS data are inaccurate. If the IPEDS data indicate that the institution has an undergraduate FTE less than 25 percent, and the institution fails to demonstrate that the IPEDS data are inaccurate, the institution will be considered ineligible.

For purposes of this competition, the data that we will use to determine percent enrollment for school year is 2017–2018.

Note 3: In addition, for the purpose of establishing eligibility under 34 CFR 606.3 for this FY 2019 competition, the notice inviting applications for eligibility designation for FY 2019 was published in the Federal Register on January 29, 2019 (84 FR 451). Only institutions that submitted the required application and received designation through that process are eligible to submit an application for this competition.

1. Cost Sharing or Matching: This program does not require cost sharing or matching.

2. Supplement-Not-Supplant: This program involves supplement-not-supplant funding requirements.

3. Subgrantees: A grantee under this competition may not award subgrants to entities to directly carry out project activities described in its application.

4. Other:
   a. Limit on Number of Individual Development Grants. An eligible HSI will not be awarded more than one grant under the PPOHA Program (20 U.S.C. 1102c).
   b. Limit on Applications From an Eligible Institution. In any fiscal year, an eligible institution may submit only one application for a grant under the PPOHA Program. This restriction is intended to ensure that more HSIs have an opportunity for assistance under title V, part B of the HEA.

IV. Application and Submission Information

1. Application Submission Instructions: Applicants are required to follow the Common Instructions for Applicants to Department of Education Discretionary Grant Programs, published in the Federal Register on February 13, 2019 (84 FR 3768) and available at www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2019-02-13/pdf/2019-02206.pdf, which contain requirements and information on how to submit an application.

2. Intergovernmental Review: This program is subject to Executive Order 12372 and the regulations in 34 CFR part 79. Information about Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs under Executive Order 12372 is in the application package for this program.

3. Funding Restrictions: We reference regulations outlining funding restrictions in the Applicable Regulations section of this notice.

4. Recommended Page Limit: The application narrative (Part III of the application) is where you, the applicant, address the selection criteria that reviewers use to evaluate your application. We recommend that you (1) limit the application narrative to no more than 50 pages and (2) use the following standards:
   - A “page” is 8.5” x 11”, on one side only, with 1” margins at the top, bottom, and both sides.
   - Double space (no more than three lines per vertical inch) all text in the application narrative. Titles, headings, footnotes, quotations, references, and captions, as well as all text in charts, tables, figures, and graphs, are excluded.
   - Use a font that is either 12 point or larger, and no smaller than 10 pitch (characters per inch).
   - Use one of the following fonts: Times New Roman, Courier, Courier New, or Arial.

   The recommended page limit does not apply to Part I, the cover sheet; Part II, the budget section, including the narrative budget justification; Part IV, the assurances and certifications; or the one-page abstract and the bibliography. However, the recommended page limit does apply to all of the application narrative.

   Note: The Budget Information-Non-Construction Programs Form (ED 524) Sections A–C are not the same as the narrative response to the Budget section of the selection criteria.

V. Application Review Information

1. Selection Criteria: The selection criteria for this program are from section 34 CFR 75.210 and are as follows. Applicants should address each of the selection criteria separately for each proposed activity. The total weight of the selection criteria is 100 points; the weight of each criterion is noted in parentheses.

   (a) Need for project. (Maximum 5 points) The Secretary considers the need for the proposed project. In determining the need for the proposed project, the Secretary considers:
      i. The magnitude of the need for the services to be provided or the activities to be carried out by the proposed project. (up to 2 points)
      ii. The extent to which specific gaps or weaknesses in services, infrastructure, or opportunities have been identified and will be addressed by the proposed project, including the nature and magnitude of those gaps or weaknesses. (up to 3 points)
   (b) Quality of the project design. (Maximum 15 points) The Secretary considers the quality of the design of the proposed project. In determining the quality of the design of the proposed project, the Secretary considers:
      i. The extent to which the goals, objectives, and outcomes to be achieved by the proposed project are clearly specified and measurable. (up to 5 Points)
      ii. The extent to which the design of the proposed project is appropriate to, and will successfully address, the needs of the target population or other identified needs. (up to 5 points)
      iii. The extent to which the proposed project demonstrates a rationale (as defined in this notice) (up to 5 points)
   (c) Quality of project services. (Maximum 20 points) The Secretary considers the quality of the services to be provided by the proposed project. In determining the quality of the services to be provided by the proposed project, the Secretary considers the quality and sufficiency of strategies for ensuring equal access and treatment for eligible project participants who are members of groups that have traditionally been underrepresented based on race, color, national origin, gender, age, or disability. In addition, the Secretary considers:
      i. The extent to which the services to be provided by the proposed project are appropriate to the needs of the intended recipients or beneficiaries of those services. (up to 10 points)
      ii. The extent to which the services to be provided by the proposed project reflect up-to-date knowledge from research and effective practice. (up to 5 points)
      iii. The extent to which the design for implementing and evaluating the proposed project will result in information to guide possible replication of project activities or strategies, including information about the effectiveness of the approach or strategies employed by the project. (up to 5 points)
(d) Significance. (Maximum 5 points) The Secretary considers the significance of the proposed project. In determining the significance of the proposed project, the Secretary considers the extent to which the proposed project is likely to build local capacity to provide, improve, or expand services that address the needs of the target population.

(e) Adequacy of resources. (Maximum 15 points) The Secretary considers the adequacy of resources for the proposed project. In determining the adequacy of resources for the proposed project, the Secretary considers:

(i) The extent to which the budget is adequate to support the proposed project. (up to 5 points)

(ii) The potential for the incorporation of project purposes, activities, or benefits into the ongoing program of the agency or organization at the end of Federal funding. (up to 10 points)

(f) Quality of project personnel. (Maximum 5 points) The Secretary considers the quality of the personnel who will carry out the proposed project. In determining the quality of project personnel, the Secretary considers the extent to which the applicant encourages applications for employment from persons who are members of groups that have traditionally been underrepresented based on race, color, national origin, gender, age, or disability.

In addition, the Secretary considers the extent to which the time commitments of the project director and principal investigator and other key project personnel are appropriate and adequate to meet the objectives of the proposed project. (up to 5 points)

(g) Quality of the management plan. (Maximum 20 points) The Secretary considers the quality of the management plan for the proposed project. In determining the quality of the management plan for the proposed project, the Secretary considers:

(i) The adequacy of the management plan to achieve the objectives of the proposed project on time and within budget, including clearly defined responsibilities, timelines, and milestones for accomplishing project tasks. (up to 10 points)

(ii) The adequacy of procedures for ensuring feedback and continuous improvement in the operation of the proposed project. (up to 10 points)

(h) Quality of the project evaluation. (Maximum 15 points) The Secretary considers the quality of the evaluation to be conducted of the proposed project. In determining the quality of the evaluation, the Secretary considers:

(i) The extent to which the methods of evaluation are thorough, feasible, and appropriate to the goals, objectives, and outcomes of the proposed project. (up to 5 points)

(ii) The extent to which the methods of evaluation include the use of objective performance measures that are clearly related to the intended outcomes of the project and will produce quantitative and qualitative data to the extent possible. (up to 5 points)

(iii) The extent to which the methods of evaluation will provide performance feedback and permit periodic assessment of progress toward achieving intended outcomes. (up to 5 points)

2. Review and Selection Process: We remind potential applicants that in reviewing applications in any discretionary grant competition, the Secretary may consider, under 34 CFR 75.217(d)(3), the past performance of the applicant in carrying out a previous award, such as the applicant’s use of funds, achievement of project objectives, adherence with grant conditions. The Secretary may also consider whether the applicant failed to submit a timely performance report or submitted a report of unacceptable quality.

In addition, in making a competitive grant award, the Secretary requires various assurances including those applicable to Federal civil rights laws that prohibit discrimination in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance from the Department (34 CFR 100.4, 104.5, 106.4, 108.6, and 110.23).

A panel of three non-Federal reviewers will review and score each application in accordance with the selection criteria in 34 CFR 75.210. A rank order funding slate will be made from this review and the competitive preference priority points. Awards will be made in rank order according to the average score received from the peer review.

In the event there are two or more applications with the same final score, and there are insufficient funds to fully support each of these applications, the Department will use other information to select applications (as noted in 34 CFR 75.217). This information is included below. The Department will apply the following procedure to determine which application or applications will receive an award:

First Tiebreaker: The first tiebreaker will be the highest average score for the selection criterion “Quality of Project Design.” If a tie remains, the third tiebreaker will be utilized.

Third Tiebreaker: The third tiebreaker will be the highest average score for the selection criterion “Quality of Project Evaluation.”

3. Risk Assessment and Specific Conditions: Consistent with 2 CFR 200.205, before awarding grants under this program the Department conducts a review of the risks posed by applicants. Under 2 CFR 3474.10, the Secretary may impose specific conditions and, in appropriate circumstances, high-risk conditions on a grant if the applicant or grantee is not financially stable; has a history of unsatisfactory performance; has a financial or other management system that does not meet the standards in 2 CFR part 200, subpart D; has not fulfilled the conditions of a prior grant; or is otherwise not responsible.

4. Integrity and Performance System: If you are selected under this competition to receive an award that over the course of the project period may exceed the simplified acquisition threshold (currently $250,000), under 2 CFR 200.205(a)(2) we must make a judgment about your integrity, business ethics, and record of performance under Federal awards—that is, the risk posed by you as an applicant—before we make an award. In doing so, we must consider any information about you that is in the integrity and performance system (currently referred to as the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)), accessible through the System for Award Management. You may review and comment on any information about yourself that a Federal agency previously entered and that is currently in FAPIIS.

Please note that, if the total value of your currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from the Federal Government exceeds $10,000,000, the reporting requirements in 2 CFR part 200, Appendix XII, require you to report certain integrity information to FAPIIS semiannually. Please review the requirements in 2 CFR part 200, Appendix XII of this grant plus all the other Federal funds you receive exceed $10,000,000.

VI. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices: If your application is successful, we notify your U.S. Representative and U.S. Senators and send you a Grant Award Notification (GAN); or we may send you an email containing a link to access an electronic version of your GAN. We may notify you informally, also.

If your application is not evaluated or not selected for funding, we notify you.
2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements: We identify administrative and national policy requirements in the application package and reference these and other requirements in the Applicable Regulations section of this notice.

We reference the regulations outlining the terms and conditions of an award in the Applicable Regulations section of this notice and include these and other specific conditions in the GAN. The GAN also incorporates your approved application as part of your binding commitments under the grant.

3. Open Licensing Requirements: Unless an exception applies, if you are awarded a grant under this competition, you will be required to openly license to the public grant deliverables created in whole, or in part, with Department grant funds. When the deliverable consists of modifications to pre-existing works, the license extends only to those modifications that can be separately identified and only to the extent that open licensing is permitted under the terms of any licenses or other legal restrictions on the use of pre-existing works. Additionally, a grantee that is awarded competitive grant funds must have a plan to disseminate these public grant deliverables. This dissemination plan can be developed and submitted after your application has been reviewed and selected for funding. For additional information on the open licensing requirements please refer to 2 CFR 3474.20.

4. Reporting: (a) If you apply for a grant under this competition, you must ensure that you have in place the necessary processes and systems to comply with the reporting requirements in 2 CFR part 170 should you receive funding under the competition. This does not apply if you have an exception under 2 CFR 170.110(b).

(b) At the end of your project period, you must submit a final performance report, including financial information, as directed by the Secretary. If you receive a multiyear award, you must submit an annual performance report that provides the most current performance and financial expenditure information as directed by the Secretary under 34 CFR 75.118. The Secretary may also require more frequent performance reports under 34 CFR 75.720(c). For specific requirements on reporting, please go to www.ed.gov/fund/grant/apply/appforms/appforms.html.

(c) Under 34 CFR 75.250(b), the Secretary may provide a grantee with additional funding for data collection analysis and reporting. In this case the Secretary establishes a data collection period.

5. Performance Measures: The Secretary has established the following key performance measures for assessing the effectiveness of the PPOHA Program:

(a) The percentage change, over the five-year grant period, of the number of full-time degree-seeking graduate and professional students enrolled at HSIs currently receiving an award under this program.

(b) The percentage change, over the five-year grant period, of the number of master’s, doctoral, and first-professional degrees and postbaccalaureate certificates awarded at HSIs currently receiving an award under this program.

(c) Cost per successful outcome: The Federal cost per master’s, doctoral, and first-professional degree and postbaccalaureate certificate awarded at HSIs currently receiving an award under this program.

6. Continuation Awards: In making a continuation award under 34 CFR 75.253, the Secretary considers, among other things: Whether a grantee has made substantial progress in achieving the goals and objectives of the project; whether the grantee has expended funds in a manner that is consistent with its approved application and budget; and, if the Secretary has established performance measurement requirements, the performance targets in the grantee’s approved application.

In making a continuation award, the Secretary also considers whether the grantee is operating in compliance with the assurances in its approved application, including those applicable to Federal civil rights laws that prohibit discrimination in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance from the Department (34 CFR 100.4, 104.5, 106.4, 108.8, and 110.23).

VII. Other Information

Accessible Format: Individuals with disabilities can obtain this document and a copy of the application package in an accessible format (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, or compact disc) on request to one of the persons listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

Electronic Access to This Document: The official version of this document is the document published in the Federal Register. You may access the official edition of the Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations at www.govinfo.gov. At this site you can view this document, as well as all other documents of this Department published in the Federal Register, in text or Portable Document Format (PDF). To use PDF you must have Adobe Acrobat Reader, which is available free at the site.

You may also access documents of the Department published in the Federal Register by using the article search feature at: www.federalregister.gov. Specifically, through the advanced feature at this site, you can limit your search to documents published by the Department.

DATED: June 5, 2019.

Diane Auer Jones,
Principal Deputy Under Secretary, Delegated to Perform the Duties of Under Secretary and Assistant Secretary for the Office of Postsecondary Education.

[FR Doc. 2019–12268 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

[Docket No. ED–2019–ICCD–0049]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Comment Request; 2019–20 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:20) Institution Collection

AGENCY: National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), Department of Education (ED).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, ED is proposing a revision of an existing information collection.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: To access and review all the documents related to the information collection listed in this notice, please use http://www.regulations.gov by searching the Docket ID number ED–2019–ICCD–0049. Comments submitted in response to this notice should be submitted electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http://www.regulations.gov by selecting the Docket ID number or via postal mail, commercial delivery, or hand delivery. If the regulations.gov site is not available to the public for any reason, ED will temporarily accept comments at ICDOcketMgr@ed.gov. Please include the docket ID number and the title of the information collection request when requesting documents or submitting comments. Please note that comments submitted by fax or email and those submitted after the comment period will not be accepted. Written requests for
information or comments submitted by postal mail or delivery should be addressed to the Director of the Information Collection Clearance Division, U.S. Department of Education, 550 12th Street SW, PCP, Room 9089, Washington, DC 20202–0023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For specific questions related to collection activities, please contact Kashka Kubzdela, 202–245–7377 or email NCES.Information.Collections@ed.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of Education (ED), in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)), provides the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps the Department assess the impact of its information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand the Department’s information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format. ED is soliciting comments on the proposed information collection request (ICR) that is described below. The Department of Education is especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is this collection necessary to the proper functions of the Department; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the Department enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the Department minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology. Please note that written comments received in response to this notice will be considered public records.

Title of Collection: 2019–20 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:20) Institution Collection. OMB Control Number: 1850—0666.

Type of Review: A revision of an existing information collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 6,073.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 13,577.

Abstract: The 2019–20 National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS:20) is a nationally representative cross-sectional study of how students and their families finance education beyond high school in a given academic year. NPSAS is conducted by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) and was first implemented by NCES during the 1986–87 academic year and has been fielded every 2 to 4 years since. This request is to conduct the 11th cycle in the NPSAS series that will be conducted during the 2019–20 academic year. NPSAS:20 will be both nationally- and state-representative. NPSAS:20 also will serve as the base year data collection for the 2020 cohort of the Beginning Postsecondary Students Longitudinal Study (BPS:20), a study of first-time beginning postsecondary students that will be conducted three years (BPS:20/22) and six years (BPS:20/25) after beginning their postsecondary education. NPSAS:20 will consist of nationally-representative sample undergraduate and graduate students, and a nationally-representative sample of first-time beginning students (FTBs). Subsets of questions in the student interview will focus on describing aspects of the experience of beginning students in their first year of postsecondary education, including student debt and education experiences. This submission covers materials and procedures related to institution sampling, institution contacting, enrollment list collection, and matching to administrative data files as part of the NPSAS:20 data collection. NCES will submit a separate clearance package covering the NPSAS:20 student data collection, including student record data abstraction and student interviews, in the summer of 2019. The materials and procedures are based on those developed for previous institution-based data collections, including NPSAS:16, BPS:12 student record collection, and the 2018 NPSAS Administrative Collection (NPSAS:18–AC). The NPSAS:20 enrollment list collection from institutions will take place from October 2019 through July 2020, the student records collection will take place from February through November 2020, and the student survey data collection will take place from January through November 2020.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Stephanie Valentine, PRA Coordinator, Information Collection Clearance Program, Information Management Branch, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12231 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Notice of Request for Information (RFI) on Marine Sciences Laboratory


ACTION: Request for information (RFI).

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) invites public comment on the Marine Sciences Laboratory Request for Information (RFI). This RFI is seeking feedback addressing the growing Research and Development (R&D) interest in the use of the Department of Energy’s Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) Marine Sciences Laboratory (MSL) facilities for renewable energy, maritime markets, and energy storage research, technology development and testing. This information will help DOE and PNNL prioritize resources and investments at the MSL.

DATES: Responses to the RFI must be received by no later than 5:00 p.m. (ET) on July 31, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties should submit comments electronically to WPTORFI@ee.doe.gov. Include Marine Sciences Laboratory Request for Information in the subject line. Responses must be provided as attachments to an email. It is recommended that attachments with file size exceeding 25 MB be compressed (i.e., zipped) to ensure message delivery. The complete RFI document is located at https://eeere-exchange.energy.gov/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Questions may be addressed to WPTORFI@ee.doe.gov or Carrie Noonan, Technical Project Officer, 240–562–1644. Further instruction can be found in the RFI document posted on EERE Exchange at https://eeere-exchange.energy.gov/ under DE–FOA–0002123.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pacific Northwest National Laboratory’s (PNNL) Marine Sciences Laboratory (MSL), located in Washington State, is the U.S. Department of Energy’s (DOE) only marine research facility. The laboratory helps the Nation achieve sustainable energy, a healthy environment, and robust security in coastal settings. The purpose of this request for information is to solicit feedback from industry, academia, other national laboratories, government agencies, and private entities regarding the use of this unique DOE marine laboratory as a research, development, testing, and validation venue supporting multiple DOE missions as they relate to the coastal and ocean environment.
Confidential Business Information

Pursuant to 10 CFR 1004.11, any person submitting information that he or she believes to be confidential and exempt by law from public disclosure should submit via email two well marked copies: One copy of the document marked “confidential” including all the information believed to be confidential, and one copy of the document marked “non-confidential” with the information believed to be confidential deleted. DOE will make its own determination about the confidential status of the information and treat it according to its determination.

Factors of interest to DOE when evaluating requests to treat submitted information as confidential include: (1) A description of the items, (2) whether and why such items are customarily treated as confidential within the industry, (3) whether the information is generally known by or available from other sources, (4) whether the information has previously been made available to others without obligation concerning its confidentiality, (5) an explanation of the competitive injury to the submitting person that would result from public disclosure, (6) when such information might lose its confidential character due to the passage of time, and (7) why disclosure of the information would be contrary to the public interest.


Alejandro Moreno,
Director, Water Power Technology Office.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Project No. 14616–001]

Oregon State University; Notice of Application Tendered for Filing With the Commission

Take notice that the following hydroelectric application has been filed with the Commission and is available for public inspection.

a. Type of Application: Original License for Major Unconstructed Project.
b. Project No.: 14616–001.
c. Date filed: May 31, 2019.
d. Applicant: Oregon State University.
e. Name of Project: PacWave South Project.
f. Location: On the Pacific Ocean 6 nautical miles off the central Oregon coast near the city of Newport, in Lincoln County, Oregon. The project occupies 1,695 acres of United States submerged lands on the Outer Continental Shelf administered by the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.
g. Filed Pursuant to: Federal Power Act 16 U.S.C. 791 (a)–825(r).
h. Applicant Contact: Cherise Gaffney, Stoel Rives LLP, 600 University St, Suite 3600, Seattle, WA 98101; (206) 386–7622; or email at cherise.gaffney@stoel.com.
i. FERC Contact: Jim Hastreiter at (503) 552–2760; or email at james.hastreiter@ferc.gov.
j. The application is not ready for environmental analysis at this time.
k. The proposed PacWave South Project would consist of: (1) Four offshore test berths; (2) a maximum of 20 wave energy conversion (WEC) devices with a maximum total installed capacity of 20 megawatts; (3) various WEC devices including point absorbers, oscillating water column, overtopping, attenuator, and “other” types that utilize a combination of technology designs; (4) various anchoring systems including gravity based anchors, drag anchors, and embedment anchors, consisting of steel, concrete, or a mixture of steel and concrete; (5) single- or 3-point mooring systems consisting of chain, steel cables, or synthetic materials; (6) mooring infrastructure including surface buoys, subsurface floats, and chain, wire or rope, as catenary, tendon or bridle lines; (7) subsea connectors; (8) five buried 8.3-mile-long subsea transmission cables converging in a nearshore conduit; (9) up to five onshore 10-foot by 10-foot by 10-foot cable splice vaults (beach manholes), where the subsea cables would transition to terrestrial cables; (10) five buried 0.5-mile-long subtransmission transmission cables connecting to a power monitoring and conditioning facility; (11) grid-interconnection at Central Lincoln Public Utility District substation; and (12) appurtenant facilities.

1. A copy of the application is available for review at the Commission in the Public Reference Room or may be viewed on the Commission’s website at http://www.ferc.gov using the “eLibrary” link. Enter the docket number excluding the last three digits in the docket number field to access the document. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support. A copy is also available for inspection and reproduction at the address in item h above.

You may also register online at http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/subscription.asp to be notified via email of new filings and issuances related to this or other pending projects. For assistance, contact FERC Online Support.

m. Procedural schedule: The application will be processed according to the following preliminary Hydro Licensing Schedule. Revisions to the schedule will be made as appropriate.


Dated: June 4, 2019.
Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12199 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Combined Notice of Filings #1

June 5, 2019.

Take notice that the Commission received the following electric corporate filings:

Docket Numbers: EC19–100–000.
Applicants: Tucson Electric Power Company.

Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5107.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/26/19.

Take notice that the Commission received the following electric rate filings:

Applicants: Precept Power LLC.
Description: Supplement to May 6, 2019 Precept Power LLC tariff filing.

Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5105.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.

Applicants: Alabama Power Company.

Description: § 205(d) Rate Filing; Georgia SNF Development 1 Amended and Restated LGIA Filing to be effective 5/16/2019.

Filed Date: 6/4/19.
Accession Number: 20190604–5112.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

Applicants: PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

Description: § 205(d) Rate Filing; Original WMPA SA No. 5318; Queue AD2–164 to be effective 5/6/2019.
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Combined Notice of Filings #1

Take notice that the Commission received the following electric corporate filings:

**Docket Numbers:** EC19–98–000.
**Applicants:** Grady Wind Energy Center, LLC, Pattern Energy Group Inc.
**Filed Date:** 6/3/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190603–5200.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/24/19.

Take notice that the Commission received the following exempt wholesale generator filings:

**Docket Numbers:** EG19–118–000.
**Applicants:** Story County Wind, LLC.
**Description:** Notification of Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status of Story County Wind, LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/3/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190603–5109.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/24/19.

**Docket Numbers:** EG19–119–000.
**Applicants:** Ashtabula Wind I, LLC.
**Description:** Notice of Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status of Ashtabula Wind I, LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/4/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190604–5073.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

**Docket Numbers:** EG19–120–000.
**Applicants:** Quitman Solar, LLC.
**Description:** Notice of Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status of Quitman Solar, LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/4/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190604–5074.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

**Docket Numbers:** EG19–121–000.
**Applicants:** Dougherty County Solar, LLC.
**Description:** Notice of Self-Certification of Exempt Wholesale Generator Status of Dougherty County Solar, LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/4/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190604–5075.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

Take notice that the Commission received the following electric rate filings:

**Docket Numbers:** EC19–99–000.
**Applicants:** Empire Generating Co., LLC.
**Description:** Application for Authorization Under Section 203 of the Federal Power Act, et al. of Empire Generating Co., LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/3/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190603–5080.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

Take notice that the Commission received the following settlement compliance filings:

**Docket Numbers:** EC19–99–000.
**Applicants:** Empire Generating Co., LLC.
**Description:** Application for Authorization Under Section 203 of the Federal Power Act, et al. of Empire Generating Co., LLC.
**Filed Date:** 6/3/19.
**Accession Number:** 20190603–5080.
**Comments Due:** 5 p.m. ET 6/25/19.

EFilings are encouraged. More detailed information relating to filing requirements, interventions, protests, service, and qualifying facilities filings can be found at: http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/efiling/filing-req.pdf. For other information, call (866) 206–3676 (toll free). For TTY, call (202) 502–8659.

Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12246 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P
Although not required, the Commission.

Important part of the Commission's

Environmental Impact Statement is an

208–3372. Should be directed to the FERC at: (866)

representatives of The Klamath Tribes to

agency staff will meet with

Commission) along with other federal

energy resource, the public

harm to an archeological site or Native

staff. If tribal representatives choose to

tribal representatives and federal agency

however, participation will be limited to

tribal representatives choose to

disclose information about a specific

location which could create a risk or

archaeological site or Native American cultural resource, the public

will be excused for that portion of the

meeting. A summary of the meeting will be entered into the Commission’s

administrative record.

If you plan to attend this meeting, please contact Mr. John Peconom, Environmental Project Manager at (202) 502–6352 or John.Peconom@ferc.gov.

Dated: June 4, 2019.
Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12201 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket Nos. CP17–495–000, CP17–494–000]

Notice of Meeting: Jordan Cove Energy Project, L.P.; Pacific Connector Gas Pipeline, L.P.

The environmental staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) along with other federal agency staff will meet with representatives of The Klamath Tribes to discuss the proposed Jordan Cove Energy Project. The meeting will be held at the location and time listed below:

Chiloquin Community Center, 140 South 1st Avenue, Chiloquin, Oregon 97624, Thursday, June 13, 2019, 1:00 p.m. PDT

Members of the public and intervenors in the referenced proceeding may attend and observe this meeting; however, participation will be limited to tribal representatives and federal agency staff. If tribal representatives choose to disclose information about a specific location which could create a risk or harm to an archeological site or Native American cultural resource, the public will be excused for that portion of the meeting. A summary of the meeting will be entered into the Commission’s administrative record.

If you plan to attend this meeting, please contact Mr. John Peconom, Environmental Project Manager at (202) 502–6352 or John.Peconom@ferc.gov.

Dated: June 4, 2019.
Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12250 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP17–495–000; Docket No. CP17–494–000]


The staff of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) will be present to receive comments on the draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Jordan Cove Energy Project as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date and time (PDT)</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>June 24, 2019; 1:00–8:00 p.m. ...</td>
<td>Southwestern Oregon Community College, Hale Center for the Performing Arts, 1988 Newmark Avenue, Coos Bay, OR 97420. South Umpqua High School, 501 Chadwick Lane, Myrtle Creek, OR 97457. Ramada Medford Hotel and Conference Center, 2250 Biddle Road, Medford, OR 97504. Klamath County Fairgrounds/Event Center, 3531 South 6th Street, Klamath Falls, OR 97603.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 25, 2019; 1:00–8:00 p.m. ...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 26, 2019; 1:00–8:00 p.m. ...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 27, 2019; 1:00–8:00 p.m. ...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please do not contact these venues directly with questions. Any questions regarding the public comment sessions should be directed to the FERC at: (866) 208–3372.

The public’s review of a draft Environmental Impact Statement is an important part of the Commission’s environmental review process. Although not required, the Commission is holding these public comment sessions, so that interested parties can provide their specific comments on the analyses and findings of the draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Jordan Cove Energy Project (draft EIS), which was issued on March 29, 2019. These comment sessions have been purposefully designed to efficiently and effectively allow for the greatest number of individuals to provide comments on the draft EIS.

Recognizing significant public interest for this project and in anticipation of a large turnout, FERC staff has chosen to allot more time for the public comment sessions than is typical. As described in the table above, the public comment sessions will be held between 1:00 and 8:00 p.m. You may arrive at any time after 1:00 p.m. Individuals arriving before 1:00 p.m. will not be permitted in the venue and should expect to wait.
Between 4:00 and 5:00 p.m., there will be a comment session break with reduced staffing levels, so please plan accordingly. If you arrive between 4:00 and 5:00 you will not be turned away, but you may encounter a wait time longer than expected. Commission staff anticipates higher attendance between 5:00 and 7:00 p.m.; therefore, please consider coming earlier to avoid waiting. The comment sessions will conclude at 8:00 p.m.

There will be no formal presentations by Commission staff; however, staff will be present to answer general questions about the FERC and the environmental review process. Other federal agency representatives will be in attendance and available to answer questions about their respective roles and reviews.

If you wish to provide verbal comments, Commission staff will issue you a number upon arrival. Elected officials are exempted from the number process and will be afforded priority; otherwise, numbers will be called in the order of their arrival, but no wait times will be provided, but please monitor the numbers being called, so that you do not miss your opportunity to comment. Once your number is called, you will be directed to a Commission staff member and a court reporter who will transcribe your comments. Comments will be taken in a one-on-one setting. Due to the anticipated large turnout, a time limit of 3 minutes per commenter will be implemented. Depending on the number of people waiting, this time limit may be extended 1–2 minutes. To reduce potential wait times, there will be four court reporters at each session to receive comments. In order for the session to end on time, Commission staff will monitor and evaluate attendance, and may stop issuing numbers prior to 8:00 p.m.

All comments received will become part of the public record for these proceedings. Transcripts will be publicly available via FERC’s eLibrary. It is important to note that electronic and written comments submitted to the Commission hold the same weight as verbal comments. Therefore, you do not need to attend a session in order for your comments to be considered.

As a reminder, electronic and written comments can be submitted in the following manner:

(1) You can file your comments electronically using the eComment feature on the Commission’s website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. This is an easy method for submitting brief, text-only comments on a project;

(2) You can file your comments electronically by using the eFiling feature on the Commission’s website (www.ferc.gov) under the link to Documents and Filings. With eFiling, you can provide comments in a variety of formats by attaching them as a file with your submission. New eFiling users must first create an account by clicking on “eRegister.” If you are filing a comment on a particular project, please select “Comment on a Filing” as the filing type; or

(3) You can file a paper copy of your comments by mailing them to the following address. Be sure to reference the project docket numbers (CP17–494–000 and CP17–495–000) with your submission: Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Room 1A, Washington, DC 20426.

Protests, disruptions, and other distractions will be evaluated by Commission staff on a case-by-case basis. Should an activity significantly disrupt the session or result in an unsafe or unwelcoming environment, staff may choose to end the session for a set time or entirely. Please see appendix 1 for additional information on the session format and conduct.1

Dated: June 4, 2019.
Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. OR19–25–000]

Sunoco Pipeline L.P.; Notice of Petition for Declaratory Order

Take notice that on June 3, 2019, pursuant to Rule 207(a)(2) of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission’s (Commission) Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 CFR 385.207(a)(2) (2018), Sunoco Pipeline L.P. (“SPLP”) filed a petition for a declaratory order seeking approval of the overall tariff rate structure and service terms, including priority service, for the Mariner East Expansion project, to transport ethane from southwestern Pennsylvania shale basins by using underutilized capacity on existing pipeline of Project Mariner East from Houston, Pennsylvania, to Delmont, Pennsylvania, and thence from Delmont to SPLP’s affiliate’s terminal in Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, and Claymont, Delaware, by using a formerly mixed-use pipeline that will be converted to dedicated ethane service, all as more fully explained in the petition.

Any person desiring to intervene or to protest this filing must file in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211, 385.214). Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a notice of intervention or motion to intervene, as appropriate. Such notices, motions, or protests must be filed on or before the comment date. Anyone filing a motion to intervene or protest must serve a copy of that document on the Petitioner.

The Commission encourages electronic submission of protests and interventions in lieu of paper using the “eFiling” link at http://www.ferc.gov. Persons unable to file electronically should submit an original and 5 copies of the protest or intervention to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426.

This filing is accessible on-line at http://www.ferc.gov, using the “eLibrary” link and is available for review in the Commission’s Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. There is an “eSubscription” link on the website that enables subscribers to receive email notification when a document is added to a subscribed docket(s). For assistance with any FERC Online service, please email FERCOnlineSupport@ferc.gov, or call (866) 208–3676 (toll free). For TTY, call (202) 502–8659.

Comment Date: 5:00 p.m. Eastern time on July 3, 2019.

Dated: June 4, 2019.
Kimberly D. Bose,
Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Combined Notice of Filings

Take notice that the Commission has received the following Natural Gas Pipeline Rate and Refund Report filings:
Filings Instituting Proceedings

Applicants: Gulf South Pipeline Company, LP.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Amendment to Neg Rate Agmt (Encana 37663) to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5046.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Rover Pipeline LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Summary of Negotiated Rate Capacity Release Agreements on 6–3–19 to be effective 6/2/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5061.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Agreement—WSGP Gas Producing, LLC to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5063.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Rockies Express Pipeline LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Agreement—Neg Rate 2019–06–3 Encana, CP to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5061.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Southwest Energy, L.P., Williams Energy Resources LLC.
Filed Date: 6/4/19.
Accession Number: 20190604–5047.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: El Paso Natural Gas Company, L.L.C.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Capacity Release Agreements—6/1/2019 to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5120.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Equitrans, L.P.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Capacity Release Agreements—6/1/2019 to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5119.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Rockies Express Pipeline LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Filing—Neg Rate 2019–06–3 Encana, CP to be effective 6/1/2019.
Filed Date: 6/3/19.
Accession Number: 20190603–5119.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Rockies Express Pipeline LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Filing: Capacity Release Regulations and Refund Report filings:
Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5076.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Texas Eastern Transmission, L.P.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Filing—June 2019 Cleanup Filing to be effective 7/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5022.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Algonquin Gas Transmission, LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: June 2019 Negotiated Rates Cleanup Filing to be effective 7/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5023.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Combined Notice of Filings

Take notice that the Commission has received the following Natural Gas Pipeline Rate and Refund Report filings:

Filings Instituting Proceedings

Applicants: Southwest Energy, L.P., Williams Energy Resources LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Agreement Update Filing (Conoco June 19) to be effective 6/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/4/19.
Accession Number: 20190604–5047.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: El Paso Natural Gas Company, L.L.C.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Agreement Update Filing (Conoco June 19) to be effective 6/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/4/19.
Accession Number: 20190604–5076.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Texas Eastern Transmission, L.P.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: Negotiated Rate Filing—June 2019 Cleanup Filing to be effective 7/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5022.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.
Applicants: Algonquin Gas Transmission, LLC.
Description: §4(d) Rate Filing: June 2019 Negotiated Rates Cleanup Filing to be effective 7/5/2019.
Filed Date: 6/5/19.
Accession Number: 20190605–5023.
Comments Due: 5 p.m. ET 6/17/19.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Project No. 10854–131]

UP Hydro, LLC, Cataract Hydro, LLC; Notice of Application for Transfer of License and Soliciting Comments, Motions To Intervene, and Protests

On May 9, 2019, UP Hydro, LLC (transferor), and Cataract Hydro, LLC (transferee) filed an application for the transfer of license of the Cataract Hydroelectric Project No. 10854. The project is located on the Escanaba River in Marquette County, Michigan. The applicants seek Commission approval to transfer the license for the Cataract Hydroelectric Project from the transferee to the transferor.

Applicants Contact: For Transferor: Jason Kreuscher, Vice President, UP Hydro, LLC c/o Renewable World Energy, LLC, 100 State St., P.O. Box 264, Neshkoro, WI 54960, (855) 994–9376, Email: jason@rwehydro.com. For Transferee: Jason Kreuscher, Vice President, Cataract Hydro, LLC c/o Renewable World Energy, LLC, 100 Southtown Drive, P.O. Box 264, Neshkoro, WI 54960, (855) 994–9376, Email: jason@rwehydro.com.
tribal representatives choose to disclose information about a specific location which could create a risk or harm to an archeological site or Native American cultural resource, the public will be excused for that portion of the meeting. A summary of the meeting will be entered into the Commission’s administrative record.

If you plan to attend this meeting, please contact Mr. John Peconom, Environmental Project Manager at (202) 502–6352 or John.Peconom@ferc.gov.

Dated: June 4, 2019.

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–9995–01–OMS]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Office of Mission Support, Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of a new system of records.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended (Privacy Act), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is providing notice of a new system of records, EPA ServiceNow (SNOW). SNOW is a Cloud-Based Software as a Service (SaaS) Information Technology Service Management platform used for agency incident and problem management.

DATES: Persons wishing to comment on this system of records notice must do so by July 11, 2019. New routine uses for this new system of records will be effective July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OEI–2018–0218, by one of the following methods:

• Regulations.gov: www.regulations.gov Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

• Email: oeit.docket@epa.gov.

• Fax: 202–566–1752.


• Hand Delivery: OMS Docket, EPA/DC, WJC West Building, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC. Such deliveries are only accepted during the Docket’s normal hours of operation, and special arrangements should be made for deliveries of boxed information.

Instructions: Direct your comments to Docket ID No. EPA–HQ–OEI–2018–0218. The EPA’s policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change and may be made available online at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes information claimed to be Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) or other information for which disclosure is restricted by statute. Do not submit information that you consider to be CUI or otherwise protected through www.regulations.gov. The www.regulations.gov website is an “anonymous access” system for EPA, which means the EPA will not know your identity or contact information unless you provide it in the body of your comment. Each agency determines submission requirements within their own internal processes and standards. EPA has no requirement of personal information. If you send an email comment directly to the EPA without going through www.regulations.gov your email address will be automatically captured and included as part of the comment that is placed in the public docket and made available on the internet. If you submit an electronic comment, the EPA recommends that you include your name and other contact information in the body of your comment. If the EPA cannot read your comment due to technical difficulties and cannot contact you for clarification, the EPA may not be able to consider your comment. Electronic files should avoid the use of special characters, any form of encryption, and be free of any defects or viruses. For additional information about the EPA’s public docket visit the EPA Docket Center homepage at http://www.epa.gov/epahome/dockets.htm.

Docket: All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov index. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., CUI or other information for which disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, will be publicly available only in hard copy. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically in www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the OMS Docket, EPA/DC, WJC West Building, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC. The Public Reading Room is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the Public Reading Room is (202) 566–1744, and the telephone number for the Docket Center is (202) 566–1752.
number for the OMS Docket is (202) 566–1752.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gloria Meriwether at meriwether.gloria@epa.gov, (202) 566–0652.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA ServiceNow is a FedRAMP approved (FedRAMP Package ID: F1305072116) Cloud Based Software as a Service (SaaS) incident and problem management solution that will be replacing the current EPA Remedy solution.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER: EPA ServiceNow (SNOW), EPA–78.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified.

SYSTEM LOCATION: Office of Environmental Information, Environmental Protection Agency, 1301 Constitution Ave., Washington, DC 20460.

SAIC Inc. 12010 Sunset Hills Road, Reston, VA 20190.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S): Willie J. Abney, Division Director of Desktop Support Services Division (DSSD), Office of Environmental Information, Office of Information Technology Operations, 1301 Constitution Ave., Washington, DC 20460 Email Address: Abney.Willie@epa.gov Phone Number: 202–566–1366.


PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM: This system will collect limited personally identifiable information (PII) from requestors (i.e., EPA employees, EPA contractors, non-EPA government personnel, state and local government personnel and/or private citizens), such as first and last name, that will help EPA technical support teams provide individualized support and other service-oriented activities in support of both internal (i.e., EPA employees, EPA contractors) and external (i.e., non-EPA government personnel, state and local government personnel and/or private citizens) requestors. EPA technical support teams will also use the information to provide support for EPA information technology (IT) systems, assets, and other service-oriented activities including the following:• Managing service request tickets• Retrieving incident information; • Troubleshooting issues • Managing IT assets • Conveying outage information across the enterprise

All PII associated with the activities listed are only available and presented to internal (i.e., EPA employees, EPA contractors) stakeholders who have a valid need-to-know. PII captured from external requestors (i.e., non-EPA government personnel, state and local government personnel and/or private citizens) is required and only used for opening a trouble ticket on their behalf.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM: Categories of individuals covered by this system include EPA employees, EPA contractors, non-EPA government personnel, state and local government personnel and/or private citizens (i.e., requestors) who request technical support by directly contacting the EPA Enterprise IT Service Desk or EPA employees and contractors requesting support using ServiceNow’s self-help portal for opening support tickets, external requestors requesting trouble tickets be opened for externally facing EPA applications, EPA Enterprise IT Service Desk personnel or EPA IT System Administrators (SA) working trouble or incident tickets, and ServiceNow Administrators.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM: Information collected in system are First and Last Name; Work/Business Address; Date; Work Number; Work Email Address; External Email Address (for non-EPA government personnel including state and local government personnel and/or private citizens); Employee LAN ID; Employee Number.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES: Information contained in this system is obtained from data provided directly from EPA employees and contractors via the EPA ServiceNow self-help portal, from Enterprise IT Service Desk personnel who have received technical support calls from requestors or pre-populated fields captured from EPA Active Directory.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES: The following new routine uses apply to this system because the use of the record is necessary for the efficient conduct of government. The routine uses are related to and compatible with the original purpose for which the information was collected. The last two routine uses are required under OMB M–17–12. Records in this system may be disclosed to the following entities:

• Disclosure for Law Enforcement Purposes. Information may be disclosed to the appropriate Federal, State, local, tribal, or foreign agency responsible for investigating, prosecuting, enforcing, or implementing a statute, rule, regulation, or order, if the information is relevant to a violation or potential violation of civil or criminal law or regulation within the jurisdiction of the receiving entity.

• Disclosure Incident to Requesting Information.

Information may be disclosed to any source from which additional information is requested (to the extent necessary to identify the individual, inform the source of the purpose of the request, and to identify the type of information requested,) when necessary to obtain information relevant to an agency decision concerning retention of an employee or other personnel action (other than hiring,) retention of a security clearance, the letting of a contract, or the issuance or retention of a grant, or other benefit.

• Disclosure to Congressional Offices.

Information may be disclosed to a congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the congressional office made at the request of the individual.

• Disclosure to Department of Justice.

Information may be disclosed to the Department of Justice, or in a proceeding before a court, adjudicative body, or other administrative body before which the Agency is authorized to appear, when:

✓ The Agency, or any component thereof;

✓ Any employee of the Agency in his or her official capacity;

✓ Any employee of the Agency in his or her individual capacity where the Department of Justice or the Agency have agreed to represent the employee;

✓ The United States, if the Agency determines that litigation is likely to affect the Agency or any of its components, is a party to litigation or has an interest in such litigation, and the use of such records by the Department of Justice or the Agency is deemed by the Agency to be relevant and necessary to the litigation provided, however, that in each case it has been determined that the disclosure is compatible with the purpose for which the records were collected.

• Disclosure to the National Archives.

Information may be disclosed to the National Archives and Records Administration in records management inspections.
• Disclosure to Contractors, Grantees, and Others.
Information may be disclosed to contractors, grantees, consultants, or volunteers performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, job, or other activity for the Agency and who have a need to have access to the information in the performance of their duties or activities for the Agency.
• Disclosures for Administrative Claims, Complaints and Appeals.
Information from this system of records may be disclosed to an authorized appeal grievance examiner, formal complaints examiner, equal employment opportunity investigator, arbitrator or other person properly engaged in investigation or settlement of an administrative grievance, complaint, claim, or appeal filed by an employee, but only to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the proceeding. Agencies that may obtain information under this routine use include, but are not limited to, the Office of Personnel Management, Office of Special Counsel, Merit Systems Protection Board, Federal Labor Relations Authority, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and Office of Government Ethics.
• Disclosure in Connection With Litigation.
Information from this system of records may be disclosed in connection with litigation or settlement discussions regarding claims by or against the EPA, including public filing with a court, to the extent that disclosure of the information is relevant and necessary to the litigation or discussions and except where court orders are otherwise required under section (b)(11) of the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(11).
• Disclosure to Persons or Entities in Response to an actual or Suspected Breach of Personally Identifiable Information.
To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) the Agency suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records, (2) the Agency has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, the Agency (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in (1) responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (2) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:
SNOW records are stored in a controlled access facility, inside of a controlled area, using self-encrypting hard drives. ServiceNow, Inc. has deployed a High-Availability architecture to ensure continuous business operations for the ServiceNow platform. There are two data centers supporting Government customers with one configured as the active and the other as the standby. The active and standby facilities are mirrored, which enables the standby to become the active site in the event of a disaster. Both data centers are mirrors of each other, and therefore they act as both an active and a standby facility. In addition to the mirror backup between the two instances, a local backup is kept at each site. Each local backup acts as the offsite backup for their counterpart dedicated data center cage. Backups are performed on disk through network-attached storage and are never written to tape. In addition to backups within each dedicated data center cage facility, a backup of each internal production instance is copied over to the standby site (Disaster Recovery site).

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:
Records for EPA ServiceNow will be retrieved by customer first and last name, email address or by ticket reference number.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:
SNOW follows the EPA Records Policy for retention and disposal, per schedule 1012 (Information and Technology Management) and schedule 1049 (Information Access and Protection Records). https://www.epa.gov/records/epa-records-policy-and-guidance

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:
ServiceNow is a Cloud-Based Software as a Service (SaaS) solution designed to be accessed over the internet. As such, all remote communication must be encrypted, use for non-business purposes is prohibited and all users are required to be authorized. To verify that a user is authorized, EPA ServiceNow customers and staff must have a current valid EPA Active Directory account. External requestors (i.e. non-EPA government personnel, state and local government personnel and/or private citizens) will not have access to, as they are not authorized, nor will be granted access to EPA ServiceNow. The records in EPA ServiceNow are maintained in a secure, password-protected computer system behind a network firewall. This system is located in a controlled facility that requires the ServiceNow cloud providers to have an authorized badge and biometrics prior to accessing the data centers. ServiceNow users must log in with an authorized user ID and password or Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card to access the system. Group or shared accounts are not used by EPA ServiceNow customers and support personnel. EPA ServiceNow customers and personnel are prohibited from sharing accounts. Each user has a unique identifier within Active Directory used for authentication. In addition to the lock screen setting enforced by EPA on the desktop, EPA ServiceNow implements session timeout period after 30 minutes of user inactivity.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:
Individuals seeking access to information in this system of records about themselves should make a written request to the Agency Privacy Officer, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., Mailcode 2831T, Washington, DC 20460. Requesters are required to provide adequate identification (e.g., driver’s license, military identification card, employee badge or identification card). Additional identity verification procedures may be required, as warranted. Requests must meet the requirements of EPA regulations that implement the Privacy Act of 1974, at 40 CFR part 16.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:
Requests for correction or amendment must identify the record to be changed and the corrective action sought to the Agency Privacy Officer. 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., Mailcode 2831T, Washington, DC 20460; privacy@epa.gov. Complete EPA Privacy Act
procedures are set out in EPA’s Privacy Act regulations at 40 CFR part 16.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:
Any individual who wants to know whether this system of records contains a record about themselves should submit a request to the Agency Privacy Officer, MC 2831T, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20460 or privacy@epa.gov.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:
None.

HISTORY:
None.
Dated: April 12, 2019.
Vaughn Noga,
Senior Agency Official for Privacy.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Chemform, Inc., Superfund Site Pompano Beach, Florida; Notice of Settlement
AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
ACTION: Notice of settlement.

SUMMARY: Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has entered into a settlement agreement with Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and Smith International, Inc. concerning the Chemform, Inc., Superfund Site located in Pompano Beach, Florida. The settlement addresses recovery of CERCLA costs for a cleanup action performed by the EPA at the Site.

DATES: The Agency will consider public comments on the settlement until July 11, 2019. The Agency will consider all comments received and may modify or withdraw its consent to the proposed settlement if comments received disclose facts or considerations which indicate that the proposed settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the settlement are submitted in time to arrive no later than Monday, July 15, 2019.

For further information contact:
Paula V. Painter at 404/562–8887.
Maurice L. Horsey, IV,
Chief, Enforcement and Community Engagement Branch, Superfund Division.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Paula V. Painter at 404/562–8887.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
The NEJAC is a federal advisory committee chartered under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), Public Law 92–463. EPA established the NEJAC in 1993 to provide independent consensus advice to the EPA Administrator about a broad range of environmental issues related to environmental justice. The NEJAC conducts business in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) (5 U.S.C. App. 2) and related regulations.
The Council consists of 30 members (including a Chairperson and two Vice-Chairpersons) appointed by EPA’s Administrator. Members serve as non-federal stakeholders representing: Six (6) from academia, four (4) from business and industry; seven (7) from community based organizations; six (6) from non-governmental/environmental organizations; four (4) from state and local governments; and three (3) from tribal governments and indigenous organizations, of which one member serves as a liaison to the National Tribal Caucus. Members are appointed for one (1), two (2) or three (3)-year terms with the possibility of reappointment for another term.
The NEJAC usually meets face-to-face twice a year, generally in the Spring and the Fall. Additionally, members may be asked to participate in teleconference meetings or serve on work groups to develop recommendations, advice letters, and reports to address specific policy issues. The average workload for members is approximately 5 to 8 hours per month. EPA provides reimbursement for travel and other incidental expenses associated with official government business.

Nominations: Any interested person and/or organization may nominate qualified individuals for membership. Individuals are encouraged to self nominate. The EPA values and welcomes diversity. In an effort to obtain nominations of diverse candidates, the Agency encourages nominations of women and men of all races, as well as persons with disabilities.
rational and ethnic groups from all geographic locations of the United States of America. All nominations will be fully considered, but applicants need to be aware of the specific representation sought as outlined in the Summary above. In addition, EPA is seeking nominees with knowledge in youth perspectives and youth development; environmental measures and use of LEAN principles; public health/health disparities; community sustainability and resiliency; green jobs and green infrastructure; land use and equitable development; and emerging inclusion of sub-populations such as the homeless, veterans, prisoners, etc.

Other criteria used to evaluate nominees will include:

- The background and experience that would help members contribute to the diversity of perspectives on the committee (e.g., geographic, economic, social, cultural, educational background, professional affiliations, and other considerations);
- demonstrated experience with environmental justice and community sustainability issues at the national, state, or local level;
- excellent interpersonal and consensus-building skills;
- ability to volunteer time to attend meetings 2–3 times a year, participate in teleconference meetings, attend listening sessions with the Administrator or other senior-level officials, develop policy recommendations to the Administrator, and prepare reports and advice letters; and
- willingness to commit time to the committee and demonstrated ability to work constructively and effectively on committees.

How to Submit Nominations: Any interested person or organization may nominate qualified persons to be considered for appointment to this advisory committee. Individuals are encouraged to self-nominate. Nominations can be submitted in electronic format (preferred) following the template available at https://www.epa.gov/environmentaljustice/nominations-nejac. To be considered, all nominations should include:

- Current contact information for the nominee/applicant, including the nominee’s/applicant’s name, organization (and position within that organization), current business address, email address, telephone numbers and the stakeholder category position you are interested in.
- Brief Statement describing the nominee’s/applicant’s interest in serving on the NEJAC.
- Résumé and a short biography describing the professional and educational qualifications of the nominee, including a list of relevant activities, and any current or previous service on advisory committees.
- Brief statements describing experience as it relates to engaging affected communities, understanding environmental justice/relevant issues, consensus building, communication skills and availability.
- Letter[s] of recommendation from a third party supporting the nomination. Letter[s] should describe how the nominee’s experience and knowledge will bring value to the work of the NEJAC.

Other sources, in addition to this Federal Register notice, may also be utilized in the solicitation of nominees.

Matthew Tejada,
Director, Office of Environmental Justice.
[FR Doc. 2019–12295 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060–0221]
Information Collection Requirement Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission Under Delegated Authority

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or the Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection. Comments are requested concerning: Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission’s burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and ways to further reduce the information collection burden on small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees.

The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the PRA that does not display a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number.

DATES: Written PRA comments should be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all PRA comments to Cathy Williams, FCC, via email PRA@fcc.gov and to Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov. Include in the comments the Title as shown in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information about the information collection, contact Cathy Williams at (202) 418–2918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control No.: 3060–0221.
Title: Section 90.155, Time in Which Station Must Be Placed in Operation.
Form No.: N/A.
Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.
Respondents: Business or other for-profit, and State, Local or Tribal Government.
Number of Respondents and Responses: 93 respondents; 701 responses.
Estimated Time per Response: 1 hour.
Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement.
Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits. The statutory authority for this collection is contained in 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 161, 303(r), 303(g), 332(c)(7), unless otherwise noted.
Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: There is no need for confidentiality with is collection of information.
Needs and Uses: The information collection requirements contained in Section 90.155 provide that a period longer than 12 months may be granted to local government entities to place their stations in operation on a case-by-case basis upon a showing of need. This rule provides flexibility to state and local governments. An application for extension of time to commence service may be made on FCC Form 601.
Extensions of time must be filed prior to the expiration of the construction period. Extensions will be granted only if the licensee shows that the failure to commence service is due to causes beyond its control.

In 1995, via a Report and Order in PR Docket No. 93–61, FCC 95–41, published at 60 FR 15248, the Commission established construction deadlines for Location and Monitoring Service (LMS) licensees in the market-licensed multilateration LMS services. On July 8, 2004, the Commission adopted a Report and Order under WT Docket Nos. 02–381, 01–14, and 03–202; FCC 04–166, published at 69 FR 75144, that amended § 90.155 to provide holders of multilateration location service authorizations with five- and ten-year benchmarks to place in operation their base stations that utilize multilateration technology to provide multilateration location service to one-third of the Economic Area’s (EA’s) population within five years of initial license grant, and two-thirds of the population within ten years. At the five- and ten-year benchmarks, licensees are required to file a map and FCC Form 601 showing compliance with the coverage requirements pursuant to § 1.946 of the Commission’s rules.

On January 31, 2007, via an Order on Reconsideration, and Memorandum Opinion and Order, under DA 07–479, the FCC granted two to three additional years to meet the five-year construction requirement for certain multilateration Location and Monitoring Service Economic Area licenses, and amended the 10-year requirement for such licenses two years.

These requirements will be used by Commission personnel to evaluate whether or not certain licensees are providing substantial service as a means of complying with their construction requirements, or have demonstrated that an extended period of time for construction is warranted.

Federal Communications Commission.

Katura Jackson,
Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 2019–12163 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060–1260]

Information Collection Approved by the Office of Management and Budget

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has received Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for public information collection pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number, and no person is required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. Comments concerning the accuracy of the burden estimates and any suggestions for reducing the burden should be directed to the person listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cathy Williams, Office of the Managing Director, at (202) 418–2918, or email: Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
The total annual reporting burdens and costs for the respondents are as follows:

OMB Control Number: 3060–1260.
OMB Approval Date: April 15, 2019.
OMB Expiration Date: April 30, 2022.
Title: Broadcast Incubator Program.
Form Number: N/A.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities; not-for-profit institutions; Tribal Governments.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 20 respondents; 123 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 4 to 16 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement; annual reporting requirement.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits. The statutory authority that covers this information collection is 47 U.S.C. 151, 152(a), 154(i), 257, 303, 307–310, and 403.

Total Annual Burden: 1,179 hours.
Total Annual Cost: $326,700.
Privacy Impact Assessment: No impact(s).

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: The need for confidentiality for this information collection is not anticipated; however, when submitting an incubation proposal (including the underlying contract and certified statements), applicants may, upon request, redact confidential or proprietary terms.

Needs and Uses: The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approved the information collection titled “Broadcast Incubator Program” under OMB Control No. 3060–1260, as a result of a recent rulemaking, FCC 18–114.

On August 3, 2018, the Commission released a Report and Order (Order), Rules and Policies to Promote New Entry and Ownership Diversity in the Broadcasting Services, FCC 18–114, in MB Docket No. 17–289, establishing the requirements that will govern the incubator program that the Commission previously decided to adopt to support the entry of new and diverse voices into the radio broadcast industry. The incubator program is designed for small businesses, struggling station owners, and new entrants that do not have any other means to access the financial assistance and operational support necessary for success in the broadcast industry. The goal is the pairing of these small aspiring, or struggling, broadcast station owners with established broadcasters. These incubation relationships will provide new entrants and struggling small broadcasters access to the financing, mentoring, and industry connections that are necessary for success in the industry, but to date have been unavailable to many. In return for successfully incubating a small aspiring, or struggling, broadcast station owner as part of the Commission’s incubator program, an incumbent broadcaster will be eligible to receive a waiver (a reward waiver) of the Commission’s Local Radio Ownership Rule following the successful conclusion of a successful qualifying incubation relationship. The standard term for an incubation relationship is three years.

Commission staff will use the applications, certified statements, and contracts submitted by potential incubating and incubated entities, along with any responses to Commission requests for additional information to determine qualifications for participation in the incubator program.

Commission staff will use the periodic reports to determine whether ongoing incubation relationships are proceeding in a manner consistent with the parties’ initial filings and are likely to result in a successful incubation relationship. At the end of a successful incubation relationship, either the incubated entity will own and operate a full-service AM or FM station independently or the incubated station will be on a firmer footing if the station was struggling at the start of the relationship.

In the event the parties seek to extend the duration of their incubation relationship beyond the standard three-year term, the filing of a request for such an extension will enable Commission staff to gauge the types of problems incubating parties are experiencing.

Information provided by the parties to the Commission no later than six months before the contract termination
date will allow Commission staff to evaluate which option for station ownership the incubating parties plan to pursue at the conclusion of the relationship—i.e., whether the incubated entity plans to keep the incubated station or purchase a new station. Additionally, Commission staff will review documentation submitted to seek a reward waiver to assess whether the market where the reward waiver is sought is comparable to the market where the incubated station was located.

Federal Communications Commission.

Katura Jackson,
Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12310 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice of a Modified System of Records.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission (FCC, Commission, or Agency) has modified an existing system of records, FCC/OET–1, Experimental Radio Station License Files (ELS), subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. This action is necessary to meet the requirements of the Privacy Act to publish in the Federal Register notice of the existence and character of records maintained by the Agency. The FCC’s Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) uses the information in this system to determine: (a) An applicant’s eligibility to operate a station in the experimental radio service; (b) the interference potential to other radio services within the FCC; and/or (c) if the proposed project or experimentation falls within the type of permissible operations set forth in section 5.3 of the rules.

DATES: This action will become effective on June 11, 2019. Written comments on the system’s routine uses are due by July 11, 2019. The routine uses in this action will become effective on July 11, 2019, unless written comments are received that require a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to Leslie F. Smith, Privacy Manager, Information Technology (IT), Room 1–C216, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, or via the internet at Leslie.Smith@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leslie F. Smith, (202) 418–0217, or Leslie.Smith@fcc.gov (and to obtain a copy of the Narrative Statement and the Supplementary Documentation, which includes details of the modifications to this system of records).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FCC/OET–1 helps the FCC administer the Experimental Radio Service, which makes portions of the radio frequency spectrum available for the purposes of experimentation, product development, and market trials. This notice serves to modify FCC/OET–1 as a result of the various necessary changes and updates, including the introduction of an all-electronic information filing system, and other updates and modifications to meet current FCC and OMB requirements for SORNs, including format changes required by OMB Circular A–108, since its previous publication. The substantive changes and modifications to the previously published version of the FCC/OET–1 system of records include:

1. Updating the language in the Security Classification to follow OMB and FCC guidance.

2. Implementing minor changes to the language in the Categories of Individuals to be consistent with the language and phrasing now used in the FCC’s SORNs.

3. Expanding the Categories of Records to include FCC Form 159 and Special Temporary Authorities; to add the name, mailing address, email address, and telephone number in the PII included in experimental project reports of applicants and/or licensees; to include comments from FCC bureaus and offices and the NTIA on both frequency interference potential and/or coordination of operations; and to include information pertaining to contested applications for licenses, transfers, assignments, and construction, or petitions to deny or to cancel applicants on behalf of other parties.

4. Expanding the Record Source Categories to note that the record sources include, but are not limited to the information that individual applicants provide on one or more FCC forms, special temporary authorities (STAs), and/or any supporting exhibits submitted by the applicants and/or licensees, and related documentation.

5. Updating and/or revising language in four routine uses: (2) Adjudication and Litigation; (3) Law Enforcement and Investigation; (4) Congressional Inquiries; and (5) Government-wide Program Management and Oversight.

6. Adding three new routine uses: (6) Breach Notification to address real or suspected data breach situations at the FCC; (7) Assistance to Federal Agencies and Entities for assistance with other Federal agencies’ data breach situations; and (8) For Non-Federal Personnel to allow contractors performing or working on a contract for the Federal Government access to information.

Routine Uses (6) and (7) are required by OMB Memorandum M–17–12.

7. Adding a new records retention and disposal schedule approved by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

8. Adding two new sections:

Reporting to a Consumer Reporting Agency addressing valid and overdue debts owed by individuals to the FCC under the Debt Collection Act, as recommended by OMB; and History referencing the previous publication of this SORN in the Federal Register, as required by OMB Circular A–108.

The system of records is also updated to reflect various administrative changes related to the system managers and system addresses; policy and practices for storage and retrieval of the information; administrative, technical, and physical safeguards; and updated notification, records access, and contesting records procedures.

System Name and Number

FCC/OET–1, Experimental Radio Station License Files (ELS).

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

No information in the ELS system is classified. Experimental license applications that contain classified material are treated in a bifurcated manner, with unclassified data filed in ELS. The remaining portion of these applications are filed with the FCC’s Security Operations Staff and are processed consistent with the FCC’s security regulations. The material filed with the Security Operations Staff is maintained separately from and does not become part of the ELS system.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of Engineering and Technology (OET), Federal Communications Commission (FCC), 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):

Experimental Licensing Branch, Office of Engineering and Technology (OET), Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

47 U.S.C. 308.
PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:
The uses for the information in the system include, but are not limited to those uses for which FCC employees may determine:
1. An applicant's eligibility to operate a station in the experimental radio service;
2. The interference potential to other radio services within the Commission; and/or
3. If the proposed project or experimentation falls within the type of permissible operations set forth in section 5.3 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR 5.3.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:
The categories of individuals in this system include, but are not limited to, those who have applied for or have been granted a license to operate an experimental radio station under 47 CFR part 5 of the Commission's rules.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:
The categories of records in this system include, but are not limited to:
1. These FCC Forms, any supporting exhibits submitted by the applicant(s), and related documentation:
   a. FCC Form 159 series, Remittance Advice et al. (when paying fees by check);
   b. FCC Form 405, Application for Renewal of Station License;
   c. FCC Form 442, Application for a New or Modified Station;
   d. FCC Form 702, Application for Consent to Assignment of Radio Station Construction Authorization or License;
   e. FCC Form 703, Application for Consent to Transfer Control of Corporation Holding Station License;
   f. Special Temporary Authority (STA) under 47 CFR 5.61 of the Commission's rules; and
   g. Any supporting documentation, including but not limited to exhibits and other materials submitted by the applicant(s) and/or licensees(s).
2. Personally identifiable information (PII) included in experimental project reports submitted by the applicant(s) and/or licensees(s) as required by 47 CFR part 5 of the Commission's rules, including name, mailing address, email address(es), and telephone number(s).
3. Information included in comments from other FCC bureaus/offices and the NTIA on frequency interference potential and/or coordination of the operation(s).
4. Contested applications for licenses, transfers, assignments, and construction, or petitions to deny or to cancel applicants on behalf of other parties.

5. Comments from other FCC bureaus/offices on whether the project or experimentation is valid, as well as its possible use in rulemakings.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:
The sources for the majority of information in this system of records include, but are not limited to the information that individual applicants provide on one or more FCC forms, special temporary authorities (STAs), and/or any supporting exhibits submitted by the applicants and/or licensees, and related documentation. Other information in these records comes from coordination with other FCC bureaus and offices from data that are generated with the OET Spectrum Coordination Branch during the normal processing of the application.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:
In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, all or a portion of the records or information contained in this system may be disclosed to authorized entities, as is determined to be relevant and necessary, outside the FCC as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:
1. Public Access—Information from this system is posted at: https://www.fcc.gov/els for public inspection, in response to a request, in connection with new experimentation being conducted and the impact that this experimentation may have on the public. The information will not be disclosed if it is not routinely available for public inspection under 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii) of the Commission's rules, or if a request that the information be given confidential treatment is pending or has been granted under 47 CFR 0.459.
2. Adjudication and Litigation—To disclose information to the Department of Justice (DOJ), or other administrative body before which the FCC is authorized to appear when: (a) The FCC or any other component thereof; or (b) any employee of the FCC in his or her official capacity; or (c) any employee of the FCC in his or her individual capacity where the DOJ or the FCC have agreed to represent the employee; or (d) the United States is a party to litigation or have an interest in such litigation, and the use of such records by the DOJ or the FCC is deemed by the FCC to be relevant and necessary to the litigation.
3. Law Enforcement and Investigation—To disclose pertinent information to the appropriate Federal, State, or local agency responsible for investigating, prosecuting, enforcing, or implementing a statute, rule, regulation or order, where the FCC becomes aware of an indication of a violation or potential violation of civil or criminal law or regulation.
4. Congressional Inquiries—To provide information to a Congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from that Congressional office made at the written request of that individual.
5. Government-wide Program Management and Oversight—To disclose information to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) for use in its records management inspections; to the Government Accountability Office (GAO) for oversight purposes; to the Department of Justice (DOJ) to obtain that department's advice regarding disclosure obligations under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA); or to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to obtain that office's advice regarding obligations under the Privacy Act.

6. Breach Notification—To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when: (a) The Commission suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records; (b) the Commission has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, the Commission (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (c) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with the Commission's efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

7. Assistance to Federal Agencies and Entities—To another Federal agency or Federal entity, when the Commission determines that information from this system is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in: (a) Responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (b) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, program, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

8. For Non-Federal Personnel—To disclose information to contractors performing or working on a contract for OET that provides for the Federal Government who may require access to this system of records.
REPORTING TO A CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY:

In addition to the routine uses listed above, the Commission may share information from this system of records with a consumer reporting agency regarding an individual who has not paid a valid and overdue financial debt owed to the Commission, following the procedures set out in the Debt Collection Act, 31 U.S.C. 3701(e).

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

Information in this system of records includes:

1. Paper records, files, and documents are maintained for various, short-term uses, as necessary. These documents are maintained in file cabinets in the OET office suite. The file cabinets are locked at the end of the business day. These documents are destroyed by shredding when no longer needed.

2. Electronically scanned images of paper documents and records;

3. Electronic records of data elements of both paper applicants and files and electronically filed applications; and


As required by 47 CFR 5.55(b) of the Commission’s rules, all applications for experimental licensing must now be filed electronically via the internet at: https://www.fcc.gov/els.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

1. The paper documents, files, and records are retrieved by the licensee name. If there is more than one station per licensee, then the files may be also retrieved by call sign; and

2. The scanned images, electronic records of data elements, and electronic copies of licenses may be retrieved from the OET Experimental Licensing Branch Report World Wide Web electronic filing and reporting site at: https://www.fcc.gov/els.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

The information in this system is maintained and disposed of in accordance with the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) General Records Schedule DAA–0173–2016–0003. The records, documents, and files are maintained for three years after expiration of the license. The FCC disposes of the paper documents by shredding. The electronic records, files, and data are destroyed either by physical destruction of the electronic storage media or by erasure of the electronic data.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

OET makes all records, documents, and files (including both paper and electronic formats) available to the public at: https://www.fcc.gov/els except: (1) Files that are not routinely available for public inspection as defined in 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii); and/or (2) files that have been submitted in compliance with the confidentiality request requirement of 47 CFR 0.459.

When not publicly available, the electronic data, records, and files are stored within FCC accreditation boundaries. Access to the electronic files is restricted to OET and IT staff, contractors, and vendors who maintain the networks and services. Other FCC employees, contractors, vendors, and users may be granted access on a need-to-know basis. The FCC’s data are protected by the FCC and third-party privacy safeguards, a comprehensive and dynamic set of IT safety and security protocols and features that are designed to meet all Federal IT privacy standards, including those required by the Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (FISMA), the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

The OET staff may print paper copies of these electronic records for various, short-term uses, as necessary. These paper document copies are stored in locked file cabinets in the OET office suite, when not in use. Only authorized OET staff and contractors may have access to these documents, unless OET grants access to FCC employees and contractors, as required, for specific purposes. These paper documents are destroyed by shredding when no longer needed.

RECORDS ACCESS PROCEDURE:

Individuals wishing to request access to and/or amendment of records about them should follow the Notification Procedure below.

CONTESTING RECORDS PROCEDURES:

Individuals wishing to request access to and/or amendment of records about them should follow the Notification Procedure below.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

Individuals wishing to determine whether this system of records contains information about them may do so by writing to Leslie F. Smith, Privacy Manager, Information Technology, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554, or email Leslie.Smith@fcc.gov.

Individuals must furnish reasonable identification by showing any two of the following: Social security card; passport; driver’s license; employee identification card; Medicare card; birth certificate; bank credit card; and/or other positive means of identification, or by signing an identity statement stipulating that knowingly or willfully seeking or obtaining access to records about another person under false pretenses is punishable by a fine of up to $5,000.

Individuals requesting access must also comply with the FCC’s Privacy Act regulations regarding verification of identity and access to records, 47 CFR part 0, subpart E.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

HISTORY:

The FCC previously gave full notice of FCC/OET–1, Experimental Radio Station License Files (ELS), by publication in the Federal Register on April 5, 2006 (71 FR 17234, 17241).

Federal Communications Commission.

Katura Jackson, Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12166 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 et seq.) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below. The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The applications will also be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 182 3088]

Shore to Please Vacations LLC; Analysis To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed consent agreement; request for comment.

SUMMARY: The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices. The attached Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the complaint and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file comments online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below. Write: “Shore to Please Vacations LLC; File No. 182 3088” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20024.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 2.34, 16 CFR 2.34, notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC Home Page (for June 3, 2019), on the World Wide Web, at https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/consent-actions.

You can file a comment online or on paper. For the Commission to consider your comment, we must receive it on or before July 11, 2019. Write “Shore to Please Vacations LLC; File No. 182 3088” on your comment. Your comment—including your name and your state—will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including, to the extent practicable, on the https://www.regulations.gov website. Postal mail addressed to the Commission is subject to delay due to heightened security screening. As a result, we encourage you to submit your comments online through the https://www.regulations.gov website.

If you prefer to file your comment on paper, write “Shore to Please Vacations LLC; File No. 182 3088” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20580; or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20024. If possible, submit your paper comment to the Commission by courier or overnight service.

Because your comment will be placed on the publicly accessible website at https://www.regulations.gov, you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else’s Social Security number; date of birth; driver’s license number or other state identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any “trade secret or any commercial or financial information which ... is privileged or confidential”—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including in particular competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must be filed in paper form, must be clearly labeled “Confidential,” and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request, and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted on the public FTC website—as legally required by FTC Rule 4.9(b)—we cannot redact or remove your comment from the FTC website, unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

Visit the FTC website at http://www.ftc.gov to read this Notice and the news release describing it. The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding, as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before July 11, 2019. For information on the Commission’s privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy.
Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission (“Commission”) has accepted, subject to final approval, an agreement containing a consent order as to Shore to Please Vacations LLC and Robert A. Stephens (“respondents”).

The proposed consent order (“order”) has been placed on the public record for 30 days for receipt of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After the comment period ends, the Commission will again review the order and the comments received, and will decide whether it should withdraw the order or make it final.

This matter involves the respondents’ use of non-disparagement provisions in consumer form contracts in the course of renting vacation properties. The complaint alleges that the respondents violated Section 2(c) of the Consumer Review Fairness Act (“CRFA”) by offering to consumers form contracts that contained non-disparagement provisions made void by Section 2(b) of the CRFA. The CRFA defines a form contract as a contract with standardized terms, used in the course of selling or leasing goods or services, and imposed on an individual without a meaningful opportunity for such individual to negotiate the standardized terms.

The order includes injunctive relief that prohibits these alleged violations and fences in similar and related conduct involving the use of contract terms that prohibit, restrict, penalize, or transfer rights in consumer reviews or evaluation of the respondents, their goods, or their services. The CRFA authorizes the Commission to seek civil penalties for knowing violations, but the complaint does not allege that the respondents’ violations were knowing, and the order does not provide for monetary relief.

Part I prohibits, in the sale or leasing of any good or service, the respondents from: Offering to any prospective customer a contract, or offering to any customer a renewal contract, that includes a review-limiting term; requiring that a customer accept such a term as a condition of the respondents’ fulfillment of their obligations under contracts entered into before the effective date of the order; or attempting to enforce or assert the validity of such a term in customer contracts entered into before the effective date of the order. Part II requires the respondents to notify by mail or email customers with whom they entered into form contracts with a non-disparagement provision on or after March 14, 2017 that the non-disparagement provision is void and cannot be enforced, and that those customers can publish their honest reviews about the respondents, even if their comments are negative.

Part III requires that the respondents dismiss their remaining count against a renter for alleged breach of the non-disparagement provision.

Part IV requires the respondents to submit signed acknowledgments that relevant personnel received the order.

Part V requires the respondents to file compliance reports with the Commission, and to notify the Commission of bankruptcy filings or changes in company structure that might affect compliance obligations.

Part VI contains recordkeeping requirements for personnel records, consumer contracts, communications with consumers threatening any legal action relating to any review; and court filings and the company’s discovery responses in legal actions over consumer reviews, as well as all records necessary to demonstrate compliance or non-compliance with the order.

Part VII contains other requirements related to the Commission’s monitoring of the respondent’s order compliance.

Part VIII provides the effective dates of the order, including that, with exceptions, the order will terminate in 20 years.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the order, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the complaint or order, or to modify the order’s terms in any way.

By direction of the Commission.

April J. Tabor,
Acting Secretary.

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 182 3084]

Staffordshire Property Management, LLC; Analysis To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed consent agreement; request for comment.

SUMMARY: The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices. The attached Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the complaint and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file comments online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section below. Write: “Staffordshire Property Management, LLC; File No. 182 3084” on your comment, and file your comment online at https://www.regulations.gov or mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20024.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 2.34, 16 CFR 2.34, notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC Home Page (for June 3, 2019), on the World Wide Web, at https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/commission-actions.

You can file a comment online or on paper. For the Commission to consider your comment, we must receive it on or before July 11, 2019. Write “Staffordshire Property Management, LLC; File No. 182 3084” on your comment. Your comment—including your name and your state—will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including, to the extent
practicable, on the https://www.regulations.gov website.
Postal mail addressed to the Commission is subject to delay due to heightened security screening. As a result, we encourage you to submit your comments online through the https://www.regulations.gov website.
If you prefer to file your comment on paper, write “Staffordshire Property Management, LLC; File No. 182 3084” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20580; or deliver your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW, 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex D), Washington, DC 20024. If possible, submit your paper comment to the Commission by courier or overnight service.
Because your comment will be placed on the publicly accessible website at https://www.regulations.gov, you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else’s Social Security number; date of birth; driver’s license number or other state identification number; or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any “trade secret or any commercial or financial information which . . . is privileged or confidential”—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including in particular competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.
Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must be filed in paper form, must be clearly labeled “Confidential,” and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request, and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted on the public FTC website—as legally required by FTC Rule 4.9(b)—we cannot redact or remove your comment from the FTC website, unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.
Visit the FTC website at http://www.ftc.gov to read this Notice and the news release describing it. The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding, as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before July 11, 2019. For information on the Commission’s privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy.
Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment
The Federal Trade Commission (“Commission”) has accepted, subject to final approval, an agreement containing a consent order as to Staffordshire Property Management, LLC and Aaron Fischer (“respondents”).
The proposed consent order (“order”) has been placed on the public record for 30 days for receipt of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After the comment period ends, the Commission will again review the order and the comments received, and will decide whether it should withdraw the order or make it final.
This matter involves the respondents’ use of non-disparagement provisions in consumer form contracts in the course of processing the applications of prospective tenants to rent residential properties that respondents manage. The complaint alleges that the respondents violated Section 2(c) of the Consumer Review Fairness Act (“CRFA”) by offering to consumers form contracts that contained non-disparagement provisions made void by Section 2(b) of the CRFA. The CRFA defines a form contract as a contract with standardized terms, used in the course of selling or leasing goods or services, and imposed on an individual without a meaningful opportunity for such individual to negotiate the standardized terms.
The order includes injunctive relief that prohibits these alleged violations and fences in similar and related conduct involving the use of contract terms that prohibit, restrict, penalize, or transfer rights in consumer reviews or evaluation of the respondents, their goods, or their services. The CRFA authorizes the Commission to seek civil penalties for knowing violations, but the complaint does not allege that the respondents’ violations were knowing, and the order does not provide for monetary relief.
Part I prohibits, in the sale or leasing of any good or service, the respondents from: Offering to any prospective customer a contract, or offering to any customer a renewal contract, that includes a review-limiting term; requiring that a customer accept such a term as a condition of the respondents’ fulfillment of their obligations under contracts entered into before the effective date of the order; or attempting to enforce or assert the validity of such a term in customer contracts entered into before the effective date of the order. Part I would not require that the respondents publish or host the content of any person, affect any other legal duty of a party to a contract, or affect any cause of action arising from the breach of such duty.
Part II requires the respondents to notify customers via letters or emails, and via their website, that the non-disparagement provisions in their form contracts are void and cannot be enforced, and that customers who entered into contracts with those provisions can publish their honest reviews about the respondents, even if their comments are negative.
Part III requires the respondents to submit signed acknowledgments that relevant personnel received the order.
Part IV requires the respondents to file compliance reports with the Commission, and to notify the Commission of bankruptcy filings or changes in company structure that might affect compliance obligations.
Part V contains recordkeeping requirements for personnel records, consumer contracts, communications with consumers threatening any legal action relating to any review; and court filings and the company’s discovery responses in legal actions over consumer reviews, as well as all records necessary to demonstrate compliance or non-compliance with the order.
Part VI contains other requirements related to the Commission’s monitoring of the respondent’s order compliance.
Part VII provides the effective dates of the order, including that, with
exceptions, the order will terminate in 20 years.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the order, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the complaint or order, or to modify the order’s terms in any way.

By direction of the Commission.

April J. Tabor,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12279 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–32, Motor Vehicle Policy

AGENCY: Office of Government-wide Policy (OGP), General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Notice of cancellation.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–32. On March 19, 2015, President Obama signed a Memorandum on Federal Fleet Management, which revoked the Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance, effective as of October 1, 2011, the President issued a Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance. This memorandum stated that any executive fleet vehicles that are larger than a midsize sedan or do not comply with alternative fueled vehicle (AFV) requirements must be disclosed on agency websites. On October 12, 2011, GSA provided guidance to agencies regarding the identification of executive fleet vehicles and the requirements to post them on agency websites by issuing FMR Bulletin B–32. On March 19, 2015, Executive Order 13693, Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade was signed which revoked the May 24, 2011 Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance, effective as of October 1, 2015. Therefore, the requirement for any executive fleet vehicles that are larger than a midsize sedan or do not comply with AFV requirements to be disclosed on agency websites no longer exists.

Bulletins regarding motor vehicle management are located on the internet at http://www.gsa.gov/fmrbulletin as FMR bulletins.

Jessica Salmoiraghi,
Associate Administrator, Office of Government-wide Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12239 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6820–14–P

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–30, Vehicle Allocation Methodology for Agency Fleets

AGENCY: Office of Government-wide Policy (OGP), General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the cancellation of FMR Bulletin B–30. On May 24, 2011, the President issued a Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Management Regulation (FMR) Bulletin B–32. On March 19, 2015, Executive Order 13693, Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade was signed which revoked the Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance, effective as of October 1, 2011, the President issued a Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance. This memorandum stated that any executive fleet vehicles that are larger than a midsize sedan or do not comply with alternative fueled vehicle (AFV) requirements must be disclosed on agency websites. On October 12, 2011, GSA provided guidance to agencies regarding the identification of executive fleet vehicles and the requirements to post them on agency websites by issuing FMR Bulletin B–32. On March 19, 2015, Executive Order 13693, Planning for Federal Sustainability in the Next Decade was signed which revoked the May 24, 2011 Presidential Memorandum on Federal Fleet Performance, effective as of October 1, 2015. Therefore, the requirement for any executive fleet vehicles that are larger than a midsize sedan or do not comply with AFV requirements to be disclosed on agency websites no longer exists.

Bulletins regarding motor vehicle management are located on the internet at http://www.gsa.gov/fmrbulletin as FMR bulletins.

Jessica Salmoiraghi,
Associate Administrator, Office of Government-wide Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12239 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6820–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve the proposed information collection project: “Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture Comparative Database.” In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, AHRQ invites the public to comment on this proposed information collection.

This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on March 19, 2019, and allowed 60 days for public comment. AHRQ did not receive substantive comments. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received on or before 30 days after date of publication.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted to: AHRQ’s OMB Desk Officer by fax at (202) 395–6974 (attention: AHRQ’s desk officer) or by email at OIRA_submission@omb.eop.gov (attention: AHRQ’s desk officer).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Doris Lefkowitz, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 427–1477, or by email at doris.lefkowitz@AHRQ.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Proposed Project
Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture Comparative Database

The Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture (Hospital SOPS) is designed to enable hospitals to assess provider and staff perspectives about patient safety issues, medical error, and error reporting. The Hospital SOPS includes 42 items that measure 12 composites of patient safety culture. AHRQ first made the Hospital SOPS publicly available, along with a Survey User’s Guide and other toolkit materials, in November 2004 on the AHRQ website.

The Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture Comparative Database (Hospital SOPS Database) consists of data from...
the Hospital SOPS and may include reportable, non-required supplemental items. Hospitals in the U.S. can voluntarily submit data from the survey to AHRQ, through its contractor, Westat. The Hospital SOPS Database (OMB NO. 0935–0162, last approved on September 30, 2016) was developed by AHRQ in 2006 in response to requests from hospitals interested in tracking their own survey results. Those organizations submitting data receive a feedback report, as well as a report of the aggregated de-identified findings of the other hospitals submitting data. These reports are used to assist hospital staff in their efforts to improve patient safety culture in their organizations.

**Rationale for the information collection.** The Hospital SOPS and the Hospital SOPS Database support AHRQ’s goals of promoting improvements in the quality and safety of health care in hospital settings. The survey, toolkit materials, and database results are all made publicly available on AHRQ’s website. Technical assistance is provided by AHRQ through its contractor at no charge to hospitals, to facilitate internal assessment and learning in the patient safety improvement process.

This database will:

1. Present results from hospitals that voluntarily submit their data.
2. Provide data to hospitals to facilitate internal assessment and learning in the patient safety improvement process.
3. Provide supplemental information to help hospitals identify their strengths and areas with potential for improvement in patient safety culture.

This study is being conducted by AHRQ through its contractor, Westat, pursuant to AHRQ’s statutory authority to conduct and support research on health care and on systems for the delivery of such care, including activities with respect to the quality, effectiveness, efficiency, appropriateness and value of healthcare services and with respect to surveys and database development. 42 U.S.C. 299a(a)(1) and (8)

**Method of Collection**

To achieve the goal of this project the following activities and data collections will be implemented:

1. **Eligibility and Registration Form**—The hospital point-of-contact (POC) completes a number of data submission steps and forms, beginning with the completion of an online Eligibility and Registration Form. The purpose of this form is to collect basic demographic information about the hospital and initiate the registration process.
2. **Data Use Agreement**—The purpose of the data use agreement, completed by the hospital POC, is to state how data submitted by hospitals will be used and provide privacy assurances.
3. **Hospital Site Information Form**—The purpose of the site information form, also completed by the hospital POC, is to collect background characteristics of the hospital. This information will be used to analyze data collected with the Hospital SOPS survey.
4. **Data Files Submission**—POCs upload their data file(s), using hospital data file specifications, to ensure that users submit standardized and consistent data in the way variables are named, coded, and formatted. The number of submissions to the database is likely to vary each year because hospitals do not administer the survey and submit data every year. Data submission is typically handled by one POC who is either a patient safety manager in the hospital or a survey vendor who contracts with a hospital to collect and submit their data. POCs submit data on behalf of 3 hospitals, on average, because many hospitals are part of a health system that includes many hospitals, or the POC is a vendor that is submitting data for multiple hospitals.

**Estimated Annual Respondent Burden**

Exhibit 1 shows the estimated annualized burden hours for the respondents’ time to participate in the database. An estimated 340 POCs, each representing an average of 3 individual hospitals each, will complete the database submission steps and forms annually. Each POC will submit the following:

- Eligibility and registration form (completion is estimated to take about 3 minutes).
- Data Use Agreement (completion is estimated to take about 3 minutes).
- Hospital Information Form (completion is estimated to take about 5 minutes).
- Survey data submission will take an average of one hour.

The total annual burden hours are estimated to be 459 hours. Exhibit 2 shows the estimated annualized cost burden based on the respondents’ time to submit their data. The cost burden is estimated to be $26,572 annually.

**EXHIBIT 1—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents/POCs</th>
<th>Number of responses per POC</th>
<th>Hours per response</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eligibility/Registration Form</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3/60</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Use Agreement</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3/60</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital Information Form</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5/60</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Files Submission</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>459</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXHIBIT 2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents/POCs</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
<th>Average hourly wage rate *</th>
<th>Total cost burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eligibility/Registration Form</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>$57.89</td>
<td>$984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Use Agreement</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>57.89</td>
<td>984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital Information Form</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>57.89</td>
<td>4,921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Files Submission</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>57.89</td>
<td>19,683</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXHIBIT 2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents/ POCs</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
<th>Average hourly wage rate</th>
<th>Total cost burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>26,572</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Mean hourly wage of $57.89 for Medical and Health Services Managers (SOC code 11–9111) was obtained from the May 2017 National Industry-Specific Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates NAICS 622000—Hospitals, located at [http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/naics3_622000.htm](http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/naics3_622000.htm).

Request for Comments

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, comments on AHRQ’s information collection are requested with regard to any of the following: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of AHRQ’s health care research and health care information dissemination functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of AHRQ’s estimate of burden (including hour and costs) of the proposed collection(s) of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information upon the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the Agency’s subsequent request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Virginia L. Mackay-Smith, Associate Director.

[FR Doc. 2019–12312 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–90–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approve the proposed information collection project: “The AHRQ Safety Program for Improving Antibiotic Use.” In accordance with the current AHRQ Safety Program can be downloaded from OMB’s website at [https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAViewICR?ref_nbr=201707-0935-003].

The 2017 OMB clearance included one response for the Structural Assessment and the Medical Office Survey on Patient Safety Culture (MOSOPS), but did not include electronic health record (EHR) data or a second response for the Structural Assessment or MOSOPS for the 4th cohort planned for ambulatory settings. This was because the original OMB clearance expiration date fell in the middle of the planned 4th cohort, so the second Structural Assessment and MOSOPS were not within the approved information collection period, and EHR data collection would have been incomplete. In addition, the project team was not certain that the ambulatory care practices would be able to access EHR data. Based on the experience of the pilot cohort, however, it is believed that many ambulatory practices can access these data, and that these practices are more likely to feasibly participate in the AHRQ Safety Program. The revision also updates the estimated annual burden accordingly, and includes changes to the data collection forms which will be used for the ambulatory care cohort based on lessons learned during the pilot cohort.

Background for This Collection

As part of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Hospital Acquired Infection (HAI) National Action Plan (NAP), AHRQ has supported the implementation and adoption of the Comprehensive Unit-based Safety Program (CUSP) to reduce Central-Line Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) and Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI), and subsequently applied CUSP to other clinical challenges, including reducing surgical site infections and improving care for mechanically ventilated patients. As part of the National Action Plan for Combating Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria (CARB NAP) to increase antibiotic stewardship (defined as organized efforts to promote the judicious use of
antibiotics) across all healthcare settings. AHRQ is applying the principles and concepts that have been learned from these HAI reduction efforts to antibiotic stewardship (AS).

Antibiotic therapy has saved countless lives over the past several decades. However, bacterial resistance to antibiotics has followed closely on the heels of each new agent's introduction. This has led to an epidemic of antibiotic resistance, with drug choices for some bacterial infections becoming increasingly limited, expensive, and in some cases nonexistent. While antibiotics remain a vital and necessary cornerstone to the treatment of infections, it is estimated that 20–50% of all antibiotics prescribed in U.S. acute care hospitals are either unnecessary or inappropriate. When antibiotics are used inappropriately, bacterial development of resistance is supported in the absence of any therapeutic benefit, and patients receiving unnecessary or inappropriate antibiotics are also exposed to the risk of adverse effects such as rash or renal injury as well as the risk of *Clostridoides difficile* infection which can cause a deadly diarrhea. Unlike misuse of other medications, the misuse of antibiotics can adversely impact the health of patients who are not even exposed to them because of the potential for spread of resistant organisms. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) estimates that each year at least two million illnesses and 23,000 deaths are caused by drug-resistant bacteria in the United States alone.

While approaches including development of new antibiotic agents, increased surveillance for antibiotic resistance, prevention of HAIs, and prevention of transmission of resistant infections are important efforts to combat antibiotic resistance, it is critical to curb the inappropriate use of antibiotics to slow the emergence of antibiotic resistance and to preserve efficacy of existing antibiotics and those under development.

As of January 1st, 2017, The Joint Commission (TJC)'s new Antimicrobial Stewardship Standard requires that all acute care hospitals have robust antibiotic stewardship programs. In addition, starting on November 28, 2017, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) required that all long-term care facilities that receive reimbursement from CMS have antibiotic stewardship programs in place.

The Comprehensive Unit-Based Safety Program (CUSP), developed at the Armstrong Institute at Johns Hopkins University, combines improvement in patient safety culture, teamwork, and communication together with a technical bundle of interventions to improve patient safety. CUSP is a powerful culture change tool, which has been successfully utilized to reduce CLABSIs in ICUs in Michigan and Rhode Island and subsequently to reduce CLABSIs by 41% in more than 1,000 ICUs in 44 states, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia. Although evidence-based recommendations for prevention of CLABSIs had existed for years, the combination of safety culture change on units and implementation of technical interventions resulted in significant reductions in CLABSIs and introduced the concept that a rate of zero CLABSIs is achievable. CUSP is also being used to reduce other HAIs in multiple settings (http://www.ahrq.gov/professionals/quality-patient-safety/hais/index.html).

This project will assist hospitals, nursing homes, and ambulatory care sites across the United States in adopting and implementing AS programs and interventions. This project has the following goals:

- Identify best practices in the delivery of antibiotic stewardship in the acute care, long-term care and ambulatory care settings
- Adapt the CUSP model to enhance antibiotic stewardship efforts in the health care settings
- Develop a bundle of technical and adaptive interventions and associated tools and educational materials designed to support enhanced antibiotic stewardship efforts
- Provide technical assistance and training to health care organizations nationwide (using a phased approach) to implement effective antibiotic stewardship programs and interventions
- Improve communication and teamwork between health care workers surrounding antibiotic decision-making
- Improve communication between health care workers and patients and families surrounding antibiotic decision-making
- Conduct a comprehensive evaluation to assess the adoption of the CUSP for AS in acute care, long-term care and ambulatory care settings to identify the effectiveness of the program, process outcomes, and lessons learned

The project will be implemented in four cohorts: (1) Cohort 1 is a pilot limited to 10 facilities each in three integrated delivery systems spanning acute care, long-term care, and ambulatory settings; (2) Cohort 2 will expand to include 250–500 acute care hospitals; (3) Cohort 3 will include 250–500 long-term care facilities; and (4) Cohort 4 will include 250–500 ambulatory care facilities.

The AHRQ Safety Program is being undertaken pursuant to AHRQ's mission to enhance the quality, appropriateness, and effectiveness of health services, and access to such services, through the establishment of a broad base of scientific research and through the promotion of improvements in clinical and health systems practices, including the prevention of diseases and other health conditions. 42 U.S.C. 299.

### Method of Collection

To achieve the goals of the AHRQ Safety Program, the following data collections will be implemented:

1. **Structural Assessments:** A brief, eight question, online Structural Assessment Tool will be administered at baseline (pre-intervention) and at the end of the intervention period to obtain general information about facilities and stewardship infrastructure and changes to stewardship infrastructure and interventions that are anticipated to be sustained as a result of the AHRQ Safety Program (one response per facility for the 4th cohort in ambulatory settings was included in the original OMB review. This revision adds an additional response per facility, relevant changes made to line 1.b. in Exhibits A.1. and A.2.).

2. **Team Antibiotic Review Form:** The Stewardship Team in hospitals and nursing homes will conduct monthly reviews of at least 10 patients who received antibiotics and fill out an assessment tool in conjunction with frontline staff to determine if the “four moments of antibiotic decision-making” are being considered by providers. The four moments can be summarized as: (1) Is an infection present requiring antibiotics? (2) Are appropriate cultures being ordered and is the most optimal initial choice of antibiotics being prescribed? (3) (after at least 24 hours) Is it appropriate to make changes to the antibiotic regimen (e.g., stop therapy, narrow therapy, change from intravenous to oral therapy)? (4) What duration of therapy is appropriate?

3. **The AHRQ Surveys on Patient Safety Culture:** The appropriate versions of these surveys and the MOSOPS will be administered to all participating staff at the beginning and end of the intervention. Each survey asks questions about patient safety issues, medical errors, and event reporting in the respective settings. The surveys will be administered to all participating staff at
the beginning and end of the intervention. (One response per respondent for the 4th cohort in ambulatory settings was included in the original OMB review, this revision adds an additional response per respondent, relevant changes made to line 3.d. in Exhibits A.1 and A.2).

a. The Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture (HSOPS) will be utilized to evaluate safety culture for acute care hospitals.

b. The Nursing Home Survey on Patient Safety Culture (NHSOPS) will be utilized in long-term care.

c. The Medical Office Survey on Patient Safety Culture (MOSOPS) will be administered in ambulatory care centers.

(4) Semi-structured qualitative interviews: During the project pilot period with Cohort 1, in-person and/or telephone discussions will be held before and after implementation with stewardship champions/organizational leaders, physicians, pharmacists, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, nurses, certified nursing assistants and others deemed relevant, to learn about the facilitators and barriers to a successful antibiotic stewardship program. Specific areas of interest include stakeholder perceptions of implementation process and outcomes, including successes and challenges with carrying out project tasks and perceived utility of the project; staff roles, engagement and support; and antibiotic prescribing etiquette & culture (i.e., social norms and local cultural factors that contribute to prescribing behavior at the facility/unit-level).

(5) Electronic Health Record (EHR) data: Unit-level antibiotic therapy prescriptions and antibiotic use for diagnosed respiratory conditions will be extracted from the Electronic Health Records (EHRs) of participating units and used to assess the impact of the AHRQ Safety Program. (4th cohort in ambulatory settings portion is new from original OMB review, noted in line 6 in Exhibits A.1 and A.2).

**Estimated Annualized Burden**

Exhibit A.1 shows the estimated annualized burden hours for the respondents’ time to complete the Structural Assessments, Team Antibiotic Review Forms, AHRQ Patient Safety Culture Surveys, semi-structured qualitative interviews, and EHR data extractions. Data will be collected from 30 acute care, long-term care, and ambulatory care sites during the Cohort 1 one-year pilot period; up to 500 acute care hospitals in Cohort 2; up to 500 long-term care facilities in Cohort 3; and up to 500 ambulatory care sites in Cohort 4. With this revision, the total estimated annualized burden hours for the data collection activities are 27,064.

**EXHIBIT A.1—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Hours per response</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Structural Assessments:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Structural Assessments—Cohorts 1, 2 and 3 (baseline, post-intervention)</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Structural Assessments—Cohort 4 (baseline and endline)</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Team Antibiotic Review Form (Cohorts 1, 2, and 3)</td>
<td>337</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>7,583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. AHRQ Patient Safety Culture Surveys:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. HSOPS, NHSOPS, MOSOPS (Cohort 1)</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. HSOPS (Cohort 2)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>4,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. NHSOPS (Cohort 3)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>4,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. MOSOPS (Cohort 4)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>4,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Semi-structured qualitative interviews (Cohort 1):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Physicians</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Other Health Practitioners</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. EHR data (Cohorts 1, 2, and 3)</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4,008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. EHR data (Cohort 4)</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2,505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>14,022</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>27,030</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exhibit A.2 shows the estimated annualized cost burden based on the respondents’ time to complete the data collection forms. The total cost burden is estimated to be $1,311,096.

**EXHIBIT A.2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
<th>Average hourly wage rate</th>
<th>Total cost burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Structural Assessments:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Structural Assessments—Cohorts 1, 2 and 3 (baseline, post-intervention)</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>$98.83</td>
<td>$13,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Structural Assessments—Cohort 4 (baseline and endline)</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>$98.83</td>
<td>6,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Team Antibiotic Review Form (Cohorts 1, 2, and 3)</td>
<td>337</td>
<td>7,583</td>
<td>$98.83</td>
<td>749,428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. AHRQ Patient Safety Culture Surveys:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. HSOPS, NHSOPS, MOSOPS (Cohort 1)</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>2,313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. HSOPS (Cohort 2)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>116,134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. NHSOPS (Cohort 3)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>116,134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. MOSOPS (Cohort 4)</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>4,167</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>116,134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Semi-structured qualitative interviews (Cohort 1):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Physicians</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>$98.83</td>
<td>5,930</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**EXHIBIT A.2—ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST BURDEN—Continued**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form name</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Total burden hours</th>
<th>Average hourly wage rate</th>
<th>Total cost burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>b. Other Health Practitioners</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>3,344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. EHR data (Cohorts 1, 2, and 3)</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>4,008</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>111,703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. EHR data (Cohort 4)</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>2,505</td>
<td>$27.87</td>
<td>69,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>14,022</strong></td>
<td><strong>27,064</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,311,096</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


a Based on the mean wages for 29–1069 Physicians and Surgeons, All Other.

b Based on the mean wages for 29–9099 Miscellaneous Health Practitioners and Technical Workers: Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other.

**Request for Comments**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, comments on AHRQ’s information collection are requested with regard to any of the following: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of AHRQ’s health care research and health care information dissemination functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of AHRQ’s estimate of burden (including hours and costs) of the proposed collection(s) of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information upon the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and identified, as confidential, if submitted marked and identified as confidential business information, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.

**Written/Paper Submissions**

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- Mail/Hand delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.”


**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Food and Drug Administration**


**Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension; BAXDELA IV INJECTION—NDA 208611**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or the Agency) has determined the regulatory review period for BAXDELA IV INJECTION under new drug application (NDA) 208611 and is publishing this notice of that determination as required by law. FDA has made the determination because of the submission of applications to the Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), Department of Commerce, for the extension of a patent which claims that human drug product.

**DATES:** Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published (see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section) are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and ask for a redetermination by August 12, 2019. Furthermore, any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period by December 9, 2019. See “Petitions” in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for more information.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. The https://www.regulations.gov electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of August 12, 2019. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

**Electronic Submissions**

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.

- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

**Written/Paper Submissions**

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- Mail/Hand delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

- Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with §10.20 (21 CFR 10.20) and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA’s posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56469. September 18, 2015, or access the information at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Beverly Friedman, Office of Regulatory Policy, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6250, Silver Spring, MD 20993, 301–796–3600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984 (Pub. L. 98–417) and the Generic Animal Drug and Patent Term Restoration Act (Pub. L. 100–670) generally provide that a patent may be extended for a period of up to 5 years so long as the patented item (human drug product, animal drug product, medical device, food additive, or color additive) was subject to regulatory review by FDA before the item was marketed. Under these acts, a product’s regulatory review period forms the basis for determining the amount of extension an applicant may receive.

A regulatory review period consists of two periods of time: A testing phase and an approval phase. For human drug products, the testing phase begins when the exemption to permit the clinical investigations of the drug becomes effective and runs until the approval phase begins. The approval phase starts with the initial submission of an application to market the human drug product and continues until FDA grants permission to market the drug product. Although only a portion of a regulatory review period may count toward the actual amount of extension that the Director of USPTO may award (for example, half the testing phase must be subtracted as well as any time that may have occurred before the patent was issued), FDA’s determination of the length of a regulatory review period for a human drug product will include all of the testing phase and approval phase as specified in 35 U.S.C. 156(g)(1)(B).

FDA has approved NDA 208611 for marketing the human drug product, BAXDELA IV INJECTION (delafloxacin meglumine) indicated in adults for the treatment of acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections caused by designated susceptible bacteria. Subsequent to the approval, the USPTO received patent term restoration applications for BAXDELA (U.S. Patent Nos. 7,728,143 and 8,252,813) from Melinta Therapeutics, Inc., and the USPTO requested FDA’s assistance in determining the potential length of a patent extension. In a letter dated February 2, 2018, FDA advised the USPTO that this human drug product had undergone a regulatory review period and that the approvals of BAXDELA TABLETS and BAXDELA IV INJECTION represent the first permitted commercial marketing of the products. Thereafter, the USPTO requested that FDA determine the products’ regulatory review period.

II. Determination of Regulatory Review Period

FDA has determined that the applicable regulatory review period for BAXDELA IV INJECTION is 5,813 days. Of this time, 5,569 days occurred during the testing phase of the regulatory review period, while 244 days occurred during the approval phase. These periods of time were derived from the following dates:


2. The date the application (NDA 208611) was initially submitted with respect to the human drug product under section 505 of the FD&C Act: October 19, 2016. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the NDA 208611 for BAXDELA IV INJECTION was submitted on October 19, 2016.

3. The date the application was approved: June 19, 2017. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that NDA 208611 was approved on June 19, 2017.

This determination of the regulatory review period establishes the maximum potential length of a patent extension. However, the USPTO applies several statutory limitations in its calculations of the actual period for patent extension. In its applications for patent extension, this applicant seeks 1,307 or 1,001 days of patent term extension.

III. Petitions

Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and, under 21 CFR 60.24, ask for a redetermination (see DATES). Furthermore, as specified in §60.30 (21 CFR 60.30), any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period. To meet its burden, the petition must comply with all the requirements of §60.30, including but not limited to: Must be timely (see DATES), must be filed in accordance with §10.20, must contain sufficient facts to merit an FDA investigation, and must certify that a true and complete copy of the petition has been served upon the patent applicant. (See H. Rept. 857, part 1, 98th Cong., 2d sess., pp. 41–42, 1984.) Petitions should be in the format specified in 21 CFR 10.30.

Submit petitions electronically to https://www.regulations.gov at Docket No. FDA–2013–S–0610. Submit written petitions (two copies are required) to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Food and Drug Administration**

[Docket No. FDA–2019–N–1740]

**Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp., et al.; Withdrawal of Approval of Six Abbreviated New Drug Applications**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**APPLICATION NO.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application No.</th>
<th>Drug</th>
<th>Applicant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 070185</td>
<td>Fluor-Op (fluoromethalone) Ophthalmic Suspension, 0.1%</td>
<td>Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp., One Health Plaza, East Hanover, NJ 07936.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 070858</td>
<td>Trazodone Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 100 milligrams (mg)</td>
<td>Watson Laboratories, Inc., Subsidiary of Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc., 425 Privet Rd., Horsham, PA 19044.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 076023</td>
<td>Hydrocodone Bitartrate and Ibuprofen Tablets, 7.5 mg/200 mg</td>
<td>Teva Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc., 400 Interpace Pkwy., Bldg. A, Parsippany, NJ 07054.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 078167</td>
<td>Paclitaxel Injection USP, 6 mg/milliliter</td>
<td>Sandoz, Inc., 100 College Rd. West, Princeton, NJ 08540.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 088726</td>
<td>Chlorpropamide Tablets USP, 250 mg</td>
<td>Aurolife Pharma, LLC, 279 Princeton Hightstown Rd., East Windsor, NJ 08520.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 089852</td>
<td>Chlorzoxazone Tablets USP, 250 mg</td>
<td>Do.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Therefore, approval of the applications listed in the table, and all amendments and supplements thereto, is hereby withdrawn as of July 11, 2019. Approval of each entire application is withdrawn, including any strengths or products inadvertently missing from the table. Introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of products without approved new drug applications violates section 301(a) and (d) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331(a) and (d)). Drug products that are listed in the table that are in inventory on July 11, 2019 may continue to be dispensed until the inventories have been depleted or the drug products have reached their expiration dates or otherwise become violative, whichever occurs first.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

**Lowell J. Schiller,**

Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12287 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4164–01–P**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Food and Drug Administration**


**Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension; KISQALI**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) has determined the regulatory review period for KISQALI and is publishing this notice of that determination as required by law. FDA has made the determination because of the submission of applications to the Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), Department of Commerce, for the extension of patents which claims that human drug product.

**DATES:** Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published (see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section) are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and ask for a redetermination by August 12, 2019. Furthermore, any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period by December 9, 2019. See “Petitions” in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for more information.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. The [https://www.regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of August 12, 2019. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

**Electronic Submissions**

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: [https://www.regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov). Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to [https://www.regulations.gov](https://www.regulations.gov) will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any...
confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.

- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- Mail/Hand delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.”

Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket Nos. FDA–2018–E–0068; FDA–2018–E–0069; FDA–2018–E–0070; FDA–2018–E–0071; and FDA–2018–E–0072 for “Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension; KISQALI.” Received comments, those filed in a timely manner (see ADDRESSES), will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with §10.20 (21 CFR 10.20) and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA’s posting of comments to public docket, see 80 FR 56469, September 18, 2015, or access the information at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

For further information contact: Beverly Friedman, Office of Regulatory Policy, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6250, Silver Spring, MD 20993, 301–796–3600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984 (Pub. L. 98–417) and the Generic Animal Drug and Patent Term Restoration Act (Pub. L. 100–670) generally provide that a patent may be extended for a period of up to 5 years so long as the patented item (human drug product, animal drug product, medical device, food additive, or color additive) was subject to regulatory review by FDA before the item was marketed. Under these acts, a product’s regulatory review period forms the basis for determining the amount of extension an applicant may receive.

A regulatory review period consists of two periods of time: A testing phase and an approval phase. For human drug products, the testing phase begins when the exemption to permit the clinical investigations of the drug becomes effective and runs until the approval phase begins. The approval phase starts with the initial submission of an application to market the human drug product and continues until FDA grants permission to market the drug product. Although only a portion of a regulatory review period may count toward the actual amount of extension that the Director of USPTO may award (for example, half the testing phase must be subtracted as well as any time that may have occurred before the patent was issued), FDA’s determination of the length of a regulatory review period for a human drug product will include all of the testing phase and approval phase as specified in 35 U.S.C. 156(g)(1)(B).

FDA has approved for marketing the human drug product KISQALI (ribociclib succinate). KISQALI, in combination with an aromatase inhibitor as initial endocrine-based therapy, is indicated for the treatment of postmenopausal women with hormone receptor-positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2-negative advanced or metastatic breast cancer. Subsequent to this approval, the USPTO received patent term restoration applications for KISQALI (U.S. Patent Nos. 8,324,225; 8,415,355; 8,685,980; 9,862,630; and 9,416,136) from Novartis AG and Astex Therapeutics Ltd., and the USPTO requested FDA’s assistance in determining the patents’ eligibility for patent term restoration. In a letter dated February 6, 2018, FDA advised the USPTO that this human drug product had undergone a regulatory review period and that the approval of KISQALI represented the first permitted commercial marketing or use of the product. Thereafter, the USPTO requested that FDA determine the product’s regulatory review period.

II. Determination of Regulatory Review Period

FDA has determined that the applicable regulatory review period for KISQALI is 2,393 days. Of this time, 2,196 days occurred during the testing phase of the regulatory review period, while 197 days occurred during the approval phase. These periods of time were derived from the following dates:

1. The date an exemption under section 505(i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) (21 U.S.C. 355(i)) became effective: August 26, 2010. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the date the investigational new drug application became effective was on August 26, 2010.

2. The date the application was initially submitted with respect to the human drug product under section 505(b) of the FD&C Act: August 29, 2016. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the new drug application (NDA) for KISQALI (NDA 209092) was initially submitted on August 29, 2016.

3. The date the application was approved: March 13, 2017. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that NDA
SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or the Agency) is reopening the comment period for the notice entitled “Quality Considerations for Continuous Manufacturing: Draft Guidance for Industry; Availability” that appeared in the Federal Register of February 27, 2019. The Agency is taking this action to allow interested persons additional time to submit comments.

DATES: FDA is reopening the comment period for the notice published on February 27, 2019 (84 FR 6403). Submit either electronic or written comments on the draft guidance by August 12, 2019 to ensure that the Agency considers your comment on this draft guidance before it begins work on the final version of the guidance.

ADDRESS: You may submit comments on any guidance at any time as follows:

Electronic Submissions
Submit electronic comments in the following way:
- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.
- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions
Submit written/paper submissions as follows:
- Mail/Hand delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.”

Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket No. FDA–2019–D–0298 for “Quality Considerations for Continuous Manufacturing.” Received comments will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

- Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with 21 CFR 10.20 and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA’s posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56469, September 18, 2015, or access the information at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

You may submit comments on any guidance at any time (see 21 CFR 10.115(g)(5)).

Submit written requests for single copies of the draft guidance to the Division of Drug Information, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10001 New Hampshire Ave., Hillandale Building, 4th Floor, Silver Spring, MD 20993–
II. Electronic Access

Persons with access to the internet may obtain the draft guidance at either https://www.fda.gov/drugs/guidance-compliance-regulatory-information/guidances-drugs or https://www.regulations.gov.

Dated: June 6, 2019.
Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is publishing a list of information collections that have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ila S. Mizrahi, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10A–12M, 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD 20852, 301–796–7726, PRAS staff@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a list of FDA information collections recently approved by OMB under section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507). The OMB control number and expiration date of OMB approval for each information collection are shown in table 1. Copies of the supporting statements for the information collections are available on the internet at http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. An Agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### Table 1—List of Information Collections Approved by OMB

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title of collection</th>
<th>OMB control No.</th>
<th>Date approval expires</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Healthcare Professional Survey of Professional Prescription Drug Promotion</td>
<td>0910–0869</td>
<td>4/30/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formal Dispute Resolutions; Appeals Above the Division Level</td>
<td>0910–0430</td>
<td>3/31/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food and Drug Administration’s Research and Evaluation Survey for the Public Education Campaign on Tobacco Among LGBT (RESPECT)</td>
<td>0910–0808</td>
<td>3/31/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Disclosure by Clinical Investigators</td>
<td>0910–0396</td>
<td>4/30/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Additive Petitions and Investigational Food Additive Exemptions</td>
<td>0910–0546</td>
<td>4/30/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recordkeeping Requirements for Microbiological Testing and Corrective Measures for Bottled Water</td>
<td>0910–0658</td>
<td>4/30/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Supplier Verification Programs for Importers of Food for Humans and Animals</td>
<td>0910–0752</td>
<td>4/30/2022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dated: June 6, 2019.
Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, the Agency, or we) is announcing that a proposed collection of information has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Fax written comments on the collection of information by July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: To ensure that comments on the information collection are received, OMB recommends that written comments be faxed to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, Attn: FDA Desk Officer, Fax: 202–395–7285, or emailed to oira.submission@omb.eop.gov. All comments should be identified with the OMB control number 0910–0812. Also include the FDA docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Domini Bean, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10A–12M, 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD 20852, 301–796–5733, PRAS staff@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In compliance with 44 U.S.C. 3507, FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.
Focused Mitigation Strategies To Protect Food Against Intentional Adulteration—21 CFR Part 121

OMB Control Number 0910–0812—Extension

This information collection supports FDA regulations. Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act), as amended by the FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, certain provisions have been established to protect against the intentional adulteration of food. Section 418 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 350g) addresses intentional adulteration in the context of facilities that manufacture, process, pack, or hold food and are required to register under section 415 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 350d). Section 419 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 350h) addresses intentional adulteration in the context of fruits and vegetables that are raw agricultural commodities. Section 420 of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 350i) addresses intentional adulteration in the context of high-risk foods and exempt farms except for farms that produce milk. These provisions are codified at part 121 (21 CFR part 121), and include requirements that an owner, operator, or agent in charge of a facility must:

- Prepare and implement a written food defense plan that includes a vulnerability assessment to identify significant vulnerabilities and actionable process steps, mitigation strategies, and procedures for food defense monitoring, corrective actions, and verification (§ 121.126);
- identify any significant vulnerabilities and actionable process steps by conducting a vulnerability assessment for each type of food manufactured, processed, packed, or held at the facility using appropriate methods to evaluate each point, step, or procedure in a food operation (§ 121.130);
- identify and implement mitigation strategies at each actionable process step to provide assurances that the significant vulnerability at each step will be significantly minimized or prevented and the food manufactured, processed, packed, or held by the facility will not be adulterated. For each mitigation strategy implemented at each actionable process step, include a written explanation of how the mitigation strategy sufficiently minimizes or prevents the significant vulnerability associated with the actionable process step (§ 121.135);
- establish and implement mitigation strategies management components, as appropriate to ensure the proper implementation of each such mitigation strategy, taking into account the nature of the mitigation strategy and its role in the facility’s food defense system (§ 121.138);
- establish and implement food defense monitoring procedures, for monitoring the mitigation strategies, as appropriate to the nature of the mitigation strategy and its role in the facility’s food defense system (§ 121.140);
- establish and implement food defense corrective action procedures that must be taken if mitigation strategies are not properly implemented, as appropriate to the nature of the actionable process step and the nature of the mitigation strategy (§ 121.145);
- establish and implement specified food defense verification activities, as appropriate to the nature of the mitigation strategy and its role in the facility’s food defense system (§ 121.150);
- conduct a reanalysis of the food defense plan (§ 121.157);
- ensure that all individuals who perform required food defense activities are qualified to perform their assigned duties (§ 121.14); and
- establish and maintain certain records, including the written food defense plan (vulnerability assessment, mitigation strategies and procedures for food defense monitoring, corrective actions, and verification) and documentation related to training of personnel. All records are subject to certain general recordkeeping and record retention requirements (§§ 121.301 to 121.330).

Description of Respondents: The respondents to this information collection are manufacturers of retail food products marketed in the United States.

In the Federal Register of February 26, 2019 (84 FR 6009), we published a 60-day notice soliciting public comment of the proposed collections of information. Several comments were received in response to the notice and are summarized here. Minor comments included general support for efforts at protecting food against intentional adulteration. Other comments, however, questioned the estimates we ascribed to meeting the requirements found in subpart C of the applicable regulations: Food defense measures (§§ 121.126 through 121.157 (21 CFR 121.126 through 121.157)). The comments offered alternative estimates ranging from few to several hours, and most correlated this time to aspects of developing plans, conducting vulnerability assessments, and documenting procedures, activities which we attribute to the initial review and implementation of new regulations. We also note that alternative compliance dates were established for the covered entities and have yet to be realized. In addition, to assist respondents in complying with the regulation, including the information collection requirements, we offer both Agency guidance as well as an FDA Food Defense Plan Builder, a user-friendly tool designed to help owners and operators of food facilities develop a personalized food defense plan, which is currently under development with stakeholder input. These and other resources are available from our website at https://www.fda.gov. Finally, none of the comments appeared to question the applicability of the recordkeeping or the associated retention requirements found in part 121, subpart D. While we continue to invite comment regarding our burden estimates, we note that they reflect what we believe is representative of the industry average. This information collection covers numerous respondents with varying facility sizes and with differing product inventories. As compliance with the regulatory requirements continues to take effect, we will continue to evaluate the associated information collection burden accordingly. Although we always appreciate feedback regarding ways to improve efficiencies associated with our information collection activities, we decline to adopt alternative burden estimates for the information collection at this time. Rather, we retain the current estimates, which are as follows:
Under the regulations, an owner, operator, or agent in charge of a facility must prepare, or have prepared, and implement a written food defense plan, including written identification of actionable process steps, written mitigation strategies, written procedures for defense monitoring, written food defense corrective actions, and written food defense verification procedures. The estimated recordkeeping burden associated with these activities totals 2,516,482 annual recordkeeping burden hours and 409,486 annual recordkeeping responses.

We estimate that the recordkeeping activities associated with monitoring, documenting mitigation strategies, and implementing necessary corrective actions require an average of 20 hours per facility to satisfy the recordkeeping burden associated with these activities for a total of 195,180 hours, as reflected in table 2, row 3.

We estimate that recordkeeping activities associated with training under § 121.130 require training. We estimate that the average burden for the associated recordkeeping activity is approximately 40 minutes (or 0.67 hours) per record.

Finally, we estimate the 9,759 food production facilities will fulfill the recordkeeping requirements under §§ 121.305 and 121.310, and that it will require an average of 10 hours per record, as reflected in table 2, row 6.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12288 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

---

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Food and Drug Administration**


**Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension; BAXDELA TABLETS—NDA 208810**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or the Agency) has determined the regulatory review period

---

**TABLE 1—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity; 21 CFR section</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Total annual responses</th>
<th>Average burden per response</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exemption for food from very small businesses; § 121.5.</td>
<td>18,080</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>18,080</td>
<td>0.5 (30 minutes)</td>
<td>9,040</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

**TABLE 2—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity; 21 CFR section</th>
<th>Number of recordkeepers</th>
<th>Number of records per recordkeeper</th>
<th>Total annual records</th>
<th>Average burden per recordkeeping</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Defense Plan; § 121.126</td>
<td>3,247</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3,247</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>74,681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mitigation Strategies; § 121.135(b)</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>195,180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitoring Corrective Actions, Verification; §§ 121.140(a) and 121.145(a)(1).</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>1,707,825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training; § 121.4</td>
<td>367,203</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>367,203</td>
<td>0.67 (40 minutes)</td>
<td>246,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Records; §§ 121.305 and 121.310</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9,759</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>97,590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2,516,482</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.
for BAXDELA TABLETS under NDA 208610 and is publishing this notice of that determination as required by law. FDA has made the determination because of the submission of applications to the Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), Department of Commerce, for the extension of a patent which claims that human drug product.

DATES: Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published (see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section) are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and ask for a redetermination by August 12, 2019. Furthermore, any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period by December 9, 2019. See “Petitions” in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for more information.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. The https://www.regulations.gov electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of August 12, 2019. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

Electronic Submissions
Submit electronic comments in the following way:
• Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.
• If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions
Submit written/paper submissions as follows:
• Mail/Hand Delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
• For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.” Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket Nos. FDA–2017–E–6740 and FDA–2017–E–6744 for “Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension: BAXDELA TABLETS.” Received comments, those filed in a timely manner (see ADDRESSES), will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.
• Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with § 10.20 (21 CFR 10.20) and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA’s posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56460, September 18, 2015, or access the information at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Beverly Friedman, Office of Regulatory Policy, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6250, Silver Spring, MD 20993, 301–796–3600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
I. Background
The Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984 (Pub. L. 98–417) and the Generic Animal Drug and Patent Term Restoration Act (Pub. L. 100–670) generally provide that a patent may be extended for a period of up to 5 years so long as the patented item (human drug product, animal drug product, medical device, food additive, or color additive) was subject to regulatory review by FDA before the item was marketed. Under these acts, a product’s regulatory review period forms the basis for determining the amount of extension an applicant may receive.

A regulatory review period consists of two periods of time: A testing phase and an approval phase. For human drug products, the testing phase begins when the exemption to permit the clinical investigations of the drug becomes effective and runs until the approval phase begins. The approval phase starts with the initial submission of an application to market the human drug product and continues until FDA grants permission to market the drug product. Although only a portion of a regulatory review period may count toward the actual amount of extension that the Director of USPTO may award (for example, half the testing phase must be subtracted as well as any time that may have occurred before the patent was issued), FDA’s determination of the length of a regulatory review period for a human drug product will include all of the testing phase and approval phase as specified in 35 U.S.C. 156(3)(1)(B).

FDA has approved NDA 208610 for marketing the human drug product, BAXDELA TABLETS (delafloxacin meglumine) indicated in adults for the treatment of acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections caused by...
designated susceptible bacteria. Subsequent to the NDA approvals, the USPTO received patent term restoration applications for BAXDELA (U.S. Patent Nos. 7,728,143 and 8,252,813) from Melinta Therapeutics, Inc., and the USPTO requested FDA’s assistance in determining the patents’ eligibility for patent term restoration. In a letter dated February 2, 2018, FDA advised the USPTO that this human drug product had undergone a regulatory review period and that the approvals of BAXDELA TABLETS and BAXDELA IV INJECTION represent the first permitted commercial marketing or use of the products. Thereafter, the USPTO requested that FDA determine the products’ regulatory review period.

II. Determination of Regulatory Review Period

FDA has determined that the applicable regulatory review period for BAXDELA TABLETS is 5,813 days. Of this time, 5,569 days occurred during the testing phase of the regulatory review period, while 244 days occurred during the approval phase. These periods of time were derived from the following dates:

- **NDA 208610:**
  2. The date new drug application 208610 was initially submitted with respect to the human drug product under section 505 of the FD&C Act: October 19, 2016. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the new drug application (IND) became effective. However, FDA records indicate that the IND effective date was July 22, 2001, which was 30 days after FDA receipt of the first IND.
  3. The date the application was approved: June 19, 2017. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that NDA 208610 was approved on June 19, 2017.

This determination of the regulatory review period establishes the maximum potential length of a patent extension. However, the USPTO applies several statutory limitations in its calculations of the actual period for patent extension. In its applications for patent extension, this applicant seeks 1,307 or 1,001 days of patent term extension.

III. Petitions

Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and, under 21 CFR 60.24, ask for a redetermination (see DATES). Furthermore, as specified in §60.30 (21 CFR 60.30), any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period. To meet its burden, the petition must comply with all the requirements of §60.30, including but not limited to: Must be timely (see DATES), must be filed in accordance with §10.20, must contain sufficient facts to merit an FDA investigation, and must certify that a true and complete copy of the petition has been served upon the patent applicant. (See H. Rept. 857, part 1, 98th Cong., 2d sess., pp. 41–42, 1984.) Petitions should be in the format specified in 21 CFR 10.30.

Submit petitions electronically to https://www.regulations.gov at Docket No. FDA–2013–S–0610. Submit written petitions (two copies are required) to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration
[Docket No. FDA–2018–P–4812]

Determination That NIZORAL (Ketoconazole) Topical Cream, 2%, Was Not Withdrawn From Sale for Reasons of Safety or Effectiveness

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, Agency, or we) has determined that NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, was not withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. This determination means that FDA will not begin procedures to withdraw approval of abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs) that refer to this drug product, and it will allow FDA to continue to approve ANDAs that refer to the product as long as they meet relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Stacy Kane, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, Rm. 6236, Silver Spring, MD 20993–0002, 301–796–8363.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In 1984, Congress enacted the Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of 1984 (Pub. L. 98–417) (the 1984 amendments), which authorized the approval of duplicate versions of drug products under an ANDA procedure. ANDA applicants must, with certain exceptions, show that the drug for which they are seeking approval contains the same active ingredient in the same strength and dosage form as the “listed drug,” which is a version of the drug that was previously approved. ANDA applicants do not have to retest the extensive clinical testing otherwise necessary to gain approval of a new drug application (NDA).

The 1984 amendments include what is now section 505(j)(7) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355(j)(7)), which requires FDA to publish a list of all approved drugs. FDA publishes this list as part of the “Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations,” which is known generally as the “Orange Book.” Under FDA regulations, drugs are removed from the list if the Agency withdraws or suspends approval of the drug’s NDA or ANDA for reasons of safety or effectiveness or if FDA determines that the listed drug was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness (21 CFR 314.162).

A person may petition the Agency to determine, or the Agency may determine on its own initiative, whether a listed drug was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. This determination may be made at any time after the drug has been withdrawn from sale, but must be made prior to approving an ANDA that refers to the listed drug (§ 314.161 (21 CFR 314.161)).

FDA may not approve an ANDA that does not refer to a listed drug.

NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, is the subject of NDA 019084, previously held by Johnson & Johnson Pharmaceutical Research and Development, LLC and initially approved on December 31, 1985. NIZORAL is indicated for the topical treatment of tinea corporis, tinea cruris, and tinea pedis caused by Trichophyton rubrum, T. mentagrophytes, and Epidermophyton floccosum; of tinea (pityriasis) versicolor caused by Malassezia furfur (Pityrosorum orbiculare); of cutaneous candidiasis caused by Candida spp.; and of seborrheic dermatitis.
In a letter dated August 25, 2004, Johnson & Johnson Pharmaceutical Research and Development, LLC requested withdrawal of NDA 019084 for NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%. In the Federal Register of November 7, 2007 (72 FR 62858), FDA announced that it was withdrawing approval of NDA 019084, effective December 7, 2007.

Arent Fox LLP submitted a citizen petition dated December 19, 2018 [Docket No. FDA–2018–P–4812], under 21 CFR 10.30, requesting that the Agency determine whether NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness. After considering the citizen petition and reviewing Agency records and based on the information we have at this time, FDA has determined under § 314.161 that NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, was not withdrawn for reasons of safety or effectiveness. The petitioner has identified no data or other information suggesting that NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, was withdrawn for reasons of safety or effectiveness. We have carefully reviewed our files for records concerning the withdrawal of NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, from sale. We have also independently evaluated relevant literature and data for possible postmarketing adverse events. We have found no information that would indicate that this drug product was withdrawn from sale for reasons of safety or effectiveness.

Accordingly, the Agency will continue to list NIZORAL (ketoconazole) topical cream, 2%, in the “Discontinued Drug Product List” section of the Orange Book. The “Discontinued Drug Product List” delineates, among other items, drug products that have been discontinued from marketing for reasons other than safety or effectiveness. FDA will not begin procedures to withdraw approval of approved ANDAs that refer to this drug product. Additional ANDAs for this drug product may also be approved by the Agency as long as they meet all other legal and regulatory requirements for the approval of ANDAs. If FDA determines that labeling for this drug product should be revised to meet current standards, the Agency will advise ANDA applicants to submit such labeling.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Lowell J. Schiller.
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.
[FR Doc. 2019–12308 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
for PBPK models to be used for regulatory decision-making.  
2. Share experiences and cases applying PBPK modeling and simulation that highlight the opportunities and limitations of this approach. 
3. Obtain input from the stakeholders on when, where, how, and with what limitations PBPK modeling and simulation may be applied in regulatory decision-making. 
4. Discuss the knowledge gaps and research needs to advance PBPK modeling sciences in drug development and regulatory evaluation. 

A detailed agenda will be posted in advance of the workshop at https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm633778.htm.

III. Participating in the Public Workshop

Registration: Persons interested in attending this public workshop must register online by November 8, 2019, at https://www.eventbrite.com/e/pbpk-modeling-to-support-clinical-pharmacology-regulatory-decision-making-tickets-59005519096. Please provide complete contact information for each attendee.

Registration is free and based on space availability, with priority given to early registrants. Early registration is recommended because seating is limited. FDA may limit the number of participants from each organization. Registrants will receive confirmation when they have been accepted. If time and space permit, onsite registration on the day of the public workshop will be provided beginning at 8 a.m.

If you need special accommodations due to a disability, please contact Lauren Milligan (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT) no later than November 8, 2019.

Streaming Webcast of the Public Workshop: This public workshop will also be broadcast. A live webcast of this workshop will be available at https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm633778.htm on the day of the workshop. If you have never attended a Connect Pro event before, test your connection at https://collaboration.fda.gov/common/help/en/support/meeting_test.htm. To get a quick overview of the Connect Pro program, visit https://www.adobe.com/go/connectpro_overview. FDA has verified the website addresses in this document, as of the date this document publishes in the Federal Register, but websites are subject to change over time.

Transcripts: Please be advised that as soon as a transcript of the public workshop is available, it will be accessible at https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm633778.htm. It may be viewed at the Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. A link to the transcript will be available on the internet at https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/NewsEvents/ucm633778.htm.

Dated: June 6, 2019.
Lowell J. Schiller, 
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy. 

[FR Doc. 2019–12256 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA–2018–E–0047]

Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension; ALUNBRIG

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or the Agency) has determined the regulatory review period for ALUNBRIG and is publishing this notice of that determination as required by law. FDA has made the determination because of the submission of an application to the Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), Department of Commerce, for the extension of a patent which claims that human drug product.

DATES: Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published (see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section) are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and ask for a redetermination by August 12, 2019. Furthermore, any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period by December 9, 2019. See “Petitions” in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section for more information.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. The https://www.regulations.gov electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of August 12, 2019. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

Electronic Submissions

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov. If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

• Mail/Hand Delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.” Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket No. FDA–2018–E–0047 for “Determination of Regulatory Review Period for Purposes of Patent Extension: ALUNBRIG.” Received comments, those filed in a timely manner (see ADDRESSES), will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper...
A regulatory review period consists of two periods of time: A testing phase and an approval phase. For human drug products, the testing phase begins when the exemption to permit the clinical investigations of the drug becomes effective and runs until the approval phase begins. The approval phase starts with the initial submission of an application to market the human drug product and continues until FDA grants permission to market the drug product. Although only a portion of a regulatory review period may count toward the actual amount of extension that the Director of USPTO may award (for example, half the testing phase must be subtracted as well as any time that may have occurred before the patent was issued), FDA’s determination of the length of a regulatory review period for a human drug product will include all of the testing phase and approval phase as specified in 35 U.S.C. 156(g)(1)(B).

FDA has approved for marketing the human drug product, ALUNBRIG (brigatinib) indicated for treatment of patients with anaplastic lymphoma kinase-positive metastatic non-small cell lung cancer who have progressed on or are intolerant to crizotinib. This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on tumor response rate and duration of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial. Subsequent to this approval, the USPTO received a patent term restoration application for ALUNBRIG (NDA No. 208772) from ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and the USPTO requested FDA’s assistance in determining the patent’s eligibility for patent term restoration. In a letter dated February 2, 2018, FDA advised the USPTO that this human drug product had undergone a regulatory review period and that the approval of ALUNBRIG represented the first permitted commercial marketing or use of the product. Thereafter, the USPTO requested that FDA determine the product’s regulatory review period.

II. Determination of Regulatory Review Period

FDA has determined that the applicable regulatory review period for ALUNBRIG is 2,105 days. Of this time, 1,862 days occurred during the testing phase of the regulatory review period, while 243 days occurred during the approval phase. These periods of time were derived from the following dates:


FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the date the investigational new drug application became effective was July 26, 2011.

2. The date the application was initially submitted with respect to the human drug product under section 505 of the FD&C Act: August 29, 2016. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that the new drug application (NDA) for ALUNBRIG (NDA 208772) was initially submitted on August 29, 2016.

3. The date the application was approved: April 28, 2017. FDA has verified the applicant’s claim that NDA 208772 was approved on April 28, 2017.

This determination of the regulatory review period establishes the maximum potential length of a patent extension. However, the USPTO applies several statutory limitations in its calculations of the actual period for patent extension. In its application for patent extension, this applicant seeks 81 days of patent term extension.

III. Petitions

Anyone with knowledge that any of the dates as published are incorrect may submit either electronic or written comments and, under 21 CFR 60.24, ask for a redetermination (see DATES). Furthermore, as specified in § 60.30 (21 CFR 60.30), any interested person may petition FDA for a determination regarding whether the applicant for extension acted with due diligence during the regulatory review period. To meet its burden, the petition must comply with all the requirements of § 60.30, including but not limited to: Must be timely (see DATES), must be filed in accordance with § 10.20, must contain sufficient facts to merit an FDA investigation, and must certify that a true and complete copy of the petition has been served upon the patent applicant. (See H. Rept. 857, part 1, 98th Cong., 2d sess., pp. 41–42, 1984.) Petitions should be in the format specified in 21 CFR 10.30.

Submit petitions electronically to https://www.regulations.gov at Docket No. FDA–2013–S–0610. Submit written petitions (two copies are required) to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA–2012–N–0477]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Investigational Device Exemptions Reports and Records

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the Agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), Federal Agencies are required to publish notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on investigational device exemptions reports and records.

DATES: Submit either electronic or written comments on the collection of information by August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments as follows: Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before August 12, 2019. The https://www.regulations.gov electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of August 12, 2019. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

Electronic Submissions

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else’s Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.
- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see “Written/Paper Submissions” and “Instructions”).

Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- Mail/Hand Delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in “Instructions.”

Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket No. FDA–2012–N–0477 for “Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Investigational Device Exemptions Reports and Records.” Received comments, those filed in a timely manner (see ADDRESSES), will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as “Confidential Submissions,” publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Confidential Submissions—To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states “THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.” The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as “confidential.” Any information marked as “confidential” will not be disclosed except in accordance with 21 CFR 10.20 and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA’s posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56469, September 18, 2015, or access the information at: https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amber Sanford, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10A–12M, 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD 20852, 301–796–8867, PRAsStaff@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520), Federal Agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. “Collection of information” is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes Agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal Agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on these topics: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA’s functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4)
ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques, when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

Investigational Device Exemptions Reports and Records

OMB Control Number 0910–0078—Extension

Section 520(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) (21 U.S.C. 360j(g)) establishes the statutory authority to collect information regarding investigational devices and establishes rules under which new medical devices may be tested using human subjects in a clinical setting. The Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act of 1997 (Pub. L. 105–115) added section 520(g)(6) to the FD&C Act and permitted changes to be made to either the investigational device or to the clinical protocol without FDA approval of an investigational device exemption (IDE) supplement. An IDE allows a device, which would otherwise be subject to provisions of the FD&C Act, such as premarket notification or premarket approval, to be used in investigations involving human subjects in which the safety and effectiveness of the device is being studied. The purpose of part 812 (21 CFR part 812) is to encourage, to the extent consistent with the protection of public health and safety and with ethical standards, the discovery and development of useful devices intended for human use. The IDE regulation is designed to encourage the development of useful medical devices and allow investigators the maximum freedom possible, without jeopardizing the health and safety of the public or violating ethical standards. To do this, the regulation provides for different levels of regulatory control, depending on the level of potential risk the investigational device presents to human subjects.

Investigations of significant risk devices, ones that present a potential for serious harm to the rights, safety, or welfare of human subjects, are subject to the full requirements of the IDE regulation. Nonsignificant risk device investigations, i.e., devices that do not present a potential for serious harm, are subject to the reduced burden of the abbreviated requirements. The regulation also includes provisions for treatment IDEs. The purpose of these provisions is to facilitate the availability, as early in the development process as possible, of promising new devices to patients with life-threatening or serious conditions for which no comparable or satisfactory alternative therapy is available. Section 812.10 permits the sponsor of the IDE to request a waiver of any of the requirements of part 812. Sections 812.20, 812.25, and 812.27 describe the information necessary to file an IDE application with FDA. The submission of an IDE application to FDA is required only for significant risk device investigations. Section 812.20 lists the data requirements for the original IDE application, § 812.25 lists the contents of the investigational plan, and § 812.27 lists the data relating to previous investigations or testing. The information in the original IDE application is evaluated by the Center for Devices and Radiological Health to determine whether the proposed investigation will reasonably protect the public health and safety.

Upon approval of an IDE application by FDA, a sponsor must submit certain requests and reports. Under § 812.35, a sponsor who wishes to make a change in the investigation that affects the scientific soundness of the study or the rights, safety, or welfare of the subjects, is required to submit a request for the change to FDA. Section 812.150 requires a sponsor to submit reports to FDA. These requests and reports are submitted to FDA as supplemental applications. This information is needed for FDA to assure protection of human subjects and to allow review of the study’s progress. Section 812.36(c) identifies the information necessary to file a treatment IDE application. FDA uses this information to determine if the wider distribution of the device is in the interest of the public health. Section 812.36(f) identifies the reports required to allow FDA to monitor the size and scope of the treatment IDE, to assess the sponsor’s due diligence in obtaining marketing clearance of the device, and to ensure the integrity of the controlled clinical trials.

Section 812.140 lists the recordkeeping requirements for investigators and sponsors. FDA requires this information for tracking and oversight purposes. Investigators are required to maintain records, including correspondence and reports concerning the study, records of receipt, use or disposition of devices, records of each subject’s case history and exposure to the device, informed consent documentation, study protocol, and documentation of any deviation from the protocol. Sponsors are required to maintain records including correspondence and reports concerning the study, records of shipment and disposition, signed investigator agreements, adverse device effects information, and, for a nonsignificant risk device study, an explanation of the nonsignificant risk determination, records of device name and intended use, study objectives, investigator information, investigational review board information, and statement on the extent that good manufacturing practices will be followed.

For a nonsignificant risk device investigation, the investigators’ and sponsors’ recordkeeping and reporting burden is reduced. Pertinent records on the study must be maintained by both parties, and reports are made to sponsors and institutional review boards (IRBs). Reports are made to FDA only in certain circumstances, e.g., recall of the device, the occurrence of unanticipated adverse effects, and as a consequence of certain IRB actions.

The estimate of the burden is based on the number of IDEs received in recent years.

FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity/21 CFR section</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of responses per respondent</th>
<th>Total annual responses</th>
<th>Average burden per response</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Waivers—812.10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDE Application—812.20, 812.25, and 812.27</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>18,320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplements—812.35 and 812.150</td>
<td>654</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3,270</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>19,620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment IDE Applications—812.36(c)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment IDE Reporting—812.36(f)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>38,081</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.
TABLE 2—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN ¹

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity/21 CFR section</th>
<th>Number of recordkeepers</th>
<th>Number of records per recordkeeper</th>
<th>Total annual records</th>
<th>Average burden per recordkeeper</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Original—812.140</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2,290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemental—812.140</td>
<td>654</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3,270</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonsignificant—812.140</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7,696</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

TABLE 3—ESTIMATED ANNUAL THIRD-PARTY DISCLOSURE BURDEN ¹

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity/21 CFR section</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Number of disclosures per respondent</th>
<th>Total annual disclosures</th>
<th>Average burden per disclosure</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reports for Nonsignificant Risk Studies—812.150</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

Our estimated burden for the information collection reflects an overall decrease of 528 hours. We attribute this adjustment to a decrease in the number of submissions we received over the last few years.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Lowell J. Schiller,
Principal Associate Commissioner for Policy.

BILLING CODE 4164–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Opportunity To Collaborate on National Youth Sports Initiative To Increase Youth Sports Participation; Correction

AGENCY: Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Secretary, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, President’s Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition.

ACTION: Notice of collaboration; correction.

SUMMARY: The Department of Health and Human Services published a document in the Federal Register of June 3, 2019, concerning the opportunity to collaborate on National Youth Sports Initiative to increase youth sports participation with the President’s Council on Sports, Fitness & Nutrition (PCSFN). The document contained an incorrect date.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Holli M. Richmond, Executive Director, Office of the President’s Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition, Tower Building, 1101 Wootton Parkway, Suite 560, Rockville, MD 20852, (240) 276–9567.

Correction

In the Federal Register of June 3, 2019, in FR Vol. 84 No. 106, on page 25548, in the third column, correct the DATES captions to read:

DATES: To receive consideration, a request to participate as a collaborating organization must be received via email or postmarked mail at the addresses listed below, by 5:00 p.m. EST on Thursday, June 20, 2019.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Holli M. Richmond,
Executive Director, Office of the President’s Council on Sports, Fitness, and Nutrition, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

BILLING CODE 4150–36–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

National Institute of Mental Health; Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The contract proposals and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the contract proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Institute of Mental Health Special Emphasis Panel; The NIH Neurobiobank Brain and Tissue Repository.

Date: June 12, 2019.

Time: 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate contract proposals.

Place: National Institutes of Health, Neuroscience Center Building (NSC), 6001 Executive Boulevard, Rockville, MD 20852, (Virtual Meeting).

Contact Person: Vinod Charles, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Division of Extramural Activities, National Institute of Mental Health, NIH, Neuroscience Center, 6001 Executive Blvd., Room 6151, MSC 9606, Bethesda, MD 20892–9606, 301–443–1606, charlesv@mail.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.242, Mental Health Research Grants, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Melanie J. Pantoja,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

BILLING CODE 4140–01–P
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the Vaccines Against Microbial Diseases Study Section, June 13, 2019, 8:30 a.m. to June 14, 2019, 5:00 p.m., Hilton Garden Inn, Washington, DC, Franklin Square, 815 14th Street NW, Washington, DC 20005, which was published in the Federal Register on May 15, 2019, 84 FR 21794.

The meeting will be held at The Hilton Garden Inn Washington DC/Georgetown, 2201 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20037. The meeting date and time remain the same. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Sylvia L. Neal,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12223 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: ImmunoOlogy Integrated Review Group; Cellular and Molecular Immunology—A Study Section.

Date: June 27–28, 2019.
Time: 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: Courtyard Silver Spring Downtown, 8506 Fenton Street, Silver Spring, MD 20910.
Contact Person: David B. Winter, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4204, MSC 7812, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–435–1152, dwinter@mail.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Molecular Immunology—A Study Section.

Date: June 27, 2019.
Time: 2:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892
(Telephone Conference Call).
Contact Person: Betty Hayden, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4206, MSC 7812, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–435–1223, haydenb@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member Conflict: Vaccines, Host Defense, Inflammation and Immunity.

Date: June 27, 2019.
Time: 12:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892
(Telephone Conference Call).
Contact Person: Jonathan K. Ivins, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 2190, MSC 7850, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 594–1245, ivins@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowships: Chemistry and Chemical Biology.

Date: July 1–2, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892
(Telephone Conference Call).
Contact Person: David R. Jollie, Ph.D., Scientific Review Administrator, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4156, MSC 7806, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 451–1722, jollied@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowship: AIDS and AIDS-related applications.

Date: July 2, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892
(Virtual Meeting).
Contact Person: Sudha Veeraraghavan, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–451–1504, sudha.veeraraghavan@nih.gov.


Dated: June 5, 2019.

Sylvia L. Neal,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12227 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member Conflict: Radiation Therapeutics and Biology, June 14, 2019, 12:00 p.m. to June 14, 2019, 3:00 p.m., which was published in the Federal Register on May 28, 2019, Vol. 84, FR page 24528.

The meeting location is being changed to National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892. Meeting dates remain the same. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Sylvia L. Neal,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12227 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4140–01–P
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Small Business: Biomaterials, Delivery, and Nanotechnology.
Date: July 8–9, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: Villa Florence Hotel, 225 Powell Street, San Francisco, CA 94102.
Contact Person: Nitsa Rosenzweig, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4152, MSC 7760, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 404–7419, rosenzweigr@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowships: Risks, Prevention and Health Behavior.
Date: July 8–9, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: Embassy Suites at the Chevy Chase Pavilion, 4300 Military Road NW, Washington, DC 20015.
Contact Person: Martha M. Faraday, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3110, MSC 7808, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 435–3575, faradaym@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Fellowships: Oncology.
Date: July 8–9, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: The William F. Bolger Center, 9600 Newbridge Drive, Potomac, MD 20854.
Contact Person: Jian Cao, MD, Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–827–5902, caojn@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Eukaryotic Parasites and Vectors.
Date: July 8–9, 2019.
Time: 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 [Virtual Meeting].
Contact Person: Fouad A. El-Zaatari, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3186, MSC 7808, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 435–1149, elzaatari@csr.nih.gov.
Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; RA–OD–19–015: Investigation of Co-Occurring Conditions Across the Lifespan to Understand Down Syndrome (Include Clinical Trial Readiness).
Date: July 8, 2019.
Time: 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 [Virtual Meeting].
Contact Person: Maribeth Champoux, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3170, MSC 7848, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–594–3163, champoun@csr.nih.gov.
Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; RA–OD–19–013: Specialized Centers of Research Excellence (SCORE) on Sex Differences.
Date: July 9–10, 2019.
Time: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.
Contact Person: Elaine Sierra-Rivera, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, EMNR IRG, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 6182, MSC 7802, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–435–2514, riverase@csr.nih.gov.
Date: July 9, 2019.
Time: 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 [Virtual Meeting].
Contact Person: Richard G. Kostriken, Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3192, MSC 7808, Bethesda, MD 20892, 240–519–7808, kostrikr@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Small Business: Dermatology, Rheumatology and Inflammation.
Date: July 10, 2019.
Time: 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 [Virtual Meeting].
Contact Person: Rajiv Kumar, Ph.D., Chief, MOSS IRG, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 4216, MSC 7802, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–435–1212, kumarra@csr.nih.gov.
Name of Committee: Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member Conflict: Risk Prevention and Social Development.
Date: July 10, 2019.
Time: 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.
Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 [Telephone Conference Call].
Contact Person: Weijia Ni, Ph.D., Chief, Scientific Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review, National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3100, MSC 7808, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–594–3292, niew@csr.nih.gov.

Dated: June 5, 2019.
Sylvia L. Neal.
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.
[FR Doc. 2019–12225 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILING CODE 4140–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Notice of Closed Meetings

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of the following meetings.

The meetings will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material,
and personal information concerning
individuals associated with the grant
applications, the disclosure of which
would constitute a clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific
Review Special Emphasis Panel; Interdisciplinary Molecular Sciences
Training Member Conflict.

Date: July 2, 2019.
Time: 11:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant
applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, RKL II,
6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892,
(Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Alexander Gubin, Ph.D.,
Scientific Review Officer, Center for
Scientific Review, National Institutes of
Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 6046B,
MSC 7892, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–408–
9655, gubina@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific
Review Special Emphasis Panel; RFA–OD–
19–018: Clinical Trials Development for Co-
Occurring Conditions in Individuals with
Down Syndrome: Phased Awards for
INCLUDE (R61/R33).

Date: July 8, 2019.
Time: 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant
applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 6701
Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892.
(Virtual Meeting).

Contact Person: Maribeth Champoux,
Ph.D., Scientific Review Officer, Center for
Scientific Review, National Institutes of
Health, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Room 3170,
MSC 7848, Bethesda, MD 20892, 301–594–
3163, champoum@csr.nih.gov.

Name of Committee: Center for Scientific
Review Special Emphasis Panel; Member
Conflict: Cancer Biology.

Date: July 9, 2019.
Time: 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.
Agenda: To review and evaluate grant
applications.

Place: National Institutes of Health, RKL II,
6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892,
(Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Juraj Bies, Ph.D., Scientific
Review Officer, Center for Scientific Review,
National Institutes of Health, 6701 Rockledge
Drive, Rm. 4158, MSC 7806, Bethesda, MD
20892, 301–435–1256, biesj@mail.nih.gov.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance
Program Nos. 93.306, Comparative Medicine; 93.333, Clinical Research, 93.306, 93.333,
93.337, 93.393–93.396, 93.837–93.844,
93.846–93.878, 93.892, 93.893, National
Institutes of Health, HHSS)

Dated: June 5, 2019.

Sylvia L. Neal,
Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory
Committee Policy.

[FR Doc. 2019–12222 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140–01–P
### ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT BURDEN FOR ACCREDITATION BODIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42 CFR citation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Responses/respondent</th>
<th>Total responses</th>
<th>Hours/response</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.3(b)(1–11)</td>
<td>Initial approval (SMA–163)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3(c)</td>
<td>Renewal of approval (SMA–163)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3(e)</td>
<td>Relinquishment notification</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3(f)(2)</td>
<td>Non-renewal notification to accredited OTPs.</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(b)(1)(ii)</td>
<td>Notification to SAMHSA for seriously noncompliant OTPs.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(b)(1)(iii)</td>
<td>Notification to OTP for serious non-compliance.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(d)(1)</td>
<td>General documents and information to SAMHSA upon request.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(d)(2)</td>
<td>Accreditation survey to SAMHSA upon request.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(d)(3)</td>
<td>List of surveys, surveyors to SAMHSA upon request.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>7.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(d)(4)</td>
<td>Report of less than full accreditation to SAMHSA.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(d)(5)</td>
<td>Summaries of Inspections</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4(e)</td>
<td>Notifications of Complaints</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.6(a)(2) and (b)(3).</td>
<td>Revocation notification to Accredited OTPs.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>55.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.6(b)</td>
<td>Submission of 90-day corrective plan to SAMHSA.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.6(b)(1)</td>
<td>Notification to accredited OTPs of Probationary Status.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>55.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>54</td>
<td>1,407</td>
<td></td>
<td>394.20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT BURDEN FOR OPIOID TREATMENT PROGRAMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42 CFR citation</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Responses/respondent</th>
<th>Total responses</th>
<th>Hours/response</th>
<th>Total hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.11(b)</td>
<td>Renewal of approval (SMA–162)</td>
<td>386</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>386</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>57.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(b)</td>
<td>Relocation of Program (SMA–162)</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>1.17</td>
<td>40.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(e)(1)</td>
<td>Application for provisional certification</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>42.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(e)(2)</td>
<td>Application for extension of provisional certification.</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(f)(5)</td>
<td>Notification of sponsor or medical director change (SMA–162).</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(g)(2)</td>
<td>Documentation to SAMHSA for interim maintenance.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(h)</td>
<td>Request to SAMHSA for Exemption from 8.11 and 8.12 (including SMA–168).</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>1,680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.11(i)(1)</td>
<td>Notification to SAMHSA Before Establishing Medication Units (SMA–162).</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.12(j)(2)</td>
<td>Notification to State Health Officer When Patient Begins Interim Maintenance.</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.24</td>
<td>Contents of Appellant Request for Review of Suspension.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.25(a)</td>
<td>Informal Review Request</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.26(a)</td>
<td>Appellant’s Review File and Written Statement.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.28(a)</td>
<td>Appellant’s Request for Expedited Review.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.28(c)</td>
<td>Appellant Review File and Written Statement.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,775</td>
<td>24,594</td>
<td></td>
<td>1868.95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,829</td>
<td>26,001</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,263.15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Send comments to Janet Heekin, SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, Room 15E21-B, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20850 OR email her a copy at janet.heekin@samhsa.hhs.gov. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Dated: June 6, 2019.
Carlos Castillo,
Committee Management Officer.
[FR Doc. 2019–12291 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 concerning opportunity for public comment on proposed collections of information, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the information collection plans, call the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer on (240) 276–1112.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Proposed Project: Protection and Advocacy for Individuals With Mental Illness (PAIMI) Final Rule, 42 CFR Part 51 (OMB No. 0930–0172)—Extension

These regulations meet the directive under 42 U.S.C. 10826(b) requiring the Secretary to promulgate final regulations to carry out the PAIMI Act (42 U.S.C. 10801 et seq.). The regulations contain information collection requirements associated with the rule. The Act authorizes funds to support activities on behalf of individuals with significant (severe) mental illness (adults) or significant (severe) emotional impairment (children/youth) as defined by the Act at 42 U.S.C. 10802(4) and 10804(d). Only entities designated by the governor of each State, including the American Samoa, Guam, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, District of Columbia (Mayor), and the tribal councils of the American Indian Consortium (the Hopi Tribe and the Navajo Nation located in the Four Corners region of the Southwest), to protect and advocate the rights of persons with developmental disabilities are eligible to receive PAIMI Program grants (ibid at 42 U.S.C. at 10802[2]). These grants are based on a formula prescribed by the Secretary (ibid at 42 U.S.C. at 10822[a][1][A]).

On January 1, each eligible state protection and advocacy (P&A) system is required to prepare an annual PAIMI Program Performance Report (PPR). Each annual PPR describes a P&A system’s activities, accomplishments and expenditures to protect the rights of individuals with mental illness supported with payments from PAIMI program allotments during the most recently completed fiscal year. Each P&A system transmit a copy of its annual report to the Secretary (via SAMHSA) and to the State Mental Health Agency where the system is located per the PAIMI Act at 42 U.S.C. 10824(a).[Each annual PPR must provide the Secretary with the following information:]

• The number of (PAIMI-eligible) individuals with mental illness served;
• A description of the types of activities undertaken;
• A description of the types of facilities providing care or treatment to which such activities are undertaken;
• A description of the manner in which the activities are initiated;
• A description of the accomplishments resulting from such activities;
• A description of systems to protect and advocate the rights of individuals with mental illness supported with payments from PAIMI program allotments;
• A description of activities conducted by states to protect and advocate such rights;
• A description of mechanisms established by residential facilities for individuals with mental illness to protect such rights;
• A description of the coordination among such systems, activities, and mechanisms.

• Specification of the number of public and nonprofit P&A systems established with PAIMI program allotments; and
• Recommendations for activities and services to improve the protection and advocacy of the rights of individuals with mental illness and a description of the need for such activities and services that were not met by the state P&A systems established under the PAIMI Act due to resource or annual program priority limitations.

Each PAIMI grantee’s annual PPR must include a separate section, prepared by its PAIMI Advisory Council (PAC), that describes the council’s activities and its assessment of the state P&A system’s operations per the PAIMI Act at 42 U.S.C. 10805(7).

In 2017, SAMHSA included the annual PAIMI PPR in the Web-based Block Grant Application System (WebBGAS). WebBGAS, SAMHSA’s electronic data system, is used to collect grantee information for the following reasons:

(1) To meet the OMB requirements for data collection for mandatory (formula) grant programs;
(2) To comply with the annual program reporting requirements of the PAIMI Act, 42 U.S.C. 10801 et seq. and the PAIMI Rules 42 CFR part 51;
(3) To simplify the submission of PAIMI Program data by the state P&A systems;
(4) To meet the Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) requirements;
(5) To comply with the Government Accountability Office (GAO) evaluation recommendations that SAMHSA obtain information that closely measures the actual outcomes of the programs it funds;
(6) To reduce the grantee data collection burden by removing information that did not facilitate evaluation of a PAIMI grantee’s programmatic and financial management systems;
(7) To provide immediate access to the PAIMI program data used to prepare a section of the Secretary’s biennial report to the President, Congress, and National Council on Disability in accordance with the Developmental Disabilities Assistance Act of 2000 at 42 U.S.C. 15005. Reports of the Secretary;
(8) To improve SAMHSA’s ability to create reports, analyze trends, and provide timely feedback to the P&A grantees when PPR revisions are needed.

On July 17, 2017, OMB approved SAMHSA’s PPR and Advisory Council Report (Control No. 0930–0169, Expiration Date July 31, 2020). The burden estimate for the annual state
Send comments to Janet Heekin, SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 15E21–B, Rockville, MD 20857 OR email her a copy at janet.heekin@samhsa.hhs.gov. Written comments should be received by August 12, 2019.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Carlos Castillo, Committee Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12293 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

[Docket No. USCG–2019–0423]

Certificate of Alternative Compliance for the Towing Vessel CAPE HATTERAS

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Notification of issuance of a certificate of alternative compliance.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard announces that the Fifth District, Chief of Prevention Division has issued a certificate of alternative compliance from the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972 (72 COLREGS), for the towing vessel CAPE HATTERAS, Official Number (O.N.) 1293071, Master Boat Builders Hull Number 460. We are issuing this notice because its publication is required by statute. Due to its construction, purpose and service, the towing vessel CAPE HATTERAS cannot fully comply with the light, shape, or sound signal provisions of the 72 COLREGS without interfering with the vessel’s design and construction. This notification of issuance of a certificate of alternative compliance promotes the Coast Guard’s marine safety mission.

DATES: The Certificate of Alternative Compliance was issued on June 5, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For information or questions about this notice call or email LCDR Ronaydee M. Marquez, District Five, Asst. Chief, Inspections and Investigations, U.S. Coast Guard; telephone: 757–398–6682, email: Ronaydee.M.Marquez@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The United States is signatory to the International Maritime Organization’s International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972 (72 COLREGS), as amended. The special construction or purpose of some vessels makes them unable to comply with the light, shape, or sound signal provisions of the 72 COLREGS. Under statutory law, however, specified 72 COLREGS provisions are not applicable to a vessel of special construction or purpose if the Coast Guard determines that the vessel cannot comply fully with those requirements without interfering with the special function of the vessel.1

The owner, builder, operator, or agent of a special construction or purpose vessel may apply to the Coast Guard District Office in which the vessel is being built or operated for a determination that compliance with alternative requirements is justified,2 and the Chief of the Prevention Division would then issue the applicant a certificate of alternative compliance (COAC) if he or she determines that the vessel cannot comply fully with 72 COLREGS light, shape, and sound signal provisions without interference with the vessel’s special function.3 If the Coast Guard issues a COAC, it must publish notice of this action in the Federal Register.4 Because CAPE HATTERAS operates out of Wilmington, Delaware, within Coast Guard Fifth District, this office is authorized to issue the COAC.

The Fifth District, Chief of Prevention Division, U.S. Coast Guard, certifies that the CAPE HATTERAS, O.N. 1293071 is a vessel of special construction or purpose, and that, with respect to the position of the sidelights, it is not possible to comply fully with the requirements of the provisions enumerated in the 72 COLREGS, without interfering with the normal operation, or design of the vessel. The vessel is a dual-mode Articulated Tug (ATB) which intends to operate as an ATB as well as multiple other modes such as towing alongside, harbor ship/barge assist tug and towing on a towline. Placing the sidelights at or near the side of the vessel would interfere with the vessel’s purpose and operations, and would place the sidelights at risk of damage during the course of normal operations. The sidelights will be

Note: Burden for the annual application [42 CFR 51.5 (b–d)] is approved at a standard level per application under OMB control number 0920–0428.

* Responses and burden hours associated with these reports are approved under OMB No. 0930–0169.

** There is no burden estimate associated with this program provision. State P&A systems report that when a facility denies a P&A system access to the facility, a client, or records, the P&A attempts to resolve the dispute through negotiation, conciliation, mediation, and other non-adversarial techniques. Only after exhausting the non-legal remedies provided under state and federal laws will a P&A system file a formal complaint in the appropriate federal district court. See also, the PAIMI Act at 42 U.S.C. 10807(a)—Legal Actions and the PAIMI Final Rule at 42 CFR 51.32—Resolving Disputes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42 CFR citation</th>
<th>Number of respondents</th>
<th>Responses per respondent</th>
<th>Burden/response (hrs.)</th>
<th>Total hour burden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>51.8(a)(2) Program Performance Report (1)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.8(a)(8) Advisory Council Report*</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.10 Remedial Actions: Corrective Action Plans &amp; Implementation Status Reports</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.23(c) Reports, materials and fiscal data provided to the Advisory Council</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>28.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51.43 Written denial of access by P&amp;A system **</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 33 U.S.C. 1605.
2 33 CFR 81.5.
3 33 CFR 81.9.
4 33 U.S.C. 1605(c) and 33 CFR 81.18.
installed on the elevated pilothouse, 6’7” inboard from the sides of the vessel. The Fifth District, Chief of Prevention Division further finds and certifies that the sidelights are in the closest possible compliance with the applicable provisions of the 72 COLREGS.5

This notice is issued under authority of 33 U.S.C. 1605(c) and 33 CFR 81.18.

Dated: June 5, 2019.

J. A. Stockwell,
CDR, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting Chief, Prevention Division, Fifth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 2019–12229 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency


AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency; DHS.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: On May 20, 2019, FEMA published in the Federal Register a proposed flood hazard determination notice that contained an erroneous table. This notice provides corrections to that table, to be used in lieu of the information published at 84 FR 22875–22876. The table provided here represents the proposed flood hazard determinations and communities affected for Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania (All Jurisdictions). This table contained inaccurate information as to the communities affected by the proposed flood hazard determinations, featured in the table.

DATES: Comments are to be submitted on or before September 9, 2019.

ADDRESSES: The Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), and where applicable, the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report for each community are available for inspection at both the online location and the respective Community Map Repository address listed in the table below. Additionally, the current effective FIRM and FIS report for each community are accessible online through the FEMA Map Service Center at https://msc.fema.gov for comparison.

You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. FEMA–B–1927, to Rick Sachibit, Chief, Engineering Services Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, FEMA, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–7659, or (email) patrick.sachibit@fema.dhs.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rick Sachibit, Chief, Engineering Services Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, FEMA, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–7659, or (email) patrick.sachibit@fema.dhs.gov; or visit the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) online at https://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/fmix_main.html.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FEMA proposes to make flood hazard determinations for each community listed in the table below, in accordance with Section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR 67.4(a).

These proposed flood hazard determinations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, State, or regional entities. These flood hazard determinations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after the FIRM and FIS report become effective.

Use of a Scientific Resolution Panel (SRP) is available to communities in support of the appeal resolution process. SRPs are independent panels of experts in hydrology, hydraulics, and other pertinent sciences established to review conflicting scientific and technical data and provide recommendations for resolution. Use of the SRP may only be exercised after FEMA and local communities have been engaged in a collaborative consultation process for at least 60 days without a mutually acceptable resolution of an appeal. Additional information regarding the SRP process can be found online at https://floodsrp.org/pdfs/srp_fact_sheet.pdf.

The communities affected by the flood hazard determinations are provided in the table below. Any request for reconsideration of the revised flood hazard determinations shown on the Preliminary FIRM and FIS report that satisfies the data requirements outlined in 44 CFR 67.6(b) is considered an appeal. Comments unrelated to the flood hazard determinations will also be considered before the FIRM and FIS report are made final.

Correction

In the proposed flood hazard determination notice published at 84 FR 22875–22876 in the May 20, 2019, issue of the Federal Register, FEMA published a table titled Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania (All Jurisdictions). This table contained inaccurate information as to the communities affected by the proposed flood hazard determinations, featured in the table.

In this document, FEMA is publishing a table containing the accurate information. The information provided below should be used in lieu of that previously published.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 97.022, “Flood Insurance”)

Michael M. Grimm,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community map repository address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Ashland</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Auburn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Coaldale</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Cressona</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Deer Lake</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Frackville</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 33 U.S.C. 1605(a); 33 CFR 81.9.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community map repository address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Gilberton</td>
<td>Gilberton Borough Hall, 2710 Main Street, Mahanoy Plane, PA 17949.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Girardville</td>
<td>201 North 4th Street, Girardville, PA 17935.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Gordon</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 324 East Plane and Otte Streets, Gordon, PA 17936.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Landingville</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 8 Park Street, Landingville, PA 17972.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Mahanoy City</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 259 East Pine Street, Mahanoy City, PA 17948.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of McAdoo</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 23 North Hancock Street, McAdoo, PA 18237.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Mechanicsville</td>
<td>Mechanicsville Borough Hall, 918 1st Street, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Middleport</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 27 Washington Street, Middleport, PA 17953.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Minersville</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 2 East Sunbury Street, Minersville, PA 17954.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Mount Carbon</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 1105 South Center Street, Mount Carbon, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of New Ringgold</td>
<td>Borough Building, 302 East Railroad Avenue, New Ringgold, PA 17959.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Orwigsburg</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 209 North Warren Street, Orwigsburg, PA 17961.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Ora Alto</td>
<td>Pal Alto Borough Hall, 142 East Bacon Street, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Pine Grove</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 1 Snyder Avenue, Pine Grove, PA 17963.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Port Carbon</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 301 1st Street, Port Carbon, PA 17965.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Port Clinton</td>
<td>Port Clinton Map Repository, 44 Motel Drive, Shartlesville, PA 19554.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Ringtown</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 31 South Center Street, Ringtown, PA 17967.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Schuykill Haven</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 333 Center Avenue, Schuykill Haven, PA 17972.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Shenandoah</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 15 West Washington Street, Shenandoah, PA 17976.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of St. Clair</td>
<td>Borough Hall, 16 South 3rd Street, St. Clair, PA 17970.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Tamaqua</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 320 East Broad Street, Tamaqua, PA 18252.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Tower City</td>
<td>Borough Building, 219 East Collery Avenue, Tower City, PA 17980.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Tremont</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 139 Clay Street, Suite 1, Tremont, PA 17981.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Pottsville</td>
<td>City Hall, 401 North Centre Street, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Barry</td>
<td>Barry Community Center, 868 Deep Creek Road, Ashland, PA 17921.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Branch</td>
<td>Branch Township Building, 46 Phoenix Park Road, Llewellyn, PA 17944.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Blythe</td>
<td>Township of Blythe, Lehigh Engineering, 200 Mahantongo Street, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Butler</td>
<td>Butler Township Building, 211 Broad Street, Ashland, PA 17921.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Cass</td>
<td>Cass Municipal Building, 1209 Valley Road, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Delano</td>
<td>Municipal Building, 1 Hazle Street, Delano, PA 18220.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of East Brunswick</td>
<td>East Brunswick Township Building, 35 West Catawissa Street, New Ringgold, PA 17960.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of East Norwegian</td>
<td>East Norwegian Township Building, 593 Port Carbon Saint Clair Highway, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of East Union</td>
<td>East Union Municipal Building, 10 East Elm Street, Sheppton, PA 18248.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Eldred</td>
<td>Eldred Township Building, 154 Ridge Road, Pitman, PA 17964.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Foster</td>
<td>Foster Township Building, 1540 Sunbury Road, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Frailey</td>
<td>Frailey Township Building, 23 Maryland Street, Donaldson, PA 17981.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Hegins</td>
<td>Hegins Municipal Building, 421 Gap Street, Valley View, PA 17983.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Hulbe</td>
<td>Hulbe Township Building, 2208 East Main Street, Sacramento, PA 17968.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Kline</td>
<td>Kline Township Building, 30 5th Street, Kelayres, PA 18231.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Mahanoy</td>
<td>Mahanoy Township Building, 1010 West Centre Street, Mahanoy City, PA 17948.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of New Castle</td>
<td>New Castle Township Building, 248-250 Broad Street, St. Clair, PA 17970.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of North Manheim</td>
<td>North Manheim Township Building, 303 Manheim Road, Pottsville, PA 17901.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of North Union</td>
<td>North Union Township Building, 185 Mahanoy Street, Nuremburg, PA 18241.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Norwegian</td>
<td>Norwegian Township Building, 506 Maple Avenue, Mar Lin, PA 17951.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Pine Grove</td>
<td>Township Building, 175 Oak Grove Road, Pine Grove, PA 17963.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Porter</td>
<td>Porter Township Building, 309 West Wiconisco Street, Muir, PA 17957.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Reilly</td>
<td>Reilly Township, Newtown Fire Company, 36 Wood Street, Tremont, PA 17981.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Rush</td>
<td>Rush Township Building, 104 Mahanoy Avenue, Tamaqua, PA 18252.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Ryan</td>
<td>Ryan Township Building, 36 North 5th Avenue, Barnesville, PA 18214.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Schuykill</td>
<td>Schuykill Township Building, 75 Walnut Street, Mary-D, PA 17952.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of South Manheim</td>
<td>South Manheim Township Building, 3089 Fair Road, Auburn, PA 17922.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Tremont</td>
<td>Tremont Township Building, 166 Molleystown Road, Pine Grove, PA 17963.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Union</td>
<td>Union Township Building, 155 Zion Grove Road, Ringtown, PA 17967.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Upper Mahantongo</td>
<td>Upper Mahantongo Township Building, 6 Municipal Road, Klingerstown, PA 17941.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Walker</td>
<td>Walker Township Building, 9 Township Road, Tamaqua, PA 18252.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency


Proposed Flood Hazard Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Comments are requested on proposed flood hazard determinations, which may include additions or modifications of any Base Flood Elevation (BFE), base flood depth, Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) boundary or zone designation, or regulatory floodway on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), and where applicable, in the supporting Flood Insurance Study (FIS) reports for the communities listed in the table below. The purpose of this notice is to seek general information and comment regarding the preliminary FIRM, and where applicable, the FIS report for each community are available for inspection at both the online location https://www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata and the respective Community Map Repository address listed in the tables below.

Additionally, the current effective FIRM and FIS report for each community are available online through the FEMA Map Service Center at https://msc.fema.gov for comparison.

You may submit comments, identified by Docket No. FEMA–B–1936, to Rick Sachibit, Chief, Engineering Services Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, FEMA, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–7659, or (email) patrick.sachibit@fema.dhs.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rick Sachibit, Chief, Engineering Services Branch, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, FEMA, 400 C Street SW, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–7659, or (email) patrick.sachibit@fema.dhs.gov; or visit the FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) online at https://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/fmx_main.html.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FEMA proposes to make flood hazard determinations for each community listed below, in accordance with section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR 67.4(a).

These proposed flood hazard determinations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, State, or regional entities. These flood hazard determinations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after the FIRM and FIS report become effective.

The communities affected by the flood hazard determinations are provided in the tables below. Any request for reconsideration of the revised flood hazard information shown on the Preliminary FIRM and FIS report that satisfies the data requirements outlined in 44 CFR 67.6(b) is considered an appeal. Comments unrelated to the flood hazard determinations also will be considered before the FIRM and FIS report become effective.

Use of a Scientific Resolution Panel (SRP) is available to communities in support of the appeal resolution process. SRPs are independent panels of experts in hydrology, hydraulic, and other pertinent sciences established to review conflicting scientific and technical data and provide recommendations for resolution. Use of the SRP only may be exercised after FEMA and local communities have been engaged in a collaborative consultation process for at least 60 days without a mutually acceptable resolution of an appeal. Additional information regarding the SRP process can be found online at https://www.floodsrp.org/pdfs/srp_overview.pdf.

The watersheds and/or communities affected are listed in the tables below. The Preliminary FIRM, and where applicable, FIS report for each community are available for inspection at both the online location https://www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata and the respective Community Map Repository address listed in the tables. For communities with multiple ongoing Preliminary studies, the studies can be identified by the unique project number and Preliminary FIRM date listed in the tables. Additionally, the current effective FIRM and FIS report for each community are accessible online.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community map repository address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Township of Washington</td>
<td>Washington Township Building, 225 Frantz Road, Pine Grove, PA 17963.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of Wayne</td>
<td>Wayne Township Building, 10 Municipal Road, Schuylkill Haven, PA 17972.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of West Brunswick</td>
<td>West Brunswick Township Building, 95 Municipal Road, Orwigsburg, PA 17961.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of West Mahanoy</td>
<td>West Mahanoy Township Building, 190 Pennsylvania Avenue, Shenandoah, PA 17976.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Township of West Penn</td>
<td>West Penn Township Building, 27 Municipal Road, New Ringgold, PA 17960.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DATES: Comments are to be submitted on or before September 9, 2019.
through the FEMA Map Service Center at https://msc.fema.gov for comparison.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 97.022, “Flood Insurance”)


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Community map repository address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Claiborne County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>Claiborne County William “Matt” Ross Administration Building, 510 Market Street, Port Gibson, MS 39150.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hinds County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>Public Works Building, 550 Executive Boulevard, Byram, MS 39272. Municipal Annex Building, 961 Highway 80 East, Clinton, MS 39056. Warren Hood Building, 200 South President Street, Suite 424, Jackson, MS 39201. Hinds County Annex Building, 127 West Main Street, Raymond, MS 39154.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Madison County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>City Hall, 226 East Peace Street, Canton, MS 39046. City Hall, 1004 Madison Avenue, Madison, MS 39110. City Hall, 304 Highway 51, Ridgeland, MS 39157. Pearl River Valley Water Supply District Building and Permit Department, 1864 Spillway Road, Brandon, MS 39047. Madison County Administrative Building, 125 West North Street, Canton, MS 39046.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rankin County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>Guest Consultants, 26 Eastgate Drive, Suite C, Brandon, MS 39042. City Hall, 230 College Street, Florence, MS 33973. Engineering Building, 109 Woodline Drive, Flowood, MS 33923. Department of Public Works, 200 South President Street, Jackson, MS 339201. City Hall, 2420 Old Brandon Road, Pearl, MS 339208. Pearl River Valley Water Supply District Building and Permit Department, 1864 Spillway Road, Brandon, MS 339047. Rankin County Old Courthouse, 117 North Timber Street, Brandon, MS 339042.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scott County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>Scott County Chancery Clerk’s Office, 100 East Main Street, Forest, MS 33974.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smith County, Mississippi and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>Smith County Emergency Management Building, 143 Main Street, Raleigh, MS 339153.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clay County, South Dakota and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>City Hall, 25 Center Street, Vermillion, SD 57069. Town Office, 111 Ohio Street, Wakonda, SD 57073. Clay County Courthouse, 211 West Main Street, Vermillion, SD 57069.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Union County, South Dakota and Incorporated Areas</td>
<td>City Hall, 106 West 2nd Street, Alcester, SD 57001. City Hall, 101 North 3rd Street, Beresford, SD 57004. City Hall, 106 West Pleasant Street, Elk Point, SD 57025.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants: Initiation of 5-Year Status Reviews for 91 Species in Oregon, Washington, Hawaii, and American Samoa

**Agency:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**Action:** Notice of initiation of reviews; request for information.

**Summary:** We, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), are initiating 5-year status reviews for 91 species in Oregon, Washington, Hawaii, and American Samoa under the Endangered Species Act of 1973. Three of these species also occur outside U.S. jurisdiction in Canada and the South Pacific. A 5-year review is based on the best scientific and commercial data available at the time of the review; therefore, we are requesting submission of any new information on these species that has become available since the last review.

**Dates:** To ensure consideration in our reviews, we are requesting submission of new information no later than August 12, 2019. However, we will continue to accept new information about any species at any time.

**Addresses:** Submit information on the streaked horned lark via U.S. mail to Field Supervisor, Attention: 5-Year Review, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington Fish and Wildlife Office, 510 Desmond Dr. Southeast, Suite 102, Lacey, WA 98503.

For the pocket gophers, Oregon spotted frog, Taylor’s checkerspot butterfly, Umtanum Desert buckwheat, and White Bluffs bladderpod, contact Michele Zwartjes, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 3–122, Honolulu, HI 96850; or by email to pjwfo_admin@fws.gov.


Individuals who are hearing impaired or speech impaired may call the Federal Relay Service at 800–877–8339 for TTY assistance.

**Supplementary Information:**

**Why do we conduct 5-year reviews?**

Under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), we maintain lists of endangered and threatened wildlife and plant species (referred to as the List) in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) at 50 CFR 17.11 (for wildlife) and 17.12 (for plants). Section 4(c)(2) of the Act requires us to review each listed species’ status at least once every 5 years. For additional information about 5-year reviews, refer to our factsheet at http://www.fws.gov/endangered/what-we-do/recovery-overview.html.

**What information do we consider in our review?**

A 5-year review considers all new information available at the time of the review. In conducting these reviews, we consider the best scientific and commercial data that have become available since the listing determination or most recent status review, such as:

- (A) Species biology, including but not limited to population trends, distribution, abundance, demographics, and genetics;
- (B) Habitat conditions, including but not limited to amount, distribution, and suitability;
- (C) Conservation measures that have been implemented that benefit the species;
- (D) Threat status and trends in relation to the five listing factors (as defined in section 4(a)(1) of the Act); and
- (E) Other new information, data, or corrections, including but not limited to taxonomic or nomenclatural changes, identification of erroneous information contained in the List, and improved analytical methods.

Any new information will be considered during the 5-year review and will also be useful in evaluating the ongoing recovery programs for these species.

**Which species are under review?**

This notice announces our active review of the 91 species listed in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Scientific name</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Known range of species occurrence</th>
<th>Final listing rule and publication date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Common name</td>
<td>Scientific name</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Known range of species occurrence</td>
<td>Final listing rule and publication date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birds:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian duck</td>
<td>Anas wyvilliana</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>32 FR 4001, 3/11/1967</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streaked horned lark</td>
<td>Eremophila alpestris strigata</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Oregon, Washington</td>
<td>78 FR 61452, 10/3/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian coot</td>
<td>Fulica alia</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>35 FR 16047, 10/13/1970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friendly ground-dove (American Samoa distinct population segment)</td>
<td>Gallinula galeata sandvicensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 65466, 9/22/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian common gallinule</td>
<td>Mamo</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>32 FR 4001, 3/11/1967</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Band-rumped storm-petrel</td>
<td>Oceanodroma castro</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amphibians: Oregon spotted frog</td>
<td>Rana pretiosa</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Washington, Oregon, California, Canada (British Columbia).</td>
<td>79 FR 51658, 8/29/2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snails:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Eua zebrina</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>American Samoa</td>
<td>81 FR 65466, 9/22/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insects:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taylor’s checkerspot butterfly</td>
<td>Euphydryas editha taylori</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Oregon, Washington</td>
<td>78 FR 61452, 10/3/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus anthracinus</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus assimilans</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus facilis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus hiliaris</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus kuakea</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow-faced bee</td>
<td>Hylaeus longiceps</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mariana eight-spot butterfly</td>
<td>Hypolimnas octoocula marianensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>80 FR 59423, 10/1/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orangeblack Hawaiian damsel</td>
<td>Megalagron xanthomelas</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PLANTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common name</th>
<th>Scientific name</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Known range of species occurrence</th>
<th>Final listing rule and publication date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mahoe</td>
<td>Alectryon macrococcus</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>57 FR 20772, 5/15/1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Bonamia menziesii</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 56333, 11/10/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maui reedgrass</td>
<td>Calamagrostis expansa</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Calamagrostis hillebrandii</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>78 FR 32013, 5/28/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awikiwiki</td>
<td>Canavalia pubescens</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>78 FR 32013, 5/28/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kamanomano</td>
<td>Cenchrus agrimonioides</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>61 FR 53106, 10/10/1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Cyanea kaualaulensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Cyperus neokihinianus</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Cyperus penicilliformis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 56333, 11/10/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiale</td>
<td>Cyrtandra hematos</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Umtanum Desert buckwheat</td>
<td>Eriogonum sodiro</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>78 FR 76995, 12/20/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heau</td>
<td>Exocarpus menziesii</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Festuca hawaiiensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mehamehame</td>
<td>Flueggea neowawrarea</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 56333, 11/10/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaiian gardenia</td>
<td>Gardenia brighamii</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>50 FR 33728, 8/21/1985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nanu</td>
<td>Gardenia remyi</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Hesperomaria arborecens</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 14482, 3/29/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mao hau hele</td>
<td>Hibiscus brackenridgei</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 56333, 11/10/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohe</td>
<td>Johnvillea ascends ssp. ascends,</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kampaua</td>
<td>Kadua fluvialis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Kadua haupuensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Labordia florencia</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uhi uhi</td>
<td>Mezoneuron kavaensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>51 FR 24672, 7/8/1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kolea</td>
<td>Myrsine fosbergii</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holo</td>
<td>Nothocentrum latifolium</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holo</td>
<td>Oehosia haleakalae</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Makou</td>
<td>Peucedanum sandwicense</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 9304, 2/25/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Phyllostegia brevident</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Phyllostegia parviflora</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>61 FR 53108, 10/10/1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Bluffs bladderpod</td>
<td>Physaria douglasii ssp. tulasensis</td>
<td>Threatened</td>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>78 FR 76995, 12/20/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuahwi lauahi</td>
<td>Plantago princeps</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>59 FR 56333, 11/10/1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Piastanthra holochila</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>61 FR 53108, 10/10/1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ih</td>
<td>Portulaca villosa</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baker’s loulou</td>
<td>Pritchardia bakeri</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enaena</td>
<td>Pseudognaphalium sandwicense var. molokaiense</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Makou</td>
<td>Ranunculus hawaiiensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Makou</td>
<td>Ranunculus matsuensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No common name</td>
<td>Sanicula sandwicensis</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iliahi</td>
<td>Santalum involutum</td>
<td>Endangered</td>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>81 FR 67786, 9/30/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Request for New Information

To ensure that a 5-year review is complete and based on the best available scientific and commercial information, we request new information from all sources. See What Information Do We Consider in Our Review? for specific criteria. If you submit information, please support it with documentation such as maps, bibliographic references, methods used to gather and analyze the data, and/or copies of any pertinent publications, reports, or letters by knowledgeable sources.

If you wish to provide information for any species listed in the table, submit your comments and materials to the appropriate contact in ADDRESSES.

Public Availability of Comments

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Comments and materials received will be available for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the offices to which the comments are submitted.

Completed and Active Reviews

A list of all completed and currently active 5-year reviews addressing species for which the Pacific Region of the Service has lead responsibility is available at http://www.fws.gov/pacific/ecoservices/endangered/recovery/5year.html.

Authority

This document is published under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Dated: March 6, 2019.

Mary M. Abrams,
Acting Regional Director, Pacific Region, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

[FR Doc. 2019–12244 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4333–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Geological Survey

[GWXXRB000AP8100; OMB Control Number 1028–0107/Renewal]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Economic Contribution of Federal Investments in Restoration of Degraded, Damaged, or Destroyed Ecosystems


ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) are proposing to renew an information collection.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on this information collection request (ICR) to U.S. Geological Survey, Information Collections Officer, by email to gs-info_collections@usgs.gov. Please reference OMB Control Number 1028–0107 in the subject line of your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information about this ICR, contact Rudy Schuster by email at schuster@usgs.gov, or by telephone at (970) 226–9165.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we provide the general public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are soliciting comments on the proposed ICR that is described below. We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the USGS; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the USGS enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the USGS minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request
Federal Register / Vol. 84, No. 112 / Tuesday, June 11, 2019 / Notices 27155
to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you may ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: Federal investments in ecosystem restoration restore injured natural resources and improve the health and resiliency of terrestrial, freshwater, and marine ecosystems. These investments also generate business activity and create jobs. The Economic Impacts of Ecosystem Restoration project aims to increase the availability of information on the costs and activities associated with ecosystem restoration and to gauge the economic effects of these investments to local economies. Researchers with the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) and the DOI Office of Policy Analysis are conducting this information collection at the request of the Natural Resource Damage Assessment (NRDA) Restoration Program. The NRDA Restoration Program is weighing the pros and cons of collecting restoration cost data as part of contractor reporting requirements for restoration projects associated with NRDA cases. The collection described under this request is designed to refine the survey methods and to provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are soliciting comments on the proposed ICR that is described below. We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the BLM; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the BLM enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the BLM minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology. Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

The following information pertains to this request:

Abstract: Control Number 1004–0001 authorizes the BLM to collect information to continue the use of separate permit forms for the free use of

**Type of Review:** Extension of a currently approved collection.

**Respondents/Affected Public:** Restoration project managers working on selected case study restoration projects; this includes project managers from state and local government, non-profits, and the private sector.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents:** We expect to do up to 10 case studies per year, and all of these case studies will have Federal project managers.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses:** 10.

**Estimated Completion Time per Response:** We estimate it will take approximately 3.5 hours per person to complete the survey, including correspondence time.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours:** 33 hours.

**Respondent’s Obligation:** Voluntary.

**Frequency of Collection:** One time.

**Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost:** There are no “non-hour cost” burdens associated with this collection of information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq).

Rudolph Schuster,
Fort Collins Science Center, Chief, Social & Economic Analysis Branch.

[FR Doc. 2019–12290 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4388–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[WO220000.L10300000.PHO000; WO2205000.L63100000.PHO000; OMB Control Number 1004–0001]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Vegetative and Minerals Materials

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), are proposing to renew an information collection.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on this information collection request (ICR) by mail to the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 1849 C Street NW, Room 2134LM, Washington, DC 20240. Attention: Jean Sonnenman; or by email to jsonnenman@blm.gov. Please reference OMB Control Number 1004–0001 in the subject line of your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information about this ICR, contact Chris Schumacher by email [c1schuma@blm.gov], or by telephone at 202–912–7433 (vegetative materials); or Timothy Barnes by email [tbarnes@blm.gov], or by telephone at 202–912–7118 (mineral materials).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we provide the public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are soliciting comments on the proposed ICR that is described below. We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the BLM; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the BLM enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the BLM minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

The following information pertains to this request:

**Abstract:** Control Number 1004–0001 authorizes the BLM to collect information to continue the use of separate permit forms for the free use of

**Title of Collection:** Economic Contribution of Federal Investments in Restoration of Degraded, Damaged, or Destroyed Ecosystems.

**OMB Control Number:** 1028–0107.

**Form Number:** None.
vegetative materials and mineral materials.

Title of Collection: Free Use Application and Permit for Vegetative or Mineral Materials (43 CFR parts 3600, 3620, and 5510).

OMB Control Number: 1004–0001.

Form Numbers:
• 3604–1, Free Use Application and Permit for Mineral Materials; and
• 5510–1, Free Use Application and Permit for Vegetative Materials.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents/Affected Public: Individuals seeking authorization for free use of mineral or vegetative materials.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents: 133 mineral materials applications; and 80 vegetative material applications.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Responses: 133 mineral material applications; and 80 vegetative material applications.

Estimated Completion Time per Response: 26 minutes per response for mineral materials; 30 minutes per response for vegetative materials.

Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours: 58.5 burden hours for mineral materials; and 40 burden hours for vegetative materials.

Respondent’s Obligation: Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

Total Estimated Annual Non-hour Burden Cost: None.

The estimated annual burdens of this collection are itemized below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. Type of response</th>
<th>B. Number of responses</th>
<th>C. Hours per response</th>
<th>D. Total hours (column B × column C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Form 5510–1, Free Use Application and Permit for Vegetative Materials</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form 3604–1, Free Use Application and Permit for Mineral Materials</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>58.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>213</td>
<td></td>
<td>98.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq).

Chandra Little,
Bureau of Land Management, Acting Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12184 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–84–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Land Management

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Forest Management Decision Protest Process and Log Export and Substitution

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), are proposing to renew an information collection with revisions.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments on this information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget’s Desk Officer for the Department of the Interior by email at OIRA_Submission@omb.eop.gov; or by facsimile to (202) 395–5806. Please provide a copy of your comments to the BLM at U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 1849 C Street NW, Room 2134LM, Washington, DC 20240. Attention: Jean Sonneman; or by email to jessonem@blm.gov. Please reference OMB Control Number 1004–0058 in the subject line of your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information about this ICR, contact Christian Schumacher by email at cschuma@blm.gov, or by telephone at 202–912–7433. You may also view the ICR at http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we provide the general public and other Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public’s reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

A Federal Register notice with a 60-day public comment period soliciting comments on this collection of information was published on December 28, 2018 (83 FR 67338). No comments were received.

We are again soliciting comments on the proposed ICR that is described below. We especially invite those individuals interested in public comment addressing the following issues: (1) Is the collection necessary to the proper functions of the BLM; (2) will this information be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) is the estimate of burden accurate; (4) how might the BLM enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (5) how might the BLM minimize the burden of this collection on the respondents, including through the use of information technology.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Abstract: Control number 1004–0058, as currently approved, authorizes the collection of information that assists the BLM in enforcing timber export and substitution prohibitions. The BLM now requests that control number 1004–0058 be renewed and revised by adding two information collection activities that have been in use without a control number.

One addition, “Log Scale and Disposition of Timber Removed Report,” requires purchasers of Federal timber to report volumes of timber removed from Federal lands, and to identify processors of timber. Like the previously approved information collection activities, this activity assists
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS–WASO–NR NHL–DTS#–28055; PPWOCRADI0, PCU00RP14.R50000]

National Register of Historic Places; Notification of Pending Nominations and Related Actions

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service is soliciting comments on the significance of properties nominated before May 25, 2019, for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places.

DATES: Comments should be submitted by June 26, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be sent via U.S. Postal Service and all other carriers to the National Register of Historic Places, National Park Service, 1849 C St. NW, MS 7228, Washington, DC 20240.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The properties listed in this notice are being considered for listing or related actions in the National Register of Historic Places. Nominations for their consideration were received by the National Park Service before May 25, 2019. Pursuant to Section 60.13 of 36 CFR part 60, written comments are being accepted concerning the significance of the nominated properties under the National Register criteria for evaluation.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Nominations submitted by State Historic Preservation Officers:

ALABAMA

Baldwin County
Manly-Strong House (Creole and Gulf Coast Cottages in Baldwin County TR), 100 Deer Ct., Daphne, MP100004134

Jefferson County
Birmingham Wholesale & Retail (West) Historic District, 1st through 6 Aves. N Bot. 11th and 16th Sts. N. Birmingham, SG100004132

Madison County
McThornmor Acres Subdivision Historic District, Holmes Ave., NW, Brickell Rd. NW, Northington St. NW & Woodall Ln. NW, Huntsville, SG100004119

Mobile County
Seamen’s Club Building, 350 St. Joseph St., Mobile, SG100004131

CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles County
Bay Street Beach Historic District, Roughly bounded by Pacific Ocean, Ocean Front Walk from Vicente Ter. to Crescent Bay, Park & Bicknell Ave. extending into ocean, Santa Monica, SG100004116
Commercial Exchange Building, 416–436 W 8th St., Los Angeles, SG100004117
Hunt House, 24514 Malibu Rd., Malibu, SG100004118

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia
Ethelhurst, The (Apartment Buildings in Washington, DC, MPS), 1025 Fifteenth St. NW, Washington, MP100004123

GEORGIA

Richmond County
Weiss-Steinburg-Bush House, 1300 Buena Vista Rd., Augusta, SG100004115
Woodlawn Historic District, Roughly bounded by Walton Way, Emmett St., Wightsboro Rd., and Heard Ave., Augusta, SG100004122

IOWA

Henry County
Hulme, Samuel and Sarah, House, 1577 Franklin Ave., Trenton vicinity, SG100004114

Scott County
Davenport Motor Row and Industrial Historic District, River Dr., 2nd & 3rd Sts. between Perry & Iowa Sts., Davenport, SG100004113

Shelby County
Pleasant View Stock Farm Historic District, 1933–1935 Road M36, Irwin vicinity, SG100004112

KENTUCKY

Boyle County
Barbee, Thomas, House, 204 E Walnut St., Danville, SG100004121

Fayette County
Trail’s End Camp, Address Restricted, Lexington vicinity, SG100004120

MINNESOTA

Hennepin County
Dayton’s Department Store, 700 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, SG100004147

Rice County
Faribault Furniture Company, 28 Fourth St. Faribault, SG100004122

NEBRASKA

Cedar County

Douglas County
Nebraska Buick Auto Company (Lincoln Highway in Nebraska MPS AD), 106 S Broadway Ave., Hartington, MP100004137

Hall County
4th Street Commercial Historic District, Roughly bounded by alley S of 5th St. N, Sycamore St., Union Pacific RR Tracks,
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
National Park Service

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee: Notice of Nomination Solicitation

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Request for nominations.

SUMMARY: The National Park Service is soliciting nominations for two members of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee. The Secretary of the Interior will appoint two members from nominations submitted by national museum organizations or national scientific organizations. The Review Committee was established by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 (NAGPRA), and is regulated by the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA).

DATES: Nominations must be received by September 9, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Melanie O’Brien, Designated Federal Officer, Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee, National NAGPRA Program (2253), National Park Service, 1849 C Street NW, Room 7360, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 354–2201 or via email nagpra_dfo@nps.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melanie O’Brien, Designated Federal Officer, Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Review Committee, National NAGPRA Program (2253), National Park Service, 1849 C Street NW, Room 7360, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 354–2201 or via email nagpra_dfo@nps.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Review Committee is responsible for:

1. Monitoring the NAGPRA inventory and identification process;
2. Reviewing and making findings related to the identity or cultural affiliation of cultural items, or the return of such items;
3. Facilitating the resolution of disputes;
4. Compiling an inventory of culturally unidentifiable human remains and developing a process for disposition of such remains;
5. Consulting with Indian tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations and museums on matters within the scope of the work of the Review Committee affecting such tribes or organizations;
6. Consulting with the Secretary of the Interior in the development of regulations to carry out NAGPRA; and
7. Making recommendations regarding future care of repatriated cultural items.

The Review Committee consists of seven members appointed by the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary may not appoint Federal officers or employees to the Review Committee. Three members are appointed from nominations submitted by Indian tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations, and traditional Native American religious leaders. At least two of these members must be traditional Indian religious leaders. Three members are appointed from nominations submitted by national museum or scientific organizations. One member is appointed from a list of persons developed and consented to by all of the other members.

Members serve as special Government employees, and are required to complete ethics training and file a confidential financial disclosure form on an annual basis. Members are appointed for 4-year terms and incumbent members may be reappointed for 2-year terms. The Review Committee’s work is completed during public meetings. The Review Committee attempts to meet in person twice a year and meetings normally last two or three days. In addition, the Review Committee may also meet by public teleconference one or more times per year.

Review Committee members serve without pay but are reimbursed for each day of meeting attendance. Review Committee members are also reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in association with Review Committee meetings (25 U.S.C. 3006(b)(4)). Additional information regarding the Review Committee, including the Review Committee’s charter, meeting protocol, and dispute resolution procedures, is available on the National NAGPRA Program website, at https://www.nps.gov/nagpra/review/.

Nominations must:

1. Be submitted by a national museum organization or national scientific organization and should be submitted on the official letterhead of the organization.
2. Affirm that the signatory is the official authorized by the organization to submit the nomination.
3. Affirm that the organization’s activity pertains or relates to the United States as a whole, as opposed to a lesser geographical scope.
4. Provide the nominator’s original signature, daytime telephone number, and email address.

5. Include the nominee’s full legal name, home address, home telephone number, and email address.

Nominations should include a resume providing an adequate description of the nominee’s qualifications, including information that would enable the Department of the Interior to make an informed decision regarding meeting the membership requirements of the Committee and permit the Department of the Interior to contact a potential member.

Public Disclosure of Comments: Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information with your nomination, you should be aware that your entire nomination—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your nomination to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.


Alma Ripps,
Chief, Office of Policy.
[FR Doc. 2019–12173 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 332–572]

Generalized System of Preferences: Possible Modifications, 2018 Review


ACTION: Notice of institution of investigation and scheduling of public hearing.

SUMMARY: Following receipt of a request on June 4, 2019, from the United States Trade Representative (USTR), the U.S. International Trade Commission (Commission) instituted investigation No. 332–572, Generalized System of Preferences: Possible Modifications, 2018 Review, for the purpose of providing advice and information relating to the possible removal of articles, waiver of competitive need limitations, and redesignation of articles.

DATES:
June 18, 2019: Deadline for filing requests to appear at the public hearing.
June 18, 2019: Deadline for filing pre-hearing briefs and statements.
July 2, 2019: Public hearing.
July 8, 2019: Deadline for filing post-hearing briefs and statements.
July 8, 2019: Deadline for filing all other written submissions.
September 9, 2019: Transmittal of Commission report to the USTR.

ADDRESSES: All Commission offices, including the Commission’s hearing rooms, are located in the United States International Trade Commission Building, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC. All written submissions should be addressed to the Secretary, United States International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at https://edis.usitc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Information specific to this investigation may be obtained from Mark Brininstool, Project Leader, Office of Industries (202–708–1395 or mark.brininstool@usitc.gov), Sharon Ford, Deputy Project Leader, Office of Industries (202–205–3084 or sharon.ford@usitc.gov), or Marin Weaver, Technical Advisor, Office of Industries (202–205–3461 or marin.weaver@usitc.gov). For information on the legal aspects of this investigation, contact William Gearhart of the Commission’s Office of the General Counsel (202–205–3091 or william.gearhart@usitc.gov). The media should contact Margaret O’Laughlin, Office of External Relations (202–205–1819 or margaret.olaughlin@usitc.gov). Hearing-impaired individuals may obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal at 202–205–1810. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its website (https://www.usitc.gov). Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202–205–2000.

Background: In his letter, the USTR requested the advice and information described below.

(1) Advice concerning the probable economic effect of removal of certain articles from certain countries from eligibility for duty-free treatment. The USTR notified the Commission that two articles from Pakistan are being considered for removal from eligibility for duty-free treatment under the GSP program. Under authority delegated by the President, pursuant to section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930, with respect to the article listed in table A of the annex to the USTR request letter, the USTR requested that the Commission provide its advice as to the probable economic effect of the removal from eligibility for duty-free treatment under the GSP program for these articles from Pakistan on total U.S. imports, on U.S. industries producing like or directly competitive articles, and on U.S. consumers (see table A below).

Table A—Petitions Submitted To Remove Duty-Free Status From The Listed Countries for A Product on the List of Eligible Articles for the Generalized System of Preferences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTS subheading</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3907.61.00</td>
<td>Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number of 78 ml/g or higher</td>
<td>Pakistan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3907.69.00</td>
<td>Polyethylene terephthalate, having a viscosity number less than 78 ml/g</td>
<td>Pakistan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Advice concerning the waiver of certain competitive need limitations. Under authority delegated by the President, pursuant to section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930, and in accordance with section 503(d)(1)(A) of the 1974 Act, the USTR requested that the Commission provide advice on whether any industry in the United States is likely to be adversely affected by a waiver of the competitive need limitations (CNLs) specified in section 503(c)(2)(A) of the 1974 Act for the countries and articles specified in table B of the annex to the request letter (see table B below). The USTR also requested that the Commission provide its advice as to the probable economic effect on total U.S. imports, as well as on consumers, of the requested waivers. With respect to the competitive need limitation in section 503(c)(2)(A)(i)(I) of the 1974 Act, the USTR requested that the Commission use the dollar value limit of $185 million. Further, pursuant to section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930 and in accordance with section
503(c)(2)(E) of the 1974 Act, the USTR requested that the Commission provide its advice with respect to whether a like or directly competitive article was produced in the United States in any of the preceding three calendar years.

### TABLE B—PETITIONS SUBMITTED FOR WAIVER OF GSP CNLS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTS subheading</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3823.11.00</td>
<td>Stearic acid</td>
<td>Indonesia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9001.50.00</td>
<td>Spectacle lenses of materials other than glass, unmounted</td>
<td>Thailand.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Advice concerning redesignations. The USTR notified the Commission that four articles are being considered for redesignation as eligible articles for purposes of the GSP program. Under authority delegated by the President, pursuant to section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930, the USTR requested that the Commission provide its advice as to the probable economic effect on total U.S. imports, on U.S. industries producing like or directly competitive articles, and on U.S. consumers of the elimination of U.S. import duties on the articles in table C of the annex to the USTR request letter from the listed beneficiary countries (see table C below). Further, pursuant to section 332(g) of the Tariff Act of 1930 and in accordance with section 503(c)(2)(E) of the 1974 Act, the USTR requested that the Commission provide its advice as to whether a like or directly competitive article was produced in the United States in any of the preceding three calendar years.

### TABLE C—PETITIONS SUBMITTED FOR REDESIGNATION OF EXCLUDED ITEMS FROM THE LISTED COUNTRIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTS subheading</th>
<th>Brief description</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0603.13.00</td>
<td>Orchids, fresh cut</td>
<td>Thailand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4412.10.05</td>
<td>Plywood, veneered panels and similar laminated wood, of bamboo</td>
<td>Indonesia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4412.31.4155</td>
<td>Plywood sheets no 6mm thick, with specified tropical wood outer ply, with face ply nesoi, not surface covered beyond clear/transparent</td>
<td>Indonesia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4418.73.40</td>
<td>Assembled flooring panels of bamboo, other than for mosaic, multilayer, having a face ply more than 6mm in thickness</td>
<td>Indonesia.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Time for reporting. HTS detail, portions of report to be classified. As requested by the USTR, the Commission will provide the requested advice and information by September 7, 2019. The USTR asked that the Commission issue, as soon as possible thereafter, a public version of the report containing only the unclassified information, with any confidential business information deleted. As requested, the Commission will provide its probable economic effect advice and statistics (profile of the U.S. industry and market and U.S. import and export data) and any other relevant information or advice separately and individually for each U.S. Harmonized Tariff Schedule subheading for all products subject to the request. The USTR indicated that those sections of the Commission’s report and working papers that contain the Commission’s advice and assessment of probable economic effects on domestic industries, on U.S. imports, and on U.S. consumers, will be classified as “confidential.” The USTR also stated that its office considers the Commission’s report to be an inter-agency memorandum that will contain pre-decisional advice and be subject to the deliberative process privilege.

Public Hearing: A public hearing in connection with this investigation will be held at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC, beginning at 9:30 a.m. on July 2, 2019. Requests to appear at the public hearing should be filed with the Secretary no later than 5:15 p.m., June 18, 2019. All pre-hearing briefs and statements should be filed no later than 5:15 p.m., June 18, 2019; and all post-hearing briefs and statements should be filed no later than 5:15 p.m., July 8, 2019. All requests to appear, and pre- and post-hearing briefs and statements should be filed in accordance with the requirements of the “written submissions” section below.

Written Submissions: In lieu of or in addition to appearing at the hearing, interested parties are invited to file written submissions concerning this investigation. All written submissions should be addressed to the Secretary, and should be received not later than 5:15 p.m., July 8, 2019. All written submissions must conform to the provisions of §201.8 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 201.8). Section 201.8 of the rules requires that the cover of the document and the individual pages be clearly marked as to whether they are the “confidential” or “non-confidential” version, and that the confidential business information is clearly identified by means of brackets. All written submissions, except for confidential business information, will be made available for inspection by interested parties. Any submissions that contain confidential business information must also conform with the requirements of §201.6 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 201.6). Section 201.6 of the rules requires that the cover of the document and the individual pages be clearly marked as to whether they are the “confidential” or “non-confidential” version, and that the confidential business information is clearly identified by means of brackets. All written submissions, except for confidential business information, will be made available for inspection by interested parties. The Commission may include some or all of the confidential business information submitted in the course of this investigation in the report it sends to the USTR. Additionally, all information, including confidential business information, submitted in this
Investigation may be disclosed to and used: (i) By the Commission, its employees and Offices, and contract personnel (a) for developing or maintaining the records of this or a related proceeding, or (b) in internal investigations, audits, reviews, and evaluations relating to the programs, personnel, and operations of the Commission including under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; or (ii) by U.S. government employees and contract personnel for cybersecurity purposes. The Commission will not otherwise disclose any confidential business information in a manner that would reveal the operations of the firm supplying the information.

**Summaries of Written Submissions:** The Commission intends to publish summaries of the positions of interested persons. Persons wishing to have a summary of their position included in the report should include a summary with their written submission and should specifically state the summary is intended for that purpose, and it should be titled as such. The summary may not exceed 500 words, should be in MSWord format or a format that can be easily converted to MSWord, and should not include any confidential business information. The summary will be included in the report as provided if it meets these requirements and is germane to the subject matter of the investigation. The Commission will identify the name of the organization furnishing the summary and will include a link to the Commission’s Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) where the full written submission can be found.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: June 7, 2019.

Katherine Hiner,
Supervisory Attorney.

[FR Doc. 2019–12421 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

# DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Bureau of Investigation

[OMB Number 1110–0001]

**Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed eCollection eComments Requested; Extension of a Currently Approved Collection; Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police and Supplement to Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police**

**AGENCY:** Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice.

**ACTION:** 60-Day notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Justice (DOJ), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), Criminal Justice Information Services Division (CJIS), will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

**DATES:** The Department of Justice encourages public comment and will accept input until August 12, 2019.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice, especially the estimated burden and associated response time, should be directed to Mrs. Amy C. Blasher, Unit Chief, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Criminal Justice Information Services Division, Module E–3, 1000 Custer Hollow Road, Clarksburg, West Virginia 26306. Written comments and/or suggestions can also be sent to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503 or send to OIRA_submissions@omb.eop.gov.

**SUMMARY: Abstract:** Under Title 28, U.S. Code 534, the Commission is proposing an extension of currently approved collections: **Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police and Supplement to Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police**.

**1. The Title of the Form/Collection:** Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police and Supplement to Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police.

**2. The Title of the Form/Collection:** Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police and Supplement to Return A—Monthly Return of Offenses Known to Police.

**3. The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:** Form Number: 1–720 and 1–706.

**Sponsor:** Criminal Justice Information Services Division, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice.

**4. Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:** City, county, state, tribal, and federal law enforcement agencies.

**5. An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:** There are approximately 18,576 law enforcement agencies within the universe of potential respondents. Based on current reporting patterns, approximately 9,672 law enforcement agencies would submit monthly resulting in 116,064 responses with an estimated response time of 7 minutes per response on this form. The remaining 7,027 agencies would provide responses through the National Incident-Based Reporting System covered under a different data collection.

**6. An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:** There are approximately 9,672 hours, annual burden, associated with this information collection.

If additional information is required contact: Melody Braswell, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Justice Management Division, Policy and Planning Staff, Two Constitution Square, 145 N Street NE, 3E.405A, Washington, DC 20530.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Notice of Lodging of Proposed Consent Decree Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as Amended

On June 5, 2019, the Department of Justice lodged a proposed Consent Decree with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania in the lawsuit entitled United States v. the City of Philadelphia and the City of Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority, Civil Action No. 2:19–cv–02433–MMB.

In its Complaint, pursuant to Section 107(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (“CERCLA”), 42 U.S.C. 9607(a), the United States alleges that the City, as an owner, arranger, and transporter, and the Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority, as an owner and operator, are liable for a portion of the cleanup costs incurred and to be incurred by the Environmental Protection Agency in connection with the cleanup of Operable Unit 1 (“OU 1”) of Lower Darby Creek Area Superfund Site (a.k.a. the “Clearview Landfill”). The Site is located on the east side of Darby Creek near the intersection of 84th Street and Lindbergh Boulevard in Delaware County and Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania.

The proposed Consent Decree resolves all allegations asserted in the United States’ Complaint and provides for a combined payment of $8.4 million (City, $6,540,000; Redevelopment Authority, $1,863,000) in four installment payments, between 2019 and 2022. In exchange, the City and Redevelopment Authority receive from the United States a covenant not to sue for past and future response costs for OU 1, subject to certain reservations and limitations. The United States, which the City and Redevelopment Authority allege is also a responsible party at OU 1, also receives a qualified release for OU 1 from the City and Redevelopment Authority.

The publication of this notice opens a period for public comment on the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to United States v. the City of Philadelphia and the City of Philadelphia Redevelopment Authority, D.J. Ref. No. 90–11–3–10099. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

To submit comments: Send them to:

By email .......... pubcomment-ees.enrd@usdoj.gov.
By mail .......... Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

During the public comment period, the Consent Decree may be examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees. We will provide a paper copy of the Consent Decree upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for $10.75 (0.25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury for a copy of the Consent Decree with appendices. For a paper copy without the appendices, the cost is $9.25.

Robert Brook, Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

The proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on April 3, 2019, allowing for a 60-day comment period.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for an additional 30 days until July 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have additional comments, particularly with respect to the estimated public burden or associated response time, have suggestions, need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions, or desire any other additional information, please contact Nicole Timmons either by mail at CG–3, 10th Floor, Washington, DC 20530–0001, by email at Nicole.Timmons@usdoj.gov, or by telephone at 202–236–2646. Written comments and/or suggestions can also be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503 or sent to OIRA_submissions@omb.eop.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

—Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the collection will have practical utility;
—Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
—Evaluate whether and if so how the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected can be enhanced; and
—Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of This Information Collection

(1) Type of Information Collection: New collection.

(2) The Title of the Form/Collection: USMS Promotional Vendor Registration Website.
(3) The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:
Form number: [None]
(4) Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:
Primary: Business or other-for-profit. Other: [None]
Abstract: This website will allow vendors to request to be registered as a vendor of USMS promotional items. They will be asked to provide their business’s contact information as well as to specify the item(s) they wish to produce bearing the USMS seal or badge design. Vendors must agree to certain restrictions in the distribution of items bearing the USMS seal or badge design, such as adhering to the requirements set forth in 18 U.S.C. 709, False advertising or misuse of name, to indicate Federal agency. Approved vendors will be asked to maintain their profile in order to keep the database up-to-date and to recertify their profile is correct every two years.
(5) An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond: An estimated 150 respondents will utilize the form, and it will take each respondent approximately 30 minutes to complete the form.
(6) An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection: The estimated annual public burden associated with this collection is 75 hours, which is equal to (150 total # of annual responses) * .5 (30 mins).
(7) An Explanation of the Change in Estimates: No change in estimates.
If additional information is required contact: Melody Braswell, Department Clearance Officer, United States Department of Justice, Justice Management Division, Policy and Planning Staff, Two Constitution Square, 145 N Street NE, 3E405A, Washington, DC 20530.
Dated: June 6, 2019.
Melody Braswell,
Department Clearance Officer for PRA, U.S. Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 2019–12334 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4410–14–P

MORRIS K. UDALL AND STEWART L. UDALL FOUNDATION

Sunshine Act Meetings

TIME AND DATE: 11:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Wednesday, June 26, 2019; 1:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., Thursday, June 27, 2019; and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m., Friday, June 28, 2019.

PLACE: The offices of the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation, 130 South Scott Avenue, Tucson, AZ 85701.

STATUS: Parts of this meeting will be open to the public. The rest of the meeting will be closed to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: (1) Call to Order and vote to go into Executive Sessions for matters (2), (3), and (4); (2) Discuss internal personnel rules and practices of the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation as regards the Executive Director search procedures; (3) Interview the finalist candidates for the position of Executive Director of the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation; and (4) Discuss and determine the Board’s decision for action on the Executive Director selection for the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation; and (5) Review and vote on a Consent Agenda for regular business of the Board of Trustees (Minutes of the December 11, 2018, Board of Trustees Meeting; Board Reports submitted for Education Programs, Finance and Management, Udall Center for Studies in Public Policy-Native Nations Institute-Udall Archives, and U.S. Institute for Environmental Conflict Resolution; and Board takes notice of any new and updated personnel policies).

PORTIONS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC: All agenda items except as noted below.

PORTIONS CLOSED TO THE PUBLIC: Executive Sessions to Discuss internal personnel rules and practices of the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation as regards the Executive Director search procedures; Interview the finalist candidates for the position of Executive Director of the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation; and Discuss and determine the Board’s decision for action on the Executive Director selection for the Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation.

CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:
Marc J. Rosen, Acting Executive Director and General Counsel, 130 South Scott Avenue, Tucson, AZ 85701, (520) 901–8500.
Dated: June 6, 2019.
Elizabeth E. Monroe,
Executive Assistant, Morris K. Udall and Stewart L. Udall Foundation, and Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 2019–12334 Filed 6–7–19; 11:15 am]
BILLING CODE 6820–FN–P

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request

AGENCY: National Science Foundation.
ACTION: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request.

SUMMARY: The National Science Foundation (NSF) has submitted the following information collection requirement to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This is the second notice for public comment; the first was published in the Federal Register, and no comments were received. NSF is forwarding the proposed submission to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance simultaneously with the publication of this second notice. The full submission may be found at: http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.
DATES: To be sure your comments regarding this information collection are fully considered, NSF needs to receive them by July 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for National Science Foundation, 725 17th Street NW Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503, and Suzanne H. Plimpton, Reports Clearance Officer, National Science Foundation, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22314, or send email to splimpto@nsf.gov. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339, which is accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year (including federal holidays). Copies of the submission may be obtained by calling 703–292–7556.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NSF may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Comments regarding (a) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the
information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology should be addressed to the points of contact in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

Title of Collection: Mathematical Sciences Postdoctoral Research Fellowship Application Data.

OMB Number: 3145–NEW.

Overview of this Information Collection: The Division of Mathematical Sciences within the Directorate of Mathematical and Physical Sciences of the National Science Foundation will use the Mathematical Sciences Postdoctoral Research Fellowship Application Forms mentioned in the solicitation. Instructions on how to complete the application forms are provided at the program web page. All scientists submitting proposals to the solicitation will be asked to complete an electronic version of the Application Forms. The data collected on the forms does not duplicate that collected elsewhere in the same manner in the proposal. The information consists of PI’s current version of the Application Forms. The full submission may be found at: http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.

DATES: Comments regarding this information collection are best assured of having their full effect if received by July 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of OMB, Attention: Desk Officer for National Science Foundation, 725 17th Street NW, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503, and Suzanne H. Plimpton, Reports Clearance Officer, National Science Foundation, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22314, or send email to splimpto@nsf.gov. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339, which is accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year (including federal holidays). Copies of the submission may be obtained by calling 703–292–7556.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NSF may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a currently valid OMB control number and the agency informs potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information that such persons are not required to respond to the collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Comments regarding (a) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of burden including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology should be addressed to the points of contact in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT section.

Summary of Comments on the National Science Foundation’s Major Facilities Guide:

The draft Major Facilities Guide and Financial Data Collection Tool for Major Facilities were made available for review by the public on the NSF website at https://www.nsf.gov/bfa/lfo/lfo_documents.jsp. In response to the Federal Register notice published December 21, 2018, at 83 FR 65757, NSF received 136 comments from 8 different institutions/individuals on the Major Facilities Guide and 1 comment on the Financial Data Collection Tool for Major Facilities from 1 institution/individual. A summary of the comments on the Major Facilities Guide follows:

- 48 requested further guidance on project management controls and NSF oversight processes and procedures for major facilities and mid-scale projects;
- 20 requested clarification on the processes and requirements associated with cost and contingency through the various stages of the facility lifecycle;
- 24 requested clarification on the guidance for cybersecurity programs for major facilities;
- 6 requested clarifications on guidance for mid-scale projects;
- 8 requested clarifications of requirements during the various stages of the facility lifecycle;
- 8 provided general observations; and
- 22 provided editing recommendations such as typos and sentence structure.

The full comments and NSF’s response may be found via: http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain and https://www.nsf.gov/bfa/lfo/lfo_documents.jsp. NSF is moving forward with submitting the information collection request to OMB.

Title of Collection: Major Facilities Guide.

OMB Number: 3145–0239.

Overview of this Information Collection: The National Science
infrastructure, instrumentation and networks of such instruments, or other infrastructure, instrumentation and equipment having a major impact on a broad segment of a scientific or engineering discipline. Historically, awards have been made for such diverse projects as accelerators, telescopes, research vessels and aircraft, and geographically distributed but networked sensors and instrumentation. The growth and diversification of major facility projects require that NSF remain attentive to the ever-changing issues and challenges inherent in their planning, construction, operation, management and oversight. Most importantly, dedicated, competent NSF and awardee staff are needed to manage and oversee these projects; giving the attention and oversight that good practice dictates and that proper accountability to taxpayers and Congress demands. To this end, there is also a need for consistent, documented requirements and procedures to be understood and used by NSF program managers and awardees for all such major projects.

Use of the Information: Facilities are an essential part of the science and engineering enterprise, and supporting them is one major responsibility of the National Science Foundation (NSF). NSF makes awards to external entities—primarily universities, consortia of universities or non-profit organizations—to undertake construction, management and operation of facilities. Such awards frequently take the form of cooperative agreements. NSF does not directly construct or operate the facilities it supports. However, NSF retains responsibility for overseeing their development, management and successful performance. The Major Facilities Guide is intended to:

* Provide step-by-step guidance for NSF staff and awardees to carry out effective project planning, management and oversight of major facilities while considering the varying requirements of a diverse portfolio;
* Clearly state the policies, processes and procedures pertinent at each stage of a facility’s life cycle from development through construction, operations, and termination; and
* Document and disseminate “good practices” identified over time so that NSF and awardees can carry out their responsibilities more effectively.

This version of the Major Facilities Guide (previously referred to as the Large Facilities Manual) reflects changes in terminology to align with the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act (AICA) terminology; adds a section for guidance on mid-scale research infrastructure projects; updates NSF policy on research infrastructure, roles and responsibilities for NSF staff, divestment stage, earned value management, cybersecurity, and property management; and clarifies cost estimating requirements. The Guide does not replace existing formal procedures required for all NSF awards, which are described in the, Proposal & Award Policies & Procedures Guide (PAPPG). Instead, it draws upon and supplements it for the purpose of providing detailed guidance on NSF policy and procedures related to the planning and management of Major Facilities. All facilities projects require merit and technical review, as well as approval of certain deliverables. The level of review and approval varies substantially from standard grants, as does the level of oversight needed to ensure appropriate and proper accountability for federal funds. The requirements, recommended procedures and best practices presented in the Guide apply to any facility significant enough to require close and substantial interaction with the Foundation and the National Science Board.

This Guide will be updated periodically to reflect changes in requirements, policies and/or procedures. Award Recipients are expected to monitor and adopt the requirements and best practices included in the Guide which are aimed at improving management and oversight of major facilities projects and at enabling the most efficient and cost-effective delivery of tools to the research and education communities.

The submission of proposals and subsequent project documentation to the Foundation related to the development, construction and operations of Major Facilities is part of the collection of information. This information is used to help NSF fulfill this responsibility in supporting merit-based research and education projects in all the scientific and engineering disciplines. The Foundation also has a continuing commitment to provide oversight on facilities development and construction which must be balanced against monitoring its information collection so as to identify and address any excessive reporting burdens.

NSF has approximately twenty-four (24) Major Facilities in various stages of
development, construction, operations and termination. Facilities undergoing a major upgrade may be classified in both design or construction and operations at the same time. Two to four (2 to 4) new awards are made approximately every five (5) years based on science community infrastructure needs and availability of funding. Among the twenty-four major facilities, there are approximately seven (7) facilities annually that are either in development or construction. These stages require the highest level of reporting and management documentation per the Major Facilities Guide. NSF estimates there will be four (4) mid-scale projects in progress at a given time.

Burden on the Public: The Foundation estimates that approximately five (5) Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) are necessary for each major facility project in design or construction to respond to NSF performance and financial reporting and project management documentation requirements on an annual basis; or 10,400 hours per year. The Foundation estimates approximately one and half (1.5) FTE for a major facility in operations to respond to NSF performance and financial reporting on an annual basis; or 3,120 hours per year. For mid-scale projects, the Foundation estimates approximately one (1) FTE is necessary for each mid-scale project to respond to NSF project management documentation requirements on an annual basis; or 2,080 hours per year. With seven (7) major facilities in design or construction and twenty-one (21) in operations and four (4) mid-scale projects, this equates to roughly 150,000 public burden hours annually.

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Suzanne H. Plimpton, Reports Clearance Officer, National Science Foundation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David A. Trissell, General Counsel, at 202–789–6820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Table of Contents
I. Introduction
II. Docketed Proceeding(s)

I. Introduction

The Commission gives notice that the Postal Service filed request(s) for the Commission to consider matters related to negotiated service agreement(s). The request(s) may propose the addition or removal of a negotiated service agreement from the market dominant or the competitive product list, or the modification of an existing product currently appearing on the market dominant or the competitive product list.

Section II identifies the docket number(s) associated with each Postal Service request, the title of each Postal Service request, the request’s acceptance date, and the authority cited by the Postal Service for each request. For each request, the Commission appoints an officer of the Commission to represent the interests of the general public in the proceeding, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 505 (Public Representative). Section II also establishes comment deadline(s) pertaining to each request.

The public portions of the Postal Service’s request(s) can be accessed via the Commission’s website (http://www.prc.gov). Non-public portions of the Postal Service’s request(s), if any, can be accessed through compliance with the requirements of 39 CFR 3007.301.1

The Commission invites comments on whether the Postal Service’s request(s) in the captioned docket(s) are consistent with the policies of title 39. For request(s) that the Postal Service states concern competitive product(s), applicable statutory and regulatory requirements include 39 U.S.C. 3622, 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR part 3010, and 39 CFR part 3020, subpart B. For request(s) that the Postal Service states concern competitive product(s), applicable statutory and regulatory requirements include 39 U.S.C. 3632, 39 U.S.C. 3633, 39 U.S.C. 3642, 39 CFR part 3015, and 39 CFR part 3020, subpart B. Comment deadline(s) for each request appear in section II.

II. Docketed Proceeding(s)


This Notice will be published in the Federal Register.

Stacy L. Ruble, Secretary.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Reed, 202–268–3179.

REFERENCE:

Federal Register / Vol. 84, No. 112 / Tuesday, June 11, 2019 / Notices

POSTAL SERVICE

Product Change—Priority Mail Negotiated Service Agreement

AGENCY: Postal Service™.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Postal Service gives notice of a filing with the Postal Regulatory Commission to add a domestic shipping services contract to the list of Negotiated Service Agreements in the Mail Classification Schedule’s Competitive Products List.

DATES: Date of required notice: June 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Reed, 202–268–3179.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The United States Postal Service® hereby gives notice that, pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3642 and 3632(b)(3), on June 5, 2019, it filed with the Postal Regulatory Commission a USPS Request to Add Priority Mail Contract 531 to Competitive Product List. Documents


Elizabeth Reed, Attorney, Corporate and Postal Business Law.
[FR Doc. 2019–12204 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

POSTAL SERVICE

Product Change—Priority Mail Negotiated Service Agreement

AGENCY: Postal Service™.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Postal Service gives notice of filing a request with the Postal Regulatory Commission to add a domestic shipping services contract to the list of Negotiated Service Agreements in the Mail Classification Schedule’s Competitive Products List.

DATES: Date of required notice: June 11, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elizabeth Reed, 202–268–3179.


Elizabeth Reed, Attorney, Corporate and Postal Business Law.
[FR Doc. 2019–12207 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; ICE Clear Credit LLC; Order Approving Proposed Rule Change Relating to the ICC Model Validation Framework

June 5, 2019.

I. Introduction

On April 5, 2019, ICE Clear Credit LLC (“ICC”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”), and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, a proposed rule change to revise the ICC Model Validation Framework. The proposed rule change was published in the Federal Register on April 23, 2019. The Commission has not received any comments on the proposed rule change. For the reasons discussed below, the Commission is approving the proposed rule change.

II. Description of the Proposed Rule Change

The proposed rule change would revise the ICC Model Validation Framework (“Framework”), which sets forth ICC’s model validation procedures. Through the model validation procedures, ICC determines the appropriateness of changes to the risk modeling components (“Model Components”) of ICC’s risk management system and the appropriateness of the configuration and calibration of ICC’s risk management system.

The proposed rule change would update the Framework’s classification of Model Components, categorization of model changes, documentation requirements relating to model inventory, the priority scale used by independent validators, and the annual validation of Model Components and related practices.

The proposed rule change would revise the ‘Risk Management System Models’ section to account for Model Components that are no longer utilized. Currently, the Framework classifies Model Components as new Model Components, which consider risk drivers that are not currently included in the risk management system, and enhancements to Model Components, which improve upon the methodologies used by the risk management system to consider a given risk driver or drivers (these are, collectively, “Model Change”). The proposed rule change would amend the Framework to add a category for retired Model Components, which are Model Components that are no longer utilized in the risk management system.

In the ‘Model Change Qualification and Materiality’ section, the proposed rule change would add a quantitative measure to define certain Model Changes. Currently, the Framework classifies a Model Change as either Materiality A or Materiality B, depending on how substantially the Model Change affects the risk management system’s assessment of risk for the related risk driver or drivers. Materiality B model changes do not substantially affect the risk management system’s assessment of risk for the related risk driver or drivers. The proposed rule change would characterize any Model Change that leads to a decrease/increase of the total pre-funded financial resources over a certain percentage as a Materiality A Model Change.

The proposed revisions to the ‘Documentation Requirements’ section of the Framework would relate to the Model Inventory. The Model Inventory is maintained by the ICC Risk Department and contains key information about all Model Components and Model Changes. The Framework currently imposes documentation requirements for the information maintained in the Model Inventory. The proposed rule change would update the documentation requirements to require documentation related to retired Model Components and to remove information related to design and development resources and the location of filenames of certain documents, which ICC no longer

4 Notice, 84 FR at 16900. Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined have the meaning set forth in the Framework and ICE Clear Credit rulebook, which is available at https://www.theice.com/clear-credit/regulation.
The proposed updates to the ‘Independent Initial Validation’ section would relate to the priority scale used by independent validators in completing initial validations. The Framework currently directs independent validators conducting initial validations to classify their findings based on a priority scale, consisting of high, medium, and low priority ratings, and an observation only rating. The Framework currently describes low priority findings as those where the likely deficiencies or impact to any process is not material. The Framework currently requires that ICC document all low priority items and address them within a reasonable timescale. The proposed rule change would modify this requirement to provide that ICC, in consultation with the Risk Committee, may determine that a low priority item does not reflect a potential deficiency and take no action. The proposed rule change would make an identical change with respect to low priority items found by independent validators conducting periodic reviews.

The proposed rule change would make clarifying changes to the ‘Independent Periodic Review’ section. Specifically, the proposed rule change would add information regarding how ICC tracks the annual validation of Model Components and related practices. Currently, the Framework only provides that independent validators perform periodic reviews of Model Components and related practices once in every calendar year. The proposed rule change would further specify that independent validators perform periodic reviews of Model Components and related practices at least every twelve months and that ICC relies on the date of the engagement letter to track this twelve month requirement. The proposed rule change would also make a clarifying change to the ‘Independent Periodic Review’ section to refer to a twelve month cycle of reviews, rather than reviews each year.

III. Discussion and Commission Findings

Section 19(b)(2)(C) of the Act directs the Commission to approve a proposed rule change of a self-regulatory organization if it finds that such proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to such organization. For the reasons given below, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act and Rules 17Ad–22(b)(2), 17Ad–22(b)(3), and 17Ad–22(b)(4) thereunder. A. Consistency With Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires, among other things, that the rules of ICC be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and, to the extent applicable, derivative agreements, contracts, and transactions, as well as to assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in the custody or control of ICC or for which it is responsible, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. The Commission believes that the proposed rule change would enhance the operation of the Framework. Specifically, the Commission believes that in adding a category for retired Model Components the proposed rule change would distinguish Model Components that are no longer used, avoiding potential confusion regarding which Model Components are currently effective.

The Commission also believes that by adding a quantitative measure to define Materiality A Model Changes, the proposed rule change would provide greater certainty and objectivity regarding Materiality A Model Changes, which is important given that Materiality A Model Changes are subject to internal initial validation and an independent initial validation. The Commission further believes that in adding retired Model Components to the Model Inventory the proposed rule change would help ensure that ICC has information on retired Model Components in case it ever needs to employ those Model Components again or needs to use those retired Model Components in developing new Model Components. Moreover, the Commission believes that in removing information no longer considered relevant to the Model Inventory, the proposed rule change would help to ensure that the Model Inventory focuses only on the information needed to carry out the purposes of the Framework.

In specifying that ICC, in consultation with the Risk Committee, may determine that a low priority item found by an independent validator during an initial validation or periodic review does not reflect a potential deficiency and take no action in response to the item, the Commission believes that the proposed rule change would allow ICC to efficiently close findings by independent validators that may have no material impact on ICC’s risk management system. Doing so could also free up resources within ICC and the Risk Committee to respond to other, higher priority findings by independent validators.

Finally, by specifying that independent validators perform periodic reviews of Model Components and related practices at least every twelve months and that ICC relies on the date of the engagement letter to track this twelve month requirement, the Commission believes that the proposed rule change would help to ensure that all Model Components and related practices are reviewed annually by providing a uniform and objective means of tracking the date of the validation through the date of the engagement letter.

For these reasons, the Commission believes these proposed revisions to the Framework would help improve the functioning of the Framework. The Commission further believes that because the Framework allows ICC to determine the appropriateness of Model Change and Model Components, a well-functioning Framework is necessary for an effective risk management system. Moreover, the Commission believes that ICC’s risk management system enables ICC to manage the risks associated with clearing security based swap-related portfolios, and that such risks, if not properly managed, could cause ICC to realize losses on such portfolios and disrupt ICC’s ability to promptly and accurately clear security based swap transactions. The Commission therefore believes that the proposed rule change, in improving the Framework and thereby improving the functioning of ICC’s risk management system, would promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions. Similarly, given that mismanagement of the risks associated with clearing security based swap-related portfolios could cause ICC to realize losses on such portfolios and threaten ICC’s ability to operate, thereby threatening access to securities and funds in ICC’s control, the Commission believes that the proposed rule change, in improving the Framework, would help assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in the custody or control of ICC or for which it is responsible. Finally, for both

8 Notice, 84 FR at 16901.
9 Notice, 84 FR at 16901.
16 17A(b)(3)(F) thereunder.
of these reasons, the Commission believes the Framework would, in general, protect investors and the public interest.

Therefore, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change would promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, assure the safeguarding of securities and funds in ICC’s custody and control, and, in general, protect investors and the public interest, consistent with the Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.14

B. Consistency With Rules 17Ad–22(b)(2) and 17Ad–22(b)(3)

Rule 17Ad–22(b)(2) requires that ICC establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to use margin requirements to limit its credit exposures to participants under normal market conditions and use risk-based models and parameters to set margin requirements and review such margin requirements and the related risk-based models and parameters at least monthly.15 Rule 17Ad–22(b)(3) requires that ICC establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to maintain sufficient financial resources to withstand, at a minimum, a default by the two participant families to which it has the largest exposures in extreme but plausible market conditions. The Commission therefore finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Rule 17Ad–22(b)(3).16

Therefore, for the above reasons the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Rules 17Ad–22(b)(2) and 17Ad–22(b)(3).17

C. Consistency With Rule 17Ad–22(b)(4)

Rule 17Ad–22(b)(4) requires that ICC establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to provide for an annual model validation consisting of evaluating the performance of its margin models and the related parameters and assumptions associated with such models by a qualified person who is free from influence from the persons responsible for the development or operation of the models being validated.18

As discussed above, the proposed rule change would help ensure that ICC’s risk management system is appropriate and effective for dealing with the risks associated with clearing security based swap-related portfolios. The Commission further believes that the proposed improvements to the Framework would also improve ICC’s review and maintenance of the models that generate margin requirements. The Commission believes that the proposed rule change would therefore improve ICC’s use of initial margin requirements to limit its credit exposures to participants under normal market conditions and ICC’s use of risk-based models and parameters to set margin requirements. The Commission therefore finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Rule 17Ad–22(b)(2).19

Moreover, the amount a clearing member must contribute to ICC’s Guaranty Fund is equal to the expected losses to ICC associated with the default of that clearing member, calculated using ICC’s stress test methodology, and taking into account, among other things, the loss after application of initial margin.20 Thus, ICC’s guaranty fund is based on the initial margin requirements. The Commission therefore believes that, in improving the operation of the Framework, which would in turn improve the operation of ICC’s margin model and margin requirements, the proposed rule change would also help ICC to maintain sufficient financial resources to withstand, at a minimum, a default by the two participant families to which it has the largest exposures in extreme but plausible market conditions. The Commission therefore finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Rule 17Ad–22(b)(3).19

Therefore, for the above reasons the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with Rules 17Ad–22(b)(2) and 17Ad–22(b)(3).20

IV. Conclusion

On the basis of the foregoing, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act, and in particular, with the requirements of Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act21 and Rules 17Ad–22(b)(2), 17Ad–22(b)(3), and 17Ad–22(b)(4) thereunder.22

It is therefore ordered pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act23 that the proposed rule change (SR–ICC–2019–004) be, and hereby is, approved.26

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.27

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12193 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change Relating To Adopt Limit-on-Close (‘‘LOC’’) and Market-on-Close (‘‘MOC’’) Orders

June 5, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the ‘‘Act’’),2 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on May 29, 2019, Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the ‘‘Exchange’’) filed with the Commission a proposed rule change (the ‘‘Proposal’’). The Exchange is proposing a rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a ‘‘non-controversial’’ proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(2).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(3).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(2).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(3).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(2).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(3).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(2).
17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(b)(3).
I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Choe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “C2”) proposes to adopt limit-on-close (“LOC”) and market-on-close (“MOC”) orders. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange’s website (http://markets.cboe.com/us/options/notice/noticedocs/c2/), at the Exchange’s Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

In 2016, the Exchange’s parent company, Choe Global Markets, Inc. ("Choe Global"), also the parent company of Choe Exchange, Inc. ("Choe Options"), acquired Choe EDGX Exchange, Inc. ("EDGX Options"), Choe EDGA Exchange, Inc. ("EDGA"), Choe BZX Exchange, Inc. ("BZX or BZX Options"), and Choe BYX Exchange, Inc. ("BYX" and, together with Choe Options, the Exchange, EDGX, EDGA, and BZX, the “Choe Affiliated Exchanges”). The Choe Affiliated Exchanges are working to align certain system functionality, retaining only intended differences between the Choe Affiliated Exchanges, in the context of a technology migration. Choe Options intends to migrate its technology to the same trading platform used by the Exchange, EDGX Options, and BZX Options in the fourth quarter of 2019. The proposal set forth below is intended to add certain functionality to the Exchange’s System that is available on Choe Options in order to ultimately provide a consistent technology offering for market participants who interact with the Choe Affiliated Exchanges.5 Although the Exchange intentionally offers certain features that differ from those offered by its affiliates and will continue to do so, the Exchange believes that offering similar functionality to the extent practicable will reduce potential confusion for Users.

The Exchange proposes to adopt LOC and MOC orders. The proposed amendments to Rule 6.10(d) define an LOC order as a limit order, and an MOC order as a market order, respectively, that may only execute on the Exchange no earlier than three minutes prior to Regular Trading Hours (“RTH”) market close. The System enters LOC and MOC orders into the Book in time sequence (based on the times at which the Exchange initially received them), where they may be processed in accordance with Rule 6.12. The Exchange notes that it does not have a closing auction in which market participants participate in an auction rotation that determines the closing price for a series, like that of the equities space, but that the proposed MOC and LOC orders merely become executable three minutes prior to the close of RTH. The Exchange queues LOC and MOC orders in the System until three minutes before the RTH market close. At that time, the System handles a LOC or MOC order as a limit order or market order, as applicable, and processes them in accordance with Rule 6.12. The Exchange believes that three minutes prior to the RTH market close is a reasonable time prior to the market close to trigger MOC and LOC orders, as it provides those orders with sufficient time to interact with contra-side interest and potentially execute at a time close to the RTH market close. The proposed LOC and MOC order definitions also provide that the System cancels an LOC order or an MOC order (or an unexecuted portion of an LOC or MOC order) that does not execute by the RTH market close. This is consistent with the purpose of these orders, which is to execute near the RTH market close on the day they were submitted to the Exchange. As the execution of MOC and LOC orders is linked to the RTH market close, such orders will be valid only during RTH; however, the System will accept such orders during any trading session.8 A User may not designate an MOC or LOC order as “All Sessions”; any MOC or LOC order designated as All Sessions will be rejected. In addition to this, the Exchange notes that Users may not designate bulk messages as MOC or LOC, which is consistent with the current requirement that bulk messages must have a time-in-force of Day to encourage Users to provide liquidity to the Exchange’s market throughout the trading day and update bulk messages in response to changed market conditions day-to-day.10 The proposed order types are based on substantially similar order types available on Choe Options.11 MOC and LOC orders allow a User to execute orders in a series close to the close time.

The Exchange also proposes to add Exhibit 5 (see Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Discontinue Bulk Order Functionality and Implement Bulk Message Functionality) (SR-C2–2019–009).

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

2. Purpose

The Exchange notes that an RTH Only LOC or LOC order submitted during Global Trading Hours (“GTH”) will remain on the book until the close of RTH.8 See Rule 6.10(b) which defines “All Sessions” as an order a User designates as eligible to trade during both Global Trading Hours (“GTH”) and RTH. The Exchange also notes that Rule 6.10(b) defines “RTH Only” as an order a User designates as eligible to trade only during RTH or not designated as All Sessions. Therefore, the default instruction is RTH Only and an unmarked MOC or LOC order will be treated as RTH Only. See also Securities Exchange Act Release No. 85788 (May 6, 2019), 84 FR 20673 (May 10, 2019) (Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Exchange’s Opening Process and Add a Global Trading Hours Session for DJX Options) (SR-C2–2019–009).

3. Purpose

See Rule 6.10(d), which defines time-in-force of “Day” as an order that, if not executed, expires at the RTH market close. All bulk messages have a Time-in-Force of Day. See also Securities Exchange Act Release No. 85038 (February 2, 2019) 84 FR 2598 (February 7, 2019) (Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Discontinue Bulk Order Functionality and Implement Bulk Message Functionality) (SR-C2–2018–025). Note Users may submit bulk messages within three minutes of the RTH market close, which would ultimately be handled in the same manner as an LOC order. See also Choe Options Rule 6.53, which defines a “market-on-close” order as a market or limit order to be executed as close as possible to the close of the market near to or at the closing price for the particular option series. The Exchange notes that in connection with migration, Choe Options intends to propose the same definitions of market- and limit-on-close orders as proposed in this rule filing.12 See Rule 6.39 which defines a “limit-up-down state” to mean the period of time when the underlying security of an option enters a limit or straddle state as defined in the Regulation NMS Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility (the “Limit Up-Limit Down Plan” or the “Plan”).
the RTH market close, the System will attempt to re-evaluate, elect, and execute the order. The Exchange notes that the proposed handling of MOC orders in a limit up-limit down state is consistent with the Regulation NMS Plan to Address Extraordinary Market Volatility ("Limit Up-Limit Down Plan") and is based on the corresponding Cboe Options rules regarding handling of MOC orders. The Exchange also proposes to add a reference to MOC orders to Rule 6.39(a), which lists the order types that will be handled specially during a limit up-limit-down state, to reflect the proposed change to Rule 6.12(c)(5).

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act") and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to the Exchange and, in particular, the requirements of Section 6(b) of the Act. Specifically, the Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with the Section 6(b)(5) requirements that the rules of an exchange be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and national market system and protects investors because it will allow Users greater flexibility regarding the execution of their orders and/or their customers' orders. The Exchange believes this three minute time-frame prior to the RTH market close is a reasonable time prior to the market close to trigger MOC and LOC orders, because it provides those orders with sufficient time to interact with contra-side interest and to potentially execute at a time close to RTH market close.

The Exchange also believes not permitting bulk messages to be MOC and LOC orders will remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and protect investors because it is consistent with the purpose of bulk messages. As stated, bulk messages are currently restricted to designation as time-in-force of Day to Day in order to encourage Users to provide liquidity to the Exchange's market during RTH and update bulk messages in response to day-to-day changed market conditions. Because MOC and LOC orders are only available for execution for three minutes prior to the RTH market close, opposed to during the entire RTH session, Exchange believes that not permitting bulk messages to be MOC or LOC orders ensures that functionality available to Users is consistent with the purpose of bulk messages.

Moreover, the Exchange also believes that rejecting MOC and LOC orders if designated as "All Sessions" serves to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and protect investors by providing functionality that is consistent with the purpose of MOC and LOC orders. As described above, because MOC and LOC orders are linked to the RTH close, allowing MOC or LOC orders to be marked for All Sessions (i.e., RTH and GTH) would be inconsistent with the function of MOC and LOC orders. Therefore, the Exchange believes that not permitting MOC and LOC orders to be marked as All Sessions will protect investors by ensuring instructions for MOC and LOC orders are consistent with their purpose.

Additionally, the Exchange believes that the proposed additional order handling for MOC during a limit up-limit down state protects investors because it is consistent with the Limit Up-Limit Down Plan and prevents a market order from executing outside of the specified price bands. This order handling is consistent with that of Cboe Options rules.

Lastly, the Exchange notes that the proposed rule change is generally intended to align the functionality offered by the Exchange with functionality currently offered by Cboe Options in order to provide a consistent technology offering for the Cboe Affiliated Exchanges. A consistent technology offering, in turn, will simplify the technology implementation, changes, and maintenance by Users of the Exchange that are also participants on Cboe Affiliated Exchanges.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change would impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange does not believe the proposed rule change would impose any burden on intramarket competition, as the proposed rule change will apply in the same manner to all orders submitted as MOC or as LOC. MOC and LOC orders will be available to all Users, and MOC and LOC orders from all Users will be handled in the same manner. The use of

---

13 The Exchange also amends the heading to subparagraph (c)(5) to reflect the addition of MOC order handling during a limit up-limit down state. The Exchange notes that during a limit up-limit down state limit orders are not impacted and continue to be eligible for execution.

14 See Cboe Options Rule 6.45(d)(2).


17 Id.

18 See supra note 11.

19 See supra note 10.

20 See supra note 14.

21 See supra note 5.

22 Id.
MOC and LOC orders will be voluntary. The Exchange does not believe the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intermarket competition because the proposed change is based on rules that allow for substantially the same order types that are available on another options exchange.23

G. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the proposed rule change does not (i) significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, the proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act24 and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder.25

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b–4(f)(6) normally does not become operative for 30 days after the date of filing. However, pursuant to Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii)27 the Commission may designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest.

The Exchange has asked the Commission to waive the 30-day operative delay. The Commission believes that waiving the 30-day operative delay is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. The proposed rule change would become operative for 30 days after the date of filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

• Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml);

• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–C2–2019–013 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–C2–2019–013. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549. On official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–C2–2019–013 and should be submitted on or before July 2, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.29

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12192 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Depository Trust Company; Notice of Designation of a Longer Period for Commission Action on Proceedings To Determine Whether To Approve or Disapprove a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Settlement Guide Procedures To Provide Status Information for Institutional Transactions to a Matching Utility

June 5, 2019.

On November 29, 2018, The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) a proposed rule change, pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Act”)1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 to allow DTC to share status information with matching utilities (SR–DTC–2018–010). The proposed rule change was published for comment in the Federal Register on December 12, 2018.3 In response, the Commission received one comment letter on the proposed rule change.4 On December 26, 2018, the Commission extended the time period within which to approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to
determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed rule change to March 12, 2019. On March 13, 2019, the Commission issued an order instituting proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act to determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed rule change ("OIP"). The Commission received two comments on the proposal in response to the OIP.

Section 19(b)(2)(B)(i)(ii) of the Act provides that, after initiating proceedings, the Commission shall issue an order approving or disapproving the proposed rule change not later than 180 days after the date of publication of notice of filing of the proposed rule change. The Commission may extend the period for issuing an order approving or disapproving the proposed rule change, however, by not more than 60 days if the Commission determines that a longer period is appropriate and publishes the reasons for such determination. The proposed rule change was published for notice and comment in the Federal Register on December 12, 2018. The 180th day after publication of the Notice is June 10, 2019, and August 9, 2019 is an additional 60 days from that date.

The Commission finds it appropriate to designate a longer period within which to issue an order approving or disapproving the proposed rule change so that it has sufficient time to consider the proposed rule change and the comment letters. Accordingly, the Commission, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act, designates August 9, 2019, as the date by which the Commission shall either approve or disapprove the proposed rule change (SR-DTC–2018–010).

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.11

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12191 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; BOX Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend BOX Rule IM–5050–1 to Allow $1 Strike Price Intervals Above $200 on Options on the QQQ and IWM Exchange-Traded Funds

June 5, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act"), and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, notice is hereby given that on May 30, 2019, BOX Exchange LLC (the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a "non-controversial" proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend BOX Rule IM–5050–1 (Strike Price Intervals) to allow for $1 strike prices above $200 on additional options on Units of certain exchange-traded fund ("ETF") products. The text of the proposed rule change is available from the principal office of the Exchange, at the Commission’s Public Reference Room and also on the Exchange’s internet website at http://boxoptions.com.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below.

The self-regulatory organization has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend BOX Rule IM–5050–1 to allow for $1 strike prices above $200 on additional options on Units of certain exchange-traded fund ("ETF") products. This is a competitive filing that is based on a proposal recently submitted by Cboe Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe") and approved by the Commission.5

Currently, IM–5050–1(b) to Rule 5050 allows for the interval between strike prices of series of options on Units of SPY, IVV, and DIA to be $1 or greater where the strike price is greater than $200. Under IM–5050–1(b), for all other series of options on Exchange-Traded Fund Shares that satisfy the criteria set forth in Rule 5020(h), the interval of strike prices may be $1 or greater where the strike price is $200 or less or $5 or greater where the strike price is over $200. The Exchange now proposes to modify the interval setting regime to allow $1 strike price intervals where the strike price is above $200 for IWM and QQQ options. The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change would make QQQ and IWM options easier for investors and traders to use and more tailored to their investment needs.

The QQQ and IWM are designed to provide investors different ways to efficiently gain exposure to the equity markets and execute risk management, hedging, asset allocation and income generation strategies. The QQQ is a Unit investment trust designed to closely track the price and performance of the Russell 1000 Index ("NDX"), which represents the largest and most active non-financial domestic and international issues listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market based on market capitalization. Likewise, the IWM is an index ETF designed to closely track the price and performance of the Russell 2000 Index ("RUT"), which represents the small capitalization sector of the U.S. equity market. In general, QQQ and

IWM options provide investors with the benefit of trading broader markets in a manageably sized contract. The value of QQQ is designed to approximate 1/40 the value of the underlying NDX. For example, if the NDX price level is 1400, QQQ strike prices generally would be expected to be priced around $35. The value of IWM is designed to approximate 1/10 the value of the underlying RUT. In the past year, the NDX has climbed above a price level of 7500, and the RUT climbed to a price level of approximately 1700 (both prior to the December 2018 market-wide decline). As the value of the underlying ETF (and the index the ETF tracks) and resulting strike prices for each option continues to appreciate, market participants have requested the listing of additional strike prices ($1 increments) in QQQ and IWM options above $200. The QQQ is among the most actively traded ETFs on the market. It is widely quoted as an indicator of technology stock prices and investor confidence in the technology and telecommunication market spaces, a significant indicator of overall economic health. Similarly, IWM is among the most actively traded ETFs on the market and provides investors with an investment tool to gain exposure to small U.S. public companies. Industry-wide trade volume in QQQ more than doubled from 2017 to 2018. As a result, QQQ options and IWM options have grown to become two of the largest options contracts in terms of trading volume. Investors use these products to diversify their portfolios and benefit from market trends.

Accordingly, the Exchange believes that offering a wider base of QQQ and IWM options affords traders and investors important hedging and trading opportunities, particularly in the midst of current price trends. The Exchange believes that not having the proposed $1 strike price intervals above $200 in QQQ and IWM significantly constricts investors’ hedging and trading possibilities. The Exchange therefore believes that having smaller strike intervals in QQQ and IWM would have more efficient hedging and trading opportunities due to the lower $1 interval ascension. The proposed $1 intervals above the $200 strike price will result in having at-the-money series based upon the underlying ETFs moving less than 1%. The Exchange believes that the proposed strike setting regime is in line with the slower movements of broad-based indices. Considering the fact that $1 intervals already exist below the $200 price point and that both QQQ and IWM have consistently inclined in price toward the $200 level, the Exchange believes that continuing to maintain the current $200 level (above which intervals increase 500% to $5), may have a negative effect on investing, trading and hedging opportunities, and volume. The Exchange believes that the investing, trading, and hedging opportunities available with QQQ and IWM options far outweighs any potential negative impact of allowing QQQ and IWM options to trade in more finely tailored intervals above the $200 price point.

The proposed strike setting regime would permit strikes to be set to more closely reflect the increasing values in the underlying indices and allow investors and traders to roll open positions from a lower strike to a higher strike in conjunction with the price movements of the underlying ETFs. Under the current rule, where the next higher available series would be $5 away above a $200 strike price, the ability to roll such positions is effectively negated. Accordingly, to move a position from a $200 strike to a $205 strike under the current rule, an investor would need for the underlying product to move 2.5%, and would not be able to execute a roll up until such a large movement occurred. As stated, the NDX and RUT have experienced continued, steady growth. The Exchange believes that with the proposed rule change, the investor would be in a significantly safer position of being able to roll his open options position from a $200 to a $201 strike price, which is only a 0.5% move for the underlying. As a result, the proposed rule change will allow the Exchange to better respond to customer demand for QQQ and IWM strike prices more precisely aligned with the smaller, longer-term incremental increases in respective underlying ETFs. The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change, like the other strike price programs currently offered by the Exchange, will benefit investors by providing investors the flexibility to more closely tailor their investment and hedging decisions using QQQ and IWM options. Moreover, by allowing series of QQQ and IWM options to be listed in $1 intervals between strike prices over $200, the proposal will moderately augment the potential total number of options series available on the Exchange. However, the Exchange believes it and the Options Price Reporting Authority (“OPRA”) have the necessary systems capacity to handle any potential additional traffic associated with this proposed rule change. The Exchange also believes that Participants will not have a capacity issue due to the proposed rule change. In addition, the Exchange represents that it does not believe that this expansion will cause fragmentation of liquidity, but rather, believes that finer strike intervals will serve to increase liquidity available as well as price efficiency by providing more trading opportunities for all market participants.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposal is consistent with the requirements of Section 6(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”), in general, and Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, in particular, in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest.

In particular, the proposed rule change to IM–5050–1(b) will allow investors to more easily use QQQ and IWM options. Moreover, the proposed rule change would allow investors to better trade and hedge positions in QQQ and IWM options where the strike price is greater than $200, and ensure that investors in both options are not at a disadvantage simply because of the strike price.

The Exchange believes the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)(1) of the Act, which provides that the Exchange be organized and have the capacity to be able to carry out the purposes of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, and the rules of the Exchange. The rule change proposal allows the Exchange to respond to customer demand to allow QQQ and IWM options to trade in $1 intervals above a $200 strike price. The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule would create additional capacity issues or affect market functionality. As noted above, ETF options trade in wider $5 intervals above a $200 strike price, whereby options at or below a $200 strike price trade in $1 intervals. This creates a situation where contracts on the same option class effectively may not be able to execute certain strategies such as, for example, rolling to a higher strike price, simply because of the $200 strike price above which options intervals increase by 500%. This proposal remedies the situation by

establishing an exception to the current ETF interval regime for QQQ and IWM options to allow such options to trade in $1 or greater intervals at all strike prices.

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change, like other strike price programs currently offered by the Exchange, will benefit investors by giving them increased flexibility to more closely tailor their investment and hedging decisions. Moreover, the proposed rule change is consistent with changes adopted by Cboe.8

With regard to the impact of this proposal on system capacity, the Exchange believes it and OPRA have the necessary systems capacity to handle any potential additional traffic associated with this proposed rule change. The Exchange believes that its Participants will not have a capacity issue as a result of this proposal.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition nor necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. Rather, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change will result in additional investment options and opportunities to achieve the investment and trading objectives of market participants seeking efficient trading and hedging vehicles, to the benefit of investors, market participants, and the marketplace in general. Specifically, the Exchange believes that QQQ and IWM options investors and traders will significantly benefit from the availability of finer strike price intervals above a $200 price point. In addition, the interval setting regime the Exchange proposes to apply to QQQ and IWM options is currently applied to SPY, IVV, and DIA options, which are similarly popular and widely traded ETF products and track indexes at similarly high price levels. Thus, the proposed strike setting regime for QQQ and IWM options will allow options on the most actively traded ETFs with index levels at corresponding price levels to trade pursuant to the same strike setting regime. This will permit investors to employ similar investment and hedging strategies for each of these options.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange has neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days after the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder.10

A proposed rule change filed pursuant to Rule 19b–4(f)(6) under the Act normally does not become operative for 30 days after the date of its filing. However, Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii)12 permits the Commission to designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. The Exchange has requested that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay so that the proposed rule change may become operative upon filing. The Exchange asserts that waiving the operative delay would be consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because the proposed rule change would ensure fair competition among the exchanges (because the proposed rule change is modeled after a rule of another exchange) and allow more investors to immediately start trading options on QQQ and IWM at the proposed strike price intervals. The Commission believes that the proposal raises no new or substantive issues and that waiver of the 30-day operative delay is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. The Commission hereby waives the operative delay and designates the proposed rule change operative upon filing.13

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission will institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments
• Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
• Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–BOX–2019–18 on the subject line.

Paper Comments
• Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–BOX–2019–18. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal

8 See supra note 5.


10 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(6). In addition, Rule 19b–4(f)(6)(iii) requires a self-regulatory organization to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange has satisfied this requirement.


13 For purposes only of waiving the 30-day operative delay, the Commission also has considered the proposed rule’s impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. See 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).
office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–BOX–2019–18 and should be submitted on or before July 2, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.

Eduardo A. Aleman, Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12188 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations; ICE Clear Credit LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change Relating to ICC’s Risk Management Model Description

June 5, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”), and Rule 19b–4 thereunder, notice is hereby given that on May 23, 2019, ICE Clear Credit LLC (“ICC”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared primarily by ICC. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The principal purpose of the proposed rule change is to revise the ICC Risk Management Model Description. These revisions do not require any changes to the ICC Clearing Rules (“Rules”).

II. Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, ICC included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change, security-based swap submission, or advance notice. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. ICC has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of these statements.

(A) Clearing Agency’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Purpose

ICC proposes to revise its Risk Management Model Description. Specifically, ICC proposes minor, clarifying changes to address comments received from an independent validation, as well as additional clean-up changes. The independent validator comments received and clarified the IR sensitivity requirement. ICC further proposes updates to the ‘Portfolio Loss Boundary Condition’ sub-section to replace certain general references to sections with more specific references to equations in those sections to provide for additional clarity.

ICC proposes to make such changes effective shortly after filing with the Commission, on or about May 31, 2019.

(b) Statutory Basis

Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, and to the extent applicable, derivative agreements, contracts and transactions; to assure the safeguarding of securities and funds which are in the custody or control of the clearing agency or for which it is responsible; and to comply with the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. ICC believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to ICC, in particular, to Section 17A(b)(3)(F), because ICC believes that the proposed rule change will promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, derivative agreements, contracts, and transactions, and contribute to the safeguarding of securities and funds associated with security-based swap transactions in ICC’s custody or control, or for which ICC is responsible. The proposed changes to the Risk Management Model Description to address independent validator comments provide additional clarity regarding ICC’s risk methodology. The clean-up changes that enhance readability further ensure that the documentation of ICC’s Risk Management Model Description remains up-to-date, clear, and transparent. ICC believes that having policies and procedures that clearly and accurately document ICC’s risk methodology and practices are an important component to the effectiveness of ICC’s risk management system, which promotes the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, derivatives agreements, contracts, and transactions and contributes to the safeguarding of securities and funds associated with security-based swap transactions in ICC’s custody or control, or for which ICC is responsible. As such, the proposed rule change is designed to promote the prompt and
accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions, derivatives agreements, contracts, and transactions and to contribute to the safeguarding of securities and funds associated with security-based swap transactions in ICC’s custody or control, or for which ICC is responsible within the meaning of Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act.\(^5\)

In addition, the proposed rule change is consistent with the relevant requirements of Rule 17Ad–22.\(^6\) Rule 17Ad–22(b)(2)\(^7\) requires ICC to establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to have governance arrangements that are clear and transparent to fulfill the public interest requirements in Section 17A of the Act.\(^8\) ICC’s Risk Management Model Description clearly assigns and documents responsibility and accountability for risk decisions and requires consultation with or approval from the ICC Board, committees, or management. Moreover, the proposed updates ensure that the document remains up-to-date and clear, such that ICC’s governance of the document is clear, transparent, and carried out effectively. These governance arrangements thus continue to be clear and transparent so information relating to the assignment of responsibilities for risk decisions and the requisite involvement of the ICC Board, committees, and management is clearly documented, consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–22(d)(8).\(^9\)

Rule 17Ad–22(b)(3) \(^9\) requires ICC to establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to maintain sufficient financial resources to withstand, at a minimum, a default by the two Clearing Participant (“CP”) families to which it has the largest exposures in extreme but plausible market conditions. The proposed changes to the Risk Management Model Description provide further clarity and transparency regarding ICC’s risk methodology and enhance ICC’s approach to identifying potential weaknesses in the risk methodology, thereby ensuring that ICC maintains sufficient financial resources to withstand, at a minimum, a default by the two CP families to which it has the largest exposures in extreme but plausible market conditions, consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–22(b)(3).\(^10\)

Rule 17Ad–22(d)(8) \(^11\) requires ICC to establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to have governance arrangements that are clear and transparent to fulfill the public interest requirements in Section 17A of the Act. ICC’s Risk Management Model Description clearly assigns and documents responsibility and accountability for risk decisions and requires consultation with or approval from the ICC Board, committees, or management. Moreover, the proposed updates ensure that the document remains up-to-date and clear, such that ICC’s governance of the document is clear, transparent, and carried out effectively. These governance arrangements thus continue to be clear and transparent so information relating to the assignment of responsibilities for risk decisions and the requisite involvement of the ICC Board, committees, and management is clearly documented, consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–22(d)(8).\(^12\)

(B) Clearing Agency’s Statement on Burden on Competition

ICC does not believe the proposed rule changes would have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition. The proposed changes to ICC’s Risk Management Model Description will apply uniformly across all market participants. Therefore, ICC does not believe the proposed rule changes impose any burden on competition that is inappropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

(C) Clearing Agency’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments relating to the proposed rule change have not been solicited or received. ICC will notify the Commission of any written comments received by ICC.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act and paragraph (f) of Rule 19b–4 thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–ICC–2019–006 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ICC–2019–006. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filings will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of ICE Clear Credit and on ICE Clear Credit’s website at https://www.theice.com/clear-credit/regulation.

All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ICC–2019–006 and...
should be submitted on or before July 2, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.14

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–12189 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION


Self-Regulatory Organizations: Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Update Its Price Adjust Process To Allow for the Process To Apply to Bulk Messages

June 5, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”),1 and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,2 notice is hereby given that on May 23, 2019, Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “C2”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a “non-controversial” proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(ii) of the Act3 and Rule 19b–4(i)(6) thereunder.4 The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange” or “C2”) proposes to update its Price Adjust process to allow for the process to apply to bulk messages. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange’s website (http://markets.cboe.com/us/options/registration/rule_filings/ctwo/), at the Exchange’s Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission’s Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to amend its rules to allow for the Price Adjust process to apply to bulk messages and make corresponding changes where applicable. The Exchange is proposing these amendments in order to provide Options Members that submit bulk messages with functionality that is currently available to them for orders. In February 2019, the Exchange adopted bulk messaging functionality, in which a User may enter, modify or cancel up to an Exchange-specified number of bids and offers. A User may submit a bulk message through a bulk port.5 The System6 handles bulk messages in the same manner as it handles an order, or quote if submitted by a Market-Maker, unless the Rules specify otherwise. Currently, Rule 6.10 allows a User to designate an order to be subject to the Price Adjust process pursuant to Rule 6.12.7 Pursuant to current Rule 6.12(b), the System ranks and displays a buy (sell) order that, at the time of entry, would lock or cross a Protected Quotation of the Exchange or another exchange at one minimum price increment below (above) the current National Best Bid (“NBB”) or National Best Offer (“NBO”) and will cancel or reject a Post Only—Cancel Back order.12 Additionally, current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(B) provides that the System cancels or rejects a Book Only bulk message bid (offer) that locks or crosses the ABO (ABB) against resting orders, and cancels or rejects a Post Only—Cancel Back order that locks or crosses the opposite side of the BBO.

Furthermore, current Rule 6.12(c) provides for additional System order handling provisions regarding bulk messages submitted through bulk quoting ports. Specifically, Rule 6.12(c)(6)(A) provides that the System will cancel or reject a Post Only bulk message bid (offer) with a price that locks or crosses the Exchange best offer (bid) or ABO (ABB).10 The Exchange notes that bulk messages that include a Post Only instruction do not remove liquidity from the Exchange or route away to other exchanges.11 Current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(A) is consistent with how the System handles a Post Only—Cancel Back order.12 Additionally, current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(B) provides that the System cancels or rejects a Book Only bulk message bid (offer) that locks or crosses the ABO (ABB) against resting orders in the C2 Book at prices the same as or better than the ABO (ABO) and then cancels the unexecuted portion of that bid (offer). Book Only orders do not route away to other exchanges.13

orders rest at executable prices in accordance with linkage rules.8 Current Rules 6.10(c) and 6.12(b) state that the Price Adjust process does not apply to bulk messages.9

Current Rule 6.10(c) also provides for a Cancel Back order, in which a User may designate an order not to be subject to the Price Adjust process and the System cancels or rejects such order if displaying the order on the C2 Book would create a violation of Rule 6.82 (Locked and Crossed Markets), or if the order cannot otherwise be executed or displayed in the C2 Book at its limit price. The System executes a Book Only—Cancel Back order marketable against resting orders, and cancels or rejects a Post Only—Cancel Back order that locks or crosses the opposite side of the BBO.

Furthermore, current Rule 6.12(c) provides for additional System order handling provisions regarding bulk messages submitted through bulk quoting ports. Specifically, Rule 6.12(c)(6)(A) provides that the System will cancel or reject a Post Only bulk message bid (offer) with a price that locks or crosses the Exchange best offer (bid) or ABO (ABB).10 The Exchange notes that bulk messages that include a Post Only instruction do not remove liquidity from the Exchange or route away to other exchanges.11 Current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(A) is consistent with how the System handles a Post Only—Cancel Back order.12 Additionally, current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(B) provides that the System cancels or rejects a Book Only bulk message bid (offer) that locks or crosses the ABO (ABB) against resting orders in the C2 Book at prices the same as or better than the ABO (ABO) and then cancels the unexecuted portion of that bid (offer). Book Only orders do not route away to other exchanges.13

8 See Section E of Chapter VI of the Rules. See also Options Order Protection and Locked/Crossed Market Plan (the “Linkage Plan”).
9 Specifically, the multiple bids (offers) submitted through a bulk message. Therefore, as proposed, a Price Adjust or Cancel Back designation, as applicable, applies to all bulk message bids and offers within a single message.
10 The ABO means the best bid (offer) disseminated by other exchanges.
11 See Rule 6.10, which defines a “Post Only” order as an order the System ranks and executes pursuant to Rule 6.12, subjects to the Price Adjust process pursuant to Rule 6.12, or cancels or rejects (including if it is not subject to the Price Adjust process and locks or crosses a Protected Quotation of another exchange), as applicable (in accordance with User instructions), except the order may not remove liquidity from the Book or route away to another Exchange. Users may designate bulk messages as Post Only as set forth in Rule 6.8(c).
12 See supra note 8.
13 See Rule 6.10, which defines a “Book Only” order as an order the System ranks and executes pursuant to Rule 6.12, subjects to the Price Adjust
Current Rule 6.12(c)(6)(B) is consistent with how the System handles Book Only—Cancel Back orders. The Exchange also notes that pursuant to Rule 6.8(c), a Market-Maker with an appointment in a class may designate a bulk message for that class as Post Only or Book Only, and other Users (i.e., non-Market-Makers or Market-Makers without an appointment in a class) must designate a bulk message for that class as Post Only. The Exchange now proposes to amend Rule 6.10(c) and Rule 6.12(b) to permit Users to designate bulk messages to be subject to the Price Adjust process, and permit Users to opt-out of such process for bulk messages by designating bulk messages as Cancel Back. The Price Adjust and Cancel Back designations, as applicable, will apply to all bulk message bids and offers within a single message. The Exchange notes that Users have noted the regularity with which their bulk messages are rejected because Price Adjust does not apply to them. As a result, some Users find this inefficient when submitting bulk messages. The Exchange believes that allowing bulk messages to be subject to the Price Adjust process will provide market participants with additional opportunities for execution and price improvement, as well as additional flexibility and control over their submission of bulk messages. If a User does not want a bulk message to be subject to the Price Adjust process, it may designate the bulk message as Cancel Back, as noted above. A Cancel Back bulk message will be handled in the same manner as a bulk message is handled today.

As proposed, all bulk messages would now be subject to the Price Adjust process if it locks or crosses the BBO or ABBO and rest in the C2 Book pursuant to the process, thus avoiding display of a locked or crossed market in accordance with the linkage rules. Therefore, the Exchange now proposes to remove Rules 6.12(c)(6)(A) and 6.12(c)(6)(B) (and amend the subsequent process pursuant to Rule 6.12, or cancels, as applicable (in accordance with User instructions), without routing away to another exchange. Users may designate bulk messages as Book Only as set forth in Rule 6.8(c).

The Exchange also proposes to make a non-substantive change to Rule 6.12(b) to amend the capitalization of “exchange” in the phrase “or another exchange,” which is consistent with the format of this phrase throughout the Rules.
which are most commonly registered market-makers but also other Users, such as professional traders, for liquidity and price discovery. The Exchange believes that subjecting bulk messages to the Price Adjust process will provide liquidity providers with greater flexibility with respect to their submission of bulk messages, the primary purpose of which is to provide liquidity to the market. The Exchange believes that the reduction in the number of rejected bulk messages will promote efficacy in bulk messaging and may encourage the provision of more liquidity. This may result in more trading opportunities and tighter spreads and contribute to price discovery. As a result, this proposed change intends to improve overall market quality and enhance competition on the Exchange to the benefit of all investors.\(^25\)

B. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Burden on Competition

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange does not believe the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intramarket competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as the proposed application of the Price Adjust and the Cancel Back process to bulk messages will be available to all applicable Users (e.g. Market-Makers may submit Book Only bulk messages; therefore, the option to apply the Price Adjust or Cancel Back process to Book Only bulk messages is available to all Market-Makers). While bulk messages will by default be subject to the Price Adjust process, all Users may apply the Cancel Back instruction to bulk messages in order to opt out of that process for its bulk messages (and continue to have their bulk messages be handled in the same manner as they are today). The Exchange also notes that the Price Adjust and Cancel Back instructions are already available to all Users for orders, including Post Only and Book Only orders, and will apply to bulk messages in the same manner as they apply to orders.

The Exchange does not believe the proposed rule change will impose any burden on intermarket competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, because it will provide Users with bulk message repricing functionality that is similar to other order and quote repricing available on other options exchanges. The Exchange believes the proposed functionality will permit the Exchange to operate on an even playing field relative to other exchanges that have similar functionality. As discussed above, the options markets are quote driven markets and thus dependent on various Users as liquidity providers and for price discovery. The Exchange believes the proposed amendment to subject bulk messages to the Price Adjust process will provide liquidity providers with additional flexibility and control over interactions of their bulk messages with contra-side liquidity, as well as additional opportunity for execution at multiple price points and price improvement. This may encourage the provision of more liquidity, which may result in more trading opportunities and tighter spreads, and contribute to price discovery. This may improve overall market quality and enhance competition on the Exchange, to the benefit of all investors.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) Impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) Become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act and subparagraph (f)(6) of Rule 19b–4 thereunder.\(^27\)

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission will institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission’s internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml)
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–C2–2019–012 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090.
- All submissions should refer to File Number SR–C2–2019–012. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish

\(^{25}\) The Exchange also believes that its proposed change to amend the capitalization of “exchange” when referring to “another exchange” in Rule 6.12(b) is a clarifying change that will alleviate potential investor confusion because it is consistent with the format of this phrase throughout the Rules. See supra note 14.
to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–C2–2019–012 and should be submitted on or before July 2, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.28

Eduardo A. Aleman, Deputy Secretary.

BILLING CODE 8011–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 10787]

60-Day Notice of Proposed Information Collection: Statement of Exigent/ Special Family Circumstances for Issuance of a U.S. Passport to a Minor Under Age 16

ACTION: Notice of request for public comment.

SUMMARY: The Department of State is seeking Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the information collection described below. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we are requesting comments on this collection from all interested individuals and organizations. The purpose of this notice is to allow 60 days for public comment preceding submission of the collection to OMB.

DATES: The Department will accept comments from the public up to August 12, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

• Web: Persons with access to the internet may comment on this notice by going to www.Regulations.gov. You can search for the document by entering “Docket Number: DOS–2019–0013” in the Search field. Then click the “Comment Now” button and complete the comment form.

• Email: PPTFormsOfficer@state.gov.

• Regular Mail: Send written comments to: PPT Forms Officer, U.S. Department of State, CA/PPT/S/PMO, 44132 Mercure Cir., P.O. Box 1199, Sterling, VA 1066–1199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

• Title of Information Collection: Statement of Exigent/Special Family Circumstances for Issuance of a U.S. Passport to a Minor under Age 16.

• OMB Control Number: 1405–0216.

• Type of Request: Revision of a Currently Approved Collection.

• Originating Office: Bureau of Consular Affairs, Passport Services (CA/PPT).

• Form Number: DS–5525.

• Respondents: Individuals or Households.

• Estimated Number of Respondents: 37,451.

• Estimated Number of Responses: 37,451.

• Average Time per Response: 30 minutes.

• Total Estimated Burden Time: 18,726 hours per year.

• Frequency: On occasion.

• Obligation to Respond: Required to Obtain a Benefit.

We are soliciting public comments to permit the Department to:

• Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper functions of the Department.

• Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the time and cost burden for this proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

• Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.

• Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Please note that comments submitted in response to this Notice are public record. Before including any detailed personal information, you should be aware that your comments as submitted, including your personal information, will be available for public review.

Abstract of Proposed Collection

The information collected on the DS–5525, “Statement of Exigent/Special Family Circumstances for Issuance of a U.S. Passport to a Minor under Age 16”, is used in conjunction with the DS–11, “Application for a U.S. Passport”. The DS–5525 can serve as the statement describing exigent or special family circumstances, which is required if notarized written consent of the non-applying parent or guardian cannot be obtained when the passport application is executed for a minor under age 16.

Methodology

Passport Services collects information from U.S. citizens and non-citizen nationals when they complete and submit the DS–5525, “Statement of Exigent/Special Family Circumstances for Issuance of a U.S. Passport to a Minor under Age 16”. Passport applicants can download the DS–5525 from the internet or obtain the form from an Acceptance Facility/Passport Agency. The form must be completed, signed, and submitted along with the applicant’s DS–11, “Application for a U.S. Passport”.

Rachel M. Arndt,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Passport Services.

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

[Docket No. EP 431 (Sub-No. 4)]

Review of the General Purpose Costing System

In a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPR) served in this docket on February 4, 2013, the Board sought public comment on proposals to modify the Board’s general purpose costing system, the Uniform Railroad Costing System (URCS), to eliminate a feature known as the “make-whole adjustment” and to adjust the locomotive unit-mile (LUM) cost allocation. After evaluating comments received in response to the NPR, the Board served a Supplemental Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (SNPR) on August 4, 2016, with modified proposals for eliminating the make-whole adjustment and changing the LUM cost allocation, and a new proposal to modify train-mile (TM) cost allocations. For the reasons stated below, the Board will discontinue this proceeding.

As discussed in prior decisions in this proceeding, the Board uses URCS for a variety of regulatory functions. URCS is used in rate reasonableness proceedings as part of the initial market dominance determination. URCS also plays a role in the Board’s determination of whether a rate exceeds a reasonable maximum, and, when warranted, setting the maximum rate prescription. In addition, URCS is used to develop variable costs for making cost determinations in abandonment, certain trackage rights, and other proceedings: to provide the railroad industry and shippers with a standardized costing model; to cost the Board’s Carload Waybill Sample; and to provide interested parties with basic cost information regarding railroad industry operations.

URCS develops a regulatory cost estimate that can be applied to a service that occurs anywhere on a rail carrier’s system. These cost estimates are developed through three distinct phases of URCS.

Phase I occurred only once when URCS was originally developed using the annual reports submitted by Class I rail carriers (R–1 reports). Regression
analyses were performed to develop equations linking expense account groupings with particular measures of railroad activities.
• Annually, in Phase II, URCS takes the aggregated cost data and traffic statistics provided by Class I carriers in their most recent R–1 reports and other reports and disaggregates them by calculating system-average unit costs associated with specific rail activities.
• In Phase III, when movements are costed, URCS takes the unit costs from Phase II and applies them to the characteristics of a particular movement in order to calculate the variable cost of that movement.

The Board initiated this proceeding to address concerns with the make-whole adjustment, which is calculated and applied in Phase III. The make-whole adjustment is intended to recognize the efficiency savings that a carrier obtains in its higher-volume shipments and thus render more appropriate unit costs. The Board questioned whether the current make-whole adjustment best reflects economies of scale as shipment size increases. Review of the General Purpose Costing System (NPR), EP 431 (Sub-No. 4), slip op. at 4 (STB served Feb. 4, 2013); Review of the General Purpose Costing System (SNPR), EP 431 (Sub-No. 4), slip op. at 3–4 (STB served Aug. 4, 2016). The Board noted that, as applied, the make-whole adjustment creates particular types of step functions between shipment sizes by reducing system-average unit costs by various set percentages depending on whether the movement is classified as unit train, multi-car, or single-car. NPR, EP 431 (Sub-No. 4), slip op. at 3–4; SNPR, EP 431 (Sub-No. 4), slip op. at 4–5. While these comments were not uniformly critical, many stakeholders expressed concerns about various aspects of the SNPR proposals. No commenter supported the CWB Adjustment and several commenters generally opposed other aspects of the SNPR, including proposals to modify the calculation of railroad-owned equipment costs, and car-mile costs.

The Board recognizes and appreciates the substantial effort undertaken by stakeholders in this proceeding to assist the Board in grappling with the complexities of URCS. The Board continues to believe that URCS can be updated to better reflect economies of scale and improve cost allocations. However, the Board has determined that potential refinements of URCS would benefit from additional study and analysis, as most commenters argued. Given the need for further study and analysis to arrive at a more optimal revision of the URCS system, and to also ensure efficient docket management, the Board will not take further action in this proceeding and will discontinue this docket. Any future proposals by the Board to update URCS would be made in a new proceeding.

It is ordered:
1. This proceeding is discontinued.
2. Notice of the Board’s action will be published in the Federal Register.
3. This decision is effective on its date of service.
By the Board, Board Members Begeman, Fuchs, and Oberman.
Aretha Laws-Byrum,
Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. 2019–12241 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am] BILLY CODE 4915–01–P

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

Meeting of the Regional Energy Resource Council

AGENCY: Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The TVA Regional Energy Resource Council (RERC) has scheduled a meeting to discuss the 2019 IRP development process, develop the RERC’s 2019 IRP recommendation, and identify the challenges and opportunities faced by TVA in developing the 2019 IRP. The RERC was established to advise TVA on its energy resource activities and the priority to be placed among competing objectives and values. Notice of this meeting is given under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA). Members of the TVA Board of Directors also plan to attend portions of this meeting.

DATES: The meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 26, 2019, from 12:45 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., EDT, and Thursday, June 27, 2019, from 8:30 a.m. to 2:30 p.m., EDT.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at The Read House Hotel, 107 West MLK Boulevard, Chattanooga, Tennessee 37402. An Individual requiring special accommodation for a disability should let the contact below know at least a week in advance.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Liz Upchurch, 865–632–8305, eufupchurch@tva.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The meeting agenda includes the following:
1. Introductions
2. Overview of the 2019 IRP development process
3. Key steps in moving to a final IRP recommendation
4. A panel discussion on challenges and opportunities identified by the 2019 IRP
5. Public input session
6. Council Discussion and Advice

The RERC, along with members of TVA’s Board of Directors, will hear opinions and views of citizens during a public session starting at 5:00 p.m., EDT, lasting up to one hour, on
Wednesday, June 26, 2019. Persons wishing to speak are requested to register at the door between 12:45 p.m. and 3:15 p.m., EDT, on Wednesday, June 26, 2019, and will be called on during the public session. For registered speakers, TVA will set time limits for providing oral comments. Handout materials should be limited to one printed page. Any member of the public is also permitted to leave a written statement with the Council after or in lieu of the member’s oral presentation.

Dated: June 4, 2019.

Joseph J. Hoagland,
Vice President, Enterprise Relations and Innovation, Tennessee Valley Authority.

[FR Doc. 2019–12243 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8120–08–P

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Tennessee Valley Authority.

ACTION: 30-Day notice of submission of information collection approval and request for comments.

SUMMARY: This is a request for reinstatement of the Land Use Survey Questionnaire—Vicinity of Nuclear Power Plants (OMB No. 3316–0016) for which approval has expired. The information collection described below will be submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) at, oira_submission@omb.eop.gov, for review, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The Tennessee Valley Authority is soliciting public comments on this proposed collection.

DATES: Comments should be sent to the TVA Senior Privacy Program Manager and the OMB Office of Information & Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Desk Officer for Tennessee Valley Authority, Washington, DC 20503, or email: oira_submission@omb.eop.gov, no later than July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Requests for information, including copies of the information collection proposed and supporting documentation, should be directed to the Senior Privacy Program Manager: Christopher A. Marsalis, Tennessee Valley Authority, 400 W Summit Hill Dr. (WT 5D), Knoxville, Tennessee 37902–1401; telephone (865) 632–2467 or by email at camarsalis@tva.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Type of Request: Reinstatement of a previously approved collection for which approval has expired.


Need For and Use of Information: This survey is used to locate, for monitoring purposes, rural residents, home gardens, and milk animals within a five mile radius of a nuclear power plant. The monitoring program is a mandatory requirement of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission set out in the technical specifications when the plants were licensed.

Andrea S. Brackett,
Director, TVA Cybersecurity.

[FR Doc. 2019–12272 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8120–08–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Noise Exposure Map Notice for Newark Liberty International Airport, Newark, New Jersey

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The FAA announces its determination that the noise exposure maps submitted by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey for Newark Liberty International Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements.

DATES: The effective date of the FAA’s determination on the noise exposure maps is January 15, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Eastern Region Airports Division (AEA–600), Andrew Brooks, Environmental Program Manager, Federal Aviation Administration, AEA–600, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, New York, 11434, Telephone: (718) 533–3330.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA finds that the noise exposure maps submitted for Newark Liberty International Airport under the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 47501 et. seq (Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act) and 14 CFR part 150 are in compliance with applicable requirements of 14 CFR part 150, effective January 13, 2004. Under 49 U.S.C. Section 47503 of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act (hereinafter referred to as “the Act”), an airport operator may submit to the FAA noise exposure maps which meet applicable regulations and which depict non-compatible land uses as of the date of submission of such maps, a description of projected aircraft operations during a forecast period that is at least five (5) years in the future, and the ways in which such operations will affect such maps. The Act requires such maps to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties in the local community, government agencies, and persons using the airport. An airport operator who has submitted noise exposure maps that are found by the FAA to be in compliance with the requirements of 14 CFR part 150, promulgated pursuant to the Act, may submit a noise compatibility program for FAA approval which sets forth the measures the operator has taken or proposes to take to reduce existing non-compatible uses and prevent the introduction of additional non-compatible uses.

The FAA has completed its review of the noise exposure maps and accompanying documentation submitted by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey. The documentation that constitutes the “Noise Exposure Maps” (NEM) as defined in Section 150.7 includes a 2019 Base Year NEM, Figure 5–1, and a 2024 Future Year NEM, Figure 5–2, located in Chapter 5 of the NEM Report. Details of the NEM contours are provided by Runway end in Figures 5–3 through 5–6 of Chapter 5. The figures contained within Chapter 5 are scaled to fit within the report context; however, the official, to scale, 2019 Base Year NEM and 2024 Future Year NEM are identified as Figures 5–9 and 5–10 and are both located in an attachment to the official NEM Report submittal. The Noise Exposure Maps contain current and forecast information including the depiction of the airport and its boundaries, the runway configurations, land uses such as single and two-family residential; multi-family residential; mixed residential and commercial; commercial and office; industrial and manufacturing; transportation, parking and utilities; public facilities and institutions; unclassified; open space, cemeteries, and outdoor recreation; vacant land; places of worship; schools; historic
structures; hospitals; and day care/assisted living facilities and those areas within the Day Night Average Sound Level (DNL) 65, 70 and 75 noise contours. Estimates for the area within these contours for the 2019 Base Year and 2024 Future Year are shown in Table 5–4 of Chapter 5 of the NEM Report. Estimates of the residential population within the 2019 Base Year and 2024 Future Year noise contours are also shown in Table 5–1 of Chapter 5 of the NEM Report. Figure 2–4 in Chapter 2 displays the location of noise monitoring sites. Flight tracks are found in Figures 4–7 and 4–8 of Chapter 4 and detailed in Appendix D. The type and frequency of aircraft operations (including nighttime) are found in Appendix D.2, Tables 5, 6, 7 and 8.

As discussed in Chapter 6 of the NEM Report, the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey provided the general public the opportunity to review and comment on the NEMs. This public comment period opened on September 13, 2018 and closed on October 13, 2018. Public workshops for the Draft NEMs were held on September 25 and September 26, 2018. All comments received during the public comment period and throughout the development of the NEMs, as well as responses to these comments, are contained in Appendix H of the NEM Report.

The FAA has determined that these noise exposure maps and accompanying documentation are in compliance with applicable requirements. This determination is effective on January 15, 2019.

FAA’s determination on an airport operator’s noise exposure maps is limited to a finding that the maps were developed in accordance with the procedures contained in Appendix A of 14 CFR part 150. Such determination does not constitute approval of the applicant’s data, information or plans, or a commitment to approve a noise compatibility program or to fund the implementation of that program. If questions arise concerning the precise relationship of specific properties to noise exposure contours depicted on a noise exposure map submitted under Section 47503 of the Act, it should be noted that the FAA is not involved in any way in determining the relative locations of specific properties with regard to the depicted noise contours, or in interpreting the noise exposure maps to resolve questions concerning, for example, which properties should be covered by the provisions of Section 47506 of the Act. These functions are inseparable from the ultimate land use control and planning responsibilities of local government. These local responsibilities are not changed in any way under Part 150 or through FAA’s review of noise exposure maps. Therefore, the responsibility for the detailed overlaying of noise exposure contours onto the map depicting properties on the surface rests exclusively with the airport operator that submitted those maps, or with those public agencies and planning authorities with which consultation is required under Section 47503 of the Act. The FAA has relied on the certification by the airport operator, under Section 150.21, that the statutorily required consultation has been accomplished.

Copies of the full noise exposure map documentation and of the FAA’s evaluation of the maps are available for examination at the following locations: Federal Aviation Administration, Eastern Region, Airports Division, AEA–600, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, New York 11434 Federal Aviation Administration, New York Airports District Office, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, New York 11434 Federal Aviation Administration, New York Airports District Office, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, New York 11434 The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, Aviation Department, 4 World Trade Center, 150 Greenwich Street, 18th Floor, New York, New York 10007

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Eastern Region Airports Division (AEA–600), Andrew Brooks, Environmental Program Manager, Federal Aviation Administration, AEA–600, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, New York 11434, Telephone: (718) 553–3330.

Issued in Jamaica, NY, on June 3, 2019.

Steven M. Urllass,
Director, Airports Division, Eastern Region.

[FR Doc. 2019–12183 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

[Summary Notice No. PE–2019–34]

Petition for Exemption; Summary of Petition Received; Textron Aviation Inc.

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of petition for exemption received.

SUMMARY: This notice contains a summary of a petition seeking relief from specified requirements of Federal Aviation Regulations. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public’s awareness of, and participation in, the FAA’s exemption process. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of the petition or its final disposition.

DATES: Comments on this petition must identify the petition docket number and must be received on or before July 1, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Send comments identified by docket number FAA–2016–7819 using any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov and follow the online instructions for sending your comments electronically.

• Mail: Send comments to Docket Operations, M–30; U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Room W12–140, West Building Ground Floor, Washington, DC 20590–0001.

• Hand Delivery or Courier: Take comments to Docket Operations in Room W12–140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

• Fax: Fax comments to Docket Operations at 202–493–2251.

Privacy: In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its rulemaking process. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to http://www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL–14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at http://www.dot.gov/privacy.

Docket: Background documents or comments received may be read at http://www.regulation.gov at any time. Follow the online instructions for accessing the docket or go to the Docket Operations in Room W12–140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Deana Stedman, AIR–673, Federal Aviation Administration, 2200 South 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198, phone and fax 206–231–3187, email deana.stedman@faa.gov; or Alphonso Pendergrass, ARM–200, Office of Rulemaking, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591, phone 202–267–4713, email alphonso.pendergrass@faa.gov.

This notice is published pursuant to 14 CFR 11.85.
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Railroad Administration

[Notice of Application for Approval of Discontinuance or Modification of a Railroad Signal System]

Under part 235 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) and 49 U.S.C. 20502(a), this document provides the public notice that by a document dated May 23, 2019, Union Pacific Railroad Company (UP) petitioned the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) seeking approval to discontinue or modify a signal system. FRA assigned the petition Docket Number FRA–2019–0043.

Applicant: Union Pacific Railroad Company, Mr. Neal E. Hathaway, AVP Engineering—Signal & Telecom, 1400 Douglas Street, MS 0910, Omaha, NE 68179.

Specifically, UP requests approval to discontinue cab signals between control point (CP) S001 at milepost (MP) 0.60 and CP S082 at MP 81.60 on the Portland subdivision in the state of Oregon.

UP states the reason for the proposed discontinuance is a positive train control (PTC) system, compliant with 49 CFR part 236, subpart I, and certified accordingly, was placed in service on the entire Portland subdivision, including the limits described above, in March 2017. Since that time, over 2.5 million train-miles of PTC operations have been accumulated on the Portland subdivision without a critical anomaly. Additionally, PTC operations have been conducted under the provisions of a waiver, Docket Number FRA–2016–0108, which allows for the use of PTC in lieu of cab signals on the Portland subdivision and elsewhere on UP where automatic cab signal (ACS), automatic train control, and automatic train stop systems are present.

To ensure that an equivalent or greater level of safety is maintained upon discontinuance of the ACS and to meet the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 20157(j)(1), UP asserts it will promulgate operating rules requiring that any train on which PTC fails to initialize, cuts out, or malfunctions comply with operating restrictions in accordance with 49 CFR 236.1029, while operating within former ACS limits of the Portland subdivision. UP explains it believes that the combination of the current levels of PTC reliability and utilization, combined with the application of operating restrictions under failure conditions result in a level of safe operation which justifies discontinuance of the ACS system on the Portland subdivision.

A copy of the petition, as well as any written communications concerning the petition, is available for review online at www.regulations.gov and in person at the U.S. Department of Transportation’s (DOT) Docket Operations Facility, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, W12–140, Washington, DC 20590. The Docket Operations Facility is open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

Interested parties are invited to participate in these proceedings by submitting written views, data, or comments. FRA does not anticipate scheduling a public hearing in connection with these proceedings since the facts do not appear to warrant a hearing. If any interested parties desire an opportunity for oral comment and a public hearing, they should notify FRA, in writing, before the end of the comment period and specify the basis for their request.

All communications concerning these proceedings should identify the appropriate docket number and may be submitted by any of the following methods:

- Website: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.

- Hand Delivery: 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

Communications received by July 26, 2019 will be considered by FRA before final action is taken. Comments received after that date will be considered if practicable.

Anyone can search the electronic form of any written communications and comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the document, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its processes. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL–14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at www.dot.gov/privacy. See also http://www.regulations.gov/#!privacyNotice for the privacy notice of regulations.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC.

John Karl Alexy,
Acting Associate Administrator, Office of Railroad Safety.

[Deputy Administrator, Office of Railroad Safety.]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Railroad Administration

[Petition for Waiver of Compliance]

Under part 211 of Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), this document provides the public notice that on April 15, 2019, the American Short Line and Regional Railroad Association (ASLRRA) petitioned the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) for an amended waiver of compliance from certain provisions of the Federal hours of service laws contained at 49 U.S.C. 21103(a)(4), which, in part, require a train employee to receive 48 hours off duty after initiating an on-duty period for 6 consecutive days. FRA assigned the petition Docket Number FRA–2009–0078.

Specifically, ASLRRA seeks to amend its existing waiver to add three member railroads that did not participate in the original waiver, but in the first quarter of 2019 determined that they now wish to participate. ASLRRA states the following railroads expressed a desire to participate in the waiver, and maintain...
at their headquarters supporting documentation of employee support as required:
- Sequatchie Valley Switching Company
- SMS Rail Lines of New York, LLC
- Walking Horse Railroad

A copy of the petition, as well as any written communications concerning the petition, is available for review online at www.regulations.gov and in person at the U.S. Department of Transportation’s (DOT) Docket Operations Facility, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, W12–140, Washington, DC 20590. The Docket Operations Facility is open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

Interested parties are invited to participate in these proceedings by submitting written views, data, or comments. FRA does not anticipate scheduling a public hearing in connection with these proceedings since the facts do not appear to warrant a hearing. If any interested parties desire an opportunity for oral comment and a public hearing, they should notify FRA, in writing, before the end of the comment period and specify the basis for their request.

All communications concerning these proceedings should identify the appropriate docket number and may be submitted by any of the following methods:
- Website: http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.
- Hand Delivery: 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays.

Communications received by July 26, 2019 will be considered by FRA before final action is taken. FRA reserves the right to grant relief in this docket prior to the expiration of the comment period. FRA will condition any such grant of relief on subsequent consideration of relevant comments submitted to the docket within the comment period. Comments received after the comment period ends will be considered if practicable.

Anyone can search the electronic form of any written communications and comments received into any of our dockets by the name of the individual submitting the comment (or signing the document, if submitted on behalf of an association, business, labor union, etc.). Under 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its processes. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL–14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at https://www.transportation.gov/privacy. See also https://www.regulations.gov/privacyNotice for the privacy notice of regulations.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC.
John Karl Alexy,
Deputy Associate Administrator, Office of Railroad Safety.
[FR Doc. 2019–12175 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–06–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Maritime Administration
[Docket No. MARAD–2019–0089]
Requested Administrative Waiver of the Coastwise Trade Laws: Vessel TRANQUILO (Motor Vessel); Invitation for Public Comments
AGENCY: Maritime Administration, DOT.
ACTION: Notice.
SUMMARY: The Secretary of Transportation, as represented by the Maritime Administration (MARAD), is authorized to grant waivers of the U.S.-flag requirements of the coastwise trade laws to allow the carriage of no more than twelve passengers for hire on vessels, which are three years old or more. A request for such a waiver has been received by MARAD. The vessel, and a brief description of the proposed service, is listed below.

DATES: Submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by DOT Docket Number MARAD–2019–0089 by any one of the following methods:
- Mail or Hand Delivery: Docket Management Facility is in the West Building, Ground Floor of the U.S. Department of Transportation. The Docket Management Facility location address is: U.S. Department of Transportation, MARAD–2019–0089, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays.

Note: If you mail or hand-deliver your comments, we recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and specific docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to the docket at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on submitting comments, see the section entitled Public Participation.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As described by the applicant the intended service of the vessel TRANQUILO is:
— Intended Commercial Use of Vessel: “Charter”

— Vessel Length and Type: 69’ motor vessel

The complete application is available for review identified in the DOT docket as MARAD–2019–0089 at http://www.regulations.gov. Interested parties may comment on the effect this action may have on U.S. vessel builders or businesses in the U.S. that use U.S.-flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-flag vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the vessel name, state the commenter’s interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in section 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388.

Public Participation
How do I submit comments?
Please submit your comments, including the attachments, following the instructions provided under the above heading entitled ADDRESSES. Be advised that it may take a few hours or even
By Order of the Maritime Administrator.
T. Mitchell Hudson, Jr.,
Secretary, Maritime Administration.
[FR Doc. 2019–12309 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–81–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Maritime Administration

[Docket No. MARAD–2019–0090]

Requested Administrative Waiver of the Coastwise Trade Laws: Vessel ALCHEMY (Sailboat); Invitation for Public Comments

AGENCY: Maritime Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of Transportation, as represented by the Maritime Administration (MARAD), is authorized to grant waivers of the U.S.-build requirements of the coastwise trade laws to allow the carriage of no more than twelve passengers for hire on vessels, which are three years old or more. A request for such a waiver has been received by MARAD. The vessel, and a brief description of the proposed service, is listed below.

DATES: Submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by DODT Number MARAD–2019–0090 by any one of the following methods:

- Mail or Hand Delivery: Docket Management Facility is in the West Building, Ground Floor of the U.S. Department of Transportation. The Docket Management Facility location address is: U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Management Facility, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays.

Note: If you mail or hand-deliver your comments, we recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and specific docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to the docket at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on submitting comments, see the section entitled Public Participation.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

As described by the applicant the intended service of the vessel ALCHEMY is:

- Intended Commercial Use of Vessel: “Uninspected passenger vessel carrying passengers for hire on sailing tours of Blue Hill Bay and waters surrounding Mr. Desert Island, Maine”
- Geographic Region Including Base of Operations: “Maine” (Base of Operations: Seal Cove, ME)
- Vessel Length and Type: 42’ sailboat

The complete application is available for review identified in the DOT docket as MARAD–2019–0090 at http://www.regulations.gov. Interested parties may comment on the effect this action may have on U.S. vessel builders or businesses in the U.S. that use U.S.-flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-flag vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the vessel name, state the commenter’s interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in section 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388.

Public Participation

How do I submit comments?

Please submit your comments, including the attachments, following the instructions provided under the above heading entitled ADDRESSES. Be advised that it may take a few hours or even days for your comment to be reflected on the docket. In addition, your comments must be written in English. We encourage you to provide concise comments and you may attach additional documents as necessary. There is no limit on the length of the attachments.

Where do I go to read public comments, and find supporting information?

Go to the docket online at http://www.regulations.gov, keyword search MARAD–2019–0090 or visit the Docket Management Facility (see ADDRESSES for hours of operation). We recommend that you periodically check the Docket for

* * *

Dated: June 6, 2019.

Federal Register / Vol. 84, No. 112 / Tuesday, June 11, 2019 / Notices 27187
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Maritime Administration

[Docket No. MARAD–2019–0091]

Requested Administrative Waiver of the Coastwise Trade Laws: Vessel NORTH SEA (Pilot Boat); Invitation for Public Comments

AGENCY: Maritime Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of Transportation, as represented by the Maritime Administration (MARAD), is authorized to grant waivers of the U.S.-build requirements of the coastwise trade laws to allow the carriage of no more than twelve passengers for hire on vessels, which are three years old or more. A request for such a waiver has been received by MARAD. The vessel, and a brief description of the proposed service, is listed below.

DATES: Submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by DOT Docket Number MARAD–2019–0091 by any one of the following methods:


• Mail or Hand Delivery: Docket Management Facility is in the West Building, Ground Floor of the U.S. Department of Transportation. The Docket Management Facility location address is: U.S. Department of Transportation, MARAD–2019–0091, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays.

Note: If you mail or hand-deliver your comments, we recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and specific docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to the docket at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on submitting comments, see the section entitled Public Participation.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As described by the applicant the intended service of the vessel NORTH SEA is:

—Intended Commercial Use of Vessel: “Our plan is to take up to 12 passengers from the US Port of Eastport on a trip to Canada (the US/Canadian border is only ½ mile away), and return to the US.

—Geographic Region Including Base of Operations: “Maine” (Base of Operations: Eastport, ME)

—Vessel Length and Type: 39’ pilot boat

The complete application is available for review identified in the DOT docket as MARAD–2019–0091 at http://www.regulations.gov. Interested parties may comment on the effect this action may have on U.S. vessel builders or businesses in the U.S. that use U.S.-flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the vessel name, state the commenter’s interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in section 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388.

Public Participation

How do I submit comments?

Please submit your comments, including the attachments, following the instructions provided under the above heading entitled ADDRESSES. Be advised that it may take a few hours or even days for your comment to be reflected on the docket. In addition, your comments must be written in English. We encourage you to provide concise comments and you may attach additional documents as necessary. There is no limit on the length of the attachments.

Where do I go to read public comments, and find supporting information?

Go to the docket online at http://www.regulations.gov, keyword search MARAD–2019–0091 or visit the Docket Management Facility (see ADDRESSES for hours of operation). We recommend that you periodically check the Docket for new submissions and supporting material.

Will my comments be made available to the public?

Yes. Be aware that your entire comment, including your personal information you claim to be confidential, will be made available to the public.

May I submit comments confidentially?

If you wish to submit comments under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential business information, to the Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Legislation and Regulations, MAR–225, W24–220, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. Include a cover letter setting forth with specificity the basis for any such claim and, if possible, a summary of your submission that can be made available to the public.

Privacy Act

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its rulemaking process. DOT posts these comments, without edit, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice, DOT/ALL–14 FDMS, accessible through www.dot.gov/privacy. To facilitate comment tracking and response, we encourage commenters to provide their name, or the name of their organization; however, submission of names is completely optional. Whether or not commenters identify themselves, all timely comments will be fully considered. If you wish to provide comments containing proprietary or confidential information, please contact the agency for alternate submission instructions.


* * *

Dated: June 6, 2019.

By Order of the Maritime Administrator.

T. Mitchell Hudson, Jr.,
Secretary, Maritime Administration.
[FR Doc. 2019–12311 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–81–P
May I submit comments confidentially?

If you wish to submit comments under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential, business information, to the Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Legislation and Regulations, MAR–225, W24–220, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. Include a cover letter setting forth with specificity the basis for any such claim and, if possible, a summary of your submission that can be made available to the public.

Privacy Act

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its rulemaking process. DOT posts these comments, without edit, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice, DOT/ALL–14 FDMS, accessible through www.dot.gov/privacy. To facilitate comment tracking and response, we encourage commenters to provide their name, or the name of their organization; however, submission of names is completely optional. Whether or not commenters identify themselves, all timely comments will be fully considered. If you wish to provide comments containing proprietary or confidential information, please contact the agency for alternate submission instructions.

[Authority: 49 CFR 1.93(a), 46 U.S.C. 55103, 46 U.S.C. 12121] * * *

Dated: June 6, 2019.

By Order of the Maritime Administrator.

T. Mitchell Hudson, Jr.,
Secretary, Maritime Administration.

[FR Doc. 2019–12314 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–81–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Maritime Administration

[Docket No. MARAD–2019–0092]

Requested Administrative Waiver of the Coastwise Trade Laws: Vessel REEL DIVE (Motor Vessel); Invitation for Public Comments

AGENCY: Maritime Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Secretary of Transportation, as represented by the Maritime Administration (MARAD), is authorized to grant waivers of the U.S.-build requirements of the coastwise trade laws to allow the carriage of no more than twelve passengers for hire on vessels, which are three years old or more. A request for such a waiver has been received by MARAD. The vessel, and a brief description of the proposed service, is listed below.

DATES: Submit comments on or before July 11, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by DOT Docket Number MARAD–2019–0092 by any one of the following methods:


• Mail or Hand Delivery: Docket Management Facility is in the West Building, Ground Floor of the U.S. Department of Transportation. The Docket Management Facility location address is: U.S. Department of Transportation, MÁRAD–2019–0092, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays.

Note: If you mail or hand-deliver your comments, we recommend that you include your name and a mailing address, an email address, or a telephone number in the body of your document so that we can contact you if we have questions regarding your submission.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and specific docket number. All comments received will be posted without change to the docket at www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on submitting comments, see the section entitled Public Participation.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: As described by the applicant the intended service of the vessel REEL DIVE is:

—Intended Commercial Use of Vessel: “Boat Charter for Fishing and Sightseeing”

—Geographic Region Including Base of Operations: “Florida” (Base of Operations: Port St Lucie, FL)

—Vessel Length and Type: 32’ motor vessel

The complete application is available for review identified in the DOT docket as MARAD–2019–0092 at http://www.regulations.gov. Interested parties may comment on the effect this action may have on U.S. vessel builders or businesses in the U.S. that use U.S.-flag vessels. If MARAD determines, in accordance with 46 U.S.C. 12121 and MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388, that the issuance of the waiver will have an unduly adverse effect on a U.S.-vessel builder or a business that uses U.S.-flag vessels in that business, a waiver will not be granted. Comments should refer to the vessel name, state the commenter’s interest in the waiver application, and address the waiver criteria given in section 388.4 of MARAD’s regulations at 46 CFR part 388.

Public Participation

How do I submit comments?

Please submit your comments, including the attachments, following the instructions provided under the above heading entitled ADDRESSES. Be advised that it may take a few hours or even days for your comment to be reflected on the docket. In addition, your comments must be written in English. We encourage you to provide concise comments and you may attach additional documents as necessary. There is no limit on the length of the attachments.

Where do I go to read public comments, and find supporting information?

Go to the docket online at http://www.regulations.gov, keyword search MARAD–2019–0092 or visit the Docket Management Facility (see ADDRESSES for hours of operation). We recommend that you periodically check the Docket for new submissions and supporting material.

Will my comments be made available to the public?

Yes. Be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, will be made publicly available.

May I submit comments confidentially?

If you wish to submit comments under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential business information, to the Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Legislation and Regulations, MAR–225, W24–220, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. Include a cover letter setting forth with specificity the basis for any such claim and, if possible, a summary of your submission that can be made available to the public.
Notice of OFAC Sanctions Actions

AGENCY: Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) is publishing the names of one or more persons that have been placed on OFAC’s Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List based on OFAC’s determination that one or more applicable legal criteria were satisfied. All property and interests in property subject to U.S. jurisdiction of these persons are blocked, and U.S. persons are generally prohibited from engaging in transactions with them.

DATES: See Supplementary Information section.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Availability

The Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List and additional information concerning OFAC sanctions programs are available on OFAC’s website (www.treasury.gov/ofac).

Notice of OFAC Actions

On May 16, 2019, OFAC determined that the property and interests in property subject to U.S. jurisdiction of the following persons are blocked under the relevant sanctions authorities listed below.

Individuals

1. GEREMEYEV, Ruslan, Russia; DOB 10 May 1978; citizen Russia; Gender Male (individual) [MAGNIT].
2. KARLOV, Gennady Vyacheslavovich (Cyrillic: КАРЛОВ, Геннадий Вячеславович); DOB 27 Feb 1960; alt. DOB 1966; Gender Male (individual) [MAGNIT].
3. KOSSIEV, Sergey Leonidovich (Cyrillic: КОССИЕВ, Серге́й Леонидович) (a.k.a. KOSSEYEV, Sergey Leonidovich); DOB 19 May 1975; Gender Male; Head of the Institution, Captain of Internal Service, Penal Colony IK–7 (individual) [MAGNIT].
4. TEREK SPECIAL RAPID RESPONSE TEAM (a.k.a. SPECIAL DIVISION OF FIRST RESPONDERS, CHECHNYA (SOBR)), Chechen Republic, Russia [MAGNIT].
5. TRIKULYA, Elena Anatolievna, Russia; DOB 18 Mar 1975; Gender Female (individual) [MAGNIT].
6. VISMURADOV, Abuzayed, Chechen Republic, Russia; DOB 21 Dec 1975; Gender Male; Commander of the Special Quick-Reaction Detachment (SOBR) Team “Terek” (individual) [MAGNIT].

Designated pursuant to section 404(a)(2)(B) and 406 of the Magnitsky Act, for being responsible for extrajudicial killings, torture, or other gross violations of internationally recognized human rights committed against individuals seeking to obtain, exercise, defend, or promote internationally recognized human rights and freedoms, such as the freedoms of religion, expression, association, and assembly, and the rights to a fair trial and democratic elections in Russia.

Entities

1. TEREK SPECIAL RAPID RESPONSE TEAM (a.k.a. SPECIAL DIVISION OF FIRST RESPONDERS, CHECHNYA (SOBR)), Chechen Republic, Russia [MAGNIT].

Designated pursuant to section 404(a)(2)(B) and 406 of the Magnitsky Act, for being responsible for extrajudicial killings, torture, or other gross violations of internationally recognized human rights committed against individuals seeking to obtain, exercise, defend, or promote internationally recognized human rights and freedoms, such as the freedoms of religion, expression, association, and assembly, and the rights to a fair trial and democratic elections in Russia.

Dated: May 16, 2019.

Andrea M. Gacki,
Director, Office of Foreign Assets Control.

[FR Doc. 2019–12315 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4810–AL–P
copies of the form should be directed to Kerry Dennis, at (202) 317–5751 or Internal Revenue Service, Room 6529, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20224, or through the internet, at Kerry.Dennis@irs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits.
OMB Number: 1545–1276.
Regulation Project Number: FI–88–86 (TD 8458).
Abstract: Internal Revenue Code section 860E(e) imposes an excise tax on the transfer of a residual interest in a real estate mortgage investment conduit (REMIC) to a disqualified party. The amount of the tax is based on the present value of the remaining anticipated excess inclusions. This regulation requires the REMIC to furnish, on request of the party responsible for the tax, information sufficient to compute the present value of the anticipated excess inclusions. The regulation also provides that the tax will not be imposed if the record holder furnishes to the pass-thru or transferor an affidavit stating that the record holder is not a disqualified party.
Current Actions: There are no changes being made to these regulations.
Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.
Affected Public: Business or other for-profit organizations.
Estimated Number of Respondents: 1,600.
Estimated Time per Respondent: 20 minutes.
Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 525 hrs.

The following paragraph applies to all of the collections of information covered by this notice.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.

Request for Comments: Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information.

Approved: June 5, 2019.
Laurie Brimmer,
Senior Tax Analyst.
[FR Doc. 2019–12186 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4830–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
Internal Revenue Service
Proposed Collection; Comment Request for Form Project
AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.
ACTION: Notice and request for comments.
SUMMARY: The Internal Revenue Service, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The IRS is soliciting comments concerning application for enrollment to practice before the Internal Revenue Service.
DATES: Written comments should be received on or before August 12, 2019 to be assured of consideration.
ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Laurie Brimmer, Internal Revenue Service, Room 6529, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20224.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for additional information or copies of the form should be directed to Kerry Dennis, at (202) 317–5751 or Internal Revenue Service, Room 6529, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20224, or through the internet, at Kerry.Dennis@irs.gov.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Title: Application for Enrollment to Practice Before the Internal Revenue Service.
OMB Number: 1545–0950.
Form Number: Form 23.
Abstract: Form 23 must be completed by those who desire to be enrolled to practice before the Internal Revenue Service. The information on the form will be used by the Director of Practice to determine the qualifications and eligibility of applicants for enrollment.
Current Actions: There are no changes to Form 23 that would affect burden, however the agency has removed Form 23–EP from the collection as it is no longer being used. This change creates a revision and decrease in overall burden.
Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.
Estimated Number of Respondents: 5,429.
Estimated Time per Respondent: 30 minutes.
Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 2,715 hrs.

The following paragraph applies to all of the collections of information covered by this notice.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.

Request for Comments: Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will become a matter of public record. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information.

Approved: June 5, 2019.
Laurie Brimmer,
Senior Tax Analyst.
[FR Doc. 2019–12190 Filed 6–10–19; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4830–01–P
Federal Register
Vol. 84, No. 112
Tuesday, June 11, 2019

Reader Aids

CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATION

Federal Register/Code of Federal Regulations
General Information, indexes and other finding aids 202–741–6000
Laws 741–6000
Presidential Documents
Executive orders and proclamations 741–6000
The United States Government Manual 741–6000
Other Services
Electronic and on-line services (voice) 741–6020
Privacy Act Compilation 741–6050

ELECTRONIC RESEARCH

World Wide Web
Full text of the daily Federal Register, CFR and other publications is located at: www.govinfo.gov.
Federal Register information and research tools, including Public Inspection List and electronic text are located at: www.federalregister.gov.

E-mail
FEDREGTOC (Daily Federal Register Table of Contents Electronic Mailing List) is an open e-mail service that provides subscribers with a digital form of the Federal Register Table of Contents. The digital form of the Federal Register Table of Contents includes HTML and PDF links to the full text of each document.

To join or leave, go to https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USGPOOFFR/subscriber/new, enter your email address, then follow the instructions to join, leave, or manage your subscription.

PENS (Public Law Electronic Notification Service) is an e-mail service that notifies subscribers of recently enacted laws.

To subscribe, go to http://listserv.gsa.gov/archives/publaws-l.html and select Join or leave the list (or change settings); then follow the instructions.

FEDREGTOC and PENS are mailing lists only. We cannot respond to specific inquiries.

Reference questions. Send questions and comments about the Federal Register system to: fedreg.info@nara.gov
The Federal Register staff cannot interpret specific documents or regulations.

FEDERAL REGISTER PAGES AND DATE, JUNE

25493–25678..................3
25679–25974..................4
25975–26330..................5
26331–26542..................6
26543–26738..................7
26739–27026..................10
27027–27192..................11

CFR PARTS AFFECTED DURING JUNE

At the end of each month the Office of the Federal Register publishes separately a List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA), which lists parts and sections affected by documents published since the revision date of each title.

3 CFR
Proclamations:
9897.................................26313
9898.................................26315
9899.................................26317
9900.................................26319
9901.................................26321
9902.................................26323
9903.................................26737
Executive Orders:
11888 (Amended by Proc. 9902) .................................26323

5 CFR
894..................................26543
Proposed Rules:
532.................................26767
1650.................................26769
1651.................................26769

6 CFR
Proposed Rules:
31..................................25495

7 CFR
3434..................................26544
Proposed Rules:
340..................................26514
372..................................26514

10 CFR
170..................................26579
171..................................26579
Proposed Rules:
171.................................26774

12 CFR
50..................................25975
249.................................25975
268.................................27027
329.................................25975

13 CFR
Proposed Rules:
115.................................25496

14 CFR
25.................................25978, 26739, 26741
39.................................25982, 25984, 26331, 26334, 26546, 26548, 26556, 26743
71.................................25679, 26341, 26342, 26343, 26558, 26746
97.................................26748, 26749
Proposed Rules:
25.................................26593
39.................................26023, 26025, 26027, 26373, 26598, 26601, 26775, 26778, 26781, 27042
71.................................25497, 26376, 26377, 27044

15 CFR
705.................................26751
740.................................25986
746.................................25986

18 CFR
401.................................27035
420.................................27035

22 CFR
42.................................25989

25 CFR
Proposed Rules:
30.................................26785

26 CFR
1.................................26559
Proposed Rules:
1.................................26605

30 CFR
Proposed Rules:
913.................................26802

33 CFR
100.................................25680, 25685, 27036
117.................................26764, 27036
147.................................27036
165.................................25993, 25995, 25997, 25667, 25669, 25671, 25672, 25674, 27036, 27039
Proposed Rules:
165.................................25506, 25721, 25723

34 CFR
Ch. II.................................25682
225.................................25996
Proposed Rules:
Ch. III.................................26623

38 CFR
17.................................25998, 26278

39 CFR
20.................................26345

40 CFR
52.................................26019, 26347, 26349, 27039
80.................................26980
180.................................26352
271.................................26359
300.................................26576
Proposed Rules:
52.................................26030, 26031, 26041,
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CFR</th>
<th>Page Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>42 CFR</td>
<td>63, 70, 81, 180, 239, 300, 438, 423, 422, 412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44 CFR</td>
<td>482, 485, 206, 448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 CFR</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46 CFR</td>
<td>10, 11, 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47 CFR</td>
<td>1, 2, 5, 15, 27, 64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49 CFR</td>
<td>1152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 CFR</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>635</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>660</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>679</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>660</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LIST OF PUBLIC LAWS

This is a continuing list of public bills from the current session of Congress which have become Federal laws. This list is also available online at http://www.archives.gov/federal-register/laws.

The text of laws is not published in the Federal Register but may be ordered in “slip law” (individual pamphlet) form from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Publishing Office, Washington, DC 20402 (phone, 202–512–1808). The text will also be made available on the Internet from GPO’s Federal Digital System (FDsys) at http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys. Some laws may not yet be available.

H.R. 2157/P.L. 116–20
Additional Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Act, 2019 (June 6, 2019; 133 Stat. 871)
Last List June 4, 2019

Public Laws Electronic Notification Service (PENS)

PENS is a free electronic mail notification service of newly enacted public laws. To subscribe, go to http://listserv.gsa.gov/archives/publaws-l.html

Note: This service is strictly for E-mail notification of new laws. The text of laws is not available through this service. PENS cannot respond to specific inquiries sent to this address.