

appears to have firmed somewhat. Inflation has increased in recent quarters, moving close to the Committee's 2 percent longer-run objective; excluding energy and food prices, inflation was little changed and continued to run somewhat below 2 percent. Market-based measures of inflation compensation remain low; survey-based measures of longer-term inflation expectations are little changed, on balance.

Consistent with its statutory mandate, the Committee seeks to foster maximum employment and price stability. The Committee expects that, with gradual adjustments in the stance of monetary policy, economic activity will expand at a moderate pace, labor market conditions will strengthen somewhat further, and inflation will stabilize around 2 percent over the medium term. Near-term risks to the economic outlook appear roughly balanced. The Committee continues to closely monitor inflation indicators and global economic and financial developments.

In view of realized and expected labor market conditions and inflation, the Committee decided to raise the target range for the federal funds rate to 3/4 to 1 percent. The stance of monetary policy remains accommodative, thereby supporting some further strengthening in labor market conditions and a sustained return to 2 percent inflation.

A Federal Reserve Implementation note released simultaneously with the announcement stated that:

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System voted unanimously to raise the interest rate paid on required and excess reserve balances to 1.00 percent, effective March 16, 2017.

As a result, the Board is amending § 204.10(b)(5) of Regulation D to change IORR to 1.00 percent and IOER to 1.00 percent.

**III. Administrative Procedure Act**

In general, the Administrative Procedure Act (12 U.S.C. 551 *et seq.*) ("APA") imposes three principal requirements when an agency promulgates legislative rules (rules made pursuant to congressionally delegated authority): (1) Publication with adequate notice of a proposed rule; (2) followed by a meaningful opportunity for the public to comment on the rule's content; and (3) publication of the final rule not less than 30 days before its effective date. The APA provides that notice and comment procedures do not apply if the agency for good cause finds them to be "unnecessary, impracticable, or contrary to the public interest." 12 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(A). Section 553(d) of the APA also provides that publication not less than 30 days prior to a rule's effective date is not required for (1) a substantive rule which grants or recognizes an exemption or relieves a restriction; (2)

interpretive rules and statements of policy; or (3) an agency finding good cause for shortened notice and publishing its reasoning with the rule. 12 U.S.C. 553(d).

The Board has determined that good cause exists for finding that the notice, public comment, and delayed effective date provisions of the APA are unnecessary, impracticable, or contrary to the public interest with respect to the final amendments to Regulation D. The rate increases for IORR and IOER that are reflected in the final amendments to Regulation D were made with a view towards accommodating commerce and business and with regard to their bearing upon the general credit situation of the country. Notice and public comment would prevent the Board's action from being effective as promptly as necessary in the public interest, and would not otherwise serve any useful purpose. Notice, public comment, and a delayed effective date would create uncertainty about the finality and effectiveness of the Board's action and undermine the effectiveness of that action. Accordingly, the Board has determined that good cause exists to dispense with the notice, public comment, and delayed effective date procedures of the APA with respect to the final amendments to Regulation D.

**IV. Regulatory Flexibility Analysis**

The Regulatory Flexibility Act ("RFA") does not apply to a rulemaking where a general notice of proposed rulemaking is not required.<sup>5</sup> As noted previously, the Board has determined that it is unnecessary and contrary to the public interest to publish a general notice of proposed rulemaking for this final rule. Accordingly, the RFA's requirements relating to an initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis do not apply.

**V. Paperwork Reduction Act**

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act ("PRA") of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3506; 5 CFR part 1320, appendix A.1), the Board reviewed the final rule under the authority delegated to the Board by the Office of Management and Budget. The final rule contains no requirements subject to the PRA.

**List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 204**

Banks, Banking, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Board amends 12 CFR part 204 as follows:

<sup>5</sup> 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604.

**PART 204—RESERVE REQUIREMENTS OF DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS (REGULATION D)**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 204 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 12 U.S.C. 248(a), 248(c), 461, 601, 611, and 3105.

■ 2. Section 204.10 is amended by revising paragraph (b)(5) to read as follows:

**§ 204.10 Payment of interest on balances.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) \* \* \*

(5) The rates for IORR and IOER are:

	Rate (percent)
IORR .....	1.00
IOER .....	1.00

\* \* \* \* \*

By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, April 12, 2017.

**Ann E. Misback,**  
*Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 2017-07743 Filed 4-17-17; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6210-01-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**Bureau of Industry and Security**

**15 CFR Part 744**

**[Docket No. 170207154-7253-01]**

**RIN 0694-AH32**

**Revision to an Entry on the Entity List**

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Industry and Security, Commerce

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule amends the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) by revising one existing entry in the Entity List, under the destination of Russia. The license requirement for the entry is being revised to conform with a general license issued by the Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control on February 2, 2017.

**DATES:** This rule is effective April 18, 2017.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Chair, End-User Review Committee, Office of the Assistant Secretary, Export Administration, Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce, Phone: (202) 482-5991, Email: *ERC@bis.doc.gov*.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

## Background

The Entity List (Supplement No. 4 to Part 744) identifies entities and other persons reasonably believed to be involved, or to pose a significant risk of being or becoming involved, in activities contrary to the national security or foreign policy interests of the United States. The EAR imposes additional license requirements on, and limits the availability of most license exceptions for, exports, reexports, and transfers (in-country) to those listed. The “license review policy” for each listed entity or other person is identified in the License Review Policy column on the Entity List and the impact on the availability of license exceptions is described in the **Federal Register** notice adding entities or other persons to the Entity List. BIS places entities and other persons on the Entity List pursuant to sections of part 744 (Control Policy: End-User and End-Use Based) and part 746 (Embargoes and Other Special Controls) of the EAR.

The ERC, composed of representatives of the Departments of Commerce (Chair), State, Defense, Energy and, where appropriate, the Treasury, makes all decisions regarding additions to, removals from, or other modifications to the Entity List. The ERC makes all decisions to add an entry to the Entity List by majority vote and all decisions to remove or modify an entry by unanimous vote.

## Entity List Revision

This rule implements the decision of the ERC to revise one existing entry in the Entity List, under the destination of Russia as described below.

### *Modification to License Requirements for an Entry on the Entity List*

On February 2, 2017, the Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) issued General License No. 1, *Authorizing Certain Transactions with the Federal Security Service*, an entity in the Russian Federation. This general license authorizes transactions and activities, otherwise prohibited pursuant to Executive Order 13694 (E.O.) of April 1, 2015, as amended by E.O. 13757 of December 28, 2016, that are necessary and ordinarily incident to: Requesting, receiving, utilizing, paying for, or dealing in licenses, permits, certifications, or notifications issued or registered by the Federal Security Service (a.k.a. Federalnaya Sluzhba Bezopasnosti) (a.k.a. FSB) for the importation, distribution or use of information technology products in the Russian Federation, provided that (i) the

exportation, reexportation, or provision of any goods or technology that are subject to the EAR, 15 CFR parts 730 through 774, are licensed or otherwise authorized by the Department of Commerce and (ii) the payment of any fees to the Federal Security Service for such licenses, permits, certifications, or notifications does not exceed \$5,000 in any calendar year. The OFAC general license also authorizes transactions and activities ordinary and necessarily incident to complying with law enforcement or administrative actions or investigations involving the Federal Security Service and transactions and activities ordinary and necessarily incident to complying with rules and regulations administered by the Federal Security Service. The general license does not authorize exportation, reexportation, or provision of any goods, technology, or services to the Crimea region of Ukraine or any transactions that otherwise violate E.O. 13757 of April 1, 2015. Any questions regarding to the scope of this general license should be directed to OFAC.

In light of OFAC’s General License No. 1, BIS makes a conforming change by modifying the listing for the Federal Security Service on the Entity List under the destination of Russia (the term used in the EAR for the Russian Federation). This final rule modifies the license requirement column for this entity to specify that the Entity List’s license requirements do not apply to items subject to the EAR that are related to transactions authorized by OFAC pursuant to new General License No. 1 (i.e., transactions that are necessary and ordinarily incident to requesting, receiving, utilizing, paying for, or dealing in licenses, permits, certifications, or notifications issued or registered by the Federal Security Service (a.k.a. Federalnaya Sluzhba Bezopasnosti) (a.k.a. FSB) for the importation, distribution, or use of information technology products in the Russian Federation, so long as the transactions do not involve exportation, reexportation, or provision of any goods, technology, or services to the Crimea region of Ukraine and do not otherwise violate E.O. 13757). Except for the limited purposes described above, this conforming change does not authorize the exportation, reexportation, or provision of goods or technology to or on behalf of the Federal Security Service.

This final rule makes the following revision to one entry on the Entity List:

Russia

(1) Federal Security Service (FSB), a.k.a., the following one alias:  
—Federalnaya Sluzhba Bezopasnosti. Ulitsa Kuznetskiy Most, Dom 22, Moscow 107031, Russia; and Lubyanskaya Ploschad, Dom 2, Moscow 107031, Russia.

**Note:** As described above, the changes this final rule makes to this Russian entity are limited to the License requirement column for this entry.

## Export Administration Act of 1979

Although the Export Administration Act of 1979 expired on August 20, 2001, the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 783 (2002), as amended by Executive Order 13637 of March 8, 2013, 78 FR 16129 (March 13, 2013) and as extended by the Notice of August 4, 2016, 81 FR 52587 (August 8, 2016), has continued the Export Administration Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act. BIS continues to carry out the provisions of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as appropriate and to the extent permitted by law, pursuant to Executive Order 13222, as amended by Executive Order 13637.

## Rulemaking Requirements

1. Executive Orders 13563 and 12866 direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). Executive Order 13563 emphasizes the importance of quantifying both costs and benefits, of reducing costs, of harmonizing rules, and of promoting flexibility. This rule has been determined to be not significant for purposes of Executive Order 12866.

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to nor be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information, subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) (PRA), unless that collection of information displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Control Number. This regulation involves collections previously approved by OMB under control number 0694–0088, Simplified Network Application Processing System, which includes, among other things, license

applications and carries a burden estimate of 43.8 minutes for a manual or electronic submission. Total burden hours associated with the PRA and OMB control number 0694–0088 are not expected to increase as a result of this rule. You may send comments regarding the collection of information associated with this rule, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to Jasmeet K. Seehra, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), by email to *Jasmeet.K.Seehra@omb.eop.gov*, or by fax to (202) 395–7285.

3. This rule does not contain policies with Federalism implications as that term is defined in Executive Order 13132.

4. Section 553(d) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) generally provides that rules may not take effect earlier than thirty (30) days after they are published in the **Federal Register**. BIS finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1) because this rule is a substantive rule which relieves a restriction. This rule’s revision of the license requirement for the Federal Security Service (FSB) reduces the compliance burden that may be imposed on exporters due to the inconsistent sanctions. The revision also reduces the parties that are affected by the license requirements, addressing an unintended consequence of listing this entity on the Entity List.

In addition, the Department finds that there is good cause under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B) to waive the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) requiring prior notice and the opportunity for public comment for the revision included in this rule because they are either unnecessary or contrary

to the public interest. The revision is limited to ensure consistency with OFAC’s General License No. 1, and thus prior notice and the opportunity for public comment are unnecessary. The conforming change to the listing for Federal Security Service (FSB) is intended to ensure consistent treatment of this entity under both the EAR and OFAC’s sanctions regime. Narrowing the scope of the license requirements addresses unintended consequences and unnecessary economic losses that U.S. exporters may face as they turn away potential sales due to this entity being listed on the Entity List. By publishing without prior notice and comment, U.S. exporters will be able to submit licenses, permits, certifications and notifications that are required under Russian law for information technology products imported into, distributed or used in Russia immediately, an action which was approved under OFAC’s General License No. 1 since February 2, 2017. A prolonging of the inconsistent treatment for the sanctioned entity would create unnecessary compliance burden on exporters who are complying with OFAC and BIS regulations as well as additional delay and loss of potential sales for U.S. exporters.

No other law requires that a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public comment be given for this final rule. Because a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public comment are not required under the APA or by any other law, the analytical requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) are not applicable. As a result, no final regulatory flexibility analysis is required and none has been prepared.

**List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 744**

Exports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Terrorism.

Accordingly, part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR parts 730–774) is amended as follows:

**PART 744—[AMENDED]**

■ 1. The authority citation for 15 CFR part 744 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 50 U.S.C. 4601 *et seq.*; 50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*; 22 U.S.C. 3201 *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 2139a; 22 U.S.C. 7201 *et seq.*; 22 U.S.C. 7210; E.O. 12058, 43 FR 20947, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 179; E.O. 12851, 58 FR 33181, 3 CFR, 1993 Comp., p. 608; E.O. 12938, 59 FR 59099, 3 CFR, 1994 Comp., p. 950; E.O. 12947, 60 FR 5079, 3 CFR, 1995 Comp., p. 356; E.O. 13026, 61 FR 58767, 3 CFR, 1996 Comp., p. 228; E.O. 13099, 63 FR 45167, 3 CFR, 1998 Comp., p. 208; E.O. 13222, 66 FR 44025, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 783; E.O. 13224, 66 FR 49079, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 786; Notice of August 4, 2016, 81 FR 52587 (August 8, 2016); Notice of September 15, 2016, 81 FR 64343 (September 19, 2016); Notice of November 8, 2016, 81 FR 79379 (November 10, 2016); Notice of January 13, 2017, 82 FR 6165 (January 18, 2017).

■ 2. Supplement No. 4 to part 744 is amended by revising, under Russia, one Russian entity “Federal Security Service (FSB), a.k.a., the following one alias:

Federalnaya Sluzhba Bezopasnosti. Ulitsa Kuznetskiy Most, Dom 22, Moscow 107031, Russia; *and* Lubyanskaya Ploschad, Dom 2, Moscow 107031, Russia” to read as follows:

**Supplement No. 4 to Part 744—Entity List**

\* \* \* \* \*

Country	Entity	License requirement	License review policy	Federal Register citation
*	*	*	*	*
RUSSIA .....	Federal Security Service (FSB), a.k.a., the following one alias: —Federalnaya Sluzhba Bezopasnosti. Ulitsa Kuznetskiy Most, Dom 22, Moscow 107031, Russia; <i>and</i> Lubyanskaya Ploschad, Dom 2, Moscow 107031, Russia.	For all items subject to the EAR (see § 744.11 of the EAR), apart from items that are related to transactions that are authorized by the Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control pursuant to General License No. 1 of February 2, 2017.	Presumption of denial .....	82 FR 724, 1/4/17. 82 FR [INSERT FR PAGE NUMBER AND 4/18/17].
*	*	*	*	*

Dated: April 13, 2017.

**Matthew S. Borman,**  
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Export  
Administration.

[FR Doc. 2017-07833 Filed 4-17-17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-33-P

**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric  
Administration**

**15 CFR Part 950**

[Docket No. 161107999-6999-01]

RIN 0648-BG39

**Schedule of Fees for Access to NOAA  
Environmental Data, Information, and  
Related Products and Services**

**AGENCY:** National Environmental  
Satellite, Data and Information Service  
(NESDIS), National Oceanic and  
Atmospheric Administration (NOAA),  
Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** In this final rule, NESDIS  
adds a new service/product to the  
NESDIS FY 2017 schedule of fees for the  
sale of its data, information, and related  
products and services to users. NESDIS  
is authorized under the United States  
Code to assess fees, up to fair market  
value, for access to environmental data,  
information, and products derived from,  
collected, and/or archived by NOAA.  
This action adds a new user fee for a  
data product titled, High Definition  
Geomagnetic Model—Real Time.

**DATES:** Effective May 18, 2017.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**  
Lynn Hodges (301) 713-7064.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

NESDIS operates NOAA’s National  
Center for Environmental Information  
(NCEI). Through NCEI, NESDIS  
provides and ensures timely access to  
global environmental data from  
satellites and other sources, provides  
information services, and develops  
science products. NESDIS maintains  
some 1,300 databases containing over  
2,400 environmental variables at NCEI

and seven World Data Centers. These  
centers respond to over 2,000,000  
requests for these data and products  
annually from over 70 countries. This  
collection of environmental data and  
products is growing rapidly, both in size  
and sophistication, and as a result the  
associated costs have increased.

Users have the ability to access the  
data offline, online and through the  
NESDIS *e-Commerce System (NeS)*  
*online store*. Our ability to provide data,  
information, products and services  
depends on user fees.

**Fee Schedule**

In an October 22, 2015, final rule (80  
FR 63914), NESDIS established a new  
schedule of fees for the sale of its data,  
information, and related products and  
services to users (“October 2015 Fee  
Schedule Rule”). NESDIS revised the  
fee schedule that had been in effect  
since 2013 to ensure that the fees  
accurately reflect the costs of providing  
access to the environmental data,  
information, and related products and  
services.

NESDIS will continue to review the  
user fees periodically, and will revise  
such fees as necessary. Any future  
changes in the user fees and their  
effective date will be announced  
through notice in the **Federal Register**.

**Need for Addition**

High Definition Geomagnetic Model—  
Real Time accurately models the  
magnetic fields originating in the Earth’s  
magnetosphere in real-time using a  
combination of solar-wind observing  
satellites situated between Earth and  
sun and a chain of geomagnetic  
observatories on the Earth’s surface.

We are adding a new user fee for this  
data product—High Definition  
Geomagnetic Model—Real Time—to the  
current user fee schedule. Accordingly,  
Appendix A to Part 950—Schedule of  
User Fees for Access to NOAA  
Environmental Data includes the user  
fees established in October 2015 and the  
new fee established by this final rule:  
High Definition Geomagnetic Model—  
Real Time Fee. In addition, NESDIS has  
deleted the New Fee column in  
Appendix A to avoid confusion given  
that this final rule is not issuing a new

schedule of fees but rather the addition  
of one new fee.

**Classification**

This rule has been determined to be  
not significant for purposes of E.O.  
12866. The provisions of the  
Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C.  
553) requiring notice of proposed  
rulemaking and the opportunity for  
public comment are inapplicable  
because this rule falls within the public  
property exception of subparagraph  
(a)(2) of section 553, as it relates only to  
the assessment of fees, as authorized by  
15 U.S.C. 1534, that accurately reflect  
the costs of providing access to publicly  
available environmental data,  
information, and related products.  
Further, no other law requires that a  
notice of proposed rulemaking and an  
opportunity for public comment be  
given for this rule. Because a notice of  
proposed rulemaking and an  
opportunity for public comment are not  
required to be given for this rule under  
5 U.S.C. 553 or by any other law, the  
requirements of the Regulatory  
Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) are  
not applicable. Accordingly, no  
Regulatory Flexibility Analysis is  
required and none has been prepared.

**List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 950**

Organization and functions  
(government agencies).

Dated: April 5, 2017.

**Cherish Johnson,**

Chief Financial Officer/Chief Administrative  
Officer.

For the reasons set forth above, 15  
CFR part 950 is amended as follows:

**PART 950—ENVIRONMENTAL DATA  
AND INFORMATION**

■ 1. The authority citation for part 950  
continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** (5 U.S.C. 552, 553).  
Reorganization Plan No. 4 of 1970.

■ 2. Appendix A to part 950 is revised  
to read as follows:

**Appendix A to Part 950—Schedule of  
User Fees for Access to NOAA  
Environmental Data**

Name of product/data/publication/information/service	Current fee
NOAA National Center for Environmental Information:	
Department of Commerce Certification .....	\$116.00
General Certification .....	92.00
Paper Copy .....	3.00
Data Poster .....	18.00
Shipping Service .....	8.00
Rush Order Fee .....	60.00
Super Rush Order Fee .....	100.00