

overall paperwork burdens for operators of earth stations in motion, serving the public interest by streamlining the collection of information and allow the Commission to authorize routine licensing of ESIM operations in the Ka-band while protecting the interests of FSS operators.

Specifically, FCC 18–138 contains new or modified information collection requirements listed below:

(1) Earth Stations on Vessel (ESV), Vehicle-Mounted Earth Station (VMES) and Earth Station Aboard Aircraft (ESAA) requirements previously incorporated in 25.221, 25.222, 25.226 and 25.227 have been streamlined and are in the new ESIMs section 25.228.

(2) Minor discrepancies between the previous rules in 25.221, 25.222, 25.226 and 25.227 were harmonized in the new section 25.228.

(3) The antenna pointing accuracy requirement contained in the individual ESV, VMES, and ESAA rules in Sections 25.221, 25.222, 25.226, and 25.227 were eliminated.

(4) Cross references to the previous rules in 25.221, 25.222, 25.226 and 25.227 were eliminated from footnotes to the Table of Allocations, 47 CFR 2.106 and all other rule sections in Part 25.

(5) The off-axis equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) density provisions of Section 25.138 were merged into Section 25.218, thus extending the applicability of Section 25.218 to conventional Ka-band GSO FSS earth stations. This applies a single set of limits across all types of FSS earth station, including those on mobile platforms, and increases the number of applicants who are considered “two-degree-spacing compliant,” and the operators of their target space stations are not required to coordinate the operation of these earth stations with operators of nearby space stations.

(6) Sections 25.130 and 25.131 were merged into Section 25.115, eliminating duplication of rules and making use of the FCC Form 312 EZ permissive, not mandatory.

(7) The data logging requirements that were in paragraphs (a)(5) of Sections 25.221 and 25.222 for C- and Ku-band ESV operators and in paragraphs (a)(6) of Sections 25.226 and 25.227 for Ku-band VMES and ESAA operators were eliminated.

(8) The option to use the alternative licensing compliance demonstration of demonstrating that an earth station antenna gain pattern complies with the off-axis gain limits in Section 25.209, and that the antenna input power density complies with limits in Section

25.212, was extended to ESIM applications.

(9) The certification for a C-band ESV system in Section 25.221(b)(3)(v) regarding compliance with the power limits in Section 25.204(h) is eliminated as no longer necessary.

(10) Sections 25.115(l)–(n)(3)(i) requires all applicants to: “provide a *certification* that the ESIM system is capable of detecting and automatically ceasing emissions when an individual ESIM transmitter exceeds the relevant off-axis EIRP spectral density limits specified in § 25.218, or the limits provided to the target satellite operator for operation under § 25.220” in lieu of a demonstration.

This collection is used by the Commission’s staff in carrying out its statutory duties to regulate satellite communications in the public interest, as generally provided under 47 U.S.C. 154, 301, 302, 303, 307, 309, 310, 319, 332, 605, and 721. This collection is also used by staff in carrying out United States treaty obligations under the World Trade Organization (WTO) Basic Telecom Agreement. The information collected is used for the practical and necessary purposes of assessing the legal, technical, and other qualifications of applicants; determining compliance by applicants, licensees, and other grantees with Commission rules and the terms and conditions of their grants; and concluding whether, and under what conditions, grant of an authorization will serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

As technology advances and new spectrum is allocated for satellite use, applicants for satellite service will continue to submit the information required in 47 CFR part 25 of the Commission’s rules. Without such information, the Commission could not determine whether to permit respondents to provide telecommunication services in the United States. Therefore, the Commission would be unable to fulfill its statutory responsibilities in accordance with the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the obligations imposed on parties to the WTO Basic Telecom Agreement.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[OMB 3060–0975]

Information Collection Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burdens, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), the Federal Communications Commission (FCC or Commission) invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collections. Comments are requested concerning: Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; the accuracy of the Commission’s burden estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and ways to further reduce the information collection burden on small business concerns with fewer than 25 employees.

The FCC may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the PRA that does not display a valid OMB control number.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before May 24, 2019. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments but find it difficult to do so within the time period allowed by this notice, you should advise the contacts below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all PRA comments to Cathy Williams, FCC, via email PRA@fcc.gov and to Cathy.Williams@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information about the information collection, contact Cathy Williams at (202) 418–2918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0975.

Title: Sections 68.105 and 1.4000, Promotion of Competitive Networks in

Local Telecommunications Markets Multiple Tenant Environments (MTEs).

Form Number: Not applicable.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit entities, not-for-profit institutions, and State, local, or Tribal governments.

Number of Respondents and Responses: 6,570 respondents; 232,183 responses.

Estimated Time per Response: 0.5 hour–10 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement and third-party disclosure requirement.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits. Statutory authority for this information collection is contained in 47 U.S.C. 151 and the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Public Law 104–104.

Total Annual Burden: 166,185 hours.

Total Annual Cost: No cost.

Privacy Act Impact Assessment: There are no impacts under the Privacy Act.

Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: There is no need for confidentiality with this collection of information.

Needs and Uses: This information facilitates efficient interaction between premises owners and local exchange carriers (LECs) regarding the placement of the demarcation point, which marks the end of wiring under control of the LEC and the beginning of wiring under the control of the premises owner or subscriber. The demarcation point is a critical point of interconnection where competitive LECs can gain access to the inside wiring of the building to provide service to customers in the building. This collection also helps ensure that customer-end antennas used for telecommunications service comply with the Commission's limits on radiofrequency exposure and provides the Commission with information on the state of the market. In short, this collection helps foster competition in local telecommunications markets by ensuring that competing telecommunications providers can provide services to customers in multiple tenant environments.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene Dortch,

Secretary, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–05622 Filed 3–22–19; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

[NOTICE 2019—07]

Filing Dates for the North Carolina Special Election in the 9th Congressional District

AGENCY: Federal Election Commission.

ACTION: Notice of filing dates for special election.

SUMMARY: North Carolina has scheduled special elections to fill the U.S. House of Representatives seat in the 9th Congressional District.

DATES: There are three possible special elections, but only two may be necessary.

- *Special Primary Election:* May 14, 2019.
- *Possible Special Runoff Election:* September 10, 2019. In the event that the top vote-getter does not achieve over 30% of the votes cast in his/her party's Special Primary Election, the top two vote-getters of that party may participate in a Special Runoff Election.
- *Special General Election:* November 5, 2019. However, if a Special Runoff Election is not necessary, the Special General will instead be held on September 10, 2019.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Elizabeth S. Kurland, Information Division, 1050 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20463; Telephone: (202) 694–1100; Toll Free (800) 424–9530.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Principal Campaign Committees

Special Primary Only

All principal campaign committees of candidates *only* participating in the North Carolina Special Primary Election shall file a Pre-Primary Report on May 2, 2019. (See chart below for the closing date for the report).

Special Primary and Special General Without Special Runoff

If only two elections are held, all principal campaign committees of candidates participating in the North Carolina Special Primary and Special General Elections shall file a Pre-Primary Report on May 2, 2019; a Pre-General Report on August 29, 2019; and a Post-General Report on October 10, 2019. (See chart below for the closing date for each report).

Special Primary and Special Runoff Elections

If three elections are held, all principal campaign committees of

candidates *only* participating in the North Carolina Special Primary and Special Runoff Elections shall file a Pre-Primary Report on May 2, 2019; and a Pre-Runoff Report on August 29, 2019. (See chart below for the closing date for each report.)

Special Primary, Special Runoff and Special General Elections

All principal campaign committees of candidates participating in the North Carolina Special Primary, Special Runoff and Special General Elections shall file a Pre-Primary Report on May 2, 2019; a Pre-Runoff Report on August 29, 2019; a Pre-General Report on October 24, 2019; and a Post-General Report on December 5, 2019. (See chart below for the closing date for each report.)

Unauthorized Committees (PACs and Party Committees)

Political committees not filing monthly in 2019 are subject to special election reporting if they make previously undisclosed contributions or expenditures in connection with the North Carolina Special Primary, Special Runoff or Special General Elections by the close of books for the applicable report(s). (See charts below for the closing date for each report.)

Committees filing monthly that make contributions or expenditures in connection with the North Carolina Special Primary, Special Runoff or Special General Elections will continue to file according to the monthly reporting schedule.

Additional disclosure information in connection with the North Carolina Special Elections may be found on the FEC website at <https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/dates-and-deadlines/>.

Disclosure of Lobbyist Bundling Activity

Principal campaign committees, party committees and Leadership PACs that are otherwise required to file reports in connection with the special elections must simultaneously file FEC Form 3L if they receive two or more bundled contributions from lobbyists/registrants or lobbyist/registrant PACs that aggregate in excess of \$18,700 during the special election reporting periods. (See charts below for closing date of each period.) 11 CFR 104.22(a)(5)(v), (b), 110.17(e)(2), (f).