601, et seq., do not apply to this rule. Therefore, no new regulatory flexibility analysis is required and none has been prepared.

This action does not contain a collection of information requirement for the purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: January 30, 2018.

#### Samuel D. Rauch III,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 2018-02148 Filed 2-1-18; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 160808696-7010-02]

RIN 0648-BH47

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; 2017–18 Biennial Specifications and Management Measures; Inseason Adjustments

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final rule; inseason adjustments to biennial groundfish management measures.

SUMMARY: This final rule announces inseason changes to management measures in the Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries. This action, which is authorized by the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (PCGFMP), is intended to allow fisheries to access more abundant groundfish stocks while protecting overfished and depleted stocks.

**DATES:** This final rule is effective February 2, 2018.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Karen Palmigiano, phone: 206–526–4491, fax: 206–526–6736, or email: karen.palmigiano@noaa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Electronic Access**

This rule is accessible via the internet at the Office of the Federal Register website at https:// www.federalregister.gov. Background information and documents are available at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at http://www.pcouncil.org/.

### **Background**

The PCGFMP and its implementing regulations at title 50 in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), part 660, subparts C through G, regulate fishing for over 90 species of groundfish off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. Groundfish specifications and management measures are developed by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), and are implemented by NMFS.

The final rule to implement the 2017–18 harvest specifications and management measures for most species of the Pacific coast groundfish fishery was published on February 7, 2017 (82 FR 9634).

The Council, in coordination with Pacific Coast Treaty Indian Tribes and the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, recommended the following changes to current groundfish management measures at its November 13-20, 2017, meeting: (1) Increasing the big skate trip limits for the shorebased individual fishing quota (IFQ) program, (2) decreasing the sablefish trip limits for limited entry fixed gear (LEFG) and open access (OA) daily trip limit (DTL) fisheries north of 36° North Latitude (N lat.), and (3) increasing the lingcod trip limits for the LEFG and OA fisheries north of 40°10′ N lat.

Big Skate Trip Limits for the Shorebased IFQ Program

At the November 2017 Council meeting, the Council's Groundfish Advisory Subpanel (GAP) recommended higher trip limits for big skate for the shorebased IFO program in 2018. For 2017-18, the annual catch limit (ACL) was set at 494 metric tons (mt), the fishery harvest guideline (HG) was 437 mt, and the trawl allocation was 414.8 mt, which includes big skate caught by the at-sea fleet. Bi-monthly trip limits for 2017–18 were set at 5,000 pounds (lbs) (January-February), 25,000 lbs (March-April), 30,000 lbs (May-June), 35,000 lbs (July-August), 10,000 lbs (September-October), and 5,000 lbs (November–December).

In November 2017, based on the partial catch data for 2017, the Groundfish Management Team (GMT) estimated that attainment of big skate in the IFQ fishery would be 88 percent for 2018, approximately 365 mt. Given that the projected attainment of big skate was approaching full attainment with status quo trip limits, the GMT modeled modest increases in trip limits for 2018 using the 2016 Groundfish Mortality Report data and 2017 catch data. The

GMT's use of the additional 2017 catch data changed the projected 2018 annual targets relative to the original annual targets that were used to set the 2017-18 big skate trip limits. The two trip limit alternatives modeled by the GMT would result in higher estimated attainments (94 and 98 percent) of big skate than the estimated 88 percent attainment under the status quo trip limits. In order to maximize opportunity for vessels and increase attainment, the Council recommended and NMFS is implementing, by modifying Tables 1 (North and South) to part 660, subpart D, the following trip limits for big skate in the IFQ program: Period 1, 5,000 lbs, Period 2, 30,000 lbs, Period 3, 35,000 lbs, Period 4, 40,000 lbs, Period 5, 15,000 lbs, and Period 6, 5,000 lbs. These increased trip limits are expected to increase projected attainment of the big skate IFQ allocation to 98 percent in 2018.

LEFG and OA Sablefish DTL Fisheries North of 36° N Lat.

Sablefish are distributed coastwide with harvest specifications split north and south of 36° N lat. Trip limits in the LEFG and OA DTL fisheries, for species such as sablefish, are intended to keep attainment of the non-trawl HG within the ACL. The trip limits for sablefish for 2017–18 were established through the final rule for the 2017–18 harvest specifications (82 FR 9634) based on catch data through 2015.

Inseason catch data from 2017 suggested possible under-attainment of the sablefish non-trawl HG. During the September 2017 Council meeting, the GMT made model-based landings projections for the LEFG and OA sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. for the remainder of 2017 to assist the Council in evaluating potential increases to sablefish trip limits. These projections used the most recent information available, including inseason catch data from 2017, and showed under-attainment of the 2017 sablefish non-trawl HG. Based on these projections, the LEFG and OA sablefish trip limits were raised through an inseason action on October 19, 2017 (82 FR 48656). The 2017 trip limits established through the September inseason action for LEFG and OA sablefish remain in place for 2018 until changed.

At the November 2017 Council meeting, the GMT updated the projections for the attainment of the sablefish HG for 2018 with data through October 31, 2017. These projections showed possible attainment of the sablefish allocation between 95.2 and 125.2 percent for the LEFG fishery, and

78.8 and 98.5 percent for the OA fishery. If the current trip limits remain in place there is a projected potential to exceed the sablefish HG, with attainment greater than one hundred percent in the LEFG fishery north of 36° N and close to one hundred percent in the OA north fishery.

To ensure harvest remains below the sablefish ACL, the Council elected to follow a precautionary approach at the outset of 2018, by recommending decreases to sablefish trip limits in LEFG and OA sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. for all periods in 2018. This approach of decreasing trip limits initially minimizes the likelihood of dramatic decreases in trip limits or closures for these fisheries later in the season, if the attainment occurs at a rate that is likely to exceed the sector's HG. With a precautionary approach in earlier periods in the year, trip limits may be increased throughout the year if attainment is projected to remain under the ACL. Trip limits for the LEFG sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. are designated at Tables 2 (North and South) to part 660, subpart E. Trip limits for the OA sablefish DTL fishery north of 36° N are designated at Tables 3 (North and South) to part 660, subpart

The Council initially recommended a change to sablefish trip limits for all periods for the LEFG fishery. However, because NMFS cannot decrease trip limits in the middle of a trip limit period, NMFS is implementing, by modifying Tables 2 (North and South) to part 660, subpart E, trip limit changes for the LEFG sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. for periods 2 through 6 only. The trip limit for these periods (2-6) would be: 1,100 lbs per week, not to exceed 3,300 lbs/2 months. Trip limits for LEFG sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. for period 1 will remain as status quo.

The Council also recommended a change to sablefish trip limits for all periods for the OA fishery. However, because NMFS cannot decrease trip limits in the middle of a trip limit period, NMFS is implementing, by modifying Tables 3 (North and South) to part 660, subpart F, trip limits for sablefish in the OA sablefish DTL fishery north of  $36^{\circ}$  N lat. for periods 2 through 6 only. The trip limit for these periods (2–6) would be: 300 lbs/day, or 1 landing per week up to 1,000 lbs, not to exceed 2,000 lbs/2 months. Trip limits for OA sablefish DTL fisheries north of 36° N lat. for period 1 will remain as status quo.

Under these revised, lower limits, the GMT projects attainment in the LEFG between 75.1 and 102 percent, down

from the status quo trip limit attainment between 95.2 and 125.2 percent. OA is predicted to be within 74.2 to 92.7 percent under revised trip limits, down from 78.8 to 98.5 percent under status quo. NMFS and the GMT will continue to monitor attainment of sablefish throughout 2018 and can revise these trip limits through future inseason actions as needed to ensure optimized opportunity is available to harvesters, while maintaining a precautionary approach to remain within the HG.

LEFG and OA Lingcod Fisheries North of 40°10′ N Lat.

Lingcod north of 40°10′ N lat. has had low attainment in recent years (approximately 30 percent in the LEFG and OA, or non-trawl, sectors in 2016). Based on 2015 West Coast Groundfish Observer Program (WCGOP) data, current trip limits are resulting in discards of incidentally caught lingcod that would likely be landed under increased trip limits, as only approximately half of sampled regulatory discards (i.e., 1,400 lbs in OA and 300 lbs in LEFG fishery) were due to minimum size limits; the rest are assumed to be due to reaching trip limits. The primary objective of trip limits for lingcod has been to maximize opportunity while staying within the biological confines of overfished species limits, such as yelloweye rockfish.

No lingcod increases in trip limits were proposed during the 2017–18 biennial harvest specifications and management measures because there were on-going concerns about the incidental catch of velloweve rockfish. However, updates to the nearshore model, including use of newly available 2016 data in the recalculation of discard ratios by the WCGOP and revised discard mortality rates, indicate there is now sufficient yelloweye rockfish for the Council to consider higher lingcod trip limit increases for 2018. The GMT determined that the projected non-trawl yelloweye rockfish impacts associated with the higher lingcod trip limits would be below what was analyzed in the 2017–18 harvest specifications and management measures, predominantly due to the updated discard mortality rates applied in the nearshore model. The GMT projected ranges of potential lingcod and yelloweye impacts from the revised trip limits to account for some inter-annual variability. The projected alternative trip limits would result in 84 to 108 mt of lingcod and 1.9 to 2.2 mt of yelloweye taken. These projected yelloweye impacts are within the nearshore HG shares for Oregon (1.4 mt) and California (0.6 mt), as well as below the non-nearshore HG (0.7 mt). These

impacts will keep the 2018 removals well within the upper range analyzed in the 2015–2016 Biennial Harvest Specifications and Management Measures Final Environmental Impact Statement.

Therefore, the Council recommended and NMFS is implementing, by modifying Table 2 (North) to part 660, subpart E, the following trip limits for lingcod for the LEFG fishery north of 40°10′ N latitude: January–April, 600 lbs/2 months; May-October, 1,400 lbs/2 months; November, 700 lbs; and for December, 400 lbs. The Council also recommended and NMFS is implementing, by modifying Table 3 (North) to part 660, subpart F, the following trip limits for lingcod for the OA fishery north of 40°10′ N latitude: January-April, 300 lbs per month; May-November, 700 lbs per month; and for December, 300 lbs per month.

These increased trip limits will provide increased fishing opportunity specifically for winter time access, and also will provide a steady flow of fish to markets, while still being conservative regarding yelloweye rockfish impacts.

#### Classification

This final rule makes routine inseason adjustments to groundfish fishery management measures, based on the best available information, consistent with the PCGFMP and its implementing regulations.

This action is taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.60(c) and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

The aggregate data upon which these actions are based are available for public inspection at the Office of the Administrator, West Coast Region, NMFS, during business hours.

NMFS finds good cause to waive prior public notice and comment on the revisions to groundfish management measures under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) because notice and comment would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest. Also, for the same reasons, NMFS finds good cause to waive the 30day delay in effectiveness pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), so that this final rule may become effective February 2, 2018. The adjustments to management measures in this document affect commercial fisheries off the coasts of Washington, Oregon and California. No aspect of this action is controversial, and changes of this nature were anticipated in the biennial harvest specifications and management measures established through a notice and comment rulemaking for 2017-18 (82 FR 9634).

Accordingly, for the reasons stated below, NMFS finds good cause to waive prior notice and comment and to waive the delay in effectiveness.

Big Skate Trip Limits for the Shorebased IFQ Program

At its November 2017 meeting, the Council recommended an increase to shorebased IFQ program big skate trip limits be implemented as quickly as possible to allow harvest of big skate to better attain, but not exceed, the 2018 ACL. There was not sufficient time after that meeting to undergo proposed and final rulemaking before this action needs to be in effect. Affording the time necessary for prior notice and opportunity for public comment would prevent NMFS from managing the IFQ program using the best available science to increase harvesting opportunities without exceeding the ACLs for federally managed species in accordance with the PCGFMP and applicable law. These increases to trip limits must be implemented as quickly as possible in 2018, to allow IFQ program fishermen an opportunity to harvest higher limits for big skate coastwide throughout 2018.

It is in the public interest for fishermen to have an opportunity to harvest big skate, which contributes revenue to the coastal communities of Washington, Oregon, and California. This action, if implemented quickly, is anticipated to allow catch of big skate through the end of the 2018 to approach but not exceed the ACL, and allows harvest as intended by the Council, consistent with the best scientific information available, while providing for a responsible level of increased economic opportunity for participants.

LEFG and OA DTL Sablefish Fisheries North of 36° N Lat.

At its November 2017 Council meeting, the Council recommended that a decrease to LEFG and OA sablefish

north of 36° N lat. trip limits be implemented as quickly as possible to keep the predicted harvest of sablefish from exceeding the non-trawl HG (and correspondingly the 2018 ACL). NMFS determined that there was not sufficient time after that meeting to undergo proposed and final rulemaking before this action needs to be in effect. Affording the time necessary for prior notice and opportunity for public comment would prevent NMFS from managing the LEFG and OA fixed gear sablefish DTL fishery using the best available science to approach, without exceeding, the ACLs for federally managed species in accordance with the PCGFMP and applicable law. This action, if implemented quickly, is anticipated to allow harvesters to maintain a steady catch of sablefish through the end of the 2018 that will approach but not exceed the ACL, prevent sharp decreases in later season trip limits to maintain catch below the ACL, and allow harvest as intended by the Council, consistent with the best scientific information available.

LEFG and OA Lingcod Fisheries North of 40°10′ N Lat.

At its November 2017 meeting, the Council recommended an increase to LE and OA fixed gear lingcod trip limits north of 40°10′N. lat. be implemented as quickly as possible to allow harvest of lingcod to better attain, but not exceed, the 2018 ACL. There was not sufficient time after that meeting to undergo proposed and final rulemaking before this action needs to be in effect before the start of or as early as possible in the 2018 fishing season. Affording the time necessary for prior notice and opportunity for public comment would prevent NMFS from managing the LE and OA fixed gear fishery using the best available science to increase harvesting opportunities without exceeding the ACLs for federally managed species in accordance with the PCGFMP and

applicable law. These increases to trip limits must be implemented as quickly as possible to allow LE and OA fixed gear fishermen an opportunity to harvest higher limits for lingcod, particularly early in 2018, during the winter months.

It is in the public interest for fishermen to have an opportunity to harvest lingcod, which contributes revenue to the coastal communities of Washington, Oregon, and California. This action, if implemented quickly, is anticipated to allow catch of lingcod through the end of the 2018 to approach but not exceed the ACL, and allows harvest as intended by the Council, consistent with the best scientific information available, while providing for a responsible level of increased economic opportunity for participants.

## List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 660

Fisheries, Fishing, and Indian Fisheries.

Dated: January 30, 2018.

#### Emily H. Menashes,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 50 CFR part 660 is amended as follows:

## PART 660—FISHERIES OFF WEST COAST STATES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 660 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*, 16 U.S.C. 773 *et seq.*, and 16 U.S.C. 7001 *et seq.* 

■ 2. Table 1 (North) to part 660, subpart D, is revised to read as follows:

Table 1 (North) to Part 660, Subpart D—Limited Entry Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Landing Allowances for Non-IFQ Species and Pacific Whiting North of 40°10″ N Lat.

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

# Table 1 (North) to Part 660, Subpart D -- Limited Entry Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Landing Allowances for non-IFQ Species and Pacific Whiting North of 40°10' N. Lat.

This table describes Rockfish Conservation Areas for vessels using groundfish trawl gear. This table describes incidental landing allowances for vessels registered to a Federal limited entry trawl permit and using groundfish trawl or groundfish non-trawl gears to harvest individual fishing quota (IFQ) species.

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.10 - § 660.399 before using this table

01/1/2018

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Rockfi	sh Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :						
1	North of 45°46' N. lat.			100 fm line <sup>1/</sup>	- 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup>		
2	45°46' N. lat 40°10' N. lat.		10	00 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - mod	lified <sup>2/</sup> 200 fm line	e <sup>1/</sup>	

Selective flatfish trawl gear is required shoreward of the RCA; all bottom trawl gear (large footrope, selective flatfish trawl, and small footrope trawl gear) is permitted seaward of the RCA. Large footrope and small footrope trawl gears (except for selective flatfish trawl gear) are prohibited shoreward of the RCA. Midwater trawl gear is permitted for vessels targeting whiting and non-whiting during the days open to the primary whiting season.

Vessels fishing groundfish trawl quota pounds with groundfish non-trawl gears, under gear switching provisions at § 660.140, are subject to the limited entry groundfish trawl fishery landing allowances in this table, regardless of the type of fishing gear used. Vessels fishing groundfish trawl quota pounds with groundfish non-trawl gears, under gear switching provisions at § 660.140, are subject to the limited entry fixed gear non-trawl RCA, as described in Tables 2 (North) and 2 (South) to Part 660, Subpart E.

See § 660.60, § 660.130, and § 660.140 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.70 660.74 and §§ 660.76-660.79 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFHCAs).

State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.

3	Minor Nearshore Rockfish & Black rockfish			300 lb/	month		
4	Whiting <sup>3/</sup>						
5	midwater trawl				and trip limit deta	mary season: mi ails After the p	
6	large & small footrope gear	Before the prir			p During the p g season: 10,000	rimary season: 1 ) lb/trip.	0,000 lb/trip
7	Cabezon <sup>4/</sup>						
8	North of 46°16' N. lat.			Unlir	nited		
9	46°16' N. lat 40°10' N. lat.			50 lb/	month		
10	Shortbelly rockfish			Unlir	nited		
11	Spiny dogfish			60,000 II	b/ month		
12	Big skate	5,000 lb/ 2 months	30,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	40,000 lb/ 2 months	15,000 lb/ 2 months	5,000 lb/ 2 months
13	Longnose skate			Unlir	nited		
14	Other Fish 4/			Unlir	nited		

- 1/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by particular gear types, bounded by lines specifically defined by latitude and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours, and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to the RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose other than transiting.
- 2/ The "modified" fathom lines are modified to exclude certain petrale sole areas from the RCA.
- 3/ As specificed at §660.131(d), when fishing in the Eureka Area, no more than 10,000 lb of whiting may be taken and retained, possessed, or landed by a vessel that, at any time during the fishing trip, fished in the fishery management area shoreward of 100 fm contour.
- 4/ "Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include kelp greenling, leopard shark, and cabezon in Washington
- To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

■ 3. Table 1 (South) to part 660, subpart D, is revised to read as follows:

Table 1 (South) to Part 660, Subpart D—Limited Entry Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Landing Allowances for Non-IFQ Species and Pacific Whiting South of 40°10" N Lat.

E	BILLING CODE 3	3510-22-P					
Table 1 (South) to Part 660, Subpart D I	_imited Entry	Trawl Rockfisl	Conservation	n Areas and L	anding Allowa	nces for non-	IFQ
Species and Pacific Whiting South of 40°1  This table describes Rockfish Conservation for vessels registered to a Federal limited of fishing quota (IFQ) species.	n Areas for ves		_			_	
Other Limits and Requirements Apply Re	ad § 660.10 - § 6	60.399 before u	sing this table		T	01/1	/2018
	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :							
South of 40°10' N. lat.			100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -	150 fm line <sup>1/2/</sup>			
Small footrope trawl gear is required shoreward of trawl gear) is permitted seaward of the RCA. L fishing groundfish trawl quota pounds with gr limited entry groundfish trawl fishery landi groundfish trawl quota pounds with groundfish trawl quota pounds with groundfish entry fixed gear non-trawl R  See § 660.60, § 660.130, and § 660.140 for Additional footbase of the footbase of	arge footrope tra roundfish non-t ng allowances i sh non-trawl ge CA, as describe onal Gear, Trip	wl gear and midv rawl gears, und in this table, reg ars, under gear ed in Tables 2 (N Limit, and Cons	vater trawl gear a er gear switchin ardless of the t switching provi lorth) and 2 (So servation Area F	re prohibited sho g provisions at ype of fishing g isions at § 660.1 uth) to Part 660	reward of the RC § 660.140, are sear used. Vess 40, are subject, Subpart E.	CA. Vessels subject to the els fishing to the limited	I .
	Baı	nks, and EFHCA	s).				A
State trip limits and seasons may be	more restrictive	than federal trip l	mits, particularly	in waters off Ore	egon and Californ	ia.	Œ
2 Longspine thornyhead							🕰
3 South of 34°27' N. lat.			24,000 lb/	2 months			ļ m
Minor Nearshore Rockfish & Black rockfish			300 lb/	month			_
5 Whiting 6 midwater trawl		rimary whiting se e RCA. See §660		and trip limit deta	•		(Sou
7 large & small footrope gear	Before the prir	mary whiting seas After th	son: 20,000 lb/tri e primary whiting			0,000 lb/trip	t h)
8 Cabezon			50 lb/	month			]
9 Shortbelly rockfish			Unlin	nited			1
10 Spiny dogfish			60,000 II	o/ month			1
11 Big skate	5,000 lb/ 2 months	30,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	40,000 lb/ 2 months	15,000 lb/ 2 months	5,000 lb/ 2 months	
12 Longnose skate			Unlin	nited			1
13 California scorpionfish			Unlin	nited			
14 Other Fish 3/			Unlin	nited			1
1/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is an area close coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This that are deeper or shallower than the depth cor RCA for any purpose other than transiting.  2/ South of 34°27' N. lat., the RCA is 100 fm line - 1 3/ "Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include	RCA is not define tour. Vessels th 50 fm line along	ed by depth conto at are subject to the mainland coa	urs, and the bou the RCA restrictionst; st; shoreline - 15	ndary lines that dons may not fish	efine the RCA m in the RCA, or op	ay close areas	

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

■ 4. Table 2 (North) to part 660, subpart E, is revised to read as follows:

Table 2 (North) to Part 660, Subpart E— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear North of 40°10″ N Lat.

	Other limits and requirements apply Read	d §§660.10 throu	gh 660.399 befor	e using this table					1/8/2
	, ,,	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV	-DEC	1/0/2
coc	ckfish Conservation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :		<u> </u>						
	North of 46°16' N. lat.			shoreline - 1					
2	46°16' N. lat 42°00' N. lat.			30 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -					
3	42 <sup>°</sup> 00' N. lat 40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat.			30 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -	100 fm line <sup>1/</sup>				
	ee §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional ge §660.76-660.79 for conservation area des State trip limits and seasons may be n	criptions and co	oordinates (incl and EFHCAs)	uding RCAs, YR	CAs, CCAs, Fa	rallon Islands, (	Cordell B		
4	Minor Slope Rockfish <sup>2/</sup> & Darkblotched rockfish		Tr sucrai trip illinto	4,000 lb/		orogon and dame	Jiliu.		
5	Pacific ocean perch			1,800 lb/	2 months				
J	г аспо осеан регон			1,000 10/	L IIIOIIIIS				
6	Sablefish	1,125 lb/week, not to exceed 3,375 lb/2 months		1,100 lb/week, r	not to exceed 3,	300 lb/ 2 months			
7	Longspine thornyhead	months		10,000 lb/	2 months				
8	Shortspine thornyhead	2	2,000 lb/ 2 month			2,500 lb/ 2 mont	hs		
9	· ·								_
10	Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder,			5,000 lb	/ month				)
11	petrale sole, English sole, starry			g for "other flatfish					U
2 3 4	flounder, Other Flatfish <sup>3/</sup>			ooks no larger tha two 1 lb (0.45 kg				,	Г
15	Whiting			10,000	lb/ trip				П
16	Minor Shelf Rockfish <sup>2/</sup> , Shortbelly, & Widow rockfish			200 lb/	month				<b>N</b>
17	Yellowtail rockfish			1,000 lb	/ month				
18	Canary rockfish			300 lb/ 2	months				_
9	Yelloweye rockfish			CLO	SED				_
20	Minor Nearshore Rockfish & Black rockfish								
21	North of 42°00' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 mc	onths, no more th	nan 1,200 lb of wh blue/deaco		cies other than b	lack rock	fish or	)
22	42 <sup>°</sup> 00' N. lat 40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat.	8,500 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish	7,000 lb/ 2 mo	onths, no more th	an 1,200 lb of w black rockfish	rhich may be spe	ecies othe	r than	
23	Lingcod <sup>5/</sup>	600 lb/2	months	1	,400 lb/ 2 mont	าร	700 lb/ month	400 lb/ month	
24	Pacific cod			1,000 lb/	2 months		•	•	
25	Spiny dogfish	200,000 lb	/ 2 months	150,000 lb/ 2 months	1	00,000 lb/ 2 mor	nths		
26	Longnose skate			Unlin	nited				
	Other Fish <sup>6/</sup> & Cabezon in Oregon and								

1/ TI	he Rockfish Conservation Area is an area closed to fishing by particular gear types, bounded by lines specifically defined by latitude
	and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours (with the exception of the 20-fm
	depth contour boundary south of 42° N. lat.), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower
	than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose
	other than transiting.
2/ B	ocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod are included in the trip limits for Minor Shelf Rockfish and splitnose rockfish is included in the
	trip limits for Minor Slope Rockfish.
3/ "C	Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole
4/ F	or black rockfish north of Cape Alava (48°09.50' N. lat.), and between Destruction Is. (47°40' N. lat.) and Leadbetter Pnt. (46°38.17' N. lat.),
	there is an additional limit of 100 lb or 30 percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip.
5/ TI	he minimum size limit for lingcod is 22 inches (56 cm) total length North of 42°N. lat. and 24 inches (61 cm) total length South of 42°N. lat.
6/ "C	Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include kelp greenling, leopard shark, and cabezon in Washington.
Too	convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

■ 5. Table 2 (South) to part 660, subpart E, is revised to read as follows:

Table 2 (South) to Part 660, Subpart E— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear South of 40°10″ N Lat.

	ole 2 (Sout uth of 40°1	h) to Part 660, Subpart E - 0' N. lat.	Non-Trawl F	Rockfish Cons	ervation Areas	and Trip Limi	its for Limite	d Entry	Fixed Gea
	Other limits	and requirements apply Read	d §§660.10 throu	igh 660.399 befoi	re using this table				1/8
	3		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV	-DEC
Roc	kfish Conse	ervation Area (RCA) <sup>1/</sup> :	77						
	1	34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat.			40 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -				
2	South of 34°	27' N. lat.		75 fm line	<sup>1/</sup> - 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup> (a	also applies aroui	nd islands)		
		and 660.230 for additional gea 79 for conservation area des			luding RCAs, YR				
	Sta	te trip limits and seasons may be n	nore restrictive that	n Federal trip limits	or seasons, partic	ularly in waters off	Oregon and Califo	rnia.	
3	Minor Slop rockfish	e rockfish <sup>2/</sup> & Darkblotched		months, of which may be blackgill		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nonths, of which may be blackgi		
	Splitnose r	ockfish			40,000 lb/	2 months			
5	Sablefish			1					
6		40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat 36 <sup>°</sup> 00' N. lat.	1,125 lb/week, not to exceed 3,375 lb/2 months	not to exceed 3,300 lb/2 months 1,100 lb/week, not to exceed 3,300 lb/ 2 months					
7	boooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooooo	South of 36°00' N. lat.		•	2,000 ll	o/ week			
		thornyhead			10,000 lb/	2 months			
9 10	onortspine	thornyhead 40°10' N. lat 34°27' N. lat.		2,000 lb/ 2 month	ns	9	2,500 lb/ 2 mont	hs	
11		South of 34 27' N. lat.		2,000 12/ 2 1110114	3,000 lb/		.,000 15/ 2 1110110		
12		Codition of Et 11. Id.			,				
13	Dover sole	, arrowtooth flounder,			5,000 lb				
14 15		e, English sole, starry			g for "other flatfish ooks no larger tha				
16 17	flounder, C	Other Flatfish <sup>3/</sup>			o two 1 lb (0.45 kg				`
18	Whiting				10,000	lb/ trip			
19	Minor Shel	f Rockfish <sup>2/</sup> , Shortbelly rockf	ish, Widow rock	fish (including	Chilipepper bet	ween 40 <sup>°</sup> 10' - 34	°27' N. lat.)		
20		40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat.		•	widow rockfish, & b may be any spe			of which r	no more
21		South of 34°27' N. lat.	4,000 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		4,000 lb/	2 months		1.
22	Chilipeppe	r	monaio						
23		40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat.	Chilipepper inc	luded under mind	or shelf rockfish, s	shortbelly and wid	low rockfish lim	its See	e above
24		South of 34°27' N. lat.	2,000	lb/ 2 months, this	s opportunity only		rd of the non-tra	wl RCA	
	Canary roc				300 lb/ 2				
	Yelloweye	rockfish			CLO				
	Cowcod				CLO				
	Bronzespo Bocaccio	tted rockfish			CLO	PED			
30	Bocaccio	40 <sup>°</sup> 10' N. lat 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat.			1,000 lb/	2 months			
31		South of 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat.	1,500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,500 lb/ :	2 months		
32	Minor Near	rshore Rockfish & Black rock	fish	•	•				
33	Shallow nea	arshore	1,200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,200 lb/ 2	2 months		
34	Deeper nea	rshore	1,000 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,000 lb/ :	2 months		
35	California S	Scorpionfish	1,500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED		1,500 lb/ ;	2 months		
36	Lingcod <sup>4/</sup>		200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	800 lb/ 2 months	1,200 lb/ l	bimonthly	600 lb/ month	300 lb/ month
37	Pacific cod			1	1,000 lb/	2 months		-1	
	Spiny dogf		200,000 lb	o/ 2 months	150,000 lb/ 2 months		0,000 lb/ 2 mor	ıths	
	Longnose				Unlin				
40	Other Fish	<sup>5/</sup> & Cabezon	I		Unlin	nited			

	and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 660.71-660.74. This RCA is not defined by depth contours (with the exception of the 20-fm	
	depth contour boundary south of 42° N. lat.), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower	
	than the depth contour. Vessels that are subject to RCA restrictions may not fish in the RCA, or operate in the RCA for any purpose	
	other than transiting.	
2/	POP is included in the trip limits for Minor Slope Rockfish. Blackgill rockfish have a species specific trip sub-limit within the Minor	
	Slope Rockfish cumulative limit. Yellowtail rockfish are included in the trip limits for Minor Shelf Rockfish. Bronzespotted rockfish	
	have a specific trip limit.	
3/ '	Other Flatfish" are defined at § 660.11 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, and sand sole.	
4/ -	The commercial mimimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length South of 42 $^{\circ}$ N. lat.	
5/ '	Other Fish" are defined at § 660.11 and include kelp greenling, leopard shark, and cabezon in Washington.	
Τo	convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2,20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.	

■ 6. Table 3 (North) to part 660, subpart F, is revised to read as follows:

Table 3 (North) to Part 660, Subpart F— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears North of 40°10″ N Lat.

## Table 3 (North) to Part 660, Subpart F -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears North of 40 10' N. lat.

Other limits and requirements apply -- Read §§660.10 through 660.399 before using this table 01/1/2018 JAN-FEB MAR-APR JUL-AUG SEP-OCT NOV-DEC Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)1/: 1 North of 46°16' N. lat. shoreline - 100 fm line1/ 2 46 16' N. lat. - 42 00' N. lat. 30 fm line1/ - 100 fm line1 3 42 00' N. lat. - 40 10' N. lat. 30 fm line<sup>1/</sup> - 100 fm line<sup>1/</sup> See §§660.60, 660.330 and 660.333 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFHCAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. Minor Slope Rockfish2/ & Per trip, no more than 25% of weight of the sablefish landed Darkblotched rockfish 5 Pacific ocean perch 100 lb/ month 6 Sablefish 300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,000 lb, not to exceed 2,000 lb/ 2 months Shortpine thornyheads and longspine 7 CLOSED thornyheads 3,000 lb/ month, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, 10 D South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "Other Flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more petrale sole, English sole, starry 11 than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 W flounder, Other Flatfish3/ 12 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line are not subject to the RCAs. 13 14 Whiting 300 lb/ month Ш Minor Shelf Rockfish21, Shortbelly 15 200 lb/ month rockfish, & Widow rockfish 16 Yellowtail rockfish 500 lb/ month 17 Canary rockfish 150 lb/ 2 months 18 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED Z 19 Minor Nearshore Rockfish & Black rockfish 0 20 North of 42°00' N lat 5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black rockfish 3 8 500 lb/ 2 months, no 5 more than 1,200 lb of 7,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than 21 42<sup>°</sup>00' N. lat. - 40<sup>°</sup>10' N. lat black rockfish which may be species other than black rockfish 300 lb 22 Lingcod5/ 300 lb/ month 700 lb/ month month 23 Pacific cod 1,000 lb/ 2 months 150,000 lb/ 2 24 Spiny dogfish 200,000 lb/ 2 months 100,000 lb/ 2 months months 25 Longnose skate Unlimited Other Fish<sup>6/</sup> & Cabezon in Oregon and Unlimited California 27 SALMON TROLL (subject to RCAs when retaining all species of groundfish, except for yellowtail rockfish and lingcod, as described below) Salmon trollers may retain and land up to 1 lb of yellowtail rockfish for every 2 lbs of salmon landed, with a cumulative limit of 200 lb/month, both within and outside of the RCA. This limit is within the 200 lb per month combined limit for minor shelf rockfish, widow rockfish and yellowtail rockfish, and not in addition to that limit. Salmon trollers may retain and land up to 1 lingcod per 15 Chinook per trip, plus 1 lingcod per trip, up to a trip 28 North limit of 10 lingcod, on a trip where any fishing occurs within the RCA. This limit only applies during times when lingcod retention is allowed, and is not "CLOSED." This limit is within the per month limit for lingcod described in the table above, and not in addition to that limit. All groundfish species are subject to the open access limits, seasons, size limits and RCA restrictions listed in the table above, unless otherwise stated here.

Tab	le 3 (North). Continued						000000000000000000000000000000000000000				00		
29	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUND	FISH TRAWL (no	ot subjec	t to RCAs	s)								
30	North	exce 1,500 canary, under t	ed 1,500 lb/trip gro thornyhea he overall	lb/trip. The oundfish lir ads and ye 500 lb/day	per 31: Groundf e following sublir mits: lingcod 30 ellloweye rockfish of and 1,500 lb/tri limits and do not not exceed	nits also a Dib/month are PRO Digroundfi have spe	apply and a n (minimum HIBITED. sh limits. cies-specit	are count of 24 inch All other Landings fic limits.	ed toward size limit groundfis of these The amo	the over i); sablefi h specie species	all 500 l sh 2,000 s taken count to	lb/day and 0 lb/month; are managed oward the per	
1/ T	he Rockfish Conservation Area is	an area closed to	o fishing	by particι	ılar gear types	bounde	d by lines	specific	ally defir	ned by la	atitude		
	and longitude coordinates set ou	t at §§ 660.71-66	0.74. Thi	is RCA is	not defined by	depth co	ontours (v	vith the e	exception	n of the	20-fm	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000
	depth contour boundary south of	42° N. lat.), and t	he bound	lary lines	that define the	RCA ma	ay close a	reas tha	t are de	eper or :	shallow	er	
	than the depth contour. Vessels	that are subject t	o RCA re	estrictions	s may not fish i	n the RC	A, or ope	rate in th	ne RCA1	for any p	ourpose	9	
	other than transiting.												
2/ B	ocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod	rockfishes are in	cluded in	the trip li	mits for Minor	Shelf Ro	ckfish. Sp	olitnose	rockfish	is includ	ded in t	he trip	
	limits for Minor Slope Rockfish.												
	Other flatfish" are defined at § 660												
4/ F	or black rockfish north of Cape Al											l. lat.),	
	there is an additional limit of 100	lbs or 30 percent	by weigh	nt of all fis	h on board, wi	ichever	is greater	, per ves	sel, per	fishing	trip.		
5/ T	he minimum size limit for lingcod	is 22 inches (56	cm) total	length No	orth of 42° N. Ia	it. and 24	1 inches (	61 cm) t	otal leng	th Sout	า of 42°	N. lat.	
3/ "(	Other fish" are defined at § 660.11	and include kelp	greenling	g, leopard	shark, and ca	bezon in	Washing	ton.					
Го	convert pounds to kilograms, d	livide by 2.20462	the nu	mber of	pounds in one	kilogra	ım.						

■ 7. Table 3 (South) to part 660, subpart F, is revised to read as follows:

Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F— Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10″ N Lat. Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart F -- Non-Trawl Rockfish Conservation Areas and Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10' N. lat. Other limits and requirements apply -- Read §§660.10 through 660.399 before using this table 01/1/2018 MAR-APR JUL-AUG SEP-OCT NOV-DEC JAN-FEB MAY-JUN Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)<sup>1/</sup>: 40 fm line<sup>1/</sup> - 125 fm line<sup>1/</sup> 1 40°10' N. lat. - 34°27' N. lat. 75 fm line<sup>1/</sup> - 150 fm line<sup>1/</sup> (also applies around islands) 2 South of 34 27' N. lat. See §§660.60 and 660.230 for additional gear, trip limit and conservation area requirements and restrictions. See §§660.70-660.74 and §§660.76-660.79 for conservation area descriptions and coordinates (including RCAs, YRCAs, CCAs, Farallon Islands, Cordell Banks, and EFHCAs). State trip limits and seasons may be more restrictive than Federal trip limits or seasons, particularly in waters off Oregon and California. Minor Slope Rockfish<sup>2/</sup> & 10,000 lb/ 2 months, of which no more than 475 10,000 lb/2 months, of which no more than 550 3 Darkblotched rockfish Ib may be blackgill rockfish Ib may be blackgill rockfish 4 Splitnose rockfish 200 lb/ month 5 Sablefish 6 40°10' N. lat. - 36°00' N. lat. 300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,000 lb, not to exceed 2,000 lb/ 2 months 7 300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,600 lb, not to exceed 3,200 lb/ 2 months South of 36 00' N. lat Shortpine thornyheads and longspine 8 thornvheads D 9 CLOSED 40 10' N. lat. - 34 27' N. lat W 10 50 lb/ day, no more than 1,000 lb/ 2 months South of 34°27' N. lat. 11 3,000 lb/ month, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. Dover sole, arrowtooth flounder, Ш 13 petrale sole, English sole, starry South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more 14 flounder, Other Flatfish3/ than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 0.44 in (11 15 mm) point to shank, and up to two 1 lb (0.45 kg) weights per line are not subject to the RCAs. ယ 16 300 lb/ month 17 Whiting Minor Shelf Rockfish21, Shortbelly, Widow rockfish and Chilipepper S 400 lb/ 2 0 19 40°10' N. lat. - 34°27' N. lat. 400 lb/ 2 months months CLOSED ⊆ 1,500 lb/ 2 1.500 lb/ 2 months 20 South of 34 27' N. lat months 21 Canary rockfish 150 lb/ 2 months 22 Yelloweye rockfish CLOSED 23 Cowcod CLOSED 24 Bronzespotted rockfish CLOSED 500 lb/ 2 CLOSED 25 Bocaccio 500 lb/2 months months Minor Nearshore Rockfish & Black 26 rockfish 1,200 lb/ 2 27 Shallow nearshore CLOSED 1,200 lb/ 2 months months 1,000 lb/ 2 28 Deeper nearshore CLOSED 1.000 lb/ 2 months months 1,500 lb/ 2 CLOSED 1,500 lb/ 2 months 29 California scorpionfish months 150 lb/ 400 lb/ CLOSED 400 lb/ month 600 lb/ month 30 Lingcod4/ 100 lb/ month month month 31 Pacific cod 1,000 lb/ 2 months 150,000 lb/ 2 32 Spiny dogfish 200,000 lb/ 2 months 100,000 lb/ 2 months months 33 Longnose skate Unlimited 34 Other Fish<sup>5/</sup> & Cabezon Unlimited

	e 3 (South). Continued	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC		
~-				<u> </u>		1			
	RIDGEBACK PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF						RAWL		
36	NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL Rockfish		ea (RCA) for C	A Halibut, Sea C	ucumber & Rid	geback Prawn:	1/		
37	40° 10' N. lat 38° 00' N. lat	100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - 200 fm line <sup>1/</sup>		100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup> 200 fm line <sup>1/</sup>					
38	38 <sup>°</sup> 00' N. lat 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat		100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> - 150 fm line <sup>1/</sup>						
37	South of 34 <sup>°</sup> 27' N. lat	. 100 fm line <sup>1/</sup> -	100 fm line $^{1\prime}$ - 150 fm line $^{1\prime}$ along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm line $^{1\prime}$ around islands						
39		Groundfish: 300 lb/trip. Species-specific limits described in the table above also apply and are counted toward the 300 lb groundfish per trip limit. The amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of the target species landed, except that the amount of spiny dogfish landed may exceed the amount of target species landed. Spiny dogfish are limited by the 300 lb/trip overall groundfish limit. The daily trip limits for sablefish coastwide and thomyheads south of Pt. Conception and the overall groundfish "per trip" limit may not be multiplied by the number of days of the trip. Vessels participating in the California halibut fishery south of 38°57.50' N. lat. are allowed to (1) land up to 100 lb/day of groundfish without the ratio requirement, provided that at least one California halibut is landed and (2) land up to 3,000 lb/month of flatfish, no more than 300 lb o which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs, sand sole, starry flounder, rock sole, curifin sole, or California scorpionfish (California scorpionfish is also subject to the trip limits and closures in line 31).							
40	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUNDFISH TR	AWL GEAR (not	subject to RCAs	s)					
41	South	exceed 1,500 lb 1,500 lb/trip ground canary rockfish, the managed under count toward the	oftrip. The followin ndfish limits: lingon nornyheads and yo the overall 500 lb/o per day, per trip o	day and 1,500 lb/tri or other species-spe	oly and are counted in inimum 24 inch so PROHIBITED. As groundfish limits collic sublimits des mount of groundfish	ed toward the overa size limit); sablefis All other groundfish . Landings of all g cribed here and th	all 500 lb/day and h 2,000 lb/ month; n species taken are roundfish species		
	ne Rockfish Conservation Area is an area	 closed to fishing b	y particular gear	types, bounded	by lines specifica	ally defined by lat	titude		
1/ Th	and longitude coordinates set out at §§ 66				000000000000000000000000000000000000000				
	depth contour boundary south of 42 N. lat.), and the boundary lines that define the RCA may close areas that are deeper or shallower								
	depth contour boundary south of 42˚ N. la	t.), and the bounda	ary lines that def			are deeper or s			
1	than the depth contour. Vessels that are s			ine the RCA may	close areas that		hallower		
1	than the depth contour. Vessels that are sother than transiting.	subject to RCA res	strictions may no	ine the RCA may ot fish in the RCA	close areas that or operate in th	e RCA for any p	hallower urpose		
2/ P	than the depth contour. Vessels that are so other than transiting. OP is included in the trip limits for minor s	subject to RCA res	strictions may no	ine the RCA may ot fish in the RCA ave a species spe	close areas that or operate in the ecific trip sub-lim	e RCA for any po	hallower urpose or slope rockfish		
2/ P	than the depth contour. Vessels that are so other than transiting. OP is included in the trip limits for minor s cumulative limits. Yellowtail rockfish is inc	subject to RCA res	strictions may no	ine the RCA may ot fish in the RCA ave a species spe	close areas that or operate in the ecific trip sub-lim	e RCA for any po	hallower urpose or slope rockfish		
2/ P	than the depth contour. Vessels that are so other than transiting. OP is included in the trip limits for minor s	subject to RCA resulting in the subject to RCA resulting in the trip line in the trip line.	ckgill rockfish ha	ine the RCA may of fish in the RCA ave a species spenelf rockfish. Bron	close areas that or operate in the cific trip sub-lim zespotted rockf	e RCA for any po it within the mind sh have a specie	hallower urpose or slope rockfish es specific trip		
2/ P	than the depth contour. Vessels that are so other than transiting. OP is included in the trip limits for minor so cumulative limits. Yellowtail rockfish is inclimit.	subject to RCA resistope rockfish. Blacluded in the trip lin	strictions may no ckgill rockfish ha mits for minor sl curlfin sole, flat	ine the RCA may ot fish in the RCA ave a species spenelf rockfish. Bron head sole, Pacific	close areas that or operate in the ecific trip sub-lim zespotted rockf	e RCA for any po it within the mind sh have a specie	hallower urpose or slope rockfish es specific trip		

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