agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by September 17, 2018. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not

affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: July 9, 2018.

#### Cathy Stepp,

Regional Administrator, Region 5.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

#### **EPA-APPROVED OHIO REGULATIONS**

# PART 52—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

■ 2. In § 52.1870, the table in paragraph (c) is amended under "Chapter 3745–31 Permit-to Install New Sources and Permit-to-Install and Operate Program" by revising the entry for "3745–31–01" and adding an second entry for "3745–31–01" in numerical order to read as follows:

#### § 52.1870 Identification of plan.

\* \* \* \* \*

Ohio citation	Title/subject	Ohio effective date	EPA appr	oval date	Notes	3		
*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Chapter 3745–31 Permit-to Install New Sources and Permit-to-Install and Operate Program								
3745–31–01	Definitions	5/29/2014	6/2/2015, 80 FR	36477	Except for (I), (N (QQQQ), (WWWW), (VVVVV), (BBBBBB)			
3745–31–01	Definitions	3/20/2017	7/18/2018, [Inse ister citation].	rt Federal Reg-		NN), (WŴŴŴ),		
*	*	*	*	*	*	*		

[FR Doc. 2018–15254 Filed 7–17–18; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### 40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R05-OAR-2017-0099; FRL-9980-96-Region 5]

# Air Plan Approval; Minnesota; Flint Hills Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) Revision

AGENCY: Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is approving a revision to the Minnesota sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the Flint Hills Resources, LLC Pine Bend Refinery (FHR) as submitted on February 8, 2017. The SIP revision pertains to the installation and removal of certain equipment at the refinery and

amendments to certain emission limits, resulting in an overall decrease of  $SO_2$  emissions from FHR.

**DATES:** This final rule is effective on August 17, 2018.

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R05-OAR-2017-0099. All documents in the docket are listed on the www.regulations.gov website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, i.e., Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either through www.regulations.gov or at the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604. This facility is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through

Friday, excluding Federal holidays. We recommend that you telephone Anthony Maietta, Environmental Protection Specialist, at (312) 353–8777 before visiting the Region 5 office.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Anthony Maietta, Environmental Protection Specialist, Control Strategies Section, Air Programs Branch (AR–18J), Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 353–8777, maietta.anthony@epa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Throughout this document whenever "we," "us," or "our" is used, we mean EPA. This supplementary information section is arranged as follows:

- I. What is being addressed by this document?
- II. What comments did we receive on the proposed action?
- III. What action is EPA taking?
- IV. Incorporation by Reference
- V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

## I. What is being addressed by this document?

On February 8, 2017, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) submitted a request for EPA to approve into the Minnesota SIP the conditions cited as "Title I Condition: 40 CFR 50.4(SO<sub>2</sub> SIP); Title I Condition: 40 CFR 51; Title I Condition: 40 CFR pt. 52, subp. Y" in FHR's revised joint Title I/Title V document, Permit No. 03700011–101 (joint document 101). On April 26, 2018 (83 FR 18255), EPA proposed to approve MPCA's February 8, 2017 submittal.

MPCA's submittal demonstrated that ioint document 101 contains amended SIP conditions that, when combined, provide FHR with the ability to more efficiently upgrade hydrocarbons that are distilled from FHR's crude units into transportation fuels, primarily diesel. The amended SIP conditions allow FHR to increase fuel production and operate more efficiently and closer to the facility's overall distillation capacity. MPCA's submittal demonstrated that the amended SIP revisions reduce allowable SIP-based SO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 95.402 pounds per hour or 249.169 tons per year. After review, EPA proposed to approve MPCA's request to revise Minnesota's SO<sub>2</sub> SIP for FHR, reflected in conditions labeled "Title I Condition: 40 CFR 50.4(SO<sub>2</sub> SIP); Title I Condition: 40 CFR 51; Title I Condition: 40 CFR pt. 52, subp. Y" in joint document 101.

# II. What comments did we receive on the proposed action?

Our April 26, 2018 proposed rule provided a 30-day review and comment period. The comment period closed on May 29, 2018. EPA received one comment that was not relevant to the proposed action.

#### III. What action is EPA taking?

EPA is approving a revision to Minnesota's SO<sub>2</sub> SIP for FHR, as submitted by MPCA on February 8, 2017, and reflected in conditions labeled "Title I Condition: 40 CFR 50.4(SO<sub>2</sub> SIP); Title I Condition: 40 CFR 51; Title I Condition: 40 CFR pt. 52, subp. Y" in joint document 101.

#### IV. Incorporation by Reference

In this rule, EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference of the Minnesota Regulations described in the amendments to 40 CFR part 52 set forth below. EPA has made, and will continue to make, these documents generally available through www.regulations.gov

and at the EPA Region 5 Office (please contact the person identified in the "For Further Information Contact" section of this preamble for more information). Therefore, these materials have been approved by EPA for inclusion in the State implementation plan, have been incorporated by reference by EPA into that plan, are fully federally enforceable under sections 110 and 113 of the Clean Air Act as of the effective date of the final rulemaking of EPA's approval, and will be incorporated by reference in the next update to the SIP compilation.¹

# V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the Clean Air Act, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Clean Air Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. Accordingly, this action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, Ianuary 21, 2011);
- Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866;
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Public Law 104–4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
  - <sup>1</sup> 62 FR 27968 (May 22, 1997).

- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the Clean Air Act; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

In addition, the SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small **Business Regulatory Enforcement** Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by September 17, 2018. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.

Dated: July 9, 2018.

#### Cathy Stepp,

Regional Administrator, Region 5.

40 CFR part 52 is amended as follows:

#### PART 52—APPROVAL AND **PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

■ 2. In § 52.1220, the table in paragraph (d) is amended by revising the entry for "Flint Hills Resources Pine Bend, LLC" to read as follows:

§ 52.1220 Identification of plan.

(d) \* \* \*

#### EPA-APPROVED MINNESOTA SOURCE—SPECIFIC PERMITS

Name of source		Permit No.		State effective date	EPA approval date		Comments	
* Flint Hills Resources Pine Bend, LLC	*	03700011–101	*	1/13/2017	* 7/18/2018, [lr Register c		CFR Section 50.4	t as "Title I Condition: 40 (SO <sub>2</sub> SIP); Title I Condi- Title I Condition: 40 CFR
*	*		*		*	*	*	*

[FR Doc. 2018-15253 Filed 7-17-18; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

#### 47 CFR Part 73

[DA 18-699; MB Docket No. 18-43; RM-11797]

#### Radio Broadcasting Services; Connerville, Oklahoma

**AGENCY: Federal Communications** 

Commission. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** At the request of The Chickasaw Nation, the Audio Division amends the FM Table of Allotments by allotting FM Channel 247A at Connerville, Oklahoma, as a Tribal Allotment and a first local Tribal-owned service to the community. A staff engineering analysis indicates that Channel 247A can be allotted at Connerville, Oklahoma, as proposed, consistent with the minimum distance separation requirements of the Commission's rules with a site restriction 9.40 km (5.84 miles) southwest of the community. The reference coordinates are 34-25-00 NL and 96-43-53 WL.

DATES: Effective August 20, 2018. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Adrienne Y. Denysyk, Media Bureau, (202)418-2700.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Report and Order, MB Docket No. 18-43, adopted July 5, 2018, and released July 6, 2018. The full text of this

Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC's Reference Information Center at Portals II, CY-A257, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554. The full text is also available online at http://apps.fcc.gov/ecfs/. This document does not contain information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Public Law 104–13. The Commission will send a copy of the Report and Order in a report to be sent to Congress and the Government Accountability Office pursuant to the Congressional Review Act, see 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A).

#### List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio, Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission. Nazifa Sawez,

Assistant Chief, Audio Division, Media Bureau.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR part 73 as follows:

#### PART 73—RADIO BROADCAST **SERVICES**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 309, 310. 334, 336, and 339.

■ 2. In § 73.202(b), the table is amended under Oklahoma by adding Connerville, Channel 247A, in alphabetical order to read as follows:

#### §73.202 Table of Allotments.

\* \* (b) \* \* \*

Channel No.							
*	*	*	*	*			
Oklahoma							
*	*	*	*	*			
Connerv	ille			247A			
*	*	*	*	*			
* *	*	* *					
[FR Doc.	2018–1530	9 Filed 7–1	7-18; 8:45	am]			

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **National Oceanic and Atmospheric** Administration

50 CFR Part 229

RIN 0648-XG334

#### Pacific Island Pelagic Fisheries; False Killer Whale Take Reduction Plan; Closure of Southern Exclusion Zone

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Temporary rule; area closure; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS is closing the Southern Exclusion Zone (SEZ) to deep-set longline fishing through December 31, 2018, for all vessels registered under the Hawaii longline limited access program, as a result of the fishery reaching the established annual trigger of two observed false killer whale mortalities or serious injuries (M&SI) in the fishery