This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

FEDERAL RETIREMENT THRIFT INVESTMENT BOARD

5 CFR Part 1630

Privacy Act: Proposed Exemptions

AGENCY: Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended (the Act), the Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board (FRTIB) proposes to exempt four systems of records from certain requirements of the Act. FRTIB has previously published Systems of Records Notices (SORNs) for these systems.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by May 3, 2019.

ADDRESSES: You may submit written comments to FRTIB through the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the website instructions for submitting comments.

• Email: privacy@tsp.gov.

• Fax: 202–942–1676.

• Mail or Hand Delivery: Office of General Counsel, Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board, 77 K Street NE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marla Greenberg, Chief Privacy Officer, Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board, Office of General Counsel, 77 K Street NE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20002, 202–942–1600, privacy@tsp.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FRTIB proposes to revise its Privacy Act regulations at 5 CFR part 1630 to exempt one of its systems of records, FRTIB–13, from certain requirements of the Privacy Act; 5 U.S.C. 552a. Under the Privacy Act, individuals have a right of access to information pertaining to them which is contained in a system of records. At the same time, the Privacy Act permits certain types of systems to be exempt from some of the Privacy Act requirements. Subsection (k)(2) of the Privacy Act authorizes the head of an agency to exempt a system of records from the applicable subsections if investigatory records are compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the disclosure of such material would reveal the identity of a source who furnished information to the Government under an express promise that the identity of the source would be held in confidence.

As indicated in the Agency’s accompanying Privacy Act system of records notices amending FRTIB–13, this system contains information compiled by the Agency in the course of carrying out its fiduciary duties to detect and prevent fraudulent activity against participant accounts. FRTIB’s fraud and forgery records fall under the exemption stated within subsection (k)(2) of the Privacy Act because these records are compiled for law enforcement purposes. FRTIB proposes to exempt eligible records contained within FRTIB–13 from the requirements of subsections (c)(3); (d); (e)(1); (e)(4)(G), (H), (I); and (f), which require agencies to provide an accounting of disclosures; provide notification, access, and amendment rights, rules, and procedures; maintain only relevant and necessary information; and identify categories of record sources. Exempting records from this system is necessary and appropriate to maintain the integrity of FRTIB’s investigations into allegations of fraud or forgery and to ensure that FRTIB’s efforts to obtain accurate and objective information will be successful. FRTIB has previously published a SORN for this system in the Federal Register; 81 FR 7106, 7111 (Feb. 10, 2016). To the extent that FRTIB uses investigatory material within this system of records as a basis for denying an individual any right, privilege, or benefit to which an individual would be entitled in the absence of that record, FRTIB will grant that individual access to the material except to the extent that access would reveal the identity of a source promised confidentiality.

These exemptions apply only to the extent that information in this system is subject to exemption pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k). Where FRTIB determines compliance would not appear to interfere with or adversely affect the purpose of this system to investigate and prevent fraud, the applicable exemption may be waived by FRTIB in its sole discretion. Exemptions from the particular subsections are necessary and appropriate, and justified for the following reasons:

• 5 U.S.C. 552a(a)(3) (the requirement to provide accountings of disclosures) and 5 U.S.C. 552a(d)(1)–(4) (requirements addressing notification, access, and amendment rights, collectively referred to herein as access requirements). Providing individuals with notification, access, and amendment rights with respect to allegations and investigations into fraud against participant accounts could reveal the existence of an investigation; investigative interest; investigative techniques; details about an investigation; security-sensitive information such as information about security measures and security vulnerabilities; information that must remain non-public to protect personal privacy-identities of law enforcement personnel; or other sensitive or privacy-protected information. Revealing such information to individuals would compromise or otherwise impede pending and future law enforcement investigations and efforts to protect sensitive information. Revealing such information would also violate personal privacy. Additionally, revealing this information would enable individuals to evade detection and apprehension by security and law enforcement personnel; destroy, conceal, or tamper with evidence or fabricate testimony; or harass, intimidate, harm, coerce, or retaliate against witnesses, complainants, investigators, security personnel, law enforcement personnel, or their family members, their employees, or other individuals. With respect to investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, the exemption pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(2) from access requirements in subsection (d) of the Act is statutorily limited. If any individual is denied a right, privilege, or benefit to which the individual would otherwise be entitled by Federal law or for which the individual would otherwise be eligible, access will be granted, except to the extent that the disclosure would reveal the identity of a source who furnished the information to the Government under an express promise of confidentiality.

• 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(1) (the requirement to maintain only relevant and necessary

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information authorized by statute or Executive Order). It will not always be possible to determine at the time information is received or compiled in this system of records whether the information is or will be relevant and necessary to a law enforcement investigation. For example, a tip or lead that does not appear relevant or necessary when combined with other information that reveals a pattern or that comes to light later.

- 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(G) and (H) (the requirements to describe procedures by which subjects may be notified of whether the system of records contains records about them and seek access or amendment of a record). These requirements concern individual access to records, and the records are exempt under subsections (c) and (d) of the Act, as described above. To the extent that subsection (e)(4)(G) and (H) are interpreted to require the Agency to promulgate more detailed procedures regarding record notification, access, or amendment than have been published in the Federal Register, exemption from those provisions is necessary for the same rationale as applies to subsections (c) and (d).

- 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(I) (the requirement to describe the categories of record sources). To the extent that this subsection is interpreted to require a more detailed description regarding the record sources in this system than has been published in the Federal Register, exemption from this provision is necessary to protect the sources of law enforcement and intelligence information and to protect the privacy and safety of witnesses and informants and others who provide information to FRTIB or as part of the TSP.

**Regulatory Flexibility Act**

I certify that this regulation will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This regulation will affect Federal employees and members of the uniformed services who participate in the Thrift Savings Plan, which is a Federal defined contribution retirement savings plan created under the Federal Employees’ Retirement System Act of 1986 (FERSA), Public Law 99–335, 100 Stat. 514, and which is administered by the Agency.

**Paperwork Reduction Act**

I certify that these regulations do not require additional reporting under the criteria of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

**Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995**

Pursuant to the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. 602, 632, 653, 1501 1571, the effects of this regulation on state, local, and tribal governments and the private sector have been assessed. This regulation will not compel the expenditure in any one year of $100 million or more by state, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector. Therefore, a statement under § 1532 is not required.

**List of Subjects in 5 CFR Part 1630**

Privacy.

Accordingly, FRTIB proposes to revise 5 CFR part 1630 as follows:

**PART 1630—PRIVACY ACT REGULATIONS**

1. The authority citation for Part 1630 continues to read as follows:


2. Amend §1630.15 by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

   §1630.15 Exemptions.

   (b) Those designated systems of records which are exempt from the requirements of sections (c)(3); (d); (e)(1); (e)(4)(G), (H), (I); and (f) of the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a, include FRTIB–13, Fraud and Forgery Records.

   Dated: March 21, 2019.

   Ravindra Deo,
   Executive Director.

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

**Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service**

9 CFR Part 92

[Docket No. APHIS–2017–0105]

RIN 0579–AE43

**Evaluation and Recognition of the Animal Health Status of Compartments**

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** We are proposing to establish standards to allow us to recognize compartments for animal disease status, consistent with World Organization for Animal Health international standards. Under this proposed rule, when a foreign government submits a request for recognition of a compartment, we would conduct a disease risk assessment based on a list of eight factors that closely parallel those we use when conducting regionalization evaluations, and we would provide for public notice of and comment on the risk assessment. We would also add provisions for imposing import restrictions and/or prohibitions when a compartment we have recognized as disease-free experiences an outbreak and for lifting those sanctions once the outbreak has been controlled. These proposed standards would provide a tool that may be used to preserve international trade when regionalization is not feasible.

**DATES:** We will consider all comments that we receive on or before June 3, 2019.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments by either of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to http://www.regulations.gov/#!docketDetail;D=APHIS–2017–0105

- Postal Mail/Commercial Delivery: Send your comment to Docket No. APHIS–2017–0105, Regulatory Analysis and Development, PPD, APHIS, Station 3A–03.8, 4700 River Road, Unit 118, Riverdale, MD 20737–1238.

Supporting documents and any comments we receive on this docket may be viewed at http://www.regulations.gov/#!docketDetail;D=APHIS–2017–0105 or in our reading room, which is located in Room 1141 of the USDA South Building, 14th Street and Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC. Normal reading room hours are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. To be sure someone is there to help you,