respondents’ data as data stewards under Title 13. Federal Register Notice “Soliciting Feedback from Users on 2020 Census Data Products,” July 19, 2018 (Vol. 83, pp. 34111–34112, FR Doc No. 2018–15458) was published with a 60-day comment period. It requested feedback from users on specific tables and geographic detail for decennial census products such as Summary File 1, Summary File 2, and the Demographic Profile. The last day to provide comment on the notice was September 17, 2018. Subsequently, this notice was reopened for an additional 60-day comment period on October 9, 2018 (Vol. 83, p. 50636, FR Doc No. 2018–21837). The last day to provide comments on this notice was November 8, 2018. The final suite of 2020 Census data products will be determined in the summer of 2019.

P. Archiving

The Archiving (ARC) Operation performs the following functions:
- Coordinates storage of the materials and data and provides records deemed permanent as the official data of the 2020 Census, including files containing the individual responses to the 2020 Census, to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).
- Provides similar files to the Census Bureau’s National Processing Center in Indiana to use as source materials to conduct the Age Search Service.
- Stores data to cover in-house needs.

Q. Federally Affiliated Count Overseas

The Federally Affiliated Count Overseas operation obtains counts by home state of United States military and federal civilian employees who are stationed or assigned overseas and their dependents living with them. For the 2020 Census, overseas is defined as anywhere outside the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas: American Samoa, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the United States Virgin Islands. Counts are submitted from Federal agencies and the Department of Defense (Defense Manpower Data Command) through a Census Bureau secure server and are used to allocate the federally affiliated population living overseas to their home state for the purposes of apportioning seats in the U.S. House of Representatives. If military and federal civilian employees of the U.S. government are deployed overseas while stationed or assigned within the U.S., they are counted at their U.S. residence where they live or sleep most of the time using administrative data provided by Federal agencies and the Department of Defense. See Section K for more info on how we count statewide military personnel.

R. Island Areas Censuses

The purpose of the Island Areas Censuses (IAC) operation is to enumerate all residents of American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands; process and tabulate the collected data; and disseminate data products to the public. All data collection activities for the IAC will rely on the use of paper questionnaires, paper maps, and paper address registers to record the physical addresses of housing units and group quarters. The IAC questionnaire will leverage the American Community Survey questionnaire with minor wording changes in order to take into account the Island Areas local governments’ concerns, where possible. Enumerators will list the addresses using paper address registers. Once the addresses have been listed, enumerators will visit every living quarter to conduct interviews with household members and follow up as necessary. The IAC will perform a clerical review of all completed questionnaires for completeness and data consistency, a re-interview for a sample of questionnaires, and an independent address check. The response data will be processed through the Decennial Response Processing System. Data products will include counts of the population and housing units, data profiles, subject tables, ranking tables, and supplemental tables.

S. Evaluations and Experiments

The Census Bureau is not currently planning a separate package for the Evaluations and Experiments program, as has been done in past censuses. For the 2020 Census, these evaluations and experiments will be described either as Substantive Changes to this package, to the Census Bureau’s Post-Enumeration Survey Independent Listing and QC OMB package, or within the Generic Clearance for Decennial Census Field Tests and Evaluations, covered under OMB approval #0607–0971.

Affected Public: Individuals or Households.

Frequency: Once every 10 years.

Respondent’s Obligation: Mandatory.

Legal Authority: Title 13, United States Code, Section 141.

This information collection request may be viewed at www.reginfo.gov. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, whether or not assembled into modules (solar cells), from the People’s Republic of China (China), and initiated the review on February 23, 2018. The POR is December 1, 2016, through November 30, 2017. On July 27, 2018, we rescinded the review with respect to Changzhou Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd./Trina Solar (Changzhou) Science and Technology Co., Ltd./Yancheng Trina Solar Energy Technology Co., Ltd./Changzhou Trina Solar Yabang Energy Co., Ltd./Turpan Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd./Hubei Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd.2

Scope of the Order

The merchandise covered by the order is crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, and modules, laminates, and panels, consisting of crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, whether or not partially or fully assembled into other products, including, but not limited to, modules, laminates, panels and building integrated materials. Merchandise covered by this order is classifiable under subheadings 8501.61.0000, 8507.20.80, 8541.40.6015, 8541.40.6020, 8541.40.6045, and 8501.31.8000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.

Preliminary Determination of No Shipments

We preliminarily determine that there is no evidence calling into question the no shipment claims of the following companies: Anji DaSol Solar Energy Science & Technology Co., Ltd.; BYD (Shanghai) Industrial Co., Ltd.; Jiawei Solararchina Co., Ltd.; LERRI Solar Technology Co., Ltd.; Ningbo ETDZ Holdings, Ltd.; Sunpreme Solar Technology (Jiaxing) Co., Ltd.; and, Toenergy Technology Hangzhou Co., Ltd. We found that Wuxi Suntech Power Co., Ltd./Luoyang Suntech Power Co., Ltd. and Zhejiang ERA Solar Technology Co., Ltd., which claimed no exports, sales or entries of subject merchandise during the POR did, in fact, sell subject merchandise to the United States during the POR. Neither of these companies filed a separate rate application or certification and thus they have not established their entitlement to a separate rate in this review. For additional information regarding this preliminary determination, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Preliminary Affiliation and Single Entity Determination

We preliminarily determine that Chint Energy (Haining) Co., Ltd., Chint Solar (Jiuquan) Co., Ltd., and Chint Solar (Hong Kong) Company Limited are affiliated with Chint Solar (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. (CSZ) (collectively, Chint Solar), pursuant to section 771(33)(E) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and that all of these companies should be treated as a single entity pursuant to 19 CFR 351.401(f)(1)–(2). For additional information, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

We also preliminarily determine that Risen (Wuhai) New Energy Co., Ltd., Zhejiang Twinsel Electronic Technology Co., Ltd., Risen (Luoyang) New Energy Co., Ltd., Jiujiang Shengchao Xinye Technology Co., Ltd., Jiujiang Shengzhao Xinye Trade Co., Ltd., Ruichang Branch, and Risen Energy (HongKong) Co., Ltd. are affiliated with Risen Energy Co., Ltd. (Risen Energy) (collectively, Risen) pursuant to sections 771(33)(E) and (F) of the Act and all of these companies should be treated as a single entity pursuant to 19 CFR 351.401(f)(1)–(2). For additional information, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum and Risen Collapsing Memorandum.5

We also preliminarily determine that Anji DaSol Solar Energy Science & Technology Co., Ltd., Risen (Wuhai) New Energy Co., Ltd., and Chint Solar Unreported FOPs are separate rates status because they did not file a separate rate application or certification with Commerce:

1. De-Tech Trading Limited HK
2. Dongguan Sunworth Solar Energy Co., Ltd.
4. Jiawei Solararchina Co., Ltd.
5. LERRI Solar Technology Co., Ltd.
6. Ningbo ETDZ Holdings, Ltd.
7. Sunpreme Solar Technology (Jiaxing) Co., Ltd.
8. Toenergy Technology Hangzhou Co., Ltd.
9. Wuxi Suntech Power Co., Ltd.
10. Luoyang Suntech Power Co., Ltd.
11. Zhejiang ERA Solar Technology Co., Ltd.
13. Risen Energy Co., Ltd.
15. Zhejiang Twinsel Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
17. Jiujiang Shengchao Xinye Technology Co., Ltd.
18. Jiujiang Shengzhao Xinye Trade Co., Ltd.
20. Risen Energy (HongKong) Co., Ltd.

Separate Rates

Commerce preliminarily determines that the information placed on the record by Risen and Chint Solar, as well as by the other companies listed in the table, is reliable in the “Preliminary Results of Review” section below, demonstrates that these companies are entitled to separate rate status. Commerce calculated rates for the mandatory respondents, Risen and Chint Solar, that are not zero, de minimis, or based entirely on facts available and calculated a rate for the companies to which it granted separate rates status, but which it did not individually examine, as described in the Separate Rate Calculation Memorandum and the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Commerce preliminarily determines that the following companies have not demonstrated their entitlement to separate rates status because they did not file a separate rate application or certification with Commerce:

1. De-Tech Trading Limited HK
2. Dongguan Sunworth Solar Energy Co., Ltd.

3. Eoplly New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.
4. ERA Solar Co., Ltd.
5. Hangzhou Sunny Energy Science and Technology Co., Ltd.
7. Jinko Solar International Limited
8. LightWay Green New Energy Co., Ltd.
9. Systemes Versilis, Inc.
10. tenKsolar (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
11. Yingli Green Energy Holding Company Limited

Commerce is preliminarily treating these companies as part of the China-wide entity. Because no party requested a review of the China-wide entity, the entity is not under review and the entity's rate (i.e., 238.95 percent) is not subject to change. For additional information regarding Commerce’s separate rates determinations, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Act. Commerce calculated export and constructed export prices in accordance with section 772 of the Act. Because Commerce has determined that China is a non-market economy country, within the meaning of section 771(18) of the Act, Commerce calculated NV in accordance with section 773(c) of the Act.

For a full description of the methodology underlying the preliminary results of this review, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is made available to the public via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov and is available to all parties in the Central Records Unit, room B8024 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be found at https://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/. The signed and the electronic versions of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Preliminary Results of Review

Commerce preliminarily determines that the following weighted-average dumping margins exist for the POR:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exporter</th>
<th>Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chint Solar (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd./Chint Energy (Haining) Co., Ltd./Chint Solar (Jiueuan) Co., Ltd./Chint Solar (Hong Kong)</td>
<td>98.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Limited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risen Energy Co., Ltd./Risen (Wuhai) New Energy Co., Ltd./Zhejiang Twinsel Electronic Technology Co., Ltd./Risen (Luoyang) New Energy Co., Ltd./Jiijiang Shengzhao Xinye Technology Co., Ltd./Jiijiang Shengzhao Xinye Trade Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>15.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ruichang Branch/Risen Energy (HongKong), Co., Ltd.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Solar International Limited/Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Changshu), Inc./Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Luoyang) Inc./CSI Cells Co., Ltd./CSI–GCL Solar Manufacturing (YanCheng) Co., Ltd./CSI Solar Power (China) Inc</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ET Solar Energy Limited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hengdian Group DMEGC Magnetics Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JA Solar Technology Yangzhou Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiangsu High Hope Int'l Group</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jiawei Solarchina (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JingAo Solar Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jinko Solar Import and Export Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nice Sun PV Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ningbo Oixin Solar Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanghai BYD Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shanghai JA Solar Technology Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shenzhen Sungold Solar Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shenzhen Topray Solar Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunmax Hardware &amp; Tools Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taizhou BD Trade Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wuxi Tianran Photovoltaic Co., Ltd.</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xiamen Eco-sources Technology Co., Ltd</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zhejiang Sunflower Light Energy Science &amp; Technology Limited Liability Company</td>
<td>44.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Disclosure and Public Comment

Commerce intends to disclose to parties the calculations performed for these preliminary results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b). Interested parties may submit case briefs no later than 30 days.

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8 The China-wide entity rate was last changed in the first administrative review of this proceeding and has been the applicable rate for the entity in each subsequent review, including the one most recently completed. See Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, from the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2012–2013, 80 FR 40998, 41002 (July 14, 2015) (AR1 Final); Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, from the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2015–2016, 83 FR 35616, 35618 (July 27, 2018).
9 See Antidumping Duty Investigation of Certain Aluminum Foil from the People’s Republic of China: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 83 FR 9292 (March 5, 2018).
after the date of publication of these preliminary results of review. Rebuttal briefs may be filed no later than five days after case briefs are due and may respond only to arguments raised in the case briefs. A table of contents, list of authorities used, and an executive summary of issues should accompany any briefs submitted to Commerce. The summary should be limited to five pages total, including footnotes.

Interested parties who wish to request a hearing must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain the party’s name, address, and telephone number, the number of participants in, and a list of the issues to be discussed at, the hearing. Oral arguments at the hearing will be limited to issues raised in the briefs. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230, at a date and time to be determined. Parties should confirm by telephone the date, time, and location of the hearing two days before the scheduled date of the hearing.

All submissions, with limited exceptions, must be filed electronically using ACCESS. An electronically filed document must be received successfully in its entirety by Commerce’s electronic records system, ACCESS, by 5 p.m. Eastern Time (ET) on the due date. Documents excepted from the electronic submission requirements must be filed manually (i.e., in paper form) with the APO/Dockets Unit in Room 18022 and stamped with the date and time of receipt by 5 p.m. ET on the due date.

Unless otherwise extended, Commerce intends to issue the final results of this administrative review, which will include the results of its analysis of issues raised in any briefs, within 120 days of publication of these preliminary results of review, pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act.

Assessment Rates

Upon issuance of the final results of this review, Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after the publication date of the final results of this review. For each individually examined respondent in this review whose weighted-average dumping margin in the final results of review is not zero or de minimis (i.e., less than 0.5 percent), Commerce intends to calculate importer-specific assessment rates, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). Where the respondent reported reliable entered values, Commerce intends to calculate importer-specific ad valorem assessment rates by aggregating the amount of dumping calculated for all U.S. sales to the importer and dividing this amount by the total entered value of the sales to the importer. Where the respondent did not report entered values, Commerce will calculate importer-specific assessment rates by dividing the amount of dumping for reviewed sales to the importer by the total sales quantity associated with those transactions. Commerce will calculate an estimated ad valorem importer-specific assessment rate to determine whether the per-unit rate is de minimis, however, Commerce will direct CBP to assess importer-specific assessment rates where the entered value was not reported based on the resulting per-unit rates. Where an importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate is not zero or de minimis, Commerce will instruct CBP to collect the appropriate duties at the time of liquidation. Where either the respondent’s weighted average dumping margin is zero or de minimis, or an importer-specific ad valorem assessment rate is zero or de minimis, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Pursuant to Commerce’s refinement to its practice, for sales that were not reported in the U.S. sales database submitted by an exporter individually examined during this review, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate such merchandise at the rate for the China-wide entity. Additionally, where Commerce determines that an exporter under review had no shipments of the subject merchandise, any suspended entries that entered under that exporter’s CBP case number will be liquidated at the rate for the China-wide entity.

In accordance with section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act, the final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the final results of this review and for future deposits of estimated antidumping duties, where applicable.

Cash Deposit Requirements

Commerce will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit for antidumping duties equal to the weighted-average amount by which the NV exceeds U.S. price. The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for shipments of the subject merchandise from China entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) For the exporters listed above, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this review (except, if the rate is de minimis (i.e., less than 0.5 percent), then the cash deposit rate will be zero for that exporter); (2) for previously investigated or reviewed Chinese and non-Chinese exporters not listed above that have separate rates, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the exporter-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding; (3) for all Chinese exporters of subject merchandise which have not been found to be entitled to a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate for the China-wide entity (i.e., 238.95 percent) and (4) for all non-Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that have not received their own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to China exporter that supplied that non-Chinese exporter. These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties and/or countervailing duties prior to

FR 65694 (October 24, 2011), for a full discussion of this practice.

23 See AR1 Final, 80 FR at 41002.
liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce’s presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties and/or countervailing duties has occurred, and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these results in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213 and 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: December 20, 2018.

P. Lee Smith,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations.

Appendix—List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

• Summary
• Background
• Scope of the Order
• Preliminary Determination of No Shipments
• Selection of Respondents
• Single Entity Treatment
• Discussion of the Methodology
  ○ Non-Market Economy Country
  ○ Separate Rates
  ○ Application of Partial Facts Available (FA) and Adverse Facts Available (AFA)
  ○ Surrogate Country Selection
  ○ Date of Sale
  ○ Fair Value Comparisons
  ○ U.S. Price
  ○ Normal Value
  ○ Adjustments for Countervailable Subsidies
  ○ Export Subsidy Adjustment
  ○ Separate Rate Companies
  ○ Currency Conversion
• Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2018–28239 Filed 12–27–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–OS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
International Trade Administration
[A–570–983]
Drawn Stainless Steel Sinks From the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Preliminary Determination of No Shipments; 2017–2018

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily finds that certain companies made sales of subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), April 1, 2017, through March 31, 2018. We invite interested parties to comment on these preliminary results.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rebecca Janz or Joshua Tucker, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2972 or (202) 482–2044, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the order include drawn stainless steel sinks. Imports of subject merchandise are currently classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7324.10.0000 and 7324.10.0010. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.1

Preliminary Determination of No Shipments

Based on our analysis of U.S. Customs and Border Production (CBP) information and information provided by the companies, we preliminarily determine that Zhuhai KOHLER Kitchen & Bathroom Products Co., Ltd. (Zhuhai KOHLER) and Yuyao Afa Kitchenware Co., Ltd. (Yuyao Afa) did not participate in this segment of the proceeding. Commerce finds that the four mandatory respondents have not submitted separate rate applications or certifications by the deadline set forth in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum. Commerce holds that these companies failed to establish the entitlement to a separate rate and, therefore, remain part of the China-wide

1 For a complete description of the Scope of the Order, see Memorandum, “Decision Memorandum for Preliminary Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Drawn Stainless Steel Sinks From the People’s Republic of China,” issued concurrently with and hereby adopted by this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).